"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Rain, somewhat colder to-day; fair, colder to-morrow; moderate south winds, becoming variable.

☞For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,680. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WILL PRESS TREATY ANNULMENT AT ONCE

Louis Marshall, Oscar Straus and Others Convince Committee on Passport Question.

NEW CAUSE FOR ABROGATION

Use of Word "Inhabitant" Would Permit Russia's Mongolian Subjects to Claim Entrance Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The House Foreign Affairs Committee sat all day until 6 o'clock to-night to hear distinguished Jews, who appeared to present their protest against the violation of the treaty of 1832 with Russia, and to urge that that treaty be abrogated. In spite of the right of sojourn granted under this treaty to citizens of the United States, Rusia has persistently refused to recognize passports issued to such citizens as are Jews.

The committee held a brief executive session at which it was ascertained that the committee is of one mind, and it was decided to meet at 11 o'clock to-morrow and formally vote to recommend the Sulzer resolution providing for the denunciation of the treaty. It is the plan to press the passage of the resolution at once in the House, and send it to the Senate for consideration there.

The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate decided to meet Thursday for hearings on the protests against Russia's attitude toward American Jews. The prospect for decisive action by this committee or by the Senate is not apparent.

The hearing before the House committee was marked by strong feeling, and the attitude of the members of the committee throughout was most sympathetic.

There were present William G. McAdoo, Jacob H. Schiff, Dr. Simon Adler, Representative Henry M. Goldfogle, Henry Green, Bernard Nolan, Representative Jefferson M. Levy, Representative Burton Harrison, the Rev. Dr. Silverman, I. E. Miller, Louis Marshall, Rabbi Solomon Foster, Oscar Straus, Judge Meyer Sulzberger, and many others prominent in the movement to secure to American Jews the protection of their citizenship as an equality with all citizens of the United States.

Representative Sulzer, Chairman of the committee, opened the hearing, eloquently presenting the case and outlining what was proposed to be accomplished by the denunciation of the present treaty. Judge Sulzberger followed with a strong speech reciting the historical phases of the life of the Jewish race in Russia, and the legal oppression that befalls the Jew, who after acquiring citizenship, attempts to go back to his native land to see his kindred or to attend to any business that may call him there.

Louis Marshall's Plea.

The principal speech of the day was made by Louis Marshall of New York, who took up every argument against the proposed abrogation of the treaty and answered it satisfactorily to the committee. In the course of his remarks as he read the sections of the treaty, Representative Copper of Wisconsin called attention to the word inhabitant where the word citizen should be employed, and made the point that under the language of this section the Chinese exclusion law could be wholly evaded, as all the Mongolians of Asiatic Russia would have the right to come into the United States as inhabitants of Russia.

This startling discovery at once attracted the attention of all present, and it was agreed that the point was unavoidable and that another and most powerful reason had been found for the prompt abrogation of the treaty. This discovery came as a result of an inquiry as to whether or not, as has been charged, American interests in Asiatic Russia have been at work to prevent the abrogation of the treaty in order to gain concessions from Russia that are regarded as vital to the consummation of railroad projects now under way and backed by American capital. It was the general view that there was no probable ground for the suspicion that any such influence was at work to prevent the action desired for the protection of the American Jews in Russia.

Mr. Marshall gave a résumé of the various treaties that have been abrogated by the United States for one cause or another. The details under which the treaty with France in 1798, that with Great Britain providing for reciprocity with Canada, the Washington treaty in 1878, and the Belgian treaty were abrogated, was sketched, and the reason in each case compared with those which demand the denunciation of the Russian treaty.

Loss of Trade Small.

Mr. Marshall said that the consequence to Russia if the treaty was abrogated would be isolation from trade with the United States and the Empire would stand before the world rebuked for its persistent and unreasoning persecution of the Jewish race.

The only loss to the United States would be our trade with the Empire, which amounted to one and two-tenths per cent. of the entire volume of our foreign trade.

"But what is that trade when weighed in the balance with American citizenship?" demanded the speaker. "Shall we put the dollar above the man or the man above the dollar?"

The ultimate result, he urged, would be a new treaty in which good care would be used to protect Americans from an evasion of the agreement.

Germany and England, he said, would follow. The entangling alliances and secret treaties that these powers have with Russia are believed to be in the way of any diplomatic protest on their part against the way that Russia now treats the Jewish race.

To illustrate the difficulty that Hebrew citizens of the United States have in visiting Russia, Mr. Marshall called on Mr. Henry Cutler of Providence, R. I., a member of the Legislature of Rhode Island and a Colonel in the militia of that State, to relate his experience during the past Summer in endeavoring to get a passport vized so that he could visit Russia. Mr. Cutler is a prominent jewelry manufacturer. He, with his mother and brothers and sisters, came from Russia to the United States after the massacres of 1882. His father hid the family in a cellar of a Christian's house and himself went to protect his place of business from the attacks of the mob and the Cossacks. Cutler never saw his father again, although he believes that he is still alive, and his purpose in going to Russia was to get some knowledge of his fate if he could. When Mr. Cutler asked Baron Schlippenbach, the Russian Consul General in New York, to visé his passport, he was subjected to what he called a religious inquisition and refused to state what his religion was. He was told he must file with the Consulate affidavits showing that he was a member of the Legislature, an officer in the Rhode Island militia, and was referred to a Russian attorney in New York who would attend to the matter for him.

Mr. Cutler declined to take this course

Continued on Page 2.

AN ACCEPTABLE CHRISTMAS PRESENT
Case of Selected Wines, $4.00, $5.00, $6.75.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.
—Adv.

ACCUSE CAPT. ORTEMAN.

Daughters Say He Is Squandering His Fortune—Start Sanity Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 11.—Chancellor Pitney to-day appointed a commission to inquire into the sanity of Capt. Louis H. Orteman, U. S. A., retired. His daughters, Violet O. Smith and Dr. Daisy M. O. Robinson, allege that he is suffering from senile dementia and seek to prevent him squandering his fortune of $160,000 on one Ellen S. Cornell, with whom, they say, he is infatuated.

Affidavits made by the daughters say he recently gave Miss Cornell $3,700, and when they became estranged offered her $60,000 and a house and lot in this city to return. He is said to have conducted himself in a sensational manner while on a recent visit to Dr. Robinson in New York. He was alleged to have disappeared for several days, and when he returned both eyes were blackened and his face badly swollen.

Capt. Orteman is 71 years old, a former cavalry officer, and is said to have an income of $210 a month. Bonds and mortgages valued at $50,000 on Washington properties and a block of Japanese gold bonds are named among his assets, besides Atlantic City real estate. The commission appointed to make the inquiry is composed of Dr. Samuel Barbash, brain specialist; William M. Clevenger, lawyer, and John Moore, contractor, all of this city.

WAGON CAUSES 4 COLLISIONS

Flung by Trolley in Another Car's Path—Rear-End Crashes Follow.

Six persons were injured yesterday in collisions in which a wagon and four trolley cars figured at Rockaway Avenue and Avenue L, Brooklyn. The victims were Michael Silverstein of 954 Rockaway Avenue, William Smith of 1,738 East Fifteen Street, Brooklyn; Meyer Frankel of 1,146 Fortieth Street, Amelia and Frank Vartray of Barren Island, and Anton Haret of 99 Thatford Avenue. All were treated by Dr. Buckley of St. Mary's Hospital.

Haret's bakery wagon was struck by a car while crossing over the tracks. The vehicle was flung in front of a car coming from the opposite direction, which struck it with great force, wrecking the wagon and killing the horse. Haret had been thrown to the street by the first collision. It was foggy and each of the colliding cars, as it was brought to a sudden stop by the motorman, was run into from behind by another car. Passengers were cut by flying glass.

DOG HOLDS UP TRAINS.

Women Beg Motorman to Slow Up and Spare Animal's Life.

A small yellow dog tied up the Brighton Beach elevated railroad early yesterday afternoon for half an hour, and by a game race for life won a good home for himself. It ran into the Avenue F Station and down the stairs to the platform.

The tracks at this point are in a cut. The sides of the cut are perpendicular and made of concrete. As the dog stood on the platform he saw a northbound train approaching. He jumped down to the tracks and started to run ahead of the train. When the train started he had obtained a good lead, but this was rapidly cut down, and half way to the next station the dog was only a few yards ahead of the train.

The front car of the train was filled with women, who, seeing the animal's danger, begged the motorman to stop the train. The train was stopped and the guards jumped off and ran ahead. But the dog did not care to take chances, and started off as fast as he could go along the tracks. The motorman slowed down when he again approached the animal, and Church Avenue was reached with the dog still a few yards ahead. Then a southbound train came in sight. The dog dashed across the third rail, women shrieking for fear he would touch the rail and be killed. Both trains stopped. The dog sat down and rested until trainmen jumped off to catch him. The dog then started again in front of the northbound train.

At Park Place the dog was caught by a station hand. A woman got off the train and announced that as it apparently had no owner she would take it home.

BELIEVES HUSBAND SLAIN.

C. G. Ganson, Rich Manufacturer, Not Seen by Wife Since Thanksgiving.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 11.—The disappearance of Charles G. Ganson, head of the Kinderhook Knitting Company of Kinderhook, Columbia County, has puzzled his family and friends, and the police of many cities have been asked to search for him. Ganson has been gone eleven days, and no trace of him can be found.

Ganson ate his Thanksgiving dinner with his wife and three children and went for a walk during the afternoon. Then he dropped out of sight. His wife says she believes that he has met with foul play, as he invariably carried a large sum of money. Friends are inclined to believe that the manufacturer became suddenly insane, and is wandering about the country.

Mrs. Ganson says her husband seemed to be in his usual happy frame of mind the day he disappeared. She says that his home life was congenial, and he had little time for affairs outside his business and home circle. For many months he had been applying himself closely to business matters, and often worked at his office in the evening. Mrs. Ganson is under the care of a physician, due to her husband's disappearance.

The woods and streams in the vicinity of Kinderhook have been searched repeatedly, but not a clue as to how or where or why Ganson went has been found.

TO TEACH DANCING IN SCHOOL

Socialists Will Add It to Milwaukee Curriculum Next Year.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 11.—Dancing in the public school buildings, supervised by school authorities and parents, is to be a feature of the school work in 1912 instead of the municipal dance which was tried by the Socialists last Winter. The city dance proved too cumbersome to be successful. The plan has the approval of Supt. Pearse and practically every member of the School Board.

"I favor the proposition, generally speaking, and approve of properly regulated dances in school buildings," said Supt. Pearse. "It will undoubtedly be promoted by the board. Details as to regulation must be worked out later."

"I heartily approve of dancing in school buildings with the proper supervision," declared Mrs. Simon Kander, one of the three women members of the School Board, "but I would not want the schools thrown open without restrictions."

CRETA CREME HAND SOAP.
Park & Tilford's Stores, 15c a can.—Adv.

ARREST PRESIDENT OF MT. VERNON BANK

Herbert Jennings, Lawyer and Building Promoter, Indicted for Misapplication of Funds.

CASHED OFFICE BOY'S NOTE

Thousands Lent Also to Janitor, While Jennings Was Financing Two Broadway Office Buildings.

As the result of a series of speculations in Broadway real estate in which he had involved disastrously the Mount Vernon National Bank, of which he was President, Herbert Theodore Jennings was indicted yesterday afternoon by the Federal Grand Jury for the wilful misapplication of funds, and was afterward arrested at his office in the Fitzgerald Building, Forty-third Street and Broadway. The Mount Vernon Bank is now in the hands of Philip Tillinghast, as receiver, and he has found it necessary to protect the depositors by making a call on the stockholders.

Jennings was also Vice President of the Oneonta First National Bank, which after vicissitudes has been taken over by another bank, and besides being a lawyer with an office in the Fitzgerald Building, was deeply interested in realty and development companies. Thus he was a Director of the Anderson Hill Realty Company, the Bronx Parkway Development Company, the Broadway and Forty-third Street Building Company, the Hub Building Company, the Mount Vernon Heights Realty Company, the Otsego & Herkimer Railroad, and the White Plains Development Company.

The enterprises which have led to his apprehension are the Broadway and Forty-third Street Building Company, which put up the Fitzgerald Building at the corner named, and the Hub Building Company, which contemplated erecting another office building at the northeast corner of Broadway and Forty-second Street on land, which it had obtained from the Broadway Corner Company, a subsidiary of the United Cigar Stores Company, which it had in turn leased from the Astor estate. To finance these schemes Mr. Jennings, it is charged, used the funds of the Mount Vernon Bank.

In asking the court to fix a large amount of bail Assistant United States District Attorney Levy stated that the loss to the Moun Vernon Bank exceeded $100,000 and that it had been incurred through the loaning of large sums of money, without security, to dummies such as John H. Behan, the present janitor of the Fitzgerald Building, and F. Killeen, a $5 a week office boy.

The indictment charges that on Jan. 7 Jennings, with the bank funds, made a direct purchase from the Broadway and Forty-third Street Building Company of second mortgage bonds of the face value of $25,000. For these he paid in cash $16,250, though they were of no actual value. It was when their worthlessness was discovered that the official examination of the bank was precipitated, and this brought about on March 24 the closing of its doors.

The first misapplication of funds mentioned in the indictment occurred on July 6 last, when President Jennings, and the cashier placed in circulation two certificates of deposit for $10,000 each, payable to the order of Josephine M. Fairchild. The only security for this was a promissory note made by M. Greenwood, Jr., for $20,000, dated July 1, 1910, which was not secured.

Then followed a long series of similar transactions, none of which, according to the indictment, was legal. On Jan. 8 a loan of $2,360 was made to Killeen, office boy for Henry C. Henderson, Jennings's lawyer. On Nov. 19 last year Behan, the janitor, was permitted to borrow on his note of hand $6,750. The other loans mentioned are for $23,139, for $5,000, for $6,000, for $16,250, for $20,000, for $9,000, for $11,908, for $850 to the Broadway and Forty-third Street Building Company on the note of X. P. Wilfley; for $16,250, and for $2,400 on March 16, eight days before the bank closed. Altogether the amount of the loans to which the indictment takes exception was $154,908.

Immediately after his arrest Jennings was arraigned before Judge Holt and was held in $25,000 bail. He was held for some hours in Marshal Henkel's office to enable him to find bondsmen. Commissioner Shields waited in his office, and at length Mrs. Anna F. Plumb of 336 Garden Avenue, Mount Vernon, the sister of Jennings's deceased wife, appeared and gave surety in real estate.

The closing of the Mount Vernon National Bank has given rise to several lawsuits against stockholders. It has a capital of $200,000 and was founded in 1907. Few people had any doubts of its solvency at the moment the doors were closed, and it was stated that deposits were received five minutes before the State Department took action.

It was then stated formally by the Directors that the closing of the Oneonta First National Bank, of which Jennings was Vice President, had given rise to rumors which had led to a few withdrawals of heavy accounts, but that there was no doubt that the institution could pay 100 cents on the dollar, and the doors had been closed merely to protect depositors. Charles A. Hanna, the official Bank Examiner, who went over the books the day after the closing, also took the same optimistic view.

The work of closing up the bank was turned over to Philip Tillinghast, the receiver, and nothing was suspected till he sent out in September to the 1,299 depositors United States Treasury checks for only 15 per cent. of their deposits. That roused their indignation, and they called a meeting and appointed counsel to look after their interests.

On Sept. 11 an assessment was levied on the stockholders to be paid by Oct. 11. Only a few of the stockholders, it is said, have paid up, and Mr. Tillinghast has brought action in the United States Circuit Court to enforce the liability of the stockholders to the extent of 100 per cent. on their holdings. These cases have not yet been tried.

END HILPRECHT DISPUTE.

Trustees of Pennsylvania University Find Doctor's Charges Unfounded.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 11.—No reconsideration of the resignation of Dr. H. V. Hilprecht as Clark Research Professor of Assyriology in the University of Pennsylvania will be made by the Trustees of that institution, and at the meeting of the body this afternoon the report of a special committee of three, to whom had been referred all communications respecting the alleged injuries done to scientific material in the university museum, was unanimously adopted.

This report, which is signed by Samuel Dickson, Effingham B. Morris, and George Wharton Pepper, goes into detail respecting the whole Hilprecht controversy, or, at least, so much of it as has been the subject of agitation for the last fifteen months, and decides that the allegations made by Dr. Hilprecht and by his friends are not substantiated. In effect the report closes the incident at the university, and henceforth Dr. Hilprecht will have no connection with that institution or its museum.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
THE STANDARD RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH.
Three Trains Daily to Florida, Cuba, South: 10:16 A. M., 3:38, 9:30 P. M. 1218 B'way.—Adv.

IF ITALY SHOULD WIN OVER TURKEY.

Lawrence Mott, the author-traveler, discusses conditions in and near Tripoli, where he spent some time recently. Read it in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

STRIKEBREAKER HIT BY STONE IS KILLED

15-Pound Weight Breaks Neck of Street Cleaner Bending Over at His Task.

TWO STRIKERS ARRESTED

They Tell Confused Stories, One Accusing the Other—Sudden Attack in East Third Street.

Four street cleaning carts, driven by strikebreakers, and escorted by Policeman William J. Manning, left Stable R at 349 Rivington Street, yesterday afternoon, to clean up the streets of the east side. Each cart made four trips, carrying garbage to the department's dock. Then about 4:30 o'clock they started on the last clean-up, Foreman Thomas Sullivan, in charge of the work, superintended it from the curb.

While William Sweezey of Holtsville, L. I., the driver of one of the carts, was bending down to shovel some garbage from the street in front of 239 East Third Street, with the policeman on guard on the pavement near him, a flagstone, about a foot long and two inches thick, and weighing fifteen pounds, suddenly came hurtling from one of the tenement roofs. It struck Sweezey on the back of the neck, breaking it, and killing him instantly. The stone barely missed the policeman.

Blowing his whistle for aid, Manninf darted into the house at 239 and up to the roof. He found no one there. A crowd below had seen the stone falling, but none saw the man who threw it.

Half an hour later, however, Detective Lieut. Deering and Detectives Lever, Kemp, and Pflaster learned that a striking street cleaner named Joseph Wince lived at 241 East Third Street. Hurrying to his home on the third floor, they were met by his wife, who told them Wince lay abed—had been sleeping for some time. Deering woke and arrested him. Wince sleepily denied all knowledge of the crime.

At the Union Market Station, however, after he had been made to look upon the face of the dead man, he declared that while he had nothing to do with the stone-throwing, he thought a friend of his, George Hendrich, who had also been a driver for the Street Cleaning Department before the recent strike, might know something more about it. Hendrich, he said, told him he had spent a great part of last Saturday amusing himself by throwing bottles down from roofs upon strikebreaking garbage sweepers and drivers in the street. Yesterday afternoon, he said, he and Hendrich had been drinking together in a saloon near his home in East Third Street, and, Wince continued, Mrs. Wince told him that she saw Hendrich run out of one of the tenements near the scene of the murder shortly after the stone was thrown from the roof.

Detective Pflaster went to Hendrich's home, on the top floor of 48 Avenue B. He, too, was met by the wife of the man he was looking for, who told him that Hendrich was out. Even while the wife was speaking, however, Hendrich himself appeared, coming into the flat by way of the roof.

"I was flying pigeons on the roof," he explained.

Pflaster ran up on the roof, taking Hendrich with him. It was dark and nowhere, according to the detective, was there a sign of pigeons.

Hendrich and Wince were both locked up in the Union Market Station as suspicious persons. One of them, the police believe, will have a more serious charge placed against him to-day. At the station Wince repeated his story and his charges against Hendrich, all of which Hendrich denied. Mrs. Wince told the police that she had never mentioned to her husband that she had seen Hendrich dart from one of the tenements near the scene of the murder. She denied that she had seen him do so.

Policeman Manning, immediately after he returned from the roof of the tenement, a few minutes after the crime was committed, gathered together the pieces into which the flagstone had broken after it struck Sweezey. He took the pieces to the station in the hope that finger prints might be found upon some of them, and that these might be traced to the man who threw the stones. The detectives expressed little hope of succeeding in this, however, saying that persons in the crowd that gathered around the murdered driver almost immediately began handling the broken stone, and thus effaced or confused whatever finger prints might have been left on it.

The police found several persons in the street at the time who said they had seen the stone falling from one of the roofs—some said from 239 and some from 237 East Third Street. None of them, however, saw the man who threw it.

CHILD'S MOTHER IS FOUND.

District Attorney at Last Learns the Identity of Alice Randolph.

It was learned yesterday that the mystery surrounding the birth of Alice Elizabeth Randolph, the ward of Mrs. E. Virginia Evers, who pleaded guilty to a charge of cruelty to the child in Special Sessions last Monday and will be sentenced to-day, is cleared up at last. District Attorney Whitman said last night:

"The person who was named as the grandfather of the Randolph child called at my office to-day and told me all about her parentage. She is the daughter of a respectable married woman living in Brooklyn with her husband and two children. I agreed not to give out the name of this woman and can see no reason to do so. Her husband knows nothing about the Randolph girl, I am told, and the child's real father lives in New Jersey at the present time. It is true that Mrs. Evers got the child from the Nurses and Children's Hospital."

It was also learned that Mrs. Evers obtained the child by saying that she had fallen heir to a fortune in England and that according to the terms of the will she must have a child. Whether this is true could not be learned. The child passed as her own daughter for several years.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER,
50c. per case of 6 glass-stoppered bottles.—Adv.

CAVALIERI'S $80,000 RAISED BY CHANLER

He Files Mortgages by Which He Obtains $200,000 Upon His City Real Estate.

HER TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

Rows of Flat Houses Are Security for Cash Required for Singer, Lawyers' Fees, and Other Charges.

The terms of settlement under which Mme. Lina Cavalieri consented to annul the famous agreement made before her marriage to Robert Winthrop Chanler in Paris in 1910 became public yesterday with the filing of several mortgages with Register Grifenhagen.

The deeds show that Mr. Chanler raised $200,000 upon his real estate holdings in the city. It is understood that $80,000 of this is to be turned over to Mme. Cavalieri. All that now remains for the episode to be closed, so far as the singer and Mr. Chanler are concerned, is the obtaining of a divorce, and this, it is said, will be granted within three or four months, as Mr. Chanler has decided not to oppose the suit.

In order to raise enough money to satisfy the singer, Mr. Chanler had to mortgage most of his property holdings in the city. They include the row of flathouses 360 to 372 West Fifty-fifth Street, 830 to 840 Ninth Avenue, 831 to 839 Tenth Avenue, 503 to 511 West Fifty-fifth Street, and four lots on the south side of Fifty-fifth Street, west of Ninth Avenue. The land was formerly part of the Cozine farm. Mr. Chanler inherited it about four years ago, and it formed part of the property given to Mme. Cavalieri in his ante-nuptial agreement.

The loan on this property was obtained by John Scoble of the law firm of Bowers & Sands from the American Mortgage Company. The mortgage is for five years with interest at 5 per cent. The property is worth several million dollars.

The greater part of the $200,000 loan is to be used to satisfy an existing mortgage on the property, as well as to defray lawyers' fees and other charges.

The deeds filed at the Register's office yesterday show that on Nov. 15, 1910, Mr. Chanler's first wife, Julia Chanler, transferred, for a consideration, her dower rights in the two pieces of property at 231 to 235 Third Avenue and at 349 to 353 Fifth Avenue to Arthur Simonson, a clerk in the law office of Winthrop & Stimson. On July 18, 1911, all this property was retransferred as a deed of trust to Lewis Stuyvesant and Winthrop A. Chanler. The Fifth Avenue property is subject to a lease dated May 22, 1906, for $35,000 a year. The rental, the transfer sets forth, is to be applied to the use of Robert W. Chanler during his life, and upon his death the whole capital of the trust estate is to go to his issue or to his wife, if he should hereafter marry.

In the ante-nuptial agreement Chanler promised to pay Mme. Cavalieri $20,000 a year out of his $70,000 a year income. Shortly after that he deeded to her part of his Manhattan real estate and his farms up State.

The most interesting document that was filed was the original of the agreement made on July 18, 1911, whereby Mme. Cavalieri abrogated the agreement made before her marriage. It sets forth that a "certain ante-nuptial contract" was entered into "between Robert Winthrop Chanler and Natalina Cavalieri, now living at 22 Avenue de Messine, Paris"; that the former agreed to convey and transfer to the latter "certain property of which he was seized and possessed," as well as $20,000 a year from the income of certain trust estates of which he was the beneficiary; that they were married on June 18, 1910, but "are now living separate and apart"; that "the said ante-nuptial contract is now unsatisfactory to the parties hereto, and each of the said parties is anxious and desirous of abrogating and annulling the said ante-nuptial contract"; that Mme. Cavalieri by her two deeds of conveyance dated July 18, 1911, "for a valuable consideration reconveyed" to Mr. Chanler, "all her right, title, and interest in the real property referred to and mentioned in the said ante-nuptial agreement"; that in consideration of the sum of $1, and other consideration, Mme. Cavalieri "hath granted, bargained, sold, and by these presents doth grant, bargain, and sell unto the party of the first part, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns" Cole Farm, Chowell Farm, and Benna Farm in Red Hook, comprising 350 acres and mortgaged for $6,000, as well as the property which was mortgaged today, and "all other realty forming the share of the Robert W. Chanler and of and in the estate of the late Mrs. Laura Delano and all the realty that purported to be conveyed and transferred to Natalina Cavalieri in the ante-nuptial contract."

It is then set forth that the contract is "hereby annulled, canceled, and abrogated in all respects and entirety, including any power of attorney, and that the parties thereto, the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, the Union Trust Company, the Chanler Estates Fund, and Winthrop Astor Chanler and Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler as trustees under the will of John Winthrop Chanler, deceased, are severally released and absolved from the obligations imposed or attempted to be imposed upon them by the terms and provisions of the said ante-nuptial contract."

The deed was executed before T. H. Barkerville, Commissioner of Deeds, yesterday.

Edgerton Winthrop, Jr., of 32 Liberty Street, representing the Chanlers, refused to discuss the mortgage and transfers in any way.

SAY BOYD FEARED ARREST.

Failure of Trust Company Preyed on Banker's Mind, Friends Believe.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 11.—The series of misfortunes that resulted in the suicide of Peter Boyd, President of the Tradesmen's Trust Company, which suspended business on Sept. 18, are being revealed gradually. Mr. Boyd shot himself in his office in the North American Building on Saturday afternoon. He had been distracted by the failure of the trust company a month before, and is said to have paid at least $200,000 from his own estate to make good the losses of some of his creditors. His friends believe his entire fortune was wiped out.

In addition, Mr. Boyd is said to have feared arrest. Although his fears were groundless, his mental condition had become so affected that he believed he could be held responsible for the failure of his company. It is admitted that Mr. Boyd had been guilty of carelessness in connection with his duties, but it is denied that he applied any funds to his personal use.

The funeral of Mr. Boyd will be held at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning from his home, in Chestnut Street, near Eighteenth Street.

A POPULAR JEWELRY HOUSE.
Lambert Brothers, Jewelers, offer on another page of to-day's Times so many and such striking suggestions for Christmas gifts that shoppers in doubt what to buy may well regard the firm as public benefactors. The Lambert store, on the corner of Third Av. and 58th Street, is one of the busiest places in town, the natural result of a long-established reputation for selling high-grade jewelry at popular prices. —Adv.

HUGE ELEVATORS BURNING.

1,000,000 Bushels of Grain Lost—Owen Sound Shipping in Peril.

OWEN SOUND, Ont., Dec. 11.—Both the huge Canadian Pacific elevators here, containing over 1,000,000 bushels of grain, are burning and will be a total loss.

Shipping in the harbor is in great danger.

NEW BERESFORD SENSATION.

Admiral Says McKenna Was Dismissed from the Admiralty Post.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—Lord Charles Beresford has again returned to the charge regarding England's naval unpreparedness during the Morocco crisis, and in a speech at Leicester to-night bluntly stated that Mr. McKenna was dismissed from the post of First Lord of the Admiralty.

"His grotesque antics during the late crisis," said Lord Charles, "led to his dismissal, and if the facts were generally known there would be considerable excitement in foreign countries."

It is significant that when Lord Charles remarked in his speech, "I don't see why we cannot come to some agreement with Germany," the audience cheered loudly.

DAUGHTER TO SPAIN'S KING.

Queen Victoria Gives Birth to a Fifth Child—Three Others Living.

MADRID, Tuesday, Dec. 12.—Queen Victoria of Spain gave birth to a daughter this morning.

This is the fifth child born to Queen Victoria, the fourth being still-born.

King Alfonso and Princess Victoria Eugenia (Ena) of Battenberg were married on May 31, 1906. Their first child, Prince Alfonso, Prince of the Asturias, was born on May 10, 1907. The other children are Prince Jaime and Princess Beatrice.

ACCUSES KING ALFONSO.

Writer in Paris Paper Says He Is Aiding Portuguese Royalists.

PARIS, Tuesday, Dec. 12.—Humanité publishes an article, signed "Fabra Ribas," accusing King Alfonso and the Spanish Cabinet of acting in complicity with Germany in an attempt to overthrow the Portuguese Republic.

Ribas affirms that King Alfonso decided to bombard Lisbon, and was held back from so doing only by considerations as to what might be the attitude of the powers toward such a proceeding on the part of Spain.

The writer adds that the Spanish Government favored in every way possible the Royalist conspirators in Galicia, taking measures against them only when Great Britain and France made representations on the subject, and that the Spanish Government is now abetting the preparations for a new descent by the Royalists upon Portugal at the end of this month.

WATSON BUYS A MURILLO.

Pittsburgh Attorney Gets "Madonna and Child" in London—Price Secret.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 11.—D. T. Watson of Pittsburgh, special counsel for the United States Government in the Venezuelan and other international cases, has purchased Murillo's "Madonna and Child" for his private collection in his home in Ridge Avenue.

Mr. Watson bought the work when he was in London last Summer, and he admitted to-day it would be hung soon in his Pittsburgh home. He refused to say where he had obtained it, or what he paid. Mr. Watson now has three Murillos. The other more important is "The Beggar Boy," depicting a ragged urchin eating fruit.

The Watson collection is considered the most valuable in Western Pennsylvania. In his gallery are works by Rembrandt, Raphael, Corot, Daubigny, Jacques, Tryon, Constable, Descamps, Rosa Bonheur, Jules Breton, and others.

DESOLATE AT 15; DIES.

Nellie Principale, Mourning for Dead Sweetheart, Shoots Herself.

Nellie Principale was the happiest girl in Cherry Street last June, for, although she was only 15, all Cherry Street knew that she was to marry Sebastian Cocuzza, whom she had known since she was a tiny girl in Italy. Sebastian was a barber, but ambitious to become something more, and he was preparing for civil service examinations when he was taken ill in midsummer and died. Two weeks ago the girl's stepmother, to whom she was devoted, died suddenly, and Nellie was desolate.

Last evening, a little after dark, just as her father was coming home to dinner, she stood in front of the little mirror in her room at 134 Cherry Street, and holding Sebastian's picture in one hand, she took a revolver, placed it against her right temple and fired. She died a few moments later. This was the fourth time she had tried to end her life.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. ELWELL.

Sculptor's Wife Said She Supported the Family Fifteen Years.

Mrs. Molina Elwell of Brooklyn was granted a divorce from Frank Edwin Elwell of Weehawken, a sculptor, by Vice Chancellor Garrison in Jersey City yesterday on the ground of desertion. Mr. Elwell responded to his wife's petition with a cross bill for desertion, but he put in no defense. They were married in Paris, France, in 1882, and for more than twenty-five years lived together in New York and vicinity.

Mrs. Elwell went to Cambridge, Mass., in 1908 to visit her two sons. She said she went away to give him the solitary life he craved for art work. They exchanged letters frequently while she was at Cambridge and he in Nova Scotia, and Mrs. Elwell gave the letters one at a time to the Vice Chancellor, who read the date, the address, and the signature to the stenographer. At first the letters were to "My dear wife" or "My dear Lina," and later to "Dear madam." One of the "Dear madam" letters suggested that she had better not return to her husband.

Mrs. Elwell said she had assisted her husband financially for thirty years, and for fifteen years she had supported the family from her private means.

Ask to see a Krementz Collar Button Set. A gift that any man would appreciate. $1.00. —Adv.

ROOSEVELT'S BOOM LOUDER THAN TAFT'S

Colonel the Only Hope of the Party, Say Some on Eve of Committee Meeting.

MAY COME TO OPEN BREAK

Former President May Be Asked to Declare Exactly Where He Stands—La Follette No Danger.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Political developments of the day in Washington concurrent with the assembling here of the members of the Republican National Committee for their meeting to-morrow tend very strongly to justify the belief that it will depend after all on Col. Theodore Roosevelt whom the Republican National Convention of next year shall nominate for the Presidency. As it looks now, one of two things is inevitable. Either Col. Roosevelt will be forced to come out with a refusal to run wholly incapable of distortion or misconstruction, or there will develop a row between the Roosevelt and Taft men the like of which has not been seen in National politics in a great many years.

The fact is that the unofficial announcements of Col. Roosevelt's refusal to be a candidate, however authoritative they may be, have not in the least deterred the men who are using the name of Roosevelt in their effort to prevent the renomination of President Taft. The matter has gone so far that it is doubtful if even a formal statement by the ex-President over his own signature would do much more, unless it should be of an absolutely unanswerable character.

Col. Roosevelt has been saying that no friend of his would suggest his name for next year's nomination. He has said that to many men and has written it to many others. He has gone further and has said and written to friends that he would not accept the nomination. But that has not stopped the effort to have the nomination offered to him; in fact, it seems not to have even checked that effort.

Roosevelt Sentiment Strong.

It is becoming daily more and more clear that there is only one Republican Presidential boom which can awaken general enthusiasm among Republicans, and that is a Roosevelt boom. All day the corridors and lobby of the Willard Hotel, where to-morrow's meeting is to be held, have buzzed with politics in the regulation convention style. And through it all there has run an amazingly strong current of Roosevelt talk. The Republican National Committee is permeated with Roosevelt sentiment.

This is due to two causes. Chief of them is the fear that President Taft cannot be re-elected. No member of the National Committee will say for quotation that the President cannot win next year, because that would be a public concession which the fighting machine of the party can not and will not make. But plenty of them today have recalled the significant speech which the President himself made at Chicago on his recent trip.

Every expresion of disbelief in the President's ability to carry next year's election is accompanied by the declaration that there is only one man who could win, and that is Roosevelt. He is the one man, they say, who has any chance of reuniting the two factions into which the party is otherwise hopelessly split. They do not want him nominated as the result of an open fight with the Taft men. That would enrage the President's supporters and merely substitute one split for another. But even at that the new split would not be as far-reaching or as dangerous as the old one.

Want Taft to Step Aside.

Some of the Roosevelt men declare that there is only one way to save the party and that the President is the only man who can do it. That way is for the President to take himself out of the contest by declaring that he will not run again. But that is out of the question. As has been pointed out several times in these dispatches the President takes the position that if his party is to win in the next campaign he is entitled to the fruits of that victory. If it is to lose he ought to bear the brunt of the defeat. In either event he ought to be nominated. And that is what the White House organization has been working so hard for so long to bring about. Talk of the voluntary retirement of the President is just so much wasted effort.

All this Roosevelt movement is of course, under the surface. It is only here and there that it makes an open showing. Committeeman after committeeman has said to-day something like this:

"Oh, Taft will get the delegation from my State, all right. But the next thing is to give him the Electoral votes. That is the problem."

And then the talk would turn to Roosevelt.

Ward for Roosevelt.

There has been great interest all day in the activities of William L. Ward, the National Committeeman from New York. Ward has been just as busily discussing the situation with other committeemen on the ground. He has not shown any signs of physical illness, but this evening he advanced that reason as his explanation for not attending the dinner given by the President at the White House to the members of the committee.

Ward is for Roosevelt and is making no bones about it. He is credited with the design to take an uninstructed delegation from New York to the convention, and he is expected to have the assistance of William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee of New York, in that effort. This time-honored device of uninstructed delegations is said to have Col. Roosevelt's approval. This is fully understood by the Taft managers now, and every effort will be put forth by the President's supporters to see that delegates are instructed for Taft.

The anti-Taft men know that there is very little use in attempting to stampede a convention of instructed delegates. That has been tried numerous times, but has always failed. But they hope that when the uninstructed delegates begin to vote for Roosevelt to the certain accompaniment of the wild cheers from the galleries they can carry it through with a rush.

The La Follette candidacy has failed utterly to get into motion, and there the Taft men have no ground whatever for fear from that quarter.

It should be borne in mind that this meeting of the National Committee has nothing to do that will serve to indicate faithfully how it stands toward the President. There is no doubt that on the surface the majority of the members are favorable to the renomination of Mr. Taft. There is also no doubt that a number of committeemen are now saying they are for Mr. Taft who are well known to have decidedly different inclinations. They are not deceiving anybody. As one committeeman put it to-day, they are "playing" the President, who is thoroughly aware of the game.

Pressure to Aid Taft.

But the old-time force of Administration pressure is at work, and that is relied upon to keep these reluctant committeemen in line. It is true, too, that thus far not all the lines of legitimate Administration pressure which can be employed have been brought into service. But there was plain indication to-day that the time had come to call on these additional resources, and that from now on the full available pressure would be exerted.

The chief business of to-morrow's meeting is to frame the call for the National Convention and to provide for the election of the delegates to it. The selection of the convention city is subordinate in importance to his. It makes little difference to the President's supporters what city gets the convention, so far as political advantage is concerned. Occasionally the location of the convention is a matter of great strategic importance, but this year it is of little importance. The call for the convention is a very different matter, however. For that must deal directly with the Ohio situation, which is the most difficult problem that faces the Taft men to-day.

It was only a few days ago that Walter Brown, Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee of Ohio, came out for the nomination of Col. Roosevelt. That was a defection from Taft which struck hard. Walter Brown was the intimate associate of Arthur I. Vorys, the President's political chief of staff in Ohio, in putting together the organization that overthrew the Foraker-Dick forces in that State four years ago. Its opponents described it then as a "pasteboard and glue" organization not like the ironbound machine of the Hanna days. But it served well enough to deliver the electoral vote of the State to Taft. Now, the official head of that machine has gone openly over to Roosevelt. Heretofore there has been plenty of uncomplimentary talk from Administration men about different insurgent Republicans, but thus far not a derogatory word has been heard about Walter Brown. Instead there has been a determined effort to get together.

Trying to Placate Brown.

All day to-day, as was the case yesterday, Brown and Vorys have been in conference over the Ohio problem. Brown is standing for the selection of the delegates at large from Ohio to the National Convention by a primary. Vorys declares that Taft men are also for a primary, but he points out that there is no provision in the Ohio primary law covering the situation. The National Convention will be made up of two delegates from each Congressional district, and four from the State at large.

The Ohio law covers the election by primaries of the district delegates, but not those at large. Brown proposes to select the delegates at large by putting the names of the candidates on the ballots with those of the district candidates. Vorys thinks that would not be legal.

A National Convention is a law unto itself. Like other parliamentary bodies, it is the judge of the qualifications and election of its members. It is not absolutely necessary, therefore, that delegates to it shall be elected in accordance with State laws. But the National Committee, in calling for the election of delegates, always provides that they may be chosen in conformity to the State laws. Now, if this committee should provide that delegates to next year's convention might be selected in accordance with Walter Brown's plan, that would probably insure to such delegates a place in the temporary make-up of the convention, and the question would then be left to the convention itself—if there were a contest—to determine.

But to-morrow's meeting will not determine in favor of the Brown plan unless in the meantime Vorys and Brown have come to some agreement. Because at this stage of the game the committee will stand with the Taft men, no matter how some of its members would prefer to do otherwise.

Hitchcock and Hilles Clash?

Hostilities of an unexpected character and from an unlooked for quartr developed to-day among members of the committee. Opposition to Col. Harry S. New of Indiana, the administration candidate for Chairman of the powerful Sub-Committee on Convention Arrangements, was responsible for the ill-feeling engendered. No settlement had been reached late to-night, but some of President Taft's closest friends announced that they not only would insist upon the election of Mr. New, but upon naming a majority of the committee.

The most sensational feature of the day's skirmishing was the fact that Secretary Hilles, who is the active leader of the Taft forces in the campaign for renomination of the President, and Postmaster General Hitchcock, who managed the President's campaign three years ago, seemingly were arrayed against each other. The rumors that the two were working at cross purposes flew thick and fast through the hotel corridors. Finally Mr. Hitchcock issued a statement in denial, but it did not entirely set reports at rest. Mr. Hitchcock's statement follows:

"Statements which would indicate that there is friction between Mr. Hilles and myself are absolutely unfounded. My resignation as Chairman of the National Committee was tendered in good faith on the day that I was confirmed as Postmaster General, and from that time to this I have refrained from participation in the affairs of the committee. I have all that I can do at present to look after the business of my department, and do not wish to be drawn into any controversy respecting National politics."

Following the announcement of opposition to Col. New among the Southern membership of the committee, several members openly advocated the retention by Vice Chairman John F. Hill, who will be elected to-morrow as successor of former Chairman Hitchcock, of the honor of directing the convention arrangements. It was reported that Mr. Hitchcock was a party to this plan. On every side Mr. Hitchcock's name was coupled with the anti-New movement, and it was probably because of that fact that the Postmaster General issued his statement.

The Chicago men are saying now that they have more than enough votes to send the convention to their city. But St. Louis has a good deal of strength, and there is support also for Denver and Philadelphia. Fred Willard, President of the League of Republican Clubs of Pennsylvania, and John M. Peterson, Assistant District Attorney of Philadelphia, were here to-day at the head of a delegation from Philadelphia trying to get the convention of their city. They saw Senator Penrose, who promised to bring the matter before the National Committee.

GOULDS STILL HAVE WABASH.

Director Denies Rockefeller Is to Aid It—Conference This Week.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 11.—Denying emphatically that John D. Rockefeller has any part in the re-financing of the Wabash Railroad, but declaring that the Goulds are still in control, S. C. Reynolds of this city, Director of the company, stated to-day that the disposition of the Wabash would be decided at a conference in New York this week.

Mr. Reynolds said that the questions to be settled would be whether the road would be thrown into a receiver's hands, or whether the promised financial backing will be sufficient to put the property on its feet, enabling it to meet the interest on $42,000,000 or 4 per cent. bonds due Jan. 1.

At the meeting of the Wabash Board, held in this city a week ago to-day, four of the Gould representatives resigned to make room for new men named by the Equitable Trust Company, trustee under the refunding and extension mortgage. An official statement given out at that time referred to the appointment of a "Reorganization Committee." W. S. Pierce, who is Chairman of the Western Maryland, in which Mr. Rockefeller has a large interest, was made Chairman of the new committee.

HE FOUGHT THE ROBBER.

City Employe Says the Prisoner Hit Him with a Revolver.

A young man who gave his name as Fred Wisse and his address as 220 West Twenty-fourth Street was locked up in the East Twenty-second Street Station yesterday charged with felonious assault, attempted burglary, and carrying concealed weapons. Cornelius Grennan, a clerk in the Street Cleaning Department, was his accuser. Grennan says he was lying down in his flat at 200 East Twenty-fifth Street when there came a knock at the door.

"I'll have your money," he says Wisse muttered to him as he opened the door. Grennan grappled with him, and in the fight that followed they rolled about the flat, smashing things up, and then down the stairs to the front hall. There Wisse, he charges, pulled a gun, and, hitting him over the head, ran down the street. Witnesses of the encounter began to shout for the police, and one came. He found Wisse in the street and took him back to the house. Grennan identified him as his assailant. The revolver was found in a nearby garbage can.

SLICE OF LUNA PARK EATEN OUT BY FIRE

Only the Restaurant, Tube Ride, and Checker Slide Put Out of Business.

MUCH SCENERY DESTROYED

Mr. Thompson Estimates His Loss at $150,000, Including Theatrical Properties—Blaze Subdued in Two Hours.

Henry Riehl, Superintendent of Luna Park, walked down the main walk of the big Coney Island amusement place at 2:55 o'clock yesterday afternoon and noticed a thin line of flame eating its way up one of the cupolas of the Alhambra restaurant on the west side of the walk and just south of the park lake. Three minutes later the Luna Park fire department had been called to quarters and the siren on Feltman's, directly across the street from the park entrance, was giving out a succession of four short blasts, the announcement that the seaside resort was again in danger through fire. Four alarms brought every piece of fire-fighting apparatus from south of Greenwood and Prospect Avenues, Brooklyn, to the scene.

Two hours later the restaurant, the pneumatic tube ride, the studio in which Frederic Thompson, owner of the park, kept a great amount of scenery was destroyed, and "Checkers," an amusement which consisted of an incline down which the confiding ride in circular cars, was wrecked. Nothing else in the park was damaged. No one was hurt.

The damage was placed by the police at $50,000, but they knew nothing at that time of the scenery, which Mr. Thompson valued at $60,000. The latter estimates his loss at $150,000.

Hard work and plenty of water, according to Deputy Fire Chief Lally, alone saved Luna Park from total destruction. The present force in the park, about 50 men, responded promptly to the call for their services, and worked efficiently.

Starts in the Restaurant.

The restaurant in which the blaze is supposed to have started was unoccupied, and the cause of the fire was not discovered. When the fire fighters arrived the building was a mass of flames. Batallion Chief Rogers came on the first alarm and found flames coming from the roof and threatening to leap the gap to the buildings on the opposite side of the walk. He sent in the three other alarms simultaneously. The men in the park had stretched lines of hose and were then making a vallient effort to check the blaze. A dense cloud of smoke was rising in the foggy air and forming in a great black column above the island.

Though Coney Island's Winter population is small, a large crowd soon appeared on the scene. It was evident that after the experience of the Dreamland fire, on May 27 last, the inhabitants were taking no chances, for soon those living near the entrance to the park began bringing out and depositing their belongings on the sidewalk of Surf Avenue. "Luna Park is burning up," was the word that spread and the spectators began to arrive in trolley cars. The reserves from the Coney Island station were called out, soon to be joined by other policemen sent to the scene when the fourth alarm went in.

The Alhambra restaurant occupied with the pneumatic tubes the corner made by the turn in the walk where it skirts the lake. The kitchen occupied the rear of the big two-story wooden building. There was also the studio in which Mr. Thompson kept his scenery and stage effects. To the left and north was spread out the big checkerboard. To the south the restaurant building practically continued past the Japanese tea garden to the press office and the main gateway.

The firefighters had their work cut out for them during the first hour, and one thing which served to check the advance of the fire was the fact, Mr. Thompson said, that though much wood entered into the construction of the buildings, they were lined with sheet iron. There was not much air stirring, and the path of the fire was backward toward the rear wall of the building and the Sea Beach Palace.

When Chief Lally arrived he directed every effort to confining the flames to the one building. At the north end were the broad stairs to the second floor, which in front formed a wide porch. This gave the firemen a vantage point from which to pour down upon the burning interior tons of water. The fire was a stubborn one, for the inflammable material smoldered in one place only to burst into flames at another when least expected. A great burst of flame went up when the roof caved in, and a shower of sparks went skyward, giving the firemen much concern. However, no other buildings caught, and in two hours the flames were subdued and the danger was over.

The firemen were aided by the high-pressure mains and a plentiful supply of water. Chief Lally commented on this. The pressure, he said, was much greater than at the time of the Dreamland Park fire, but it was lessened, he thought, by the efforts of many amateur firefighters in the vicinity, who opened up many standpipes. One of the first things he did was to have his men go about and shut off this waste of water.

Thompson's Fast Trip to the Park.

Frederic Thompson was in his apartments in the Algonquin, in West Forty-fourth Street, discussing coming productions with two of his managers, when the telephone bell rang. "Luna Park is on fire!" was all of the message he received before he hung up the receiver with a snap. His automobile was at the door and into this the three piled. Thirty-five minutes later they were at the entrance to Luna Park. The run, he said, was a record one. On Ocean Boulevard, just below Prospect Park, the automobile struck a wagon. It was a glancing blow, which sent the other vehicle skidding across the road and sent the mud guard of the automobile clattering behind. The last mile of the run was made on a flat tire. Mr. Thompson would not stop and kept urging his chauffeur onward. As the automobile passed Eighth Street, Coney Island, the defective tire came off, rolled across the street, and the remainder of the journey was made on the rim.

"The entire damage," said Mr. Thompson, surveying the smoldering site when the fire had been brought under control, "will amount to $150,000. In the studio I had stored, not only the scenic effects for productions in the park, but I had also much theatrical scenery there."

Later Mr. Thompson said the damage done by the wide circulation of the early report that Luna Park had been wiped out had done a damage which it would take five years to counteract. To prove how little the fire had interfered with the working of the amusement resort, Luna Park, he said he would open to-day for one day only. The evidence of yesterday's fire will be obliterated as much as possible by the large gang of men who were at work all night to get the park in readiness. Mr. Thompson said many of the park amusements would be in working order.

Some of the losses which Mr. Thompson sustained were the scenery and other stage properties for "Trailing a Rainbow," which had been just turned out and were to be used when the company, now rehearsing, opened on Feb. 1; the scenery for "Elizabeth's Chauffeur," which was to have its first production four weeks from now; "The Flyers," by George Barr McCutcheon, which would have been ready for staging in three weeks; the entire scenery for No. 2 "Spendthrift" company and the No. 2 "Polly of the Circus" company, as well as much general properties, such as stage lamps and other fittings. Mr. Thompson said he hoped to avoid any delay in sending out these companies.

There was some talk that the employes of the park, after discovering the fire, attempted to put it out before sending in an alarm. This was denied by both Mr. Thompson and his Superintendent. The former said that as soon as it was seen there was a fire the park men had pulled the special building box which summoned the city fire fighters. Everything had worked well, he said, and the engineers who are on duty in the park all the year had started the pumps going without delay. The water used by the park men was pumped from Coney Island Creek. Chief Lally had words of praise for the park employes. He said he had never "seen men work with such a will and so hard, and to them must go a share of the credit for the work done."

The many-cornered towers of the park are the home in Winter of thousands of starlings, and these were driven out by the fire. A great flock of them circled about and fluttered in and out of the tall tower in the lake while the fire was in progress.

Fire Precautions General Now.

The fire showed that the owners of Coney Island resorts were better prepared to fight flames than they were a year ago. In every near-by place lines of hose were strung, and volunteers stood by ready to begin work with the coming of danger. There was no need for it, however, and Coney Island settled down last night to its customary Winter calm.

Luna Park is the pioneer of high-class amusement places now so common over the country. It was established by Fred Thompson and "Skip" Dundy, who got their idea from the success which attended their "Trip to the Moon" enterprise at the Pan-American Exposition.

REJECT NEGRO AS JUROR.

Attorneys at Packers' Trial Excuse Hamilton Without Comment.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—The drawing of the color line was one of the incidents of the day on the resumption of the trial of the Government against the beef packers.

William P. Hamilton, a negro, was the man excused. While he was being questioned by Levy Mayer, John S. Miller was in consultation with Special Counsel James S. Sheehan. Hamilton was excused by agreement. None of the attorneys would discuss the incident, neither would Judge Carpenter. The incident caused much comment, as negroes are more or less a factor in matters political.

A hint as to what may be used by the counsel for the packers in building up their defense was the repeated reference made by Levy Mayer to the statutes of limitations.

Some months ago the court held that the Government could introduce alleged evidence of conspiracy occurring before 1907 if it was solely for the purpose of proving the existence of a conspiracy since that time. The statute of limitations, however, prohibits the prosecution for offenses committed in this case beyond a period of three years.

Mr. Mayer put the following questions to several of the venire:

"The Government in the indictment charges that these defendants were unlawfully restraining inter-State trade in fresh meats for a period of at least ten years preceding Sept. 12, 1907. It is the law of the United States as written on the statute books that the Government must make out its case beyond all reasonable doubt. Will you take that law from the court?"

This being answered affirmatively, he asked further:

"Now, the court will also tell you that under the United States statute, no matter what may have been done, fifteen or ten or four years ago, that the Government must prove beyond all reasonable doubt that the defendants did within three years prior to Sept. 12, 1910, do the acts that the Government complains about. Assuming that you will receive such an instruction from the court, will you follow it?"

Then he asked:

"Would the fact, if such be the fact, that these defendants may or may not have done certain things ten years ago if the Government proves the commission of no act under the indictment within three years prior to Sept. 12, 1910, will you be influenced to find the defendants guilty?"

History and business connections of the prospective jurors have been investigated thoroughly by the Government, and the reports of investigators concerning certain of the men are said to be responsible for the change of plans.

When the fifth day of the trial was resumed to-day before District Judge George A. Carpenter, eleven tentative jurors were in the box. Six of them had previously been accepted by the Government. When court adjourned twelve were in the box, practically all new faces.

A new venire of fifty men was called last night by Judge Carpenter in an effort to fill the jury box in an acceptable manner.

THEY BUY FOLKS' SALARIES.

And Profits Are So Big That They Lead to Legal Wrangle.

In 1908 William L. Sherry had an idea that a good deal of money could be made by buying the salaries of employes who could not wait for the regular payday to come around. He knew just how many men and women there were in the city who worked on the basis of monthly paydays, and he knew that thousands of these received small pay. Why not help them out, thought Mr. Sherry, by giving them their money a few days in advance?

It was a better scheme than the game engineered by the loan shark, where the money was loaned on account of wages not yet earned. The losses would be infinitely less and the business ought to be as big. The only thing that Mr. Sherry lacked was the capital to start with.

This was a grave difficulty and it rested heavily on his mind. One day he talked the matter over with Harry D. Grant, and Mr. Grant talked it over with Dr. Frederick C. Hickok, and in April, 1909, these two men introduced to Mr. Sherry a man named Forrest B. Wood, to whom Mr. Sherry's plan was outlined. Mr. Wood thought well of it, and agreed to become an equal partner with Mr. Sherry, and put in $15,000.

A ten-year contract was made between them and the business began. It was highly successful from the start. The business of buying salaries was extended so that chattel and real estate mortgages were bought. So were legacies and other sorts of things that were certain of yielding cash within a reasonable time.

The profits were large, ranging sometimes as high as 20 per cent. on transactions involving periods of delay longer than had to be endured in the case of salaries, although it was said yesterday that as big a percent was frequently received even on these accounts.

Grant declares that the agreement between him and Sherry provided that he and Dr. Hickok were each to receive 12½ per cent. of the profits of the business, that Sherry was to get 30 per cent., and Wood 45 per cent. Sherry denies this, and says that the introduction of Wood to him was a purely friendly act on the part of Grant, and that no payment for it was ever agreed upon or understood in any way.

Grant also says that the profits have been $25,000 a year and that they were sure to grow much larger. He demanded a commission of $25,000, which, he thought, he and Hickok were entitled to, and was really lower, he thought, than might with reason be asked, for the profits in ten years would exceed $250,000. Sherry refused to pay. Thereupon Grant began an action to prevent Sherry and Wood from dissolving the partnership, which he thinks they intend to do, and make a corporation of the concern. John W. Browne represents the defendants. Argument will be heard in the Supreme Court on Friday.

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BRICE SENT WARNING OF MAINE EXPLOSION

Ex-Consul Says He Notified Havana Consulate of Plot Two Days Before Disaster.

TOLD BY SPANISH OFFICER

First Sent His Secretary and Went Himself to Havana on Following Day—McKinley Bade Him Keep Silent.

By Telegraph to the Editor of The New York Times.

BEDFORD, Iowa, Dec. 11.—I still regard my promise to my informant with reference to the blowing up of the battleship Maine in Havana Harbor as binding as the day it was given. When he appeared at my residence near midnight, two nights before the battleship was destroyed, I took the precaution to observe him first through a window and recognized my caller to be a former Spanish officer no longer connected with the Spanish Army, and a Cuban sympathizer. He demanded my assurance that I was alone at my residence and said he had a matter of great importance to relate to me, but that it meant death to him if he was ever found out. Upon receiving my promise never to reveal his name he said the Maine was to be blown up.

He referred to the passageways from the Governor's Palace, and said he did not know whether the destruction was to be executed from there or whether the mine was already planted and the battleship was located by direction of the authorities in a position where it would stand or the wind would swing it over the mine at a certain hour. I called my secretary, Fred Delgado, now in Matanzas, and early the next day he carried a message to the Consulate at Havanna. When he returned I went to Havana. At no time was credence given to the warning. I could hardly believe it myself, but felt that precautions should be taken, as I knew the position of my informant as a Spaniard in sympathy with the Cubans.

A. C. BRICE.

BEDFORD, Iowa, Dec. 11.—A. C. Brice of this city was United States Consul at Matanzas, Cuba, in 1897. He says that he kept the fact that he had been warned of the intention to destroy the Maine from becoming public at the request of President McKinley.

In the first account of the incident which he gave out yesterday he said:

"Two nights before the destruction of the Maine a man whom I know and who was not an American came to my residence at midnight, and upon the promise that I would not reveal his name, told me the Maine would be blown up. I sent a special messenger to Fitzhugh Lee, Consul General at Havana but the officials there failed to credit the warning. The next day the explosion took place.

"When I returned to the United States I reported the incident to President McKinley and the Secretary of State, and the President requested that no publicity be given to the incident at that time. I respected his wish, but feel at liberty to make a statement now that the Naval Board has reported that a mine touched off from the outside caused the ship's magazine to explode."

In connection with Mr. Brice's announcement, it was recalled yesterday that about a week after the destruction of the Maine a dispatch from Key West gave an alleged account of the disaster. It was contained in a letter forwarded by a secret club in Havana to J. M. Gorvin, a Cuban insurance agent in Key West. It was written in English, but was signed "Maquinista," which means machinist. The club received the letter by mail.

After a long preamble, saying that the writer knew the Maine's fate was due to a Spanish plot, the letter goes on to say that in an old warehouse at Santa Catalina, 200 yards from where the Maine was moored, some diving apparatus was hidden, and that from this base two divers worked by night and adjusted dynamite cartridges around the Maine, connecting them by wire to a battery on the land, from which they were exploded.

According to the letter, the divers were to receive a large sum, which was not forthcoming. The Cubans in Key West said that the investigations in Havana had tended to confirm the statements of the latter.

In Philadelphia on Oct. 15 last, a story came to light which purported to supply evidence that the blowing up of the Maine was the work of some person in the employ of Gen. Weyler, then in command of the Spanish forces in Cuba.

It was declared that a man in the employ of the Dittmar Powder Company, sold to Gen. Weyler, through a go-between, in November, 1896, 8,000 pounds of dynamite, twenty-five miles of insulated copper wire, and an electric motor suitable for use in exploding mines.

Mrs. Maria Dittmar, who was in charge of the powder company at the time, said that she was sure no shipment of dynamite had been made from the Dittmar factory direct to Cuba. She said, however, an agent might have arranged a consignment to some one in Philadelphia.

GIFTS FOR POOR CHILDREN.

Pupils in Brownsville Schools Asked to Contribute.

Hundreds of Brownsville school children are being enlisted in a campaign to provide gifts for the children of the poor on Christmas Day. Announcement was made yesterday in the schools that any child wishing to contribute a toy, an apple, an orange, or other gifts to children whose parents cannot afford to buy Christmas presents, may bring contributions to school on either of the last two days before the Christmas vacation, when the teachers and janitors will take charge of them until the arrival of trucks which are to take the goods to the central distributing headquarters.

This will be at the rooms of the Gotham Christmas Tree Society, Atlantic and Sheffield Avenues. This year, it is said, the toys and good things to eat will be passed out to waiting mothers and children by a new Santa Claus—a woman social worker, who has promised to wear, in addition to the other necessary accoutrements of Santa Claus, a pair of huge white whiskers. Her identity remains a secret.

Prominent in the work of the campaign are Mrs. Marie Von Gerichten Helmstadt, President of the society; Mrs. Henry Inselman, Vice President; Mrs. John Kellar, Treasurer; Mrs. Henry Crasser, Secretary, and Mrs. Annie Disbrow. Private theatricals, fairs, and euchres have been held at the homes of the women workers to aid the collection of Christmas funds.

WILL PRESS TREATY ANNULMENT AT ONCE

Continued from Page 1.

and was again told he must state his religion. This he positively refused to do and as a consequence was not able to go to Russia. Mr. Cutler showed the committee his passport and the notice accompanying it was, much to the surprise of all those present, proved to be the same notice formerly used by Secretary Root and withdrawn by him in 1908 as objectionable and in violation of the constitution and laws of the United States. The notice, which was printed in 1908, was dated May 31, 1911, and told the applicant that the United States could not give him protection in Russia if he was of Jewish birth unless he had secured in advance the consent of the Russian authorities to enter the Empire.

Mr. Marshall explained at length to the committee the correspondence between himself and the State Department by which the objectionable notice had been withdrawn and various members of the committee manifested their indignation that such a notice should again be employed by the State Department.

Jewish Editor's Statement.

Leon Kamiky, editor of The Jewish Daily News of New York, which Mr. Sulzer explained had a very large circulation, produced a passport which he had secured for himself and his wife to visit Russia. He was not able to have it vized in New York and so he went to the Russian Consul General in London, where it was vized for himself but not for his wife. As he could not make the necessary arrangements to separate from his wife and go to Russia alone he had to abandon his plan of going back to his old home. This passport was accompanied by the same form of notice that Mr. Cutler had shown.

Numerous similar experiences were related. Among them was the case of Oscar Hammerstein, who desired to visit Russia to take up plans for developing a project in grand opera, after having made his great successes in New York and Philadelphia, and because of his Jewish birth he was not permitted to go there.

Dr. Adler told of the experience of Dr. Yvernais of the Catholic University, who went to Russia to join a noted scholar in antiquities who was to go with him to Cyrenia for the purpose of making explorations there, and as soon as the Russian authorities learned that he was a Catholic, he was given twenty-four hours to leave the country, which he did.

Representative Goldfogle was asked by members of the committee to explain Russia's motive in keeping out Jews and Catholics, and he said it was undoubtedly a matter of religious prejudice. While back in 1784, under Catherine, an edict had issued inviting the immigration into Russia of Jews, there had in the last century developed a process of laws and edicts calculated to persecute and oppress the Jews.

When some one asked Mr. Marshall what the consequence would be to Jews living in Russia if the treaty should be abrogated, he said that he could not see that there could be anything more than further oppression and massacre, and the Jew was always to endure that. His lot now included all that, and it was hard to conceive of anything worse that could be inflicted.

Oscar Straus Speaks.

One of the most interesting and effective speeches of the day came from Oscar Straus, former Minister and Ambassador to Turkey, and Secretary of Commerce and Labor in the last Roosevelt Cabinet. Mr. Straus said that the treaty provided a method of its abrogation, and there was just cause for the United States to act decisively at this time. After forty years of diplomatic evasion on the part of Russia, it was now time to abrogate the treaty. The precise amount of our trade with Russia, he said, was 1 2-10 per cent. of all our foreign commerce, and that was not to be considered where human rights were at stake.

"You hardly realize," said Mr. Straus, "how far-reaching is this matter of protection of American citizens abroad. In my second mission to Turkey at one time a number of instructors, professors, missionaries, and physicians in hospitals, who had spent their vacation in America, found on their return to Constantinople that they could not receive the Turkish testera or interior passport which would insure them protection to their stations. They appealed to me.

"Among them was Dr. Frank Gates, the President of Robert College a most learned and estimable man. I went at once to the Council of State, known as the Sublime Porte, and there, after stating the case was informed that the Government did not want these teachers and missionaries to return to their posts and did not want them in the country. I sought the Sultan and told him that his Government proposed to violate the treaty, a thing that I, standing for my Government would not listen to. I returned to the Legation and told the party of professors and missionaries, some of the Presbyterian faith, some of the Congregational faith, that they should proceed to their stations and that they would have the assurance of my protection. So long as I was there I was determined that they should enjoy the rights of American citizens under the treaty and any interference would be resented by my Government promptly.

Minister Relents.

"That night at 1 o'clock there came to the Legation a messenger from the Minister of State saying that these people would have every protection on their way to their posts. The next day the British Ambassador came to see me and he said: 'Dear colleague, what have you done? There are two British subjects in the party, and they are without protection of passports from the Turkish Government.' I said: 'Well, what of it. They are in the very best of company,' and I thought I would let him lie awake that night and do a little thinking about those two British subjects, and did not tell him until the next day of the notice from the Turkish Foreign Minister assuring me of the safety of the party.

"I had good reason to believe that that incident was encouraged by the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople and that he advised the Council of State how to conduct their refusal of passports to the American teachers. It was done because Russia does not want Turkey to be enlightened or to make any progress in civilization. She has an eye on the possible future decline of Turkey, and in her own plan of aggrandization does not want Turkey to make any progress under the influences of American teachers and missionaries."

The Rev. Donald C. McLean, a Presbyterian pastor of this city, made a stirring appeal in behalf of just and equal rights to all American citizens, and urged that Congress be decisive and abrogate the treaty without delay or equivocation.

Bernard Nolan, Secretary of the National Citizens' Committee, laid before the committee several hundreds of letters from prominent citizens and societies in various parts of the country joining in the appeal for the rights of Jewish American citizens and the abrogation of the treaty.

Rabbi Solomon Foster, President of the Rabbinical Seminary at Cincinnati, speaking as a representative of 210 rabbis throughout the country, supported the demand for the adoption of the Sulzer resolution and the abrogation of the treaty.

A letter was presented from the Bishop of Scranton describing how he was denied the right to visit Russia because he was a Catholic.

Resolutions from the German-American Alliance and from the New York Federation of Churches, from the B'nai B'rith and the Congregation of Hebrew Churches were presented. Judge Sanders of New York spoke for the B'nai B'rith, which he said had a membership representing the millions of Jewish population throughout the land.

Mr. Marshall spoke of his having acted as an arbitrator in the cloak and suit makers' strike in New York, where it was shown that these working people, who were 90 per cent. Jews, produced annually in their line of manufactures an output worth $250,000,000, which made the $17,000,000 imports and the like amount of exports involved in our commerce with Russia, and which might be lost if the treaty was abrogated, look insignificant.

The thanks of the committee were given to Mr. Louis Marshall for his able and convincing statement of the whole case for the abrogation of the treaty.

The committee spent a few minutes in secret session, and the delegates from New York and other cities withdrew, highly pleased at the reception given them, and confident that finally action was to be taken that would bring positive results in the direction of complete and lasting vindication of American citizenship.

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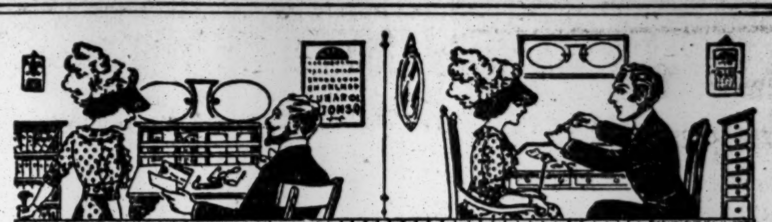

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597 Broad St., near Hahne's, Newark

FIND 5 MEN ALIVE IN WRECKED MINE

Workers Entombed at Briceville, Tenn., by Saturday's Explosion Were Not Hurt.

TRYING TO REACH OTHERS

Only Fear Is They May Starve Before They Can Be Reached—22 Bodies Recovered Thus Far.

BRICEVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 11.—Five men had been brought alive from the Cross Mountain mine at 11 o'clock to-night, and rescuers at that time were making almost frantic efforts to reach at least three more whom they believe still are alive.

These men had been prisoners in the workings since Saturday morning, when an explosion entombed more than 100 men. Hope had been abandoned, when to-night three men alive and well were found behind a brattice they had erected to protect themselves from noxious gases. They seemed little the worse for their experience. They are:

HENDERSON, WILLIAM, 55 years old.
HENDERSON, MILTON, 22 years old, his son.
SMITH, IRWIN, 35 years old.
IRISH, DORE, 30 years old.
SCOTT, ARTHUR, 30 years old.

All are married and their wives had almost given up hope of ever seeing any of them again alive.

Immediately after the explosion they rushed to Cross Entry 19, where they quickly threw up a brattice that kept out the black damp which killed many of their fellow workmen. They took their lunch pails with them and the three subsisted for three days and two nights upon what they expected to make their Saturday noon meal.

President Stephenson, who has all along insisted that men would be found alive, now declares that many more will be rescued.

News that live miners had been found spread quickly through the town and those who had been standing vigil at the mine mouth until all hope was gone rushed again to the scene. Soon the ropes stretched to hold back all but workers were again being strained by the throng of anxious watchers.

Until to-night 22 bodies had been removed, but only 20 cross entries had been explored. The rescuers are encountering great obstacles in penetrating the cross sections and it is feared that even should more be alive in the far recesses of the working it will be impossible to reach them before they starve.

Another rescue car arrived from Pittsburgh to-day, so there are plenty of helmet men on the scene. Finding of the three men to-night revived an abandoned hope in the breasts of these workmen, and now they are pushing ahead with all possible speed, hoping to find more men alive. The work is in charge of Dr. J. A. Holmes, Chief of the Government Bureau of Mines.

With sixteen bodies recovered and identified, rescue parties to-day renewed their efforts to force the big Cross Mountain mine to give up its dead. The rescuers had forced their way three miles into the mountain and bratticed more of the cross entries, when, at 10 o'clock, a dead miner was found sitting in one of the interior chambers. He was Andrew Johnson. Indications were that he had been a victim of black damp. Two additional bodies were recovered this afternoon. They were Albert Rowland and Eugene Peters. This made a total of nineteen bodies found.

The discovery last night of eight bodies prompted crowds to gather at the death cavern early this morning. Weeping wives made widows by the blast came to the shaft entrance in scores prepared to meet their dead.

Of the eight bodies discovered last night three were sitting in a mine car, while five were lying on the ground. Charles Kesterson, whose body was among the first discovered, was found at a telephone back in the mine by the rescuing crew.

Evidently he had been trying to telephone news of the blast to the office of the mines when he was struck down. His skull was badly mashed and his body cut.

Mayor Thomas Watts of Coal Creek, five miles from Briceville, issued to-day an appeal to Mayors of all cities for financial aid for the mine sufferers. His appeal reads:

> There are about 125 families in Briceville suffering from the Cross Mountain coal mine disaster. Help in funds is greatly needed, and we appeal to all American citizens to help us. Funds may be sent in through Thomas Watts, Mayor of Coal Creek.

A local Red Cross camp began work for the relief of the suffering this forenoon. It is estimated the explosion rendered 56 women widows and made 184 children orphans.

A new cemetery is being provided for the victims of the explosion on a hill near the mine. To-day volunteers started to dig graves in a circle, in the centre of which it is expected a monument will be erected.

Many theories are advanced as to the cause of the accident. President Stephenson said to-day it probably had been caused by a shot, which ignited gases accumulated in one of the many rooms in the mine or might have set off the coal dust on the floor. The floors are supposed to be kept sprinkled, and Mr. Stephenson said they were.

Gov. Hooper of Tennessee and Mayor Watts of Coal Creek to-day sent appeals for funds for relatives of victims. The coal company is supplying the immediate needs of the stricken families, but later money will be needed to care for the widows and orphans. Indications are that there will be more than fifty of the former and about 160 of the latter. A Knoxville baker distributed 600 loaves of bread to-day and there was no shortage of food.

APPEAL BY GOV. HOOPER.

Citizens of Tennessee Asked to Help the Briceville Sufferers.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 11.—Gov. Hooper appealed to citizens of Tennessee and "such non-residents as should feel disposed" for aid for Briceville sufferers. He asks that contributions for families of victims of the mine explosion be forwarded to The Knoxville Journal and Tribune and The Knoxville Sentinel.

TAFT WILL AID RED CROSS.

Writes Miss Boardman He Will Do What He Can for Briceville.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—At the request of Representative Austin of Tennessee, President Taft to-day wrote to Miss Mabel Boardman of the Red Cross suggesting that that organization do all possible to aid the sufferers in the Briceville mine disaster. The President's letter said:

> It seems to me that this is an eminently proper occasion for the tender of money from our Red Cross, and anything I can do to help along in the matter I shall be glad to do.

Miss Boardman on Saturday telegraphed to the Governor of Tennessee offering assistance from the Red Cross, but no reply had been received early to-day.

A report from J. C. Logan, the Red Cross official from Atlanta, who was instructed to proceed to Briceville, gave the information that no appeal for relief had been made as the coal company was caring for the present needs of the widows and orphans.

Miss Boardman authorized Mr. Logan to draw upon the National fund of the Red Cross for $1,000 if needed. She also telegraphed Gov. Hooper of Tennessee citing the part taken by the National Red Cross in the Cherry (Ill.) mine disaster and the Minnesota forest fires and asking whether the Tennessee Red Cross could not issue an appeal for the relief of the widows and children at Briceville.

M'KINLEY HOSPITAL PLANS.

Fund Is Opened to Public Subscription as Compliment to Governors.

The William McKinley Memorial Hospital League of New York, incorporated at Albany in September, 1908, announces the opening to public subscription of the fund that is being raised to erect a hospital in this city in memory of President McKinley. The opening of the fund to public subscription is a compliment to Govs. Burke of North Dakota, Eberhart of Minnesota, Vessey of South Dakota, Carey of Wyoming, and Oddie of Nevada, who are members of the Honorary Council of One Hundred of the league, and who were in New York with the Western Governors.

The hospital will be open to physicians for the treatment of their individual cases, and in connection with it it is proposed to maintain tuberculosis camps in all parts of the country. There will also be seaside homes for sickly children. The league expects to raise a fund of $7,000,000.

Some of those on the Honorary Council are Gov. Harmon of Ohio, Gov. Wilson of New Jersey, Gov. Mann of Virginia, Gov. Foss of Massachusetts, Gov. Colton of Porto Rico, Joseph H. Choate, Senator Burton of Ohio, and the Rev. Dr. Robert S. MacArthur. On the Advisory Committee are Nathan Straus, the Rev. Dr. Emery W. Hunt, William McAdoo and Richard C. Morse, International Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The project is indorsed by President Taft, Gov. Osborne of Michigan, Gov. Tener of Pennsylvania, President Schurman of Cornell University, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, who was a member of President McKinley's Cabinet, and many other public men.

The funds for the hospital will be in charge of a committee of seven, none of whom is to be a member of the league, and all of whom will be required to contribute $10,000 each to insure an active interest in the expenditure of the fund. Only the leading banks, it is stated, will be named as depositories for the fund. After the first of the year McKinley seals will be placed on sale. These seals will be sold for 1 cent each. The headquarters of the league is in the Metropolitan Life Building.

STEEL PRODUCTS ADVANCED.

Corporation Announces a Raise of $1 a Ton on Nails and Wire.

After steady declines, which have put the prices of steel products down to the lowest levels in a decade, the United States Steel Corporation notified its customers yesterday of an advance of $1 a ton in the prices of steel nails and wire, making the price of nails 1.55 cents and of wire 1.35 cents a pound. The advance is looked upon as the natural result of the steady increase in business over the past two months, which was made emphatic Saturday by the publication of the unfilled orders on the books of the corporation, which showed a gain of 447,672 tons during November.

Since the first of the current month incoming business has been at the rate of 45,000 tons a day, according to trade reports, which would be the best showing of any month this year, and is in itself sufficient to account for the advance in wire products, which are among the chief beneficiaries from the new business now coming.

Coincidently with the betterment of steel the price of copper metal was stiffened yesterday, the principal selling agencies quoting 13¼ cents per pound. The sellers of copper have been encouraged to advance prices by the unexpectedly large decrease in stocks not only in this country, but in the world's market, as indicated in the latest compiled statistics.

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Information of above parties wanted by Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co. to settle any policy claims that may exist.
T. E. LANE, Gen. Ag't, 170 B'way, N. Y.

CHINESE WOMEN IN A PLAY.

Talk Slang and Make Fudge in an American College Setting.

The first company of Chinese women players to appear in America gave a little Chinese-American play in the assembly hall of the Young Woman's Christian Association, 7 East Fifteenth Street, yesterday afternoon. Afterward tea was served in little Chinese handleless cups, which the spectators were told they could take home as souvenirs.

The performance was for the benefit of the women in China who have been suffering from the double burden of famine and war. It was arranged by Miss Yu Jing-Chang, grandniece of Li Hung-Chang, a graduate of Wells College. She is now taking a year's course at the Y. W. C. A. National Training School, in Gramercy Park, preparatory to going back to China to help her people start a Chinese Young Woman's Christian Association there.

Miss Chang was interested in dramatics at Wells, taking part in some of the senior plays, and the one given yesterday she suggested. It was put together with the aid of the other Chinese girls who took part in it. The first scenes are laid in China, and show the girls making arrangements to come to America. The next shows them at an American college, making fudge, talking slang, and behaving just as college girls always do, whatever their nationality, while in the last they are back in China again.

The Rev. Kin Huie of the Chinese Church was present, and three of his daughters took part in the play. His twin sons, Arthur and Albert, came in in the last act. They are bright little fellows, and were so attractive in their Chinese dress that they came very near carrying off the honors of the day.

Besides Miss Chang, others taking part in the play were Mrs. Halle, Miss Mabel Lee, Miss Florence Thoms, daughter of Dr. Thoms of Brooklyn, and the Misses Louise, Alice, and Helen Huie. Little Miss Helen, a little Chinese girl in a pretty, light blue Chinese dress, announced the scenes, and Miss Alice Huie played the cornet, giving the audience for one number what was probably the Chinese version of "Silver Threads Among the Gold." In one of the scenes the girls sang, "Should Old China Be Forgot and Never Brought to Mind."

There were a number of Chinese in the audience. The youngest visitor was Master Edward Ing, 9 months old. Master Ing deigned to take one of the Japanese rice cakes which were served for refreshments. Mrs. Ing said Edward did not mind their being Japanese, as the Chinese also make them. The performance may be repeated.

NEW CANADIAN PACIFIC ISSUE.

Shares Advance as Directors Approve $18,000,000 Common Stock.

Directors of the Canadian Pacific, meeting at Montreal yesterday, voted to issue another $18,000,000 of common stock. The new shares will be offered to present holders at 150, on the basis of one share of new stock for every ten of old.

The Canadian Pacific now has outstanding $180,000,000 of common stock, which is receiving annual dividends of 10 per cent. Stockholders voted in 1908 to increase the amount authorized from $150,000,000 to $200,000,000, of which all but $2,000,000 has not been issued.

Although the announcement was not made until after the closing of the market, the shares advanced 2⅛ points yesterday, closing at 240½. At this price the new issue means an extra dividend of a little more than $8 a share in "rights."

ADMITS WRITING 'DEAR WILLIE STOKES'

But the Note Referred Only to Financial Matters, Lillian Graham Testifies.

COPIES OF MISSING LETTERS

Furnished to Prosecution, Which Aims to Show Girl's Pursuit of Stokes—May Call Miss Conrad To-day.

Five letters written by Lillian Graham to W. E. D. Stokes, one of which calls him "Dear Willie Stokes," and three copies of letters, which the defense says were stolen from the apartments of Miss Graham and Ethel Conrad on June 7 after the shooting of Mr. Stokes, were put into evidence before Justice Marcus in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday during the cross-examination of Miss Graham, who was on the stand all day.

It is said that Mr. Stokes's secretary found copies of the missing letters on Sunday night. The prosecution asserts they were written before Miss Graham's visit to the Stokes farm in Lexington and before the confession she says she was forced to sign after that visit.

All the letters were written on Ansonia Hotel paper, and, with one exception, were undated.

Mr. Buckner introduced them after asking the witness several questions about the correspondence already in evidence. Miss Graham became hysterical during the early part of the morning session, and a short recess was taken. When court reconvened Mr. Buckner held up a letter and said:

"Miss Graham, do you remember writing this letter to Mr. Stokes?"

She replied that she did, and Mr. Buckner read it to the jury as follows:

> Dear Mr. Stokes:
> I could not remember just how to write that note. I tried several times, but each time it was a failure. So, when you have time, would you kindly tell me again how to write it? Trusting to hear from you very soon. LILLIAN.

"What note do you refer to in this letter?" asked Mr. Buckner.

"It refers to money matters, to the $1,700 he said he would invest for me after I gave it to him. He wanted me to write a note about it."

"And does this also refer to money matters?" asked Mr. Buckner, handing her another letter, which read:

> Dear Mr. Stokes—I hope this will suit you, but if it does not please send me a copy. Now, I should not speak to you again for hanging the telephone up in my ear. Please answer this at once.

"Yes, that also is about my financial affairs," said the witness. "Mr. Stokes told me that the document he wanted me to write was not in legal form."

Then Mr. Buckner read this note:

> Dear Willie Stokes—I do want you, and if you will be devoted to me alone, I promise not to make any trouble for you. LILLIAN.

Mr. Buckner asked if that also spoke about her financial affairs, and the witness replied that it did.

"Why did you call him 'Dear Willie Stokes' if it was about your financial affairs?"

"Oh, that was more of a joke than anything else. I did not mean anything by the 'Dear Willie Stokes.'"

Mr. Buckner then read the following:

> Dear Mr. Stokes: I wrote you a nice note yesterday evening, but you did not let me know if you received it. Dearie, I will write or sign anything you like. I do not care what I sign, as there is, as you know, no danger of me ever causing you any trouble. I could not afford to do such a thing any more than you could. Dearie, you have been so mean to me that I really should not write to you at all, so please answer this as soon as you get it, for I may go out this evening. Will be home all afternoon. LILLIAN.

"And do you wish me to believe that this also is about your financial affairs?" questioned Mr. Buckner.

"Yes."

"Why do you underscore the 'ever' when saying you will cause him no trouble?"

"I did so in order to let him know that if the money should be lost I would not say anything about it."

The next surprise came in a letter dated April 23 and written to Mr. Stokes. It read:

> Dear Mr. Stokes: If you will be devoted to me and no one else forever, and also willingly agree that I go on the stage, take me with you every place you go, let me have my own way and everything I want, I will agree to be the same to you in every respect and promise to make no trouble at all.
>
> Dearie, if this is all right and you write me a nice note in return, I will sign it. LILLIAN.
>
> P. S.—Artie and Autore Walbridge are playing here in the room at present. If this is not right please send me something to copy.

"What did you mean by this note?"

"That also referred to the paper he wished me to sign."

The witness then explained that she meant that she desired to go riding with Mr. Stokes when she said, "Take me wherever you go." She said that when she said she would "promise to be the same to you" she referred to the fact that he had lost all the money she had given him and that he begged her not to tell her brother-in-law, Col. Singleton. Mr. Buckner then showed her several letters written to her by Mr. Stokes. The first one was dated May 17, 1907, and was as follows:

> Miss Lillian Graham, Fairyland Theatre, Memphis, Tenn.:
>
> My Dear Miss Graham: No wonder you did not get my letter; it was addressed to you at the General Postoffice.
>
> We miss you a lot. Clarence is so blue that he has left the city and gone to the Adirondacks. Why you are mistaken, I wrote you the day you left. So you have gone on the stage despite my advice. Dillingham and Bloss came here as usual to see you but when they found you had gone they both fell dead and we gave them a decent but cheap burial.
>
> For 4 months I have been on the verge of nervous breakdown from overwork. I am expecting net week a consignment of 40 Chicoge widos and if yu have no suggestions or advice to make I will say no more about Chicage. I put one wreath on the double grave of D&B. I thought that was they were entitled to. If you need anything I will send it to you.
>
> Respectfully, W. E. D. STOKES.

The letter was written with a typewriter and numerous words were missing or misspelled, while others were marked out. The witness said that she received this letter a short time before she went to Mr. Stokes's farm in Lexington, Ky. This was a copy of one of the letters which was stolen from her trunk after the shooting, Miss Graham said. All the letters were copied in a copying tank.

The next letter bears the same date as the first, and was written to the house address of Miss Graham in Memphis. It reads:

> May 17, 1907.
>
> Miss Lillian Graham, 120 Auburndale Avenue, Memphis, Tenn.:
>
> My Dear Miss Graham—Mrs. Singleton asked me to write you. She says you are very lonesome and wants me to be sure and write you, and I told her I had already written you. Then she asked me to write you again. She said you were thinking of going to the Torodale Theatre, and she thought it would be a good thing for you to go there—that you would get sick of it. She said she supposed I had discovered long ago that you love a life of ease and to have a good time. I told her I thought you would make a great mistake if you had anything to do with theatres.
>
> I am very busy. I am hoping to go to Lexington, and I shall go there just as soon as I can.
>
> Your sister's adopted child arrived last night and they went to court in the adoption matter this morning, and the Colonel was hardly able to walk, and I felt sorry for him.

The next letter was as follows:

> Jan. 22, 1909.
>
> Miss Lillian Graham, care General Post Office, Cincinnati, Ohio:
>
> My Dear Miss Graham—I received your telegram, and mailed you the money at once, and I have not heard a word from you since. I heard from Mr. Collins that Miss Newcomb stated you were left sick in Cincinnati.
>
> If I can be of any service to you, let me know. I am only too anxious to do all I can for all my friends. Yours truly,
>
> W. E. D. STOKES.

Miss Graham said that the money Mr. Stokes mentioned in his letter was some which he sent her while she was sick with diphtheria. She said she had asked him for money at that time because she was sure that he owed her money. She said that up to that time she had only received a very small part of the $1,700 which she says she gave him. She said she never thought Mr. Stokes would marry her, as he had told her that he was a divorced man, and could not remarry under the law. She said that Mrs. Singleton did not warn her against Mr. Stokes until 1909, when she told her that she had reason to believe that he had murdered Al Adams.

"Didn't you mention Al Adams simply because you wish to make Stokes out as a murdered and forger and thief?" asked Mr. Buckner.

"Yes, I did, for it is all true. I did not know him as he is before, but now I know what he is," replied Miss Graham.

She explained that the reason she gave the $1,700 to Mr. Stokes was because Col. Singleton was not in the city at that time. She said that she did not know just how to take the famous "Old Cove Letter," in which Mr. Stokes mentions "slightly damaged widows." When questioned further about this she said:

"He wrote such peculiar letters and was always talking about widows, so I thought it was just a joke on his part."

She said that Mr. Stokes held her as a prisoner at Lexington and that the letter in which he invited her to visit him, as there was going to be a house party, had been stolen with other letters from her apartments.

During the afternoon session Mr. Buckner asked:

"Don't you remember a ball in the Ansonia when an actor bought you some wine and you told Agnes Hart next morning that you had twelve quarts of wine with a man named Weston or West?"

"No, Sir. I never had that much wine at one time in my life," replied the witness.

Miss Graham was then questioned about her trips to Europe. She denied that she was on the stage in Paris, and said that she had studied music there. She told of the theatrical companies she had been with, and said the most she ever got was $35 a week. She said that she attempted to commit suicide in the Ansonia on May 17, when Mr. Stokes refused to give her $500. She said this money was part of what he owed her upon the $1,700.

"What did you have in the bottle?"

"I had lysol in it."

"Didn't Ethel Conrad tell you that she had tried to commit suicide with lysol once and that you had to take a great deal of it?"

"No, she never told me anything about it. I always carried it in my handbag."

She then said that she had thrown away the $25 that Mr. Stokes offered her on the occasion when she attempted to kill herself. She denied that she wrote the letter in which she mentioned suicide in order that Miss Conrad might take it to Mr. Stokes and get money from him.

Mr. Buckner then asked Justice Marcus to adjourn the case as he was afraid that he had exhausted the witness. Miss Graham had been hanging her head during the latter part of the cross-examination and Justice Marcus adjourned court until this morning, when Mr. Buckner will finish his cross-examination. Then Miss Conrad will be called to testify.

It was said at the Ansonia last night that there had been very little change in Mr. Stokes's condition, but what change there had been was for the better.

HELD IN WILLETT'S CASE.

He, Cassidy, and Walter at Once Start an Appeal—Paroled Until To-day.

William Willett, Jr., Joseph Cassidy, and Louis T. Walter, charged with unlawfully using money in promoting the nomination of Willett as a candidate for Supreme Court Justice on the Democratic ticket at the recent election, were again before Justice Scudder, in Long Island City, yesterday. Justice Scudder heard the case as a Magistrate, and yesterday announced his decision.

"The court shall hold all three defendants for the Grand Jury," he said. "You can make application to any Justice for a writ of habeas corpus."

Justice Scudder said he would require bail in the sum of $5,000 each from the three defendants, but instead of calling their old bondsmen forward, Mr. Towns went through the formality of surrendering them to the custody of the Sheriff. Under Sheriff John M. Phillips marched the three defendants into the office of Henry O. Schleth, Warden of the jail, where their pedigrees were taken. Steel bars separate the Warden's office from the other part of the building, so that for half an hour the accused men were technically in jail.

SLANDER SUITS TRIED.

One Woman Gets a Verdict for Six Cents—Another Woman Exonerated.

Brooklyn courts did not take kindly to two slander suits yesterday, both of which grew out of alleged remarks of two women. In Part I. of the Supreme Court, a jury retired to deliberate on the evidence in a $10,000 damage suit brought by Mrs. Mary M. Clyde of 822 Gates Avenue against Mrs. Caroline Drury of 159 Pulaski Street, and after being out six hours returned a verdict of 6 cents in favor of Mrs. Clyde. Both women are elderly and belong to the Beacon Light Ladies Sick Benefit Association. It was alleged in the complaint that at the meetings of this organization remarks were made to the effect that Mrs. Clyde was not married. At the trial of the suit Mrs. Clyde proved conclusively that she had been married forty-two years.

Justice Clark of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday dismissed the suit for slander brought against Mrs. Alice J. Olsen, wife of a wire manufacturer, living in the Ditmas Park section of Flatbush, by Edward R. Strong, a Flatbush builder, and Mrs. Marion Walsh of 2,725 Bedford Avenue. Both Strong and Mrs. Walsh sued Mrs. Olsen for $25,000 each. The case came before Justice Clark on a demurrer a week ago, and yesterday he handed down his decision exonerating Mrs. Olsen.

NOW NAMES DARROW IN BRIBERY TALE

Accused Detective Said Lawyer Had $20,000 to Use, McNamara Veniremen Testify.

NOT INCRIMINATING, HE SAYS

Merely Hearsay Evidence, to Which the Los Angeles Prosecutor Assents—Prisoner Held for Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 11.—Following the testimony of juror Robert F. Bain, both sides in the hearing of bribery charges against Bert Franklin, a detective employed by the lawyers for the McNamaras, rested this afternoon. Franklin was bound over for trial in the Superior Court by Justice Young. Bail on the two counts of bribery was fixed at $10,000.

According to Bain, who was juror No. 1, in the McNamara case, Franklin gave him $500, with a promise of $3,500 more if he stood out for acquittal, and asserted that he had received $20,000 from Clarence Darrow to use. Franklin did not say how the money was to be used, said Bain.

Mrs. Bain, the wife of the juror, corroborated her husband's story as to the bribe of Franklin.

George N. Lockwood, the other prospective juror alleged to have been bribed, was also a witness.

"Franklin came to me on Nov. 26," he testified, "and told me that my name had been drawn as a juror and he then took me around back of the barn and said: 'I have a good thing for you.'

"He then told me that it would be perfectly safe and I'd get the money. I told him when a man goes into a thing of this sort he must be absolutely sure he is going to get his purchase price. He then offered me $200 on account, but I refused it, saying I only wanted one transaction and he must give me all the money—$4,000—at once. Then we made arrangements to meet the next day. He told me that he would have to see Clarence Darrow to arrange a safe way by which the money was to be paid over to me."

Lockwood told District Attorney Fredericks, he said, and the following Saturday, after his name had been drawn from the jury wheel, allowed Franklin to reopen negotiations on advice of the District Attorney.

Lockwood said Franklin asked him if he should bring the "big one" out, and he was told to do so.

"When he arrived," said Lockwood, "I asked him why he did not bring the 'big one' out.

"He said, 'Did you think that was Darrow?' and I said 'Yes.'

"'No,' he said, 'that's Cap White.'"

C. E. White testified that Franklin came to him and asked him to be a stakeholder of $3,500 to be paid Lockwood at the end of the trial. When they met Lockwood, he said, $500 was passed, the $3,500 was held back, and at that moment all three men were arrested.

White testified that Franklin came to him one day and related that the prosecution in the McNamara case was using thousands of dollars to gain a conviction, and that he, as an employe of the defense, was going to use the same tactics. White declared that Franklin said:

"There is an old friend of ours on the panel. I have had long talks with him and convinced him the McNamaras were innocent, and I also have told him a few thousand dollars would come in handy."

"We have already two accepted jurors with us," said Franklin, according to White's testimony.

Clarence Darrow to-night called attention to the fact that the brining in of his name into the bribery case was in no way incriminating. He said:

"During the hearing to-day my name was mentioned twice by Witness Lockwood. It is only fair to the counsel for the McNamaras to call attention to the fact that one mention of my name was in connection with hearsay evidence, when Lockwood testified that Franklin had told him that he [Franklin] would ask me to point out some safe way for the handling of the money.

"The other mention of my name was in connection with Lockwood's inference that the 'big one' mentioned, as he testified, by Franklin, was myself.

"Neither of these instances of bringing the name of a McNamara counsel into the Franklin hearing is in any way incriminating."

"Lockwood's testimony does not bring Clarence S. Darrow legally into the case," said District Attorney Fredericks. "It is hearsay and nothing more. We will proceed with prosecutions only on evidence which will stand in court of law."

"Will you say if you have such evidence?" he was asked.

"We have not," he said, and then corrected himself. "We have other evidence, but it is not sufficient," he said.

MORE DYNAMITING EVIDENCE.

Hockin Said to Have Given Up Ironworkers' Records—No Immunity.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 11.—Though he denies it, Herbert S. Hockin, Acting Secretary-Treasurer of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers, is said to have permitted the Government to take possession of a large quantity of papers relating to the affairs of the ironworkers, and believed by the Government to have a bearing on the dynamite cases. Three taxicab loads of this material were taken from the offices of the ironworkers to the Federal Building to-day.

For some time a representative of the National Erectors' Association has been negotiating for possession of certain documents. While at the time of the raid on the ironworkers' offices, April 22, large quantities of books, records, letters, and other papers were taken, the search of the offices at that time was rather a hasty one. That some evidence might have been overlooked has been admitted ever since. This is said to have been more definitely established by a careful perusal of all documentary evidence held by the Federal authorities, as some references have indicated that there might be other matters bearing on the same subject.

It has developed that the negotiations which have been made with Hockin were without knowledge of the United States District Attorney. This was done because the District Attorney throughout the case has shown no disposition to lend a kindly ear to any suggestions of immunity to any one. With this attitude of the District Attorney known, negotiations were with the iron workers' official in a way that would keep the District Attorney absolutely free from any suggestion that immunity or light penalties would be promised for services given by any one connected with the iron workers.

Detective William J. Burns arrived in Indianapolis to-day and went to the Federal Building for a conference with United States District Attorney Charles W. Miller.

"This investigation is now in the hands of Mr. Miller," said Burns, "and I have no information to give out concerning it. Anything that is said must come from the District Attorney. I am here to assist him in any way I can.

"I have been trying to point out to the people of the country and to the laboring men," Mr. Burns continued, "that Samuel Gompers is an unsafe leader, and that his leadership is a detriment to the unions. I have said that Gompers should have known who caused these explosions. If he had been the right kind of a leader he would have known. He has known for a long time that one of the unions was under suspicion, and even that accusations had been made against it.

"If he had been the right kind of a leader he would have attempted to find out whether there was anything in the charge or not. But we have learned that he made no effort to find out. Hence, when he says that he is greatly surprised at the guilt of the McNamaras that is all buncombe. The right kind of a leader looking out for the interests of the union labor men whom he represented would have tried to find out long ago, and he would have found out."

United States District Attorney Miller refused to discuss the case, and said that too many wild rumors were in circulation already, that these stories which came floating into Indianapolis were unfounded in many instances.

REJECT TILDEN STATUE.

Art Commission Objects to Pedestal and Disapproves Madison Square Site.

The Tilden Memorial Committee learned yesterday from the Municipal Art Commission that its second application to place a statue of the late Samuel J. Tilren in Madison Square had been rejected, the commission finding fault both with the site selected and to the base proposed for the statue.

William Ordway Partridge is the sculptor of the Tilden statue, an eight-foot-and-a-half heroic figure in bronze. The statue is just about completed in clay, and is soon to go to the founders. It was said yesterday that Mr. Partridge's work met the fullest favor in the eyes of the three executors of Mr. Tilden's estate. The objection made by the commission, according to George Wilson Smith, once Mr. Tilden's private secretary and now an executor of his estate, does not refer in any sense to Mr. Partridge's work, simply to the pedestal, which is a technicality for which the architect is responsible.

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¶ You who are prepared to spend 25.00 for an overcoat are entitled to demand in that overcoat a maximum of individuality, exclusiveness and style.

¶ We who have tailored into our 25.00 overcoats the fullest possible satisfaction of your demands are entitled to your consideration and preference.

¶ But we will go farther than that. In face of that rigid censorship which we exercise over our advertising statements, we will set it down in cold type that if we or any other good ready-for-service shop offered these 25.00 Saks overcoats at 30.00 they would still be splendid values by comparison.

¶ The fact is, contemporary ready-for-service production does not begin to approximate Saks standards at any price, and certainly not at 25.00. In no 25.00 overcoat anywhere can you find grace and indivuality of style, and perfection of workmanship and finish, carried out to any such degree of excellence as in Saks overcoats at this popular figure.

¶ And weighing these statements as we make them, we want to reiterate them with all the emphasis at our command. There is no immodesty in speaking out the truth in clarion tones. We have worked for an end and we have achieved it. We claim to be, and we are admitted to be, the first and most exclusive ready-for-service tailors in the field, despite the hysteria of contemporary ink.

Single or double breasted tourist coats, in the new rough cloths, and in tan or gray shades. Raglans, beautifully shouldered, in rough solid color effects, with a predominance of gray and tan; as well as in American warmth-without-weight woolens. In belted effects or otherwise. Silk-lined overcoats, in three smart styles, cut 48 inches long, on semi-conservative lines, and finished with silk velvet collar.

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GIRLS FOUGHT VAINLY AT TRIANGLE DOORS

Survivors of the Disaster Describe Its Horrors at the Harris & Blanck Trial.

HOW ESCAPE WAS CUT OFF

One Young Miss Demonstrates on Court Room Door How She Struggled to Open an Exit.

Several witnesses were called before Judge Crain in General Sessions yesterday at the manslaughter trial of Isaac Harris and Max Blanck, owners of the Triangle Waist Company, where 147 persons lost their lives in a fire last March 25, who testified to the frantic efforts made by those employed on the ninth floor of the building to escape from the onrushing flames.

One of the witnesses described the fire down to the smallest detail, and all agreed that the door leading to the Washington Place stairway was locked. The most important testimony was that of Yetta Lublitz, who was employed as an operator on the ninth floor. Describing her experience, she said:

"I never knew that there was a stairway on the Washington Place side as we never were allowed to leave on any but the Greene Street side. I was employed as an operator on the ninth floor and was about to punch my time card when I heard some one cry 'Fire!'

"I saw smoke pouring up the stairs and started toward the Greene Street entrance when I noticed that there was a crowd of excited persons standing there. I then rushed to the Washington Place side, where I saw others standing about a door and trying to open it. When I tried the door I could not open it.

"I started back to the Greene Street door, but saw flames coming up and changed my mind. Some burning pieces of cloth were blown about the floor and it seemed that fire was all about us. Miss Gordon was with me and she cried: 'Come on! Follow me to the roof!' We ran upstairs then to the roof."

"Did any flames touch you?" asked Max D. Steuer, counsel for the two defendants, on cross-examination.

"Yes, some of the flames reached my hair and burned it. I grabbed up a piece of cloth and put it over my head to protect it from the flames. Burning cloth was being blown about."

"You went to the roof, you said; what did you do there?" asked Mr. Steuer.

"After we reached the roof we were helped to the adjoining roof by some students from the New York University Law School."

Anna Gullo of 437 East Twelfth Street, an operator on the ninth floor, testified that there were never any fire drills by the Triangle Waist Company, and that she never saw a key in the lock of the Washington Place door on that floor. She was dressed in mourning, and in reply to Assistant District Attorney Bostwick's questions she said that she saw one girl whom she knew only as "Katie" fall to the floor just before she escaped by the elevator.

Ethel Monick, 16 years old, of 164 East Twelfth Street, said she was working as a helper for about three months before the fire.

"I was on the ninth floor when I heard the cry of fire," she testified. "I saw smoke pouring from the Greene Street stairs, but tried to get out that way just the same. I gave it up when I saw the crowd there, and ran to the Washington Place door, but found it locked. I tried and tried to open it, but could not. I thought it was because I was not strong enough and called to the other girls. It wouldn't open at all."

"How did you try to open it?" asked Mr. Bostwick. "Demonstrate the manner in which you tried to do so on a door in this room."

Judge Crain then directed that the witness open the door leading from the courtroom. This door had been locked, and the witness walked over and, grasping the knob, twisted it and turned it. She pushed it outward and inward in frantic efforts to open it, and then resumed the stand and, continuing her story, said:

"I am positive that I never saw the Superintendent on the ninth floor and am sure that once before I tried to open the door but could not."

"Has any one spoken to you about the fire?" asked Mr. Steuer on cross-examination.

"No; I am glad that they have not, as I don't like to talk about it."

"If you noticed that the door was locked, why was it that you didn't tell Mr. Blanck or Mr. Harris about it?"

"I am only a poor working girl," replied the witness.

"Then I take it you were afraid to speak to Mr. Harris or Mr. Blanck, weren't you?"

"No, not exactly afraid," replied the witness, "but I had heard of cases where girls had been discharged for making complaints to the bosses. Maybe they had done something wrong, but I am not sure and can't say exactly."

"You say that you never saw Supt. Bernstein on the ninth floor?" asked Mr. Steuer.

"Yes, I am very sure about that. I am under oath and know that I did not see him there, but he might have been there and I might have not seen him, you know."

"You have sued the firm for damages though?"

"No, I have not sued for damages."

Several other witnesses were called, who described the fire and corroborated all the other witnesses in saying that the door was locked. Judge Crain then adjourned the case until to-day.

SUICIDES IN AN EXCHANGE.

Widow and Daughter Had Lost Their Fortune in Speculation.

HAMBURG, Dec. 11.—A sensation was caused at the Stock Exchange here to-day when a widow named Rech and her daughter committed suicide in the gallery.

It is said that they had lost the whole of their fortune in speculation.

W. J. Bryan at Colon.

COLON, Dec. 11.—William Jennings Bryan arrived here this morning. He will sail for the United States on Thursday by way of Jamaica.

Mr. Bryan has been for some days in Jamaica, on the way to which island he was shipwrecked, together with a large number of other passengers on the Hamburg-American liner Prinz Joachim. The passengers were taken off by the Ward Line steamer Seguranca, which proceeded to Nassau and there transferred the passengers to the steamer Vigilancia, in which they sailed to Port Antonio, Jamaica.

The President Grant Refloated.

HAMBURG, Dec. 11.—The Hamburg-American Line steamer President Grant, which grounded yesterday off Blankenese, on the Elbe, was floated to-day and proceeded for New York. Part of her cargo had been taken off in lighters so that she could get clear.

16 Killed by Disaster in Portugal.

OPORTO, Dec. 11.—Sixteen persons were killed to-night and thirty were injured by the derailment of two cars, which fell into the River Douro.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., Dec. 11.—There was a heavy southerly gale at St. Kitt's yesterday morning. Several lighters went ashore. Incessant rains continued at St. Thomas from Saturday afternoon to this morning, accompanied by thunder. Town and country are flooded. Two deaths are reported, and much damage has been done to the roadways.

BLUEFIELDS, Dec. 11.—Fire last night destroyed several business houses here, including those of A. Bernard of New Orleans, the Central American Trading Company, the offices of the Bluefields Steamship Company, and the Hotel Petersen. The damage is estimated at $800,000. There was no loss of life.

REV. R. J. CAMPBELL ANGRY.

Writes to London Denying He Attacked American Business Men.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 12.—The Times prints a letter from the Rev. R. J. Campbell, dated Meadville, Penn., Nov. 28, protesting against certain statements circulated in the English press regarding his American tour, which statements, he says, "are probably taken from certain of the more sensational journals of this country."

Mr. Campbell continues: "I see from some London papers that I am credited with having made attacks on the honesty of the American business man, and that in consequence my engagements in this country have been canceled. I have made no reference to the American business man nor his honesty, neither have any of my engagements been canceled except by myself, and only then because it was physically impossible to fulfill them all.

"Nothing could exceed the kindness of the American public, and I greatly regret that their treatment of a British visitor should be thus misrepresented by irresponsible newspaper reporters."

The Times points out that none of these reports appeared in its columns, but a large section of the English press recently contained New York dispatches in which Mr. Campbell was quoted as saying that the American business man was essentially dishonest.

CHINESE REBELS SUSPICIOUS.

Say Truce Has Been Broken—Members of an Italian Mission Murdered.

HANKOW, Dec. 11.—It is believed that the peace conference here between Gen. Li Yuen-Heng, the Revolutionary Commander, and Tang Shao-Yi, Premier Yuan Shi-Kai's representative, is merely a preliminary step.

The entire atmosphere is charged with danger. The revolutionaries are suspicious of the good faith of the Imperialists and are already asserting that the latter have broken the terms of the truce because they are sending troops to Shan-Si.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 11.—Gen. Li Yuen-Heng has telegraphed from Wu-Chang to the representatives of the Imperialist Party that the Republicans have decided on Hankow as the place for the peace conference.

The Imperial Government professes confidence that a limited monarchy will be acceptable to the revolutionaries, but Tang Shao-Yi is empowered to agree to a compromise on virtually any terms.

Direct reports from various points in Sze-Chuen Province say that the missionaries are safe and do not desire to leave their stations. The reports indicate that that part of the country is becoming quieter.

For three days there has been heavy fighting at Hwang-Pei, Hu-Pe Province, the casualty list on the Imperialist side numbering 1,000 killed or wounded. The American Red Cross doctors, Lowrie and Mullowney, are proceeding to that town.

Mail advices from Sian-Foo, dated Nov. 9, report that an Italian priest and all the sisters of the Catholic Mission at Han-Chow-Foo were murdered by a mob. There is no safe means of escape from the interior towns, as the roads are infested with robbers.

SULTAN'S GEMS, $1,398,000.

Sale of Abdul Hamid's Jewels Concluded—Result a Disappointment.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—The sale of the jewels of Abdul Hamid, ex-Sultan of Turkey, which began at the Georges Petit Gallery on Nov. 27, was concluded to-day.

The entire sale brought $1,398,000, of which sum $69,600 was realized by to-day's sale of pearls and diamonds.

Judging by the newspaper articles in the French papers before the sale of Abdul Hamid's jewels began, the result of the sale must be a disappointment, as most estimates of the total value of the collection ranged from $3,000,0000 to $4,000,000.

Many articles were described as "priceless."

LORDS PASS INSURANCE BILL.

Lansdowne Says That the Unionists Had Better Accept It.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George's National Insurance bill passed its second reading in the House of Lords to-day without division.

Lord Lansdowne, Unionist leader in the Upper House, said that the choice lay between the bill with all its defects and two or three years' distracting controversy between the two houses, and he had come to the conclusion that acceptance of the bill was the wiser course.

FIND MURDERED MAN'S GEMS.

Detectives Pick Up Diamonds Hidden Away on an Upper Floor.

When detectives working yesterday morning under the direction of Inspector Hughes found two small packages containing $2,500 worth of jewelry hidden in the building at 125 Canal Street, where Isaac S. Vogel, the old jewelry peddler, was murdered and robbed last Tuesday, they completed, as they believe, evidence to sustain the prosecution of Joseph Roberts, the West Indian elevator man, who is in the Tombs pending the outcome of the inquest. Coroner Feinberg fixed Wednesday morning as the time for the inquest, and the forces of the District Attorney's Office will probably withhold Grand Jury proceedings until later in the week.

It was in the basement of the Canal Street building that Vogel was found on Wednesday, dead, with his head crushed in as from repeated blows of a hammer. The detectives had hardly got their bearings before they had singled out the elevator man for arrest. Since then each bit of circumstantial evidence has seemed to them to justify their first impression, and the most important single piece of corroborative evidence was fitted into the records on Sunday when Capt. Faurot, the finger-print expert, announced that the mark on the recovered cigarette case was the imprint of the negro's middle finger of the right hand.

Pastor Called to Baltimore Church.

The Rev. John H. Hough, pastor of the Summerfield Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Mount Vernon Methodist Episcopal Church, in Baltimore, one of the leading churches of the denomination in Maryland. Mr. Hough was appointed to Summerfield Church from the First Church in Long Island City.

★ Throughout Europe the good diners say ★

Bootz

Apricot Liqueur is unequalled at the end of dinner or supper

St. James Importing Co. (Importers), New York City.

GAEKWAR OF BARODA AS A CO-RESPONDENT

Figures in a Divorce Suit in England—Question of Jurisdiction Raised.

RULING CHIEFS ARE IMMUNE

And the India Office Says the Gaekwar Is One, but Counsel for the Complainant Denies It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The Gaekwar of Baroda, the Indian Prince whose son and heir is at Harvard, figures as co-respondent in a divorce suit which has not yet come into court, because there is a question whether the English courts possess jurisdiction over the Gaekwar as a foreign Prince.

The case is on the lists as "Statham vs. Statham." At the time when the petition was filed the Gaekwar was in England, but when the petitioner's representative went to serve him he could see only the Prince's secretary, who referred the process server to the Prince's solicitor, and by the time the latter gentleman was reached the Gaekwar had left England.

The courts had decided that a foreigner could be served, but Mr. Justice Bargrave Deane, who heard to-day's application, said it was a question whether a foreigner in this case was a ruling sovereign.

A certificate from the India Office was handed in to the effect that the Gaekwar of Baroda was recognized by the Government of India as a ruling chief, governing his own territories, under the suzerainty of the Emperor George.

Counsel for the petitioner, who claimed damages against the Gaekwar, argued that the Prince was not an independent sovereign of an independent State.

Sir Bargrave Deane reserved his decision.

The Gaekwar of Baroda, who visited New York last Summer and incidentally complained of New York's heat as compared with that of his native India, is one of the greatest potentates in the Indian Empire, and has an income of $40,000,000 a year. Only he, the Nizam of Hyderabad, and the Maharaja of Mysore are entitled to the ropal salute of twenty-one guns. His son is a freshman at Harvard, and obtained his preliminary education at the Horace Mann School in this city.

The Maharaja Sir Sayiji Rao Gaekwar Sena Khar Khel Shamsher Bahadur, G. C. S. I.—to give the Gaekwar his full title—is known as one of the most progressive of Indian Princes. He followed a number of rulers who led useless and often dissolute lives. During the present Gaekwar's reign the administration has been renovated, the finances have been put in a sound condition, railroads and canals built, and schools, hospitals, and other institutions established.

It is said that no other man in the world is the possessor of so many jewels as this Indian potentate. Posted to defend his gorgeous palace are four guns of gold and silver. Each weighs 400 pounds. Two are of solid gold and two of solid silver, except for the inner barrels, which are of steel. The most famous diamond necklace in the world is the Gaekwar's property. It is composed of 200 stones as large as hazelnuts, and is valued at $12,000,000. In one room of the palace is a rug with a surface of four square yards made entirely of diamonds, pearls, and rubies.

Away from home, the Gaekwar adopts Western dress, and he speaks English perfectly. He has but one wife, and both the Gaekwar and the Maharanee are popular in London society.

DR. ELIOT NO WORSE.

Conflicting Telegrams from Ceylon in Regard to His Condition.

COLOMBO, Dec. 11.—The condition of Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University, who was operated upon for appendicitis a few days ago, is still considered serious.

Dr. Eliot passed a fairly good night, however, and so far, according to the reports of the attending physicians to-day, no complications have set in.

BOSTON, Dec. 11.—A cablegram was received here from Kandy, Ceylon, to-day, stating that President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard had passed a satisfactory day.

Dr. Eliot, the telegram added, was considered to be out of danger.

BRITISH RAILWAY ACCORD.

Representatives of the Companies and the Men Reach Agreement.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The meetings of British railway Directors and representatives of the Railroad Workmen's Unions, which have been held here under the auspices of the Board of Trade, have resulted in a peaceful settlement, which, it is hoped, will prove permanent.

The scheme of settlement adopted at these meetings was practically the same as that recommended in the report of the recent Royal Commission. The Commissioners said in their report that, "with their great responsibilities the companies cannot and should not be expected to permit any interference by their men on the subjects of discipline and management." At the same time the commission recommended the adoption of a new schedule, and the reference of questions affecting hours of work, wages, and conditions of service to a Board of Conciliation.

The workers on the issue of the report showed considerable antagonism to its findings. As a consequence the Board of Trade suggested meetings between the employers and the men, and the companies have now granted a few minor concessions.

Complete recognition of the men's unions has not, however, been accepted.

ROBBED AMERICAN TOURISTS.

Waiter Sentenced in Cologne Had Also Operated in Other Cities.

COLOGNE, Dec. 11.—A sentence of fifteen months in jail was imposed by the Criminal Court here to-day on a waiter named Friedrichs, who was convicted of extensive thefts of travelers' checks and baggage from American tourists.

He had robbed travelers not only here but in London, Paris, and Antwerp.

TO LET ITALIANS STAY.

Turkey Withdraws Expulsion Order So Far as It Affects Smyrna.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 11.—The Turkish Government has canceled the order issued yesterday for the expulsion of Italians from Smyrna. The cancelation was the result of representations made by the German Government.

The Porte declines, however, to withdraw the order expelling Italian citizens from the Gallipoli Peninsula, from other territory around the Dardanelles, and from other fortified places.

FOUR LINERS IN STORMS.

Nip and Tuck Between Lapland, Carmania, Cameronia, and Touraine.

More evidence of the exceptional stormy weather in the Atlantic was brought in yesterday by four big liners—Lapland, Carmania, Cameronia, and Touraine—all arriving several hours late and reporting gales and mountainous seas. The four Captains agreed that it was the worst weather that they had ever experienced at sea. In this they coincide with the opinions of the Captains of the Baltic, Celtic, Philadelphia, Savoie, Kronprinz Wilhelm, Lusitania, and other liners in before. The mad weather has been continuing for six weeks, with now and then a break in it.

The Lapland, Carmania, Cameronia, and Touraine all left their respective ports on the same day, Saturday, Dec. 2, and were practically in touch with each other all the way across.

The last two days it developed into a race to see who should arrive at Quarantine first and get passed along to the pier. It was nip and tuck, one getting ahead only to drop behind and steaming to the front again. The worst storm was encountered on Monday and Tuesday. Capt. Dow of the Carmania says the wind blew a hurricane, and the waves were fully fifty feet high. He had to slow the ship down to four knots, just steering way, to keep her head to sea.

HALTS 'POISONED PEN' CASE.

Judge Excludes Handwriting Test and Miss De Witt Is Set Free.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Dec. 11.—A technicality based on a Federal rule of practice in force for more than one hundred years brought to an abrupt end in the United States court here to-day the "poisoned pen" case, in which Miss Harriet De Witt of Easton, Penn., was accused of writing anonymous letters to an Easton clergyman, his wife, and some of his neighbors.

The case was called before Judge McPherson, and when the Government attempted to have admitted in evidence a sample of Miss De Witt's handwriting, the court ruled it out on the ground that under the Federal rule of practice a test paper cannot be admitted as evidence unless it has some bearing on the case other than a mere test to show comparison of handwriting.

HYDE JUROR FLEES.

Crawls Through Transom and Jumps from Fire Escape While Guard Sleeps.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 11.—A mistrial of the second hearing of the charge against Dr. B. Clarke Hyde of killing Col. Thomas H. Swope appears probable to-night. Yearning to see his children, from whom he had been separated for six weeks, Harry Waldron, one of the jurors, escaped from the jury's hotel quarters early to-day. While Frank Jasper, a Deputy County Marshal on duty, was asleep, Waldron pried open a nailed transom, crawled through the opening, tiptoed to a fire escape, and leaped 15 feet to freedom. The entire police force and a dozen deputies from the County Marshal's office have searched in vain for him since his absence became known about daylight.

If Waldron is not located by to-morrow night the eleven remaining jurors will be discharged, Judge Porterfield said to-day.

GREAT CONCOURSE TO SEE DURBAR TO-DAY

150 Princes Will Pay Homage to the Emperor—20,000 Troops to Surround Him.

STATE BANQUET TO FOLLOW

The Canvas City at Delhi Covers 25 Square Miles—Public Holiday Throughout India.

DELHI, Dec. 11.—The great Durbar which will be held to-morrow to celebrate the accession of King George as Emperor of India will far outshine the Coronation Durbar in 1903, when King Edward was proclaimed. There will be a public holiday throughout India, and the imperial proclamation will be read in every town and village.

Already King George and Queen Mary have taken part in many functions. Delhi is overrun with visitors from all lands, and it is expected that the magnificent spectacle will be viewed by hundreds of thousands.

In the Durbar of 1903 the Emperor and Empress were represented by the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. About 100 ruling chiefs were in attendance and the visitors were estimated at something fewer than 200,000. This year the presence of the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress has attracted a vast concourse of spectators, while the ruling chiefs have gathered from every quarter of India.

The Durbar Camp is a vast canvas city, covering about twenty-five square miles. It is lighted by electricity, served by a perfect water supply, and provided with excellent roads and a special railway system. Chief of all stands out the Emperor's central camp. The huge tent in which both the investiture and the reception will be held is on Grand Avenue.

About 150 ruling Princes will be present at the Durbar, their camps being in close proximity to that of the Emperor. The historic ridge in the evening presents a truly wonderful sight. As far as the eye can reach twinkle myriads of electric lights, which disclose a picture of white and gold, and here and there splashes of color.

King George and Queen Mary will arrive to-morrow in the centre of the great plain about three miles from his camp in state procession, and will proceed half way around an enormous banked up arena in which will be not fewer than 80,000 spectators. From there he will go to a smaller amphitheatre, accommodating 12,000 persons. These will comprise the Indian Chiefs, the Governors, and Lieutenant Governors, the members of the Imperial and Provincial Councils, with all the leading officials, nobility, and gentry of India.

After receiving the homage of the Chiefs on a special dais under a regal purple canopy, their Majesties will proceed to a marble dais surmounted by a golden dome and will show themselves in their coronation robes and crowns to the assembled multitude. Twenty thousand troops, with heralds and massed bands, will surround the dais.

After the ceremony and on the return to their camp, their Majesties will complete the second half of the circle in the big arena and then proceed along the Princes' Road through a number of other camps occupied by the Indian Princes.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

January and February Prices Now

One very important feature in connection with the attainment of hundred per cent. productive efficiency by the Smith Gray & Co. tailoring organization is provision for more than double the output.

Today there are in the Smith Gray & Co. stores twice the number of garments with which the season should find us, and, as a result, you may choose now from complete assortments in fabrics and models, in every size, at the identical prices for which you have heretofore waited until January or February.

15.00 and 17.50

for Suits and Overcoats that are standard values at 20.00 to 30.00

22.50 and 27.50

for Suits and Overcoats that are standard values at 30.00 to 40.00

There are upwards of five hundred new correct fabrics in styles advanced and exclusive, in models for every purpose. You may choose from an assortment which, all considered, has never been equalled in the history of Smith Gray & Co.

But you must act quickly—values like these are but a matter of days.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Your Charge Account Is Solicited.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Budd

Madison Square West

CRAVATS
for
CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Embracing not only the highest examples of hand cravat-weaving, but also ranges which admirably fill the demand for handsome presents of moderate cost.
Prices $1.00 to $5.00.

Branches—

Budd Building
572 Fifth Avenue

Singer Building
149 Broadway

B. Altman & Co.

A SPECIAL SALE OF FANS
FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY),
WILL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES:

COLORED SILK FANS, SPANGLED, WITH SANDAL WOOD MOUNTINGS . at $1.50
GAUZE FANS, SPANGLED OR PAINTED, WITH CARVED BONE MOUNTINGS . . . . at $2.00

FANS IN ATTRACTIVE STYLES AT REASONABLE PRICES INCLUDE REAL LACE, VERNIS MARTIN AND ANTIQUE FANS; OSTRICH OR MARABOU FEATHER FANS, REPRODUCTIONS OF OLD DESIGNS, SPANGLED FANS IN POMPADOUR AND EMPIRE EFFECTS, ETC.

ALSO AN EXTENSIVE SELECTION OF UMBRELLAS, WALKING STICKS, RIDING CROPS AND WHIPS AS WELL AS A VARIETY OF UMBRELLA AND PARASOL HANDLES OF ROCK CRYSTAL, JADE, DAMASCENE, GARNET, QUARTZ, GOLD AND STERLING SILVER.

JEWELRY NOVELTIES FOR GIFTS INCLUDE BAGS OF BEADS, LACE OR SILVER, OPERA GLASSES AND LORGNETTES, BRACELETS, EARRINGS, CHAINS AND FANCY PINS; MEN'S CUFF LINKS, SCARF PINS, CIGAR AND MATCH BOXES, VEST SETS, GOLD KNIVES, ETC.

THE FOLLOWING AT MUCH BELOW THE USUAL PRICES FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY):

SILK OPERA BAGS IN VARIOUS COLORINGS AT $2.25
SMALL JEWELED HAT PINS . . AT $1.00

WOMEN'S HOUSE GOWNS
AT THE FOLLOWING EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES, THIS DAY (TUESDAY):

ROBES OF BLANKET FLANNEL OR EIDERDOWN	AT $3.75
NEGLIGEES OF FRENCH FLANNEL . . .	AT 6.75
JAPANESE QUILTED SILK ROBES, SOME EMBR'D	AT 7.00
IMPORTED GOWNS OF ALBATROSS .	AT 10.00
SATIN DE SOIE HOUSE DRESSES .	AT 18.00
BOUDOIR GOWNS OF CRÊPE DE CHINE AND LACE, WITH CAPS TO MATCH .	AT 15.00

MARVEX GLOVES

MADE BY TREFOUSSE ET CIE., CHAUMONT, FRANCE, AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY B. ALTMAN & CO. ARE SHOWN IN SEVERAL NEW STYLES INCLUDING

MOUSQUETAIRE 12- AND 16-BUTTON LENGTH GLOVES OF GLACÉ PIQUÉ KIDSKIN WITH EMBROIDERED BACKS, IN BLACK, WHITE AND TANS, SUITABLE FOR STREET WEAR;

MOUSQUETAIRE 16-BUTTON LENGTH GLACÉ KIDSKIN GLOVES WITH MOSAIC OF CONTRASTING COLOR;

MOUSQUETAIRE 16- AND 20-BUTTON GLACÉ BLACK OR WHITE KIDSKIN GLOVES WITH EXTRA LARGE ARM.

B. Altman & Co.

ANNOUNCE THE FOLLOWING SALES IN THE MEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT FOR THIS DAY:

MEN'S SMOKING JACKETS OF DOUBLE-FACED WOOLEN MATERIALS; USUAL PRICE $12.00 . . AT $8.00

MEN'S IMPORTED DRESS OR MOTOR SCARFS OF KNITTED SILK; USUAL PRICES $10.00 & $12.00 . . AT $6.50

MEN'S GREY WORSTED SWEATERS AT THE SPECIAL PRICE OF . . $3.50

MEN'S IMPORTED BALBRIGGAN SHIRTS AND DRAWERS AT $1.00 PER GARMENT

MEN'S AND BOYS' FUR AND FUR-LINED COATS AND GENERAL FURNISHINGS AT MODERATE PRICES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

CITY AND HARBOR HIDDEN IN A FOG

Four Ocean Liners Held Up for Eight Hours Down the Bay.

FERRYBOATS IN COLLISION

Motor Boat Owner Takes Passengers Ashore from Anchored Sound Liners —Commuters' Trains Late.

The fog, which descended over the city and harbor at 5 o'clock yesterday morning like a blanket, caused many accidents on land and sea and delayed thousands of luckless commuters in getting to their offices. According to the experts along the water front and the gatemen on the Long Island Railroad, it was the densest fog experienced in Manhattan for a long period.

Many of the Englishmen employed by the steamship companies in this city became homesick yesterday, because the fog reminded them so of dear old London. One old Cashier, who came from London twenty-five years ago, spent his dinner hour walking around Battery Park to revel in the fog as it rolled up in solid banks from the water.

The fog delayed four big liners, the Carmania, Lapland, Touraine, and Cameronia, for eight hours down the bay, where they were compelled to remain at anchor with several hundred passengers aboard until it cleared in the afternoon. The Cunarder Carmania, which was to have docked at 5:30 A. M., on account of her having to get away to-morrow at 10 A. M., left Quarantine at 4:40 A. M., and got as far as Robbin's Reef, when the fog came down so thick that Capt. David Dow said it was five solid hours before he could see the foreward smokestack from the bridge.

Between 800 and 900 men and women on their way to business from Staten Island were suddenly thrown into a state of panic when the incoming ferryboat Castleton crashed into the Richmond, which was lying at her slip at St. George, S. I., waiting for a chance to get away to Manhattan.

She hit the Richmond on the port side forward with a crash that brought the passengers running out on deck from the cabins. When the Castleton backed away from the other boat it was seen that her overhang and part of the upper deck had been smashed, while the Richmond had her glass partition, which projects beyond the men's cabin, wrecked and her lower woodwork carried away with two of the stanchions that help to support the upper deck.

The ferryboat Brooklyn of the Hamilton Avenue line, which left the Battery at 5:10 A. M., could not make Brooklyn in the fog. She wandered about the bay for more than three hours until the pilot thought he was a second Vanderdecken and would never reach land again.

Ferryboat Brooklyn Aground.

The circles made off the Battery by the Brooklyn were very entertaining to the skippers of the towboats and other river craft, who were trying to dodge the ferryboat as she swung around, and the manoeuvring was just becoming interesting when it was suddenly interrupted by the Brooklyn grounding on a rock off Governors Island.

The Captain of the ferryboat immediately filled the air with piercing blasts for assistance, and a tug was sent to tow her off, which she did eventually, and her twenty-five passengers finally landed at South Ferry again at 8:30 A. M., just three hours and twenty minutes after they had started for Brooklyn.

One of the ferry officials, evidently a merry soul, told the indignant passengers that the company would not make any extra charge for the time they had spent cruising in the harbor.

The Pierrepont of the same line got lost at 8 o'clock in approaching the Manhattan shore, and wandered into the wrong ferry slip three times and then the pilot tried again and won. The ferryboat Atlantic of the Atlantic Avenue Line left Brooklyn at 8:45 o'clock for the Battery with 500 passengers and was 45 minutes making the trip.

Later in the morning a collision occurred between the ferryboat Red Bank of the Jersey Central service and the tugboat Berwind of the Berwind-White Coal Company in midstream as the Red Bank was carefully picking her way from Jersey City to Liberty Street on the 12:55 o'clock trip, with 250 passengers on board. The tug hit the ferryboat on the starboard side amidships tearing away about ten feet of the women's cabin which caused those inside to scream and run to the after end of the boat. The damage was only in the superstructure well above the water line and the Red Bank proceeded to her slip.

Off Clason Point the fog was so thick that the Captains of the steamship Plymouth of the Fall River Line, the Concord of the Colonial Line from Providence and the Tennessee of the Joy Line thought it best to anchor their ships until the fog lifted. These boats were all on their way to this city. Navigation in the Sound is considered dangerous enough in even a mild fog, but to sent a craft through Hell Gate in a dense fog is more than most skippers will undertake.

F. H. Weeks, President of the Twin City Ferry Company, which is to begin operating ferry boats from Clason Point to College Point on April 1, put out in his motor boat from Clason Point yesterday morning, intending to inspect his ferry terminal at College Point. When in the middle of the Sound he heard shouts from the three stranded steamers and it was soon evident that there were many on board who would very much prefer being on land.

Mr. Weeks, assisted by his friend, Gustavus Gick, accommodated about fifty passengers from each of the three ships, making repeated trips to Clason Point in his 30-foot launch.

On the elevated roads in Manhattan and Brooklyn traffic was all delayed in the morning, and several trains had to be taken off to avoid the risk of collisions.

The Jersey railroads were late in their local service, and it was not until the sun's rays pierced the murky atmosphere overhanging the city, late in the afternoon, that the local transportation began to assume its normal conditions and the ocean liners were enabled to proceed to their piers with their tired passengers who had been dressed to go ashore since daybreak.

3 HURT WHEN CAR HIT TAXI.

Chauffeu Didn't See Williamsburg Car Because of the Fog.

In the heavy fog early yesterday morning a Sumner Avenue car, on its way to the Williamsburg Bridge, crashed head-on into a taxi which loomed up in Broadway, Williamsburg, near Marcy Avenue. Cornelius Mullane was the chauffeur, and in the taxi were Nathan W. Shapiro of 117 East 109th Street, Manhattan, and Miss Paula Danowitz, who lives at 121 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, who was being escorted to her home from a Manhattan reception.

Dennis Mungrave was the motorman of the car, and when the crash came the taxi was hurled toward the curbstone and Mullane pitched to the pavement on his head, while the occupants were tossed about and slightly injured. They declined medical aid, as also did Mullane. The taxi was badly damaged.

The dozen passengers in the car were tumbled about, but were unhurt.

Seventeen-year-old Madeline Macura, whose parents live at 101 Wythe Avenue, Williamsburg, was severly injured yesterday at Franklin Street and Meserole Avenue, when she was struck by a car of the Greenpoint Avenue line. There was a thick fog at the time, and with the girl were others, all on their way to work in the American Manufacturing Company's factory.

When the car loomed out of the mist all the girls, with the exception of Madeline, got out of the way. She was struck and pitched forward a dozen feet before the car came to a stop. Her right leg was fractured and she was internally hurt. She was removed to the Eastern District Hospital.

Badly Hurt in Jersey Trolley Crash.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 11.—The dense fog early this morning was the cause of a serious rear-end collision between two Hudson River trolley cars at what is known as the Rock Cut near Morsemere. The accident occurred shortly after 5 o'clock and the cars had left the Edgewater ferry, going east, before the first boat had arrived from New York, so fortunately no passengers were on board at the time. The cars were going down grade at the time of the crash, and it was impossible to see ten feet ahead of the car. Conductor Peter McMillan, on the forward car, was crushed on the rear platform, having no chance to jump. He was taken to the Englewood Hospital, where it was found that his right thigh was fractured and his body covered with cuts and bruises. He is in a critical condition.

BANKERS' EXPRESS WRECKED IN FOG

Twenty Hurt in Head-On Collision with a Freight Train Near North White Plains.

FIREMAN INSTANTLY KILLED

Deranged Schedule Results in Another Fatality—Business Men Tumbled About in the Pullman.

The Pawling express, on the Harlem River Division of the New York Central Railroad, southbound, commonly known as the Bankers' and Brokers' express, collided head on with a freight train about half way between Valhalla and North White Plains shortly before 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The fireman on the freight train was instantly killed.

About twenty of the 400 passengers on the express, mostly business men and women of this city, were injured, and another man, as a consequence of the deranged train schedule, was instantly killed by a train which to get around the wrecked trains was proceeding southward on the northbound track. The collision was due to the fog, which was so dense in the Bronx valley that it was impossible to see more than seventy-five feet ahead.

The express, made up of eight cars, including a mail car, a Pullman chair car, an improvised wooden chair car, two smokers, and three day coaches, left Pawling at 7:36 A. M. It was running a little behind time because of the fog. Frank Wheeler, engineer of the express, is certain that he overran no signals. Engineer Carson of the freight train, who was backing his train of eight empty flatcars southward from one of the aqueduct camps near Valhalla, says that he received orders to switch his train into a siding. He was in the act of doing this, all but the locomotive and tender having reached the siding, when the express ran into the backing locomotive, which was in its path.

The light freight cars left the tracks, most of them rolling over the embankment into the Bronx River. The tender of the freight was hurled in the opposite direction, swinging completely over the southbound track and landing on a hillside. Carson went with it. The locomotive of the freight, however, was pushed forward by the heavier locomotive of the express some hundred feet and the fireman, Fred Girard of White Plains, was crushed to death in the engine's cab.

The locomotive of the express left the track directly over the stone wall supporting the east bank of the Bronx River. Had it toppled it would have fallen into the river. Wheeler, the engineer, and Howard Worden, the fireman, remained in their seats and were only slightly injured. The mail car, immediately behind the tender of the express locomotive, was wrecked and was later ordered burned. The Pullman car, next in line, being of steel, suffered little damage. The bankers and brokers in this car, however, tumbled over their card tables and many complained of bruises and sprains.

Behind them were the improvised chair car, which toppled completely over, and the smoking cars and day coaches. The passengers in these cars were dashed to the floor and many were cut by flying glass. None of them, however, was seriously enough injured to be taken to the hospital.

In the fog, the passengers escaping from doors and windows hardly knew what had happened to their train. They could only see a fire ahead, the wooden parts of the wreck having caught fire from the coals in the engines. It was some time before faint moans revealed the position of the engineer, John Carson, who was pinned under the wreck of the tender upon the hillside.

"Help me out or I'll be killed by electricity!" he cried out, at length.

Carson was found and extricated, severely scalded and lacerated. Only a minute after his removal a short circuit with the third rail and the contorted rails of the track was formed and the tender was a mass of flames. There was great danger that the entire wreck, which spread over a distance of about a quarter of a mile, would be burned. Steel rails were burned completely through, and in other places welded together by the shortcircuiting process under the wreck. Through the fog could be seen the play of the electricity on all the metal parts of the wreck, and this furnished enough lighting to enable the passengers to find their way around the wreck to North White Plains. The current was turned off as soon as word of the wreck reached the Division Superintendent's office at White Plains.

Relief trains were dispatched from this city and soon arrived to take the injured passengers to their homes. The old Washington headquarters, just a few hundred yards from the scene of the wreck, was transformed into a temporary hospital, six physicians from White Plains administering there to bruises and lacerations.

On his way to see the wreck was Samuel Palmer, 73 years old, a civil war veteran, and for the last twenty years employed as foreman of construction in the vicinity of North White Plains. He was walking from Valhalla in the direction of the wreck with his brother Henry. To be on the safe side, as he thought, he walked on the northbound track. The derangement of the train schedule, however, forced a southbound train out of Valhalla to proceed on the northbound track. Palmer did not see the train approaching and was struck from the rear. He was instantly killed, in sight of his own home.

Among those on the wrecked express were J. B. Dutcher of Pawling, cut about the face and shoulders; Sheriff T. J. Hartness, wrenched leg; Sheriff-elect William Doyle, wrenched leg; Game Warden George E. Sutton, lacerations; L. B. Preston, Frank J. Carpenter, Isaac W. Turner, James D. Layng, Jr., Moses Taylor, Lorenzo Sample, Elliott C. Cowdin, E. P. Barrett, Chairman of the Board of Supervisors of Westchester County, and ex-State Charity Commissioner James C. Baldwin, all of Mount Kisco. Henry W. Howe of Bedford, Daniel Keefe, conductor of the express; John Higgins, mail clerk on the express, and Fred Wheeler, engineer of the express, were all taken to their homes with injuries.

Supt. Van Tassell of the Harlem Division, and Miles Bronson, Superintendent of the Electrical Division, arrived at the wreck at 11 o'clock. They would make no statements. Coroner Iles of Yonkers said that he would insitute an investigation in connection with the inquests over the deaths of Fireman Girard and Samuel Palmer.

REALTY MAN ARRESTED.

John L. Douglas and Two Others Indicted on a $64,000 Swindling Charge.

John L. Douglas, a real estate dealer, with offices in the Singer Building, was arrested in his office late yesterday afternoon by detectives from the District Attorney's office on a bench warrant issued by Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions after Douglas had been indicted with two others in connection with a bond swindle amounting to $64,000.

The detectives are now looking for the other two men indicted with Douglas, and it is expected that they will be arrested this morning. One of the men is a broker at 50 Broadway, and the other is in Philadelphia. All three are charged with grand larceny.

The complainant against Douglas and the others is Megargel & Co., bond brokers at 5 Nassau Street, who alleged that they were swindled out of $64,000. Some time ago the broker who is under indictment and for whom the police are searching called on them and said he had a client who wanted to get seventy-five shares of Canadian Consolidated Coal Company stock, which he believed to be worth about $800 a share. Megargel & Co. advertised for the stock, and shortly afterward a man who represented himself as a broker appeared at the offices of their agents in Philadelphia, reputable bankers, and sold the stock to them at about $750 a share.

Megargel & Co. then bought the stock from the Philadelphia firm and notified the broker that they had it. He appeared and said it was all a mistake and that Douglas, the client he mentioned, did not want it. It then developed that the stock was worth only about $3 or $4 a share. Roy C. Megargel, head of the firm, thereupon made a complaint to the District Attorney.

Douglas denied doing anything in the matter that was not legitimate. He lives at Bound Brook, N. J.

DENY TAKING REBATES.

Three Merchants Plead Not Guilty Before Judge Holt.

August Bontoux, Jules E. Bernard of Bernard Judas & Co., and Maurice Ascher of Gallagher & Ascher, who were indicted on Nov. 16 for receiving rebates from the Baltimore & Ohio and the Lehigh Valley Railroads on the transportation of imported merchandise from this city to Chicago, pleaded not guilty yesterday before Judge Holt in the United States Circuit Court. They were placed under bonds of $5,000 each to appear for trial.

At the same time the court was informed that Thomas N. Jarvis, Vice President, and Clarence A. Blood, freight traffic manager of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, and Robert B. Ways, foreign traffic manager of the Baltimore & Ohio, and other defendants did not intend to demur, but would stand trial on the pleas entered at the time they were arrested and admitted to bail.

SAFETY LIMITS

SAFETY LIMIT No. 3. "Mortgages shall be guaranteed by the Company only when secured by real estate improved for business or residence purposes." The purpose of this restriction is to confine the Company's guarantee to those classes of property which will earn rent, and therefore pay interest, however depressed the real estate market may be.

The Lawyers Mortgage Company is the only American Guaranteed Mortgage Company observing any such Safety Limit.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.

59 Liberty Street, Manhattan.
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

TO USE NILS POULSON FUND.

American-Scandinavian Society Plans an Exchange of Professors.

The American-Scandinavian Society held its annual meeting last night at the Hotel Astor, at which were present representative people of Norway, Sweden, and Denmark. The charter, constitution, and by-laws of the society were amended to provide for the receipt and administration of a gift of $100,000 from Nils Poulson. It is intended that this money shall be used to promote an interchange of professors between Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and the United States.

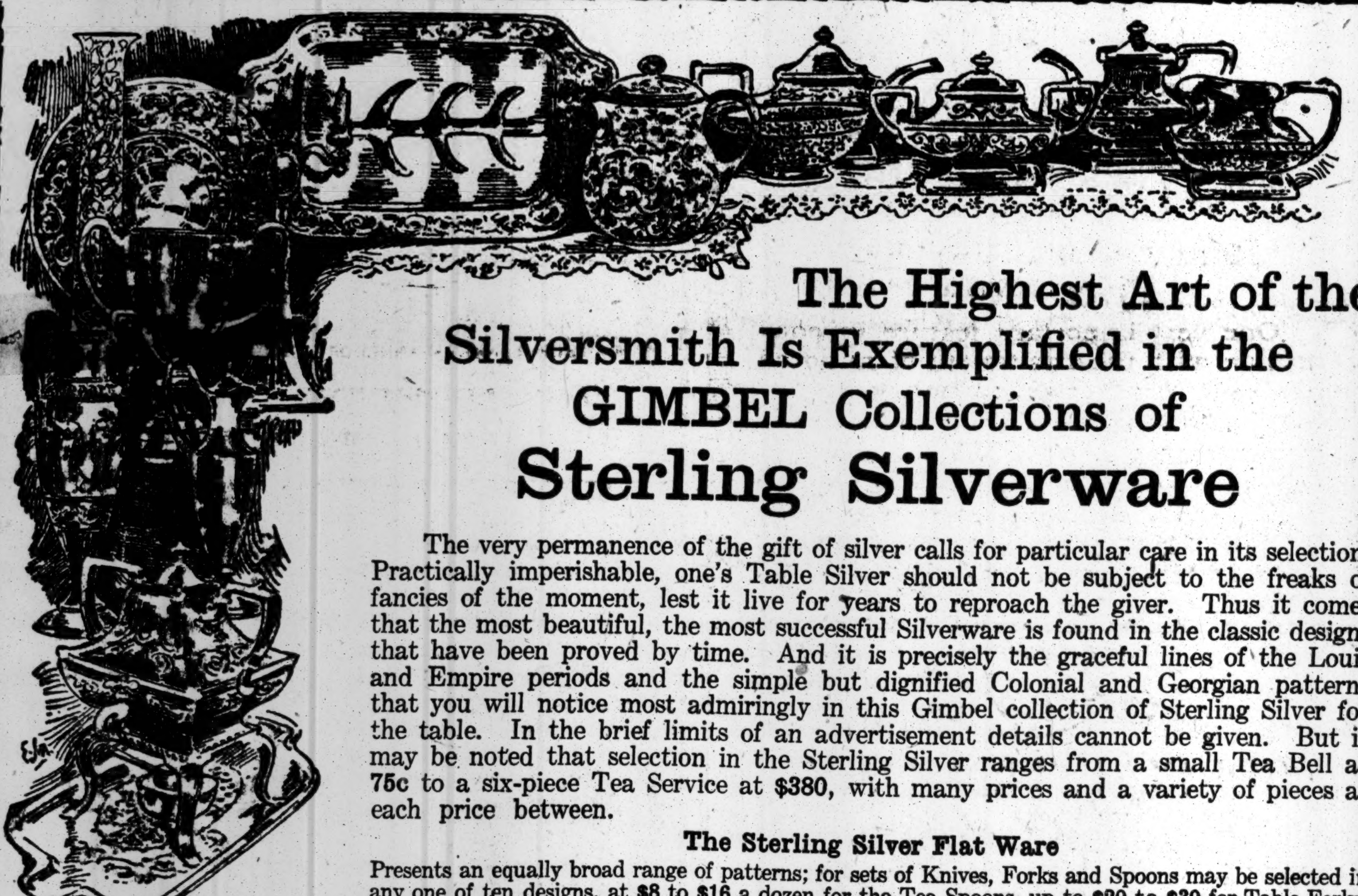
The principal speaker of the evening was Prof. Karl Larsen, who delivered a lecture on "Intimacy with War." Prof. Larsen collected the letters of thousands of peasant soldiers and their wives during the war between Denmark and Prussia in 1864, and made a sort of "human" study of the art of war. Others at the meeting were Holger Birkerod, the Danish concert singer; Ellen Arendrup, the Danish singer, and Jonas Lie, the Norwegian artist.

NO DOTY CASE DECISION.

Gov. Dix Has Not Yet Considered Briefs of Health Officer's Counsel.

Gov. Dix will begin his final consideration of the charges against Dr. Alvah H. Doty, Health Officer of the Port of New York, to-day. The Governor, who was in New York yesterday, said that the brief, submitted by counsel for Dr. Doty, had been filed in Albany, and that he would go over it as soon as he arrived at his office this morning.

From what the Governor said it was apparent that he had already finished his review of Mr. Bulger's report, in which Dr. Doty's administration at Quarantine is severely criticized, and all that stands between him and a decision in the matter is the brief referred to.



The Highest Art of the Silversmith Is Exemplified in the GIMBEL Collections of Sterling Silverware

The very permanence of the gift of silver calls for particular care in its selection. Practically imperishable, one's Table Silver should not be subject to the freaks of fancies of the moment, lest it live for years to reproach the giver. Thus it comes that the most beautiful, the most successful Silverware is found in the classic designs that have been proved by time. And it is precisely the graceful lines of the Louis and Empire periods and the simple but dignified Colonial and Georgian patterns that you will notice most admiringly in this Gimbel collection of Sterling Silver for the table. In the brief limits of an advertisement details cannot be given. But it may be noted that selection in the Sterling Silver ranges from a small Tea Bell at 75c to a six-piece Tea Service at $380, with many prices and a variety of pieces at each price between.

The Sterling Silver Flat Ware

Presents an equally broad range of patterns; for sets of Knives, Forks and Spoons may be selected in any one of ten designs, at $8 to $16 a dozen for the Tea Spoons, up to $20 to $30 for Table Forks.

The Silver-plated Table Ware

The allied groups of heavy Silver-plated Ware and Sheffield Plate are worthy of the distinguished company in which they find themselves. We have, for instance, chosen for illustration part of a superb hand-etched Dinner Service, in quadruple silver plate, in which the Coffee Urn and Tray are $48, the Five-piece Tea Set is $90, an 8-inch Meat Dish, with well and tree, is $33.75, with many other pieces to match. Among the other pieces illustrated are a Sterling Silver Loving Cup, 18 inches high, at $100, Nickel Silver-plated Candelabra in French gray finish at $20 a pair, a Claret Jug of Sheffield Plate on copper at $7, and artistic pieces of Sterling Silver Deposit Ware.

Sterling Silver Toilet Ware

Though it deserves a chapter to itself, it shall be mentioned here with the rest of the splendid collection. There are eighteen patterns, comprising all pieces for the Toilet Table, from Nail Files, Cuticle Knives, Salve Jars and Button Hooks at 50c, to the most elaborate of the Mirrors at $18.75. Additional pieces are Sterling Silver Clocks at $3.25 to $20, and Jewel Boxes at $10 to $60.

There are also presentation cases, fitted with the Silver Toilet Articles, in various combinations, from a 3-piece set of Comb, Brush and Mirror at $11, to a hand-engraved five-piece set at $55.

Main Floor

When Tired from Shopping

Enjoy a little rest, in charming surroundings, with delightful music, in

The GOLDEN TEA ROOM

Afternoon Tea, 50c

With crisp toast and delicious marmalade or jam.

If you are shopping at GIMBELS, or in the neighborhood, you will enjoy lunching in the Gimbel Tea Room, with its homelike food and appetizing service.

Men can smoke in the Grill Room on the Broadway and Thirty-third street corner. Special Express Elevator to Tea Room during the luncheon hours. Eight floors above busy Broadway.

Safe---Electric Candles For the Christmas Tree

These bright, many colored, little Electric lights, are the modern, safe, and brilliant method of lighting the Christmas Tree. They are easily arranged, and the wire can be attached to any Electric light socket. Specially-priced, with eight lights, at $1.95. Others, with blank lights, up to $7.75.

Electric Lights, run with three red seal batteries, complete, $2.10.

The Electric Section of the Gimbel Housewares Store has a remarkable assortment of Electric goods from a boy's Mesco Electric Engine, at 75c, regularly $1, to an Electric Chafing Dish at $36.50.

Fifth Floor

A "Bookish" Gift That a Man Will Like

There are scores of such gifts in the Gimbel Book Store, but we are particularly pleased with a fine collection of

The Complete Works of Guy de Maupassant

translated into English. It is the so-called "Edition des Immortels" and was limited to 1,000 sets.

17 volumes, bound in English buckram, with leather labels, and gilt tops. Altogether a superb edition at a remarkably low price—far below the original—of $7.50 for the set.

Fourth Floor

Some Dress Patterns at $4.50 4½ to 6-Yard Lengths

Taken from our own stock, because the assortments are broken, and marked at the specially low price of $4.50 a length.

There is a fine variety of colorings and weaves, suitable for tailored suits and dresses, with plenty of navy blue and black.

We will gladly box any of these patterns for Christmas giving.

$4.50 each. Second Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

A SUPERB PIANO That Is Easy to Play and Easy to Pay For

No other instrument that we have ever seen offers so much artistic excellence—such a thoroughly good piano, and such a splendid player action—*at such little cost*, as the

MILTON "INVISIBLE" PLAYER-PIANO at $450

The Milton "Invisible" Player is the open door to the realm of music, for it gives everyone the opportunity of being able to *personally* play the piano. No matter how fond you may be of music, no matter how much you like to listen to someone playing your favorite pieces on the piano, there is no pleasure that equals the enjoyment and satisfaction obtained by being your own musician.

This is possible on the Milton "Invisible" Player without interfering with the perfection of the piano, as a piano for those who wish to play by hand, or disfiguring the appearance of the case, for the Milton "Invisible" Player is really "Invisible," as its name implies. All of the player-mechanism is concealed within the piano case, and when ready for hand-playing it is impossible to tell that this piano is also a player-piano; it can, however, be changed to a player in less than a minute's time.

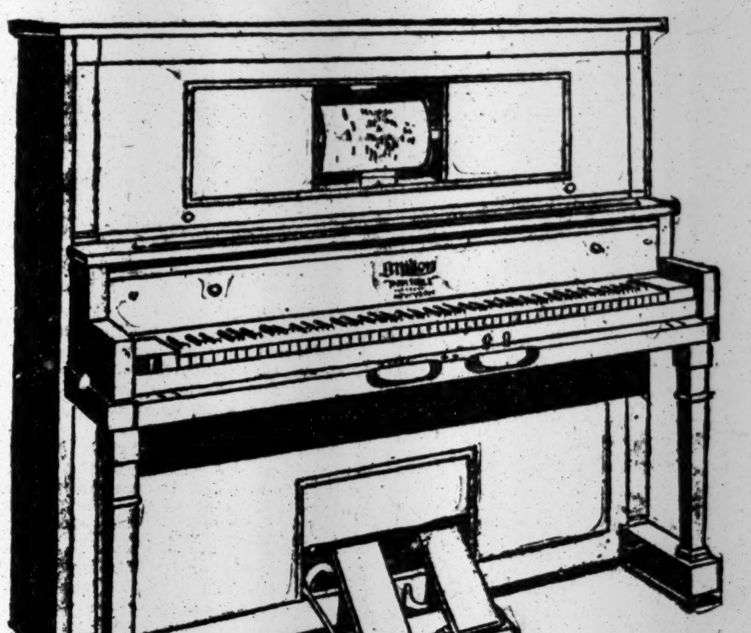
MILTON "INVISIBLE" PLAYERS

With many player-pianos it is necessary to stoop down and raise the bottom panel to pull out the treadles. On the Milton "Invisible" Player all you have to do is turn a lever underneath the keyboard of the piano, and the lower panel opens; the matter of placing the treadles in their proper position is then easily accomplished by a slight movement of the foot. *This feature is especially appreciated by ladies.*

Solid Brass Tracker-bar The tracker-bar in the Milton "Invisible" Player, through which the air is conveyed to the power pneumatics, is made of one solid piece of brass, insuring marked durability, and the mechanically perfect holes correspond precisely with the perforations in the music-roll providing for accurate playing and perfect repetition of the action.

Metal Tubing The Milton "Invisible" Player is equipped with the same kind of metal tubing that is used in the finest pipe organs, reducing the possibility of leakages to a minimum, and insuring durability in any climate. In addition to this, it is covered with insulated cloth to prevent any kind of noise.

Modulating Buttons The very soul of music rests in proper expression, and the three modulating buttons on the Milton "Invisible" Player enable the performer to secure this desired expression. These buttons are far superior to the ordinary levers often used for this purpose, being more instantaneous.



$450

We Ask Those Interested to Compare the MILTON PLAYER PIANO with Any Other Instrument on the Market Sold for Less Than a Hundred Dollars More Than Its Price

Splendidly constructed, artistic in tone, wonderful in its facilities to MAKE A MUSICIAN of whoever plays it, The MILTON "INVISIBLE" PLAYER-PIANO is an ideal

Gift for the ENTIRE FAMILY

Its price is lower than that of any other instrument of its worth, and it is

Sold on EASY CHRISTMAS TERMS

We will appreciate the honor of demonstrating these excellent pianos for you, at your convenience. Your old piano (if you have one) will be taken in part payment for the new instrument. CONCERT Daily at 2.30 P. M. in our Auditorium. Milton "Invisible" Player-Piano used this week.

Eighth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

'UNCLE JIM' HERE, HEADED FOR IRELAND

It's a Free Trip the Northern Pacific Is Giving Him, for He's a Distinguished Employe.

WALKED TRACK 32 YEARS

And When a Train Hit Him He Was Thankful to be Patched Up and Never Thought of Suing.

Into the executive offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad, at 34 Nassau Street, late yesterday afternoon, walked its most distinguished employe. No one recognized him, however, until, throwing back his powerful shoulders and doffing a broad-brimmed slouch hat from a big, fine head of shaggy gray hair, he announced:

"I'm Uncle Jim Rowan, the man the road's sending to Ireland."

Then they recognized him, and ushered him with all due respect and dispatch into the office of President Howard Elliott of the railroad.

"Uncle Jim" Rowan was the distinguished employe of the road yesterday because for the last thirty-two years he has been walking over its tracks in deserted and dangerous parts of the Yakima Valley, in the State of Washington, watchful that great bowlders, rolling down the mountains, should not obstruct the track, and guarding the trains and the lives of thousands of passengers day and night against dangers and death they did not dream of. None of the thousands knew of Uncle Jim's existence, and in the long years—thirty-two of 'em—that he served the road, without once, as he says, "putting the bottle to his head" or taking a vacation, the road, at its offices in St. Paul, never heard of him but once. That was when, some ten years ago, one of its express trains hurled him from a hand speeder off an iron bridge across the Yakima River, down into the bed of the canyon far below. Most of his bones were broken, and for weeks the company's surgeons kept picking Yakima River stones out of his back and shoulders. They finally pulled him through, and Uncle Jim returned again to his lonely post, declaring that the company had done all it could for him, and that he'd never forget its kindness.

That doesn't happen often to a railroad in these litigious days; and so, when a few weeks ago old Uncle Jim suggested, very tentatively, that he'd like to get off for a short vacation back to Ireland to see the graves of his parents and sister, the District Superintendent sent the request, together with the old man's history, to the main offices at St. Paul.

One day, thereafter, the Superintendent's own car stopped at Uncle Jim's cabin, and he was summoned into the official's presence. Ever since then Uncle Jim has felt that he is the road's most distinguished employe; for the Superintendent told him that, in view of his long and faithful services, the road was not only going to let him have a vacation, but was going to send him to Ireland and bring him back again at its own expense.

He got his railroad pass from Rosa, Washington, to New York, and his steamship tickets both ways two weeks ago; bought two new flannel shirts and a black coat, and sang out to passing trainmen he had known the greater part of their lives that he was going "back to the old country." The night before he left there all the trainmen of the district who were off duty gathered near his cabin and gave a dinner in his honor—not to mention a fine leather traveling bag which, he said proudly yesterday, cost $14. And so he came East.

But on the way he discovered that his pass from Chicago to Buffalo had been dated by mistake a month back. The conductor didn't know that Uncle Jim was the road's most distinguished employe, and the wrong dating a mistake; and so he had to pay cash for that part of the trip. It was to put in a claim for reimbursement that he visited the company's office yesterday.

"If you've been walking the track for us for thirty-two years," said President Elliott, "you've waited long enough for what's coming to you; and you needn't bother about red tape to get your money back. I guess I can afford to settle that matter right here." And he gave Uncle Jim the amount he had been obliged to pay. The old man almost broke the President's knuckles out of gratitude in the hearty handshake he returned.

"I'll bring ye back a blackthorn, Mr. Elliott," he called back, as the President wished him godspeed.

Outside, in Nassau Street, a block from Wall, the old man, suddenly famous as the one who touched a heart in a corporation, was set upon by reporters. He wasn't used to being interviewed, but with hearty good-fellowship he agreed at once to tell them all about himself. He is a tall, heavily built giant of a man, with great, full, square-cut gray beard, blue eyes, and shaggy hair. Strength, begotten of years of hard labor in the mines and mountains of the West, shows in his mighty shoulders and chest and his great, powerful fingers and hands. His eyes are shrewd and twinkling, and clear and blue and free as the sky above the mountain that overtops his cabin, 20 miles west of North Yakima, Washington.

It was nearly fifty years ago, he said, that he came to this country from Ireland. His people had lived in Glencolumkill, County Donegal, where his great-grandfather once owned ten miles square of land. Englishmen own it now. Uncle Jim doesn't love Englishmen. They tried to reform the laws, he said, and he—then 18 years old—didn't like the reforms.

"So I lifted my finger and scratched a man" he said, "and then I left."

He has "scratched a man" only twice since then, he said; that was when two "drunks" entered his cabin while he was asleep. One of them ran out howling, and the other was carried out on a stretcher.

Uncle Jim, after landing at New York, nearly fifty years ago, worked his way west to Kansas, and thence went prospecting as a miner up the Missouri River. He made a lot of money out of good land and put it back in bad land again; and then, when the Northern Pacific, in 1881, crossed the Missouri River he crossed with it, and he has been walking tracks for it ever since.

"I never bothered the road," he said, "and that's the best way to get along, whether you're working for a corporation or another man: Always go to bed sober, and don't put a bottle to your head when you're awake. The company's always given me what I did ask for. It built my cabin for me—three rooms and a kitchen, where I live with two cats, one dog, and a good, big, long gun. The Yakima River is just behind it. There's a mountain on either side, and at night I can hear the coyotes howling at my door. When I first came there there were buffalo, deer, and mountain goats all around. There are only coyotes and jackrabbits now."

There, year after year, Uncle Jim has been a familiar figure, waving to passing trains that flash roaring and rumbling past, under the brow of the threatening boulder-laden mountain. As they sped past the train crews would now and then throw out at his door bundles of groceries he had written for to North Yakima, and sometimes newspapers and packages of Gaelic books—for he has been a constant reader of his native tongue ever since he left his home. He himself seldom found time, for a few hours, to wander to the nearest town, and then only to pay his bills for groceries and the like. But the town impressed him hugely:

"North Yakima is the most fashionable and progressive town in the United States," he said yesterday. Besides fashion and progress, North Yakima has also 17,000 inhabitants.

Last Summer President Taft and his automobile party passed along the Yakima Valley on the automobile road on the top of the mountain that overlooks Uncle Jim's cabin. Uncle Jim stood at his doorway, waving an American and an Irish flag. He says he thinks he saw the President.

"I'm going to take those flags along to Ireland," he said, "and I'm going to hang them out of the window, and no other flag."

All Uncle Jim's family is dead, but he has many cousins out there—"cousins as plentiful as the grass over yonder," he said, pointing to the corner of Wall and Nassau Streets. Then he corrected himself rather wistfully and said:

"Plentiful as the grass over in the Yakima Valley, I mean. There's no grass here—nothing but people and buildings and traffic. I don't like that. I want to breathe and feel free. You can't do that here. I like the Yakima canyon better than this one, and it's about fifty stories high, too. I feel here as if I need a rope tied around me, so that I can find my way. The people are all pleasant, but they're more comradelike out West. However, even there it's not like it used to be. I remember when nobody thought of locking their doors, and anybody was welcome to come in for food or shelter. There weren't any thieves then; for as soon as we caught a man robbing we gave him a free necktie. But those days are passed in the West, too. Nowadays people are getting fine there, too; we've got $1,000,000 in automobiles in our county."

Uncle Jim will sail from here on the Caronia a week from to-morrow. How long he will stay in Ireland he does not know—perhaps two months, perhaps three.

"I've never felt real proper since my accident," he said, "and I want to recover my health. I'll stay as long as I need to get these props in order again," and he slapped his thighs. "But I can't stay too long; there's a Frenchman taking my place at Yakima, and French wine's no good for track-walking."

Uncle Jim has never been married.

"I've asked hundreds of girls," he said, grinning, "but none of them would agree with me that I was good-looking enough. Maybe, if I can dye this hair of mine I'll come back with a red-haired one from Ireland."

Meanwhile he is getting younger in daily trips through the city and some night trips, too, down Broadway and the Great White Way, in tow of a cousin, with whom he is staying in West Fifty-fourth Street.

"'Tis an innocent town," he said, with a sly twinkle. "I'll have to hurry out of it."

MADE BIG DENT IN BROADWAY

Wheel of 40-Ton Truck Sinks 18 Inches and Stops Cars.

As a ten-ton truck, loaded with a thirty-ton steel girder, was being drawn up Broadway by sixteen horses at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, the front left wheel sank into the paving up to the hub as it was passing 42 Broadway. The wheel was between the north and south tracks. All surface car traffic in lower Broadway was stopped until a few minutes before noon.

The truck, owned by the Meade Transfer Company, had loaded the big steel girder from a lighter and was proceeding up Broadway to the Woolworth Building, in course of construction at the corner of Park Place and Broadway.

The wheels of the truck have a radius of about eighteen inches, so that the tire rested that distance below the street surface. The wheels are about twelve inches broad. Large hydraulic jacks took two hours to lift the forty tons.

It was said that water below the surface of the street had washed away part of the concrete bed upon which the wooden blocks are laid. The top of the Subway structure at this point is four feet below the street level, and no damage was done to the structure.

NEW CANTATA AT COLUMBIA.

"The Divine Birth" Will Be Sung Wednesday Evening by Student Choir.

After the regular Wednesday afternoon vesper service in St. Paul's Chapel, at Columbia, to-morrow, a Christmas cantata, "The Divine Birth," composed by Frank E. Ward, organist of Columbia University, will be sung. The student chapel choir will sing the cantata, and the prelude will be played by the strings of the Columbia Philharmonic Society. In addition, these soloists will be heard: Mrs. Frank E. Ward, soprano; John W. Nichols, tenor; John E. Goepper, tenor; R. Norman Joliffe, baritone; Carl Danielson, bass, and John W. Crandall, bass.

The university extends an invitation to the public generally to be present. The vesper service will begin at 5:10 P. M.

FINED FOR CUSTOMS FRAUD.

Cloak Importers Pay $6,000 Each After Restoring $9,000 Duties.

The undervaluation charges brought against the George C. Heimerdinger Company, importers of cloaks and suits, of 105 Fifth Avenue, have been settled. George C. Heimerdinger, the President of the concern, and M. W. George, the Secretary, appeared yesterday before Judge Holt in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court and pleaded guilty.

The irregularities, it was admitted, were the result of the sending to this country of false invoices by a man named Adler, an agent for E. Boas et Cie of Paris. Heimerdinger and George were each fined $6,000. According to Mr. Pratt, Henry C. Heimerdinger, a brother of George C., has also been indicted. He is abroad, but will be arrested when he returns. The Heimerdinger firm has settled the claims of the Government for duty by a payment of $9,000.

American Business Men in Berlin.

At the annual general meeting of the American Association of Commerce and Trade, Berlin, Germany, held on Nov. 28 last, the following officers and Directors were elected: President, I. Wolf, Jr.; First Vice President, W. A. Derrick; Second Vice President, Mr. McCann of the Morris Packing Company, Hamburg; Third Vice President, Hans Schimmelpfeng; Treasurer, Richard Siering, (Smith Premier Company.) Directors for two years: S. L. Bernheimer, merchant and head of the Gebrüder Mosse, Berlin and New York; W. E. Kugemann, Al Peters, A. C. Wilkie, John G. Simon, (Rice & Hutchins,) and Henry E. Schmidt. The American Association of Commerce and Trade is assisting American manufacturers to introduce their goods into the German market.

Italian Kills Rival and Girl.

BRADFORD, Penn., Dec. 11.—While discussing arrangements for their honeymoon trip to follow the wedding set for next week, Miss Grace Cable and her intended husband, Anthony Kohnen, were shot and instantly killed at the woman's home here soon after midnight, by Rossani Annissetti, a jealous fruit dealer. Edith Workman, a servant in the Cable household, and Glen Rogers heard the shots, and attempted to stop the Italian as he rushed through the kitchen. He fired at them and made his escape.

Sues Edwards for Reinstatement.

Thomas C. Adamson began suit yesterday in the Supreme Court against Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards for reinstatement to his place as Superintendent of a stable. He was dismissed on Nov. 11 for being in sympathy with the strikers. Adamson's version of the trouble is that he and the Commissioner merely got into an altercation.

ADVERTISEMENT.

PUT THIS ON YOUR LIST FOR CHRISTMAS.

A gift to one or more families in destitute circumstances. The A. I. C. P. will act as your Santa Claus and make them happy.

Their appreciation of one of these gifts will make very real to you the spirit of good will to men:

$100 will send Santa Claus to 40 homes, with a Christmas dinner for each, and a toy for every child.
$50 will send a Christmas basket and a half ton of coal to each of 10 families.
$25 will bring Christmas to 10 boys and girls, a warm school dress or school suit and a Winter cap for each.
$20 will send warm gloves, mittens, caps and stockings to 35 girls and boys.
$15 will put warm Winter overcoats on 6 schoolboys.
$10 will tie up 7 Christmas packages, each containing a warm sweater for some one who goes out to work.
$5 will send baskets with substantial dinners into 2 poor homes on Christmas Day.
$2 will buy 8 pairs of woolen stockings for sick women or children.
$1 will make a little girl happy and comfortable with a suit of warm underwear and a doll.

Send contributions to Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer, Room 210, 105 East 22d St.
NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

SUGAR TRUST DEMURS IN GOVERNMENT SUIT

Contention Over Havemeyer's $10,000,000 Free Stock, in Dispute in Another Court.

OBJECTION IS OVERRULED

But One Legal Point Turns in Favor of American Sugar Company in Action to Dissolve It.

The suit of the American Sugar Refining Company to restrain the heirs of the late H. O. Havemeyer from getting possession of $10,000,000 common stock of the National Sugar Refining Company afforded one of the grounds on which the American Sugar Refining Company and a number of the other defendants demurred yesterday before four Judges of the United States Circuit Court against the Government's suit against the Sugar Trust. This demurrer contended that the Government, in raising the issue that this stock was unlawfully acquired by H. O. Havemeyer and had been issued without due consideration, was bringing forward a matter already under judicial consideration in New Jersey.

This contention had reference to the suit begun at Trenton in the State Supreme Court by the American Sugar Refining Company and various Directors of the National Sugar Refining Company against James H. Post, President of the National Sugar Refining Company; Horace Havemeyer, the executor of the H. O. Havemeyer estate, and the National Company's Directors. In this, it was alleged that in return for his services as a high financier H. O Havemeyer persuaded the National Company's Directors to issue to him its entire $10,000,000 of common stock, and it was therefore demanded that Mrs. Louisine W. Havemeyer, Mrs. Adeline H. Frelinghuysen, Mrs. Electra H. Webb, and Horace Havemeyer deliver up their temporary certificates to this stock or else pay the National Sugar Refining Company the full par value with interest from 1909. The case is still pending in the New Jersey courts.

Consequently the twenty-nine corporations and the thirty-seven individuals named as defendants in the Government's suit against the Sugar Trust, with the exception of the Cuban-American Refining Company, the Colonial Sugars Company, Horace Havemeyer, Louisine W. Havemeyer, Adeline H. Frelinghuysen, Electra H. Webb, and Robert B. Hawley, demurred on the ground that the Government had no right to include in its complaint a controversy which was already the matter of a separate and distinct suit in New Jersey.

A number of technical grounds were raised in a second demurrer, and James M. Beck and Adrian H. Larkin appeared for the defendants. District Attorney Wise, in resisting the demurrers on behalf of the United States, reviewed the state of the sugar trade and the history of the American Sugar Refining Company and contended that it had sold in inter-State commerce, in the year before the suit was begun, 2,200,000 tons of refined sugar, which amounted to 70 per cent. of the entire business of the United States.

He then accepted the objection to bringing before the Circuit Court the means by which the $10,000,000 worth of National Sugar Refining Company's shares had been obtained by H. O. Havemeyer, and consented to the striking out of the word "acquisition" in the complaint.

In regard to the demurrer resting on the form of the Government's petition, he said that a petition under Section 4 of the Sherman act is a new form of pleading that can be scarcely likened either to a bill in equity or a bill of complaint in a common law action. The statute itself, he contended, is legislative recognition of the continuing character of crimes in the nature of combinations and conspiracies to restrain trade. Moreover, the drafters of the petition had followed closely the petitions in the American Tobacco and the Standard Oil cases, and these had been considered valid enough by the United States Supreme Court.

Judge Lacombe declared the demurrer on technical grounds overruled and directed the defendants to file their answers in the dissolution suit. This will come on early in January. By having four Judges sitting in the United States Circuit Court, any appeal from this decision must go directly to the Supreme Court, the sitting of the fourth Judge having cut out the usual intermediary step of a hearing before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

James M. Beck, counsel for the American Sugar Refining Company and the other defendants, speaking last night of the effect of the court's decision, pointed out that the action of Mr. Wise in agreeing to the striking out from the petition of the words referring to the acquisition of the Havemeyer stock had been a victory for the defense in its principal contention. It would result in leaving the question of the validity of the issue of the $10,000,000 shares to the New Jersey courts, which was the object in view when the demurrer was filed.

STEAMSHIP TRUST ANSWERS.

Joseph H. Choate and John C. Spooner Argue Demurrer for It.

Argument was begun yesterday morning before four Judges of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals to the demurrers interposed by the Steamship Trust, the principal defendant being the Hamburg-American Line. The Government alleges that the defendants have entered into an illegal and unlawful agreement in reference to the transportation of steerage passengers to this country from Europe. They based their demurrers on technical points alone, and Senator John C. Spooner and Joseph H. Choate appeared for them.

In reply the United States District Attorney said that there could be no doubt that on Feb. 5, 1908, the defendants arranged for the division of the traffic and elimination of competition by enforcing a splitting up of the business on a percentage basis. Moreover, he declared, if independent competition aserted itself, the entire strength of the association was turned against it by the simple expedient of running a "fighting steamer."

He quoted a number of English and American precedents in support of his position, and the argument was adjourned till this morning.

SHOP EARLY; SHIP EARLY.

Express Company Suggests Way to Get Your Gifts Delivered on Time.

One of the leading express companies is circulating this year a little list of suggestions for the guidance of Christmas givers who flood the companies with packages at this season, suggestions which, it is promised, will greatly assist in the prompt delivery of gifts in acceptable condition. Aside from the perennial advice as to plain and explicit addresses and firm packing, the most important recommendation is "Do your Christmas shipping early." Here are some of the suggestions:

First—Ship your package early—by Dec. 15 if possible. The express company will give you a small label to paste on the package reading, "Do not open until Christmas." This will give opportunity for the package to reach its destination before Christmas and give the additional pleasure to the recipient of the gift of having it on Christmas morning.

Second—Use wooden boxes for packing, especially for glass and other fragile articles, which should be well protected. It may cost a few cents more, but the danger of damage will be very much reduced, and you should do your part to make the transportation of your gift safe.

Third—Write the address in full—State, county, city, street, and number—on the box or package, with ink or crayon. Tags are frequently torn off and lost.

Fourth—If you want to prepay the charges, write the word "Paid" in large, plain letters on the package.

And the Christmas shipper is advised not only to write his own name on the outside, but to put it and that of the consignee on a card to be tucked within the package, to be referred to in the event of the outer markings being destroyed.

PISTOL IN NEWPORT GAME.

Clubman with Marked Cards Ordered to Return Winnings or Leave Town.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 11.—It was announced here to-day that as a result of the exposure of dishonesty in the card games played in the Newport County Club, the Governors of that organization had decided to disband it. Ex-Mayor William P. Clarke, a member of the Board of Governors, said this afternoon:

"Gambling was carried on at the club against the wishes of the Board of Governors. We had protested repeatedly, but without effect. This matter of cheating brought the climax. I have never gambled at the club, nor have the other members of the Board of Governors. It was against our wishes that friendly games of cards had merged into playing of poker for money."

The first intimation that cheating was going on at the club was when the wife of one of the men, who is said to have been a heavy winner, said to the wife of a steady loser: "My husband has found a way to pick up a lot of easy money," and intimated that it was at a poker game at a club.

The wife of the loser promptly told her husband and he consulted an authority on poker, who told him to look for marked cards. That night the loser sat in the game, and it was not many hands before he discovered a marked card. He slipped it into his lap and said there was a misdeal.

When the cards were redealt and he showed the marked card, one of the members jumped to his feet, and, drawing a pistol, pointed it at a man at the table, demanding that he give back money that had been won or get out of town.

When the scandal reached the ears of the governors they demanded the immediate closing of the club. The County Club has no President, but was governed by the board of three members. Its bylaws said that there should be no gambling.

RICH MAN'S WIDOW, SHE SAYS

Wedded Here, Declares Georgia Woman Who Seeks Her Dower Rights.

Marylee Smith, who says she is the widow of Frank M. Turpin, has started suit in Dubuque, Iowa, for a share of his fortune, estimated at $300,000 and has enlisted the services of McIlwraith's Detective Agency in an effort to find two men, one of whom, she says, married her to Turpin in this city and the other of whom witnessed the ceremony.

Turpin and Miss Smith, both came from Macon, Ga., where he owned a hotel, as well as one in Dubuque. According to her story, he wrote her to join him in New York and become his wife. She reached here on Sept. 11, 1908, and he met her at Jersey City. They crossed the ferry, took a car, and, after getting off, went down a side street, where they entered an office building. Turpin, she says, took her to an upper floor, where two men were waiting for them. One of them posed as a minister, and, after, Turpin had introduced her as the women he was to marry, this man went into another room, put on a black robe, and went through the ceremony of marrying them.

TREES FOR 7TH AV. PARKWAY.

Park Commissioner Allows $75,000 for Further Improvements.

Park Commissioner Stover announced yesterday that $75,000 had been allowed for the further improvement of the Seventh Avenue Parkway, which was turned over to the Park Department last May.

In the course of the last fortnight the Park Department has dug 300 holes from Central Park to the Harlem River, and 250 fine Oriental plane trees have been planted in these forty-one blocks in the last two days. In digging the holes it would found that the new pavement of the parkway had been laid over an old stone pavement, which had to be broken through before the holes could be sunk the proper depth. Plans are now ready for the proper laying out of forty-one parkway plots, and work will be started under contract early in the Spring. Every other block will be fenced in and improved as a garden; the alternate blocks will be fenced only on one side, and will be provided with seats.

During the last two weeks 200 plane trees have been planted on Riverside Drive.

Bingham Suit Set for Feb. 15.

Supreme Court Justice Goff signed an order yesterday fixing Feb. 15 next as the date for the trial of Gen. Theodore A. Bingham's $100,000 suit against Mayor Gaynor for alleged libel in a letter to Mayor McClellan criticizing Gen. Bingham for his action in the celebrated case of the Duffy boy.

TWO SOUND BOATS ON SUNKEN MEADOWS

Freighter New Haven and the Chelsea, with Passengers, Strike in the Mist.

FORMER IS FLOATED LATER

Twenty Women and Ten Men Landed Safely from the Chelsea, Which May Get Off When the Tide Serves.

Two Sound boats, the New Haven of the New England Navigation Company and the Chelsea of the Norwich and New York Propeller Company, went aground last night on the Sunken Meadows just above Hell Gate in the East River.

The New Haven left her berth at Pier 40, North River, at 9:35 o'clock last night, bound for New Bedford, Mass., and struck in the mud off the Sunken Meadows at a little after 10 o'clock, according to a wireless message received by Capt. Nicholson, General Manager of the company, shortly before midnight.

Tugs of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad were at once rushed to her assistance, and the freighter was floated at 1:20 A. M. She anchored amid a fleet of fog-bound boats waiting for clearer weather.

The boat, it was said, was used solely for freight and carried no passengers. It was in charge of Capt. Bibber and a crew of about fifty men. The boat had a capacity of carrying about 120 cars of freight.

The news that the New Haven was aground was picked out of the air of the Bronx last evening by Ernest J. White, an 18-year-old amateur in wireless telegraphy, who has a station on the roof of his home at 1,199 Boston Road.

It reached him a little after 11 o'clock as a message from the operator aboard the luckless vessel, and he lost no time in spreading the news.

The New Haven was built at Chester, Del., in 1907, by the Delaware River Iron Steamboat and Engineering Company. She is of steel construction and is of 1,986 tons.

The steamboat Chelsea, which plies between New Haven and South Brooklyn, was passing Red Light and approaching the Sunken Meadows on her way in at 6:30 last night with thirty passengers, twenty women and ten men, and a general cargo. The boat, which was in charge of Capt. John Wilcox, was going very slowly on account of the mist that hung over the East River, when she suddenly struck.

Capt. Wilcox immediately blew his whistle for assistance, which was promptly answered by John Witzel, who came in his launch, Bronx No. 1, which he had moored off Sunken Meadows. The launch made four trips, conveying the passengers ashore and landing them at the Board of Health dock at the foot of East 132d Street, whence they continued to their destinations by train.

After getting his passengers safely landed Capt. Wilcox sent a message to the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company, and a tug was immediately sent to see if there was any chance of getting the Chelsea off. It was hoped that she might be floated at high water, which is 3:10 A. M. at Hell Gate.

The Chelsea is a screw steamer built at Wilmington, Del., in 1892 for the Norwich and New York Propeller Company. Her dimensions are 140 feet 4 inches length, 34 feet 2 inches beam, 10 feet 8 inches in depth of hold. She is of 416 tons.

ACCUSED OF AIDING REYES.

F. A. Chapa, Member of Staff of the Governor of Texas, Arrested.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Dec. 11.—F. A. Chapa, a member of the staff of Gov. Colquitt of Texas and prominent in San Antonio business circles, was arrested to-night by Federal officials on a charge of, violating the neutrality laws.

The specific charge is that Chapa was in Brownsville this year enlisting men to take part in a revolution in Mexico.

Immediately after his arrest Chapa was released on a five-thousand-dollar bond. He denies that he has been in Brownsville for three years. Chapa was one of Gen. Reyes's bondsmen when Reyes was arrested here last month.

FIFTH AVENUE Kinsey's LINEN STORE

SPECIAL HOLIDAY HOSIERY SALE

KINSEY'S—The shop where Hosiery of the choicest weaves, widest variety, and most exclusive styles, is marked at the lowest reasonable prices.

Men's and Women's Hosiery Specially Boxed for Gifts

Men's Sox
Pure Silk and Lisle—Two tone effect,
Best wearing made.......... 50c pair

Scarf to Match, $1.00 the Set

Men's Pure Silk Sox
with cotton foot—beautiful quality—
Very special.......... $1.00 pair

French Scarf to Match, $2.00 the Set

Women's Stockings
Pure Silk—high lustre
cotton top and foot. VALUE $1.35. Special.......... 95c pair

WM. S. KINSEY & CO.,
240 FIFTH AV. BELOW 28TH STREET.

Meriden Silver for Unhurried Choosing

You will find in the Meriden Store a remarkable array of silver. In fact, thousands of possible gifts are here spread out for your admiration and selection.

Meriden Silver has been the delight of America's families for over half a century. Its popularity increases with the years.

You will be pleased with the comfort and convenience of shopping here. Inspection is invited.

The Meriden Company
Silversmiths
(International Silver Co., Successor)
49-51 West 34th Street, New York
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Truth is good advertising and can be presented without hesitation.

Women Everywhere

who have enjoyed the tempting, delicious purity and excellent quality of

PARK & TILFORD
Chocolates and Bonbons

Declare Them
BEST

and have given them their preference. In consequence the demand for Park & Tilford's Confectionery grows phenomenally.

Sold through our Sales Agents and in Park & Tilford Stores.

Lamberts Answer Two Diamond Questions

Here are answered two questions that every buyer of a Solitaire Diamond Engagement Ring asks himself:

The first question is: "Where shall I buy it?"
At Lamberts, by all means,

for there you can be sure of quality. Not alone for buyers of engagement rings but for buyers of all other kinds of jewelry LAMBERTS WORD IS ENOUGH. If you happen not to be a judge of diamonds, you can place the same reliance on Lamberts statements that tens of thousands of diamond purchasers have since 1877, when this firm began business.

Diamond full of fire, hand-made solid 14-karat gold engagement ring, $25.00.

Fine white diamond engagement ring, direct importation, $50.00.

Engagement ring; diamond of this size and color would commonly cost you far more than our modest price, $75.00.

Engagement ring; diamond of first water; perfectly cut; genuine Lambert value for $100.00.

Diamonds are chosen for us by a member of our firm who is an expert of long experience. Only diamonds of fine color, cut by masters of their art, are chosen for the Lambert stock.

Come in the morning to choose your engagement ring, when the light is best. We should be pleased to show you other diamond jewelry which may interest you, such as Brooches, Bracelets, Pendants, La Vallieres, Ear Drops.

Second Question:
"How much shall I pay for it?"

Buying it at Lamberts, PAY WHAT YOU CAN AFFORD between $10 and $1,500, assured in every case of ECONOMY, since Lamberts buy diamonds in large quantities, for spot cash, import them direct, and put them into hand-made, solid 18 and 14 karat gold and gold and platinum mountings in the Lambert factory.

Do you wonder that Lamberts is a great diamond centre when this diamond is sold for $125.00?

Beautiful diamond engagement ring, in strong, hand-made, solid 14-karat gold mounting, $150.00.

Brilliant diamond for engagement ring, Lambert economy in buying below maker's price, $175.00.

The longer you look at this engagement ring, the more it delights you. In hand-made, solid 14-karat gold mounting, $200.00.

Lamberts Seamless Solid Gold Wedding Rings are in three qualities and in all shapes, widths and styles. Each is made from one piece of gold, partly by hydraulic machinery and partly by hand. All rings are guaranteed and there is no charge for engraving.

14-Karat........$3.30
18-Karat........$4.00
22-Karat........$5.25

14-Karat........$4.40
18-Karat........$5.50
22-Karat........$7.00

14-Karat........$5.50
18-Karat........$6.75
22-Karat........$8.75

14-Karat........$5.60
18-Karat........$8.10
22-Karat........$10.50

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Third Ave., Cor. 58th St.

OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 10 AND EVERY NIGHT TO AND INCLUDING DECEMBER 23

Best & Co.

Hosiery
At Special Prices

Misses' and Women's Hose

Black Silk and Silk Lisle Hose; double garter top, reinforced heels and toes..39c. pair

Black Pure Thread Silk Hose; lisle garter top and soles..........$1.00 quality, 69c. pair

Young Men's and Men's Sox

Black and Colored Pure Silk Sox; reinforced heels and toes..........
75c. pr. quality, 3 pair in box, $1.00 box

Discontinued lines of
Cotton and Lisle Thread Sox
Were 29c. to 50c...17c. & 25c. pair

Fifth Ave. at Thirty-Fifth St.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

In addition to our immense showing of Men's and Boys' thoroughly good Winter Suits and Overcoats—

We've made ample provision of all the smaller articles of dress which are especially inviting as Christmas Gifts.

Gloves—
Reindeer, Cape, Royal Buck, Fur-lined and Full Fur.

Umbrellas—
Plain and Fancy Handles.

Dressing Gowns, Robes and Housecoats.

Neckwear, Handkerchiefs, Silk Hose; Madras, Flannel and Silk Pajamas.

ESTAB. OVER HALF A CENTURY

Literary and Art Sales
WEEKLY ANNOUNCEMENT

This (Tuesday) and Tomorrow (Wednesday) Afternoons.

Americana
Part of the Library of
William H. Samson,
formerly of Rochester, N. Y.

Rare Indian items, State and County Histories, Early Western New York Books, maps and pamphlets and an extraordinary collection of

Anti-Masonic Literature,
with a few additions from the Library of a New York Collector and eighteen rare early

Colored Views of New York City
including the Dutch view on Allard's map, Carwitham view of 1739, colored aquatints of Jukes, Bennett and Havell, "Broadway from Canal to Grand," 1856, never before offered by auction, among other very rare prints.

Thursday Evening, Friday Afternoon and Evening, Dec. 14 and 15.

A Portion of the
Important Library of George W. Peavey
of Minneapolis, Minn., (with additions)

MANY VERY RARE BOOKS

Manuscripts, Early English Literature, Americana, Book Club Publications, Illustrated Books and Fine Bindings; "Ovid" and an illuminated MS. from Grolier's Library; Kilmarnock edition of Burns; "Vanity Fair" in parts; "Martin Chuzzlewit" with two of the original drawings; Dickens's copies of Milton and Bunyan; the First, Second and Fourth Shakespeare Folios; a complete set of the Columbian Magazine; five of the Eliot Indian Tracts, and other rare and extraordinary items.

Sales Begin at 2:30 & 8:15 P. M.

The Anderson Galleries
Madison Avenue at Fortieth Street

NOW ON EXHIBITION.

DIAMONDS

$20
1-2 Carat

To-day and to-morrow no one will be disappointed—we shall sell these ladies' one-half carat diamond rings at $20 each. They look to be narly three-quarter carat diamonds, as they were cut with a wide spread or surface. We guarantee that retail Jewelers cannot match them for less than $30.00. Our agreement to refund your money within one year given with every one. Observe the weights and prices of a few of our special diamond rings now on sale equally as cheap, quality considered.

3 and 7-8 Carats.....$275
3 and 1-4 " 225
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2 and 1-64 " 175
2 and 1-32 " 150
2 and 3-4 " 145
1 and 3-8 " 120
1 and 1-4 " 95
1 and 1-16 " 82
1 and 3-8 " 63

CHARLES A. KEENE
Importer of Diamonds,
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OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS

C ★ G
BRETELLES HYGIENIQUES
CHARLES GUYOT A PARIS
EACH PAIR OF GENUINE GUYOTS BEARS THESE MARKS
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GUYOT SUSPENDERS

(Made in France)
Standard Style (Cotton) 50c.
Full Dress Silk Weaves—$1.00 and More
At all reliable stores.
Mailed direct upon receipt of price—postage paid—if your dealer hasn't them.
Ch. Guyot, 100 5th Ave., N. Y. City.

SHOW CITY WONDERS TO EIGHT GOVERNORS

Western Executives Taken on Auto Spin Around Town, the Mayor Welcoming Them.

HE EXPOUNDS SOME LAW

Tells Them the Referendum and Recall Can't Scare New York and Talks About the Trusts.

The gubernatorial octet from the West, with their party of ex-Governors, business men, press agents, and Col. "Bill" Hanley, the Oregon ranchman who looks so much like the other famous "Bill" that they cheer every time he shows his face in strange company, departed from New York at 1 o'clock this morning, headed homeward via Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, and a few other more or less well-known places. The eight Governors admitted that they had found Gotham a great town, and regretted having only two days to look into its attractions.

The programme arranged for the entertainment of Govs. Norris of Montana, West of Oregon, Hawley of Idaho, Burke of North Dakota, Vessey of South Dakota, Eberhart of Minnesota, Oddie of Nevada, and Carey of Wyoming, yesterday, was one that would have tested the powers of a delegation of pugilists, much less one composed of mere chief executives and other folks from the Northwest. But the Western delegation demonstrated that there was nothing the matter with its staying qualities. All hands bore up manfully to the last good-bye this morning, even facing the prospect that every town and city between here and the Rockies at which they stop will try to outdo New York.

"It's a fine country down here, and you have a most attractive city," said Gov. Carey of Wyoming last night. "But when you come down to rock bottom I must say we've got you beaten a mile and some more out where we come from. Those who come out to look at the country rarely ever come back East again, except to visit your folks now and then."

Their Staying Qualities.

The day for the Governors began early and ended just in time for them and their party to grab their luggage and hurry to Jersey City and the "Governors' Special." All the visitors left a call for 7 o'clock in the morning, and after a quick shave, a cup of coffee, and a hurried glance at the newspaper stories about them, the entire delegation put on long coats, top hats, and reported for duty in the Waldorf lobby.

At 8:30 the committee named by the Merchants' Association and the city officials designated by Mayor Gaynor to see to it that the Westerners had a good time arrived at the hotel. Thirty-five automobiles chugged up about the same time and lined up at the curb in West Thirty-fourth Street. Gov. Dix, accompanied by several members of his staff, all in the full dress uniform of the National Guard, and Adjt. Gen. Verbeck arrived at the hotel about the same time as the committee, and the Governor was promptly initiated as a member of the Governors' fraternity.

A fog so thick that Madison Avenue was completely obscured from view blanketed the city when Police Commissioner Waldo, who was in charge of the arrangements, informed the visitors that all was ready for the start. Fifty mounted policemen galloped to the head of the automobile column, while half a dozen motor cycle policemen went ahead of the mounted men.

The line of parade was up Fifth Avenue to Central Park to the Fifty-ninth Street Plaza entrance, where the mounted police formed a line and saluted as the automobiles sped by. From then on the motor cycle men were the pilots. Policemen sat beside the drivers in the automobiles. Through Central Park and thence across 110th Street to Broadway, to 140th Street, and across to Amsterdam Avenue, to the southern entrance of City College went the automobile column.

In the Great Hall of City College the first part of the day's programme was held. The hall was jammed with students and visitors when the Governors arrived. In the office of President Finley Mayor Gaynor awaited the party. The Mayor was to make the speech welcoming the visitors to the city. The students had a cheer for every Governor, giving the first to Col. "Bill" Hanley.

Col. "Bill" was about the first distinguished person to go to his seat on the stage. He wore a long, flowing frock coat and carried in his hand when he entered one of those big, black sombrero-shaped hats that are called "Tillman headpieces" in South Carolina. The Colonel is a good duplicate of Col. Bryan in appearance, and the very thing the students did when he sauntered in was to mistake him for the "Great Commoner." From all parts of the hall came cheers of "Bryan, Bryan, Bryan, he's all right!" as Col. "Bill" wended his way to the stage.

"My goodness," Col. "Bill" said as he took his seat, "this place must be full of Bryanites."

After the Oregonian, who owns 240,000 acres of land, came the Governors, the committees, the visitors who do not hold public office, and lastly Gov. Dix and Mayor Gaynor, the latter walking with President Finley.

The entrance of Mayor Gaynor was the signal for a demonstration by the students. They cheered him with tigers and rahs and booms for a full minute, and the Mayor seemed to like it.

The Mayor's Speech.

President Finley, Mayor Gaynor, Gov. Dix, and the visiting executives had the seats of honor on the stage. Back of them on elevations where they could be seen by everybody were the ex-Governors, prominent citizens, and Col. "Bill" Hanley.

"I present to you a man who by his courageous sense of duty has made his name known where that of the City of New York is known," President Finley said in introducing Mayor Gaynor. The students were in front and the Governors back of the Mayor. He stood sideways and tried to see both at the same time.

"I hardly know," he said, "whether I am expected to talk to these students or you Governors. Which is it? However, it is all the same to me," and he about faced toward the students, and then he had to stop until the students had delivered another rip-roaring cheer, the last word in which was "Gaynor."

"In the history of the world," the Mayor resumed, "thus far the wise men have always come out of the East, but things are being reversed here this morning, for they have arrived from the West. No doubt all of them went from the East some time or other, and they went west until they reached the utmost limit of Western civilization, and they could not go any further without going into the East again. They are now simply doubling upon their tracks and coming back to us, with all the wisdom of the East in their heads, no doubt.

"Formerly we welcomed people from the West as from the land of the setting sun, the land of the prairie, the land where rolls the Oregon, and in National Conventions I think I have heard it referred to as the land of the whippoorwill, even. But that day has passed and they have found their feet as we have found ours here in the East after a fashion.

"I might more properly represent them as the leaders of thought, the forerunners of political thought in the United States. I might welcome them as from the land of the initiative, referendum, and recall, and of woman suffrage and all that. I would like to ask some of these Governors, who have all these things, how they work, and I would especially like to ask those who have woman suffrage if the women have got away with them yet.

"Here in the East we are viewing these things and are frightened by none of them. We are not afraid of the initiative or the referendum, for we had more questions submitted to the people in this State this year than were ever submitted in any other State in this Union before.

"As for the recall, we make our terms of office here in the East so short that even if you wanted to you would not have time to recall a man. I believe that there is not a Governor in the Eastern States who is elected for more than two years. Think of recalling a fellow like that. I should say we recall him quick enough when his term is up, if he has not done right.

"In the majority of cases it is still safe to leave the discussion of most questions to a deliberative body of our selection. What more do we want? Don't we elect them all? Nevertheless we have no objection to those things which are now being embodied in Constitutions and statutes in the West. In a highly educated community they are not to be feared at all. We have not gone into convulsions here in New York City at all events even over the recall of Judges. I am not entirely able to see why a Judge should not be recalled the same as anybody else, if he does not do right."

Cheering broke out afresh over this declaration and the Mayor had to wait for another salvo of rahs and booms to die away. He next referred to the trust question and the outcry against the high cost of living, and brought a laugh when he said that while the outcry seemed to be general he could not help but notice that everybody was doing his best to get the highest possible price for anything he had to sell.

The Trust Question.

"And as for the combinations which we call trusts," he said, "I have only to say that they are all organized under statutes passed for that purpose here in the East. I believe the West and the South have kept clear of such legislation as that.

"A trust is a combination of all the corporations engaged in one kind of business, like the Sugar Trust, for instance. We declared here in the East, through our courts, that all combinations of corporations were illegal, and they were dissolved. But what happens straightway? The State of New Jersey passed a statute by which corporations could be created to own the stock of any number of other corporations. Of course, when one corporation owns the stock of other corporations it will operate those corporations as a business unit, just like the old trust, and there you have it, legalized by New Jersey. Is the Governor of New Jersey here?

"New York followed suit the next year. The court's decisions were thereby nullified. Pennsylvania and Ohio did likewise, and so through the East and the Middle West, so that all of these combinations that we call trusts are all in the strictest conformity with the statutes of our States. We profess to be very much against them here in New York. We say they have raised prices. Well, have they raised prices? That is something worth considering. Are the high prices on the articles coming out of these combinations or are they on those articles coming right from the farm, where there are no trusts at all?

"But we recognize them, and, if we are sincere that they are doing evil, why on earth did not the Legislature of New Jersey last session repeal the law which enables one corporation to exploit any number of other corporations by holding their stock?

"Why did not New York do it? No wonder the West and the South are laughing at us. Why, when they passed this holding company law they also passed a most flaming anti-trust law, abounding with adjectives from start to finish. Nobody ever did anything by using adjectives, so far as I know. I hope President Finley and the Faculty will tell you young men, every day, not to use adjectives as long as you live, and then everybody will know what you are talking about when you say anything."

The Mayor then turned to the Governors and welcomed them to the city, and with a word of praise for City College said he did not wish to encourage the Governors to go away thinking the students all went out of college of the same mind.

Gov. Oddie, the tall, ruddy-faced, bald-headed, and genial Governor of Nevada, made the first response. He made himself popular right off by calling attention to the fact that he was born in New York City and that he has been away only twelve years. He told of the opportunities of Nevada, and invited the entire student body to emigrate out there and grow up with the country, but that if they did come he warned them to be prepared to work in overalls and eat "mulligan."

"A mulligan," he said, "is the last meal in camp when you are sixty or more miles from the nearest town. When there is not enough of anything to make even half a meal, why then everything that is left is dumped into the pot and cooked, and the outcome is what we in Navada call a mulligan. One of my first experiences in Nevada was grief over the loss of a mulligan, which, when our backs were turned, was eaten by an old gray mare."

Gov. Norris of Mantana came next, and painted Montana as the land of unlimited opportunities, and he, too, asked everybody to come out there and to bring their wives with them. He said he wondered why the Governor of Nevada had failed to extend an invitation to the wives. Gov. Carey of Wyoming, the dean of the Governors on tour, followed Gov. Norris.

"I am told," he said, "that there are so many Democrats on this island that the island is kept in disgrace before the rest of the country. Come West with good habits and clean hands, tell the truth and be honest, and success awaits you."

Plea for Woman Suffrage.

Gov. Carey believes in woman suffrage, and he made an eloquent plea for votes for women.

"Do you think it right," he said, "that the widow of Edward Harriman can't vote, while her man of all work can? Is it right that Phoebe Hearst is denied the ballot, while the man who grooms her horse is permitted to exercise that privilege? We have tried it in Wyoming, and it is a success. I urge you young men to work for women suffrage because it is right."

Gov. Carey's speech ended the exercises in City College, and a visit to Grant's Tomb followed. From the tomb the Governors went to Claremont Inn, where they were the guests of the Merchants' Association at luncheon. Henry R. Towne presided.

Gov. Dix welcomed the Governors in the name of the State, and Gov. Vessey of South Dakota, who made the first response, said that the reception accorded to his colleagues and himself in New York would always be remembered as one of the warmest of any they met on their long trip through the East. He added that none would object to "a recall" by their friends in New York.

Gov. Burke of North Dakota was the last speaker.

"We came here with fear and trembling," said he, "and go away with hearts overflowing with gratitude to you for so many kindnesses."

He told what a great State North Dakota is and said that it needed only men and capital. It is sure to get the men, he added, and he had every reason to believe that it would get the capital.

"Oh, that I had time," the black-haired Governor said, waving his arms, "for then I would let loose an aeroplane of oratory and with a swing of the arms I would sweep back the clouds and let the sunshine of eloquence envelop you. We want you to help us get good people. We have the State where they can make money and men will go wherever money is to be made. They will go down into the bowels of the earth for it, 'they will march into the jaws of hell for it,' they will even go to Canada for it. So we want you to give us your help and send the people to North Dakota and keep them out of hell and Canada."

A trip down the river on the Department of Correction steamer Correction followed. An exhibition was given by the fireboats and then the Governors came back to their hotel and dressed for the dinner at the Union League Club, given in their honor last night by Col. John A. Sleicher.

In addition to the eight Western Executives, Col. Sleicher's guests included Gov. Dix and ex-Govs. Frank S. Black and Benjamin B. Odell of this State, ex-Gov. Sarles of North Dakota, and ex-Gov. Brady of Idaho. Others present were the members of the visiting Governors' party, President A. B. Hepburn of the Chamber of Commerce, Howard Elliott, President of the Northern Pacific Railroad; ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew, James Speyer, Emil L. Boas, Rollo Ogden, Henry Stoddard, Don C. Seitz, Bradford Merrill, Louis Stern, E. H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation; Samuel Untermyer, Victor Lawson, George W. Perkins, Frank Noyes, and Frank A. Munsey. The speakers were Col. Sleicher, Mr. Hepburn, ex-Gov. Black, Govs. Eberhart, West, and Oddie, and Mr. Elliott.

In his speech Gov. Eberhart paid his respects to Wall Street. He said he had preached there yesterday.

"I had an audience of about 5,000," the Minnesota Governor said, "and they ranged all the way from bankers to newsboys. Wall Street is very narrow—so narrow, in fact, that I imagine two railroad Presidents or two bankers cannot pass each other without effecting a merger."

The Governor told of the plan contemplated in Minnesota for the relief of the families of men in State Prison. He said a census was being made, and that the Legislature would be asked to make an appropriation to aid them while the breadwinner is in prison. Under the present system he said that the imprisonment of the head of the family threw the children into the streets and made criminals of many of them who, with proper supervision, could be saved to society.

Immediately after the dinner the Westerners went to Jersey City, where they boarded their special train and started for Harrisburg.

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Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.—Adv.

MORTON GIVES UP FIFTH AVENUE HOME

Driven Out by Encroachment of Business, He Puts House on the Market at $800,000.

LEASES $20,000 APARTMENT

First Break in Block Which Includes the Homes of Cornelius Vanderbilt and Samuel Untermyer.

Business encroachments have driven ex-Gov. Levi P. Morton out of his Fifth Avenue home. The large residence at 681 Fifth Avenue, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Streets, has been placed in the market with no restrictions, the asking price being $800,000. Mr. and Mrs. Morton will hereafter be included among the ever-increasing number of apartment house dwellers. Their home will be in the new twelve-story apartment house at 998 Fifth Avenue, on the northeast corner of Eighty-first Street.

Through Pease & Elliman, as brokers, Mr. Morton yesterday took a long lease of the entire fourth floor, containing twenty-four rooms and six baths. He will pay $20,000 a year for the suite, the rentals in this Fifth Avenue apartment ranging from $14,000 to $25,000. Among his apartment house neighbors will be Senator Elihu Root, who has one of the largest duplex suites in the building; Murry Guggenheim, Robert E. Tod, Col. W. H. Searing, formerly Mayor of Newport, and Thomas A. James of Baltimore.

Mr. Morton has occupied his residence at 681 Fifth Avenue for about seventeen years. He bought it through the Century Holding Company. The building which originally stood on the site of the Morton residence was famous as Dodsworth's Dancing Academy and was the scene of many fashionable functions a quarter of a century ago. Mr. Morton tore the old structure down and built his large house, which covers a frontage of 42 feet, taking in Nos. 679 and 681. It has a depth of 125 feet and controls an alleyway entrance to Fifty-fourth Street, an advantage which makes the plot particularly valuable for business, as the little alley will give a freight and trade entrance to any large commercial structure which may be erected on the Morton property.

Mr. Morton, it was understood through Pease & Elliman, who have the house for sale, is willing to make a long lease for business improvement at the rate of about $40,000 a year. While no offers of a commercial nature have yet been made for the plot, the general impression is that it will not long remain vacant, in view of the rapid invasion of trade in that section of Fifth Avenue.

Mr. Morton's decision to abandon his old-time residence is the first break that has been made, due to advancing business interests, in that block. Adjoining the Morton house to the south, at No. 677, is the residence of Cornelius Vanderbilt. Samuel Untermyer lives in the next house below, No. 675, while at No. 673, on the Fifty-third Street corner, is the residence of James T. Pyle. Adjoining Mr. Morton's home on the north, at No. 683, is the Criterion Club, and on the Fifty-fourth Street corner is the home of Charles H. Harkness. The west side of the block contains only three buildings, St. Thomas's Church on the Fifty-third Street corner, with Mrs. H. McK. Twombly's house on the Fifty-fourth Street corner and the Dr. Seward Webb house between.

On the block below, which contains the residence of William K. Vanderbilt on the Fifty-second Street corner, and that of W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., adjoining, in the middle of the block, trade has taken the old Gallatin house on the Fifty-third Street corner for business, being the showrooms of the Brewster carriage factory. The east side of this block, being now improved with business lofts, played an important part in the effort by the Vanderbilts and the Sloanes to preserve the residential character of the avenue. They bought the Fifty-second Street corner several years ago, once the site of the Langham Hotel, to prevent the erection of a big apartment house, and placed restrictions upon it for private homes. The late E. H. Harriman bought the corner for a residence, but later chose a site further up the avenue. A little over a year ago the owners gave up the fight against trade. The restrictions were removed and operators quickly bought the property for business development. Edward Holbrook, President of the Gorham Company, who owned the Fifty-third Street corner, then tore down the four old dwellings there, including the old Schieffelin residence, which he lately acquired, and he is putting up on that corner a tall business structure. This block of buildings is directly opposite the W. K. Vanderbilt houses.

On the block to the north of the Morton house is William Rockefeller's large residence, on the northeast corner of Fifty-fourth Street. When the St. Regis Hotel was about to be erected Mr. Rockefeller did all he could to block it, and succeeded in preventing the purchase of a Fifty-fourth Street plot for a trade entrance by buying the three houses at 3, 5, and 7 East Fifty-fourth Street.

Harry Payne Whitney offered last Summer to lease the old Whitney mansion on the Fifty-seventh Street corner for "a genteel business," and had a sign advertising the fact placed on the house. It was not regarded with favor by many of the residents, and after a few weeks the sign was removed. Mr. Whitney, it was understood, offered to lease the house for a private residence at about one-third the price he desired for business, but even with this concession no tenant was found.

HEAVY LOSS IN SUGAR CROP.

New Orleans Millers Estimate It as High as $8,500,000.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 11.—The loss to the sugar crop of Louisiana due to the freeze and the following warm weather of the past few days was estimated Monday by J. M. Burguierres of the J. M. Burguierres Company, Limited, and a coterie of exprts to have reached 25 per cent., which means a loss in round figures of $8,500,000.

In the upper part of the sugar belt more than 25 per cent. of the crop has been lost. The loss in the southern part was 20 per cent. If the warm weather continues the loss will be still greater.

From several of the mills reports were received that cane was being rejected because of its being unfit for use. From New Iberia a special dispatch said that a large mill had rejected more than twenty-seven cars. This was verified at the offices of the Burguierres Company, Limited, controlling the mill.

"I returned this morning," said Mr. Burguierres, "from a trip through the New Iberia and the St. Mary's Parish districts. From the conditions, as I found them, I should say that there is now no doubt that one-fourth of the expected crop has been lost.

"In trying to save their cane some of the planters are shipping sour cane, impossible for milling, with good cane, and thus are losing the whole shipment. In order to save all the cane that may be saved, they will be compelled to guard carefully against the presence of spoiled cane in their shipments."

NEW HOME FOR THE BLIND.

President Taft Will Be Here on Dec. 20 to Lay the Cornerstone.

President Taft and a blind woman, Miss Grace Keator, who is President of the Blind Women's Club of this city, will together lay the cornerstone of the new lighthouse for the blind in East Fifty-ninth Street on Wednesday, Dec. 20. The ceremony, which will take place at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, will mark the beginning of actual construction on a building unlike any institution in the world—a settlement house exclusively for blind people.

In addition to Mr. Taft Gov. Dix has promised to be present and will be one of the speakers. Dr. John H. Finley, President of the College of the City of New York, who is also President of the New York Association for the Blind, and W. I. Scandlin, the blind President of the Blind Men's Self-Improvement Club of New York, will be the other speakers. Joseph H. Choate, who is a member of the association's Advisory Board, will preside.

PLAN MISSIONARY WORK.

Episcopal Laymen to Give More Attention to It.

Nearly one hundred men, representing more than fifty parishes, met at the home of Bishop Greer last night to discuss the best method of carrying out the provisions of a resolution passed at the last Diocesan Convention for the naming of a Laymen's Missionary Committee in every one of the 240 parishes in the Diocese. Among those present were Supreme Court Justice Davis, representing Trinity; William E. Curtis of St. George's, Charles D. Stickney of Grace, and Stephen Baker and E. H. Outerbridge of St. James's.

The purpose is to stimulate missionary interest among the laymen, many of whom help the missionary cause simply because it is a law of the Church. The diocese over which Bishop Greer has control extends from Poughkeepsie to and including Staten Island, and above the New Jersey line on the west it takes in the counties of Sullivan and Orange.

At the close of the fiscal year on Dec. 1 the Diocese faced a deficit of $172,000, which will lap over into the current year. The total income for the year 1910-1911 was $1,107,971.41. The parishes are asked to increase the amount this year to $1,419,710, an increase of $311,738.59.

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TO BUILD A HORSE HOSPITAL.

Women's League for Animals Announces Its Plans.

Plans for a hospital for horses and other animals are being drawn, and the work of construction is scheduled to begin early in the coming year, according to the announcement of the New York Women's League for Animals. The hospital is to be modeled after the leading institutions of its kind in Europe, having an ambulance system and a complete equipment.

The plan of the hospital for animals, according to Mrs. James Speyer, who made a trip to Europe last Spring to gather ideas for the institution, has as its real objective the helping of the poor, who are the chief sufferers through the sickness of their horses, in many cases the breadwinners of the family. However, the cats and dogs will not be forgotten.

Some of those who have been actively at work for the hospital are Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt, Mrs. Frederick W. Whitridge, Mrs. Archer M. Huntington, Mrs. James Speyer, Miss E. Mabel Clark, and Mrs. Cadwalader Jones.

Daughters of Indiana Elect Officers.

The Daughters of Indiana held their annual election yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Astor. The following officers were elected: President, Miss Mary Garrett Hay; First Vice President, Mrs. F. E. Brewer; Second Vice President, Miss Susan M. Ketcham; Third Vice President, Miss Ruby Rees; Fourth Vice President, Mrs. J. Franklin Elder; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Joseph Froggatt; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. S. D. Spellman; Treasurer, Mrs. Newell H. Stewart; Auditor, Mrs. William H. Drapier, Jr.; Historian, Miss Laura A. Smith, and Executive Committee, Mrs. Austin W. Morris, Mrs. Constantine Riegger, Mrs. George A. Wyeth, and Mrs. Edwin C. Martin.

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from Keyport, N. J., will lie at her berth, foot Gansevoort Street, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily for the benefit of shippers and purchasers of the same.

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TAFT BOARD URGES RAILROAD PUBLICITY

Federal Incorporation Act and Publication of Facts About Securities Recommended.

OPPOSE HOLDING COMPANIES

Stock and Bond Commission Favors Elimination of "Par Value" from Stocks—Roads Profits Discussed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 11.—The Stock and Bond Commission appointed by President Taft under authority of the Railroad act of 1910, has completed its investigation into the general subject of Federal control of railroad securities, and to-day the President sent their report to Congress. The report, which is unanimous, is signed by Arthur T. Hadley, President Emeritus of Yale, Chairman; Frederick N. Judson, Frederick Strauss, Walter L. Fisher, now Secretary of the Interior, and Balthasar H. Meyer. The President in a brief note of transmission heartily indorses the recommendations of the commission.

These recommendations are mostly of a negative sort, and will be used to the utmost by the conservative element in Congress in their effort to head off radical legislation this session. The most advanced recommendation contained in the report is the mild urging that "careful consideration should be given by Congress to the preparation of a permissive Federal Incorporation act for railroads engaged in inter-State commerce."

What the commission stresses most is the need for the compulsory publication of all facts relating to railroad securities—both new issues and old—especially those that bear on the real values behind the securities. With this information public, the commission believes that market values will be adjusted by the intelligence of purchasers, with some control by particular States, and that water will not creep into stocks. As a part of this publicity scsheme the commission recommends that the Inter-State Commerce Commission be given power and adequate machinery to make a physical valuation of a road when the importance of the questions at issue require it, as cost of reproduction is held by the commission to be a "fundamental, though not necessarily a controlling, element in value."

The report returns again and again to publicity as the best cure in sight for most of the evils existing, or alleged to exist, in the railroad world. It would restore confidence in railroad securities and prevent inflation. It would pave the way for further legislation by Congress should future conditions more clearly call than they do now for Federal control of an intensive sort. The concluding paragraph of the report is as follows:

"Upon the whole, your commission believes that accurate knowledge of the facts concerning the issue of securities and the expenditure of their proceeds is the matter of most importance. It is the one thing on which the Federal Government can effectively insist to-day; it is the fundamental thing which must serve as a basis for whatever additional regulation may be desirable in the future."

The commission severely condemns the practice of "intercorporate ownership of railroad stock or the control of many railroads by one holding corporation." But even on this point the commission points out that a flat prohibition against such holding might result in a great disturbance of business and suggests rather prevention for the future than correction of existing evils. It also seems to favor the provision knocked out of the Railroad act of 1910 requiring a road owning more than a majority of the stock of another to purchase the minority stock also, so as to prevent hardship to the minority stock owners.

All the familiar arguments of the Progressives against watered stocks and bonds, used as a basis for further legislation, are repudiated by the commission. It expressly declares against forcing stock to issue only at par. It declares against the Government control of security issues, on the ground that the constitutional sanction for such an invasion of State's rights is still uncertain, and it argues that no limit to railroad profits should be set. It does suggest that where stock is issued below par the corporation should be required to amortize the discount, and in somewhat the same way it argues that no prohibition should be laid against a road accumulating a surplus. Such a surplus, says the commission, will in times of stress save the road from borrowing or issuing bonds.

The report suggests eliminating all "par value" from stocks. The commission's idea is to have stock merely a certificate of participation in the property and profits of the company, like the Great Northern Ore certificates. Many of the false impressions now current on the subject of railroad finance are due to confusing the nature of stocks and bonds, says the report. If stock was issued without par value but simply on market price, the country would quickly recover from the idea that they are a claim against the company and that the mere issue of a large quantity of stock entitles a road to high enough rates to make good with dividends to stockholders.

The impression that not nearly so much capital will be needed in the future for railroad development as has been spent in the past, is flatly contradicted. The railroads in England, owing to their intensive development and permanent improvements, are capitalized at about $265,000 a mile, and a similar development must be looked for in this country as the population increases.

A similarly erroneous impression, says the commission, is that the railroads in this country are making enormous profits. As a matter of fact, it says, interest on bonds and dividends on stocks, on a par valuation, average about 4½ per cent. each. National banks, without attracting any condemnation are making an average of 6½ per cent. The suggestion that Government control would obviate the charge upon the community of the tolls collected by promoters who contribute nothing to the roads they finance, is ridiculed. Either as constructors or as financiers of new projects the promoters perform a useful service, says the commission, if they perform it honestly.

WANTS EARLY RATE HEARING.

Lehmann Asks Supreme Court to Advance Transcontinental Case.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—A final decree was entered by the Commerce Court to-day, making permanent the temporary injunction heretofore granted to restrain the Inter-State Commerce Commission from enforcing its order for material reductions in the transcontinental rate cases. This action was more or less formal, as the Government already has appealed the case to the Supreme Court.

Solicitor General Lehmann to-day asked the Supreme Court to advance the case for early hearing. It involves the constitutionality of the long and short haul clause of the Railroad act of 1910.

SAVE SOUTH $500,000 YEARLY

Withdrawal of Increased Rates on Railroads a Boon to Merchants.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., Dec. 11.—Practically every article of commerce handled in the South will be affected by the withdrawal of the increased rates which the railroads had proposed in the tariffs of November, 1910.

It is estimated that $500,000 will be saved annually to merchants of the South. The savings range from 1 cent on soaps, glucose, &c., to 35 cents on rails.

Emperor Honors Dr. Kunz.

Dr. George F. Kunz, the gem expert, was notified yesterday that the Emperor of Japan had conferred the decoration of the Order of Rising Sun, Officers' Class, on him. The decoration was bestowed for work in minerology, jade, and assistance to the Japanese mining industry.

CAN'T INTERVENE IN TOBACCO SUIT

Supreme Court Denies Petition of New York Independents to Review Dissolution Case.

CONGRESS THEIR ONLY HOPE

Senator Cummins Ready to Introduce a Bill Granting Them the Right of Appeal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day denied the petition of the Leaf Tobacco Board of Trade of New York to intervene in the suit that resulted in the decree of the District Court of the Southern District of New York dissolving the Tobacco Trust. Last Monday Felix H. Levy, counsel for the Board of Trade, filed a petition for various writs the effect of which, if granted, would have been to permit an appeal by the independent tobacco people from the lower court's decree. This would have brought the decree at once up for review in the Supreme Court to see whether it conforms to the mandate directing the dissolution.

The opinion here is that the Supreme Court's action to-day ends all chance, for the present at least, of staying the lower court's decree and getting a more drastic dissolution. The Supreme Court may on its own motion review the decree issued by the District Court on its order, but such a course is not expected. Mr. Levy presented his petition—which was scarcely more than a petition to petition—simply by courtesy of the court, and that is where the matter rests.

Apparently the only hope of the independents now lies in action by Congress—a course the legislative branch of the Government has rarely followed in cases already in court. The progressives, however, are willing to make a move in that direction, and Senator Cummins to-day announced that he would introduce a bill giving the independents a right of appeal to the Supreme Court. He will speak to his bill on Wednesday. While it is known that there is some support for a measure of this sort, the opinion of the regular leaders is that the courts will be allowed to pursue their own way undisturbed.

When the Tobacco Trust filed with the District Court its plan for dissolution, the independents at once denounced the plan as a mere "change of clothes," but without a corresponding change in ownership or management. Through Louis D. Brandeis of Boston and Mr. Levy they sought to intervene and become parties to the suit in the District Court, but though they were allowed to file briefs and did so, they gained no official standing and had no right of appeal.

That right rested solely with the Government, the trust itself, or with the Richardson Company, an unwilling subsidiary of the trust which had long been fighting to escape. To prevent an appeal being taken by the Richardsons the trust settled with them in full and they were allowed to withdraw from the suit. The Attorney General made answer to the trust's plan, objecting to certain items and suggesting certain additions. Some of the Attorney General's suggestions were accepted by the court, but the final decree was in the nature of a confirmation of the trust's plan.

The independents then brought the war to Washington. A long series of conferences were held at the Department of Justice, and the independents hoped for a time that the Government would appeal to the Supreme Court. In the end, however, Mr. Wickersham decided that with substantial victory on his side he would let the matter rest. He therefore announced his intention not to appeal, and Mr. Levy appeared in person before the Supreme Court.

SCHWAB WANTS TRUST RATE.

Threatens to Build a Rival Railroad, Says Witness at Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Independent steel manufacturers to-day aired before the House Committee investigating the Steel Trust complaints that the freight rates charged by railroads owned by the United States Steel Corporation discriminated in favor of that concern.

F. C. Baird, Freight Traffic Manager of the Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad, and George D. Dixon, Freight Traffic Manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad, were witnesses. Mr. Dixon said that Charles M. Schwab, President of the Bethlehem Steel Company, had complained against discriminatory rates and had threatened to build a terminal railroad to overcome shipping disadvantages. Mr. Baird testified that in the Pittsburgh district the rates were fixed in conference.

Mr. Dixon said the Cambria Steel Company, the Bethlehem Company, and others had complained of the division of the freight rates in the district.

"Mr. Schwab of the Bethlehem Company," said Mr. Dixon, "was formerly President of the United States Steel Corporation, and knows all about how these rates are made. He wants the same thing for Bethlehem."

Representative Beall asked Mr. Dixon about changes made in the rates by agreements, and the witness said that to get business they were forced to meet competitive rates.

Figures were submitted from the Inter-State Commerce Commission showing that the Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad capitalized at $500,000 with an operating revenue of $7,800,000 and a net income of $1,600,000, declared an annual dividend of 334 per cent. on its capital stock.

Mr. Baird explained that this railroad, only 8½ miles long, operated under a lease the Pittsburgh, Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad, a little more than 200 miles in length. The Bessemer & Lake Erie Road received 26 cents a ton out of a total charge of 96 cents a ton on ore from Conneaut to Pittsburgh. The 26 cents covered the haul for 8½ miles only of the total of 214 miles.

SHOOTS POLICEMAN IN HEART

Huckster Said He Would Kill the Next Man Who Came for Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Dec. 11.—Policeman Charles F. Lippincott was shot and instantly killed by Charles Clayton, a huckster, near the latter's home in Prospect Avenue shortly before midnight last night. Lippincott and Policeman Miller, a negro, had been sent to Clayton's home to protect the man's wife, who had complained to Sergt. Longstreet that her life was in danger.

Clayton ran out of the house as the policemen arrived. Lippincott called upon him to stop. The huckster turned about and threw his left hand above his head in an attitude of surrender. In the dimly lighted street Lippincott did not see a revolver in Clayton's right hand, held close to his body. Clayton sent a bullet into the policeman's heart as he stood with his hand on his prisoner's shoulder.

Miller pushed his comrade aside as he was falling and closed in on Clayton. Clayton pointed his weapon at Miller. The hammer went down on an exploded shell, and in the struggle Miller broke the revolver before Clayton could fire again. Clayton made a signed confession to Chief of Police Smith. The huckster had threatened to shoot the next policeman that came for him.

Lippincott was 36 years old. He had just won his first service stripes last June. He was President of the local Patrolmen's Benevolent Association. Friends of the dead policeman surrounded the jail this morning, but were orderly. Fearing a demonstration, Chief Smith led Clayton from jail through an alley and into a store where he was quickly bundled into Councilman Rugarber's automobile and hurried to Freehold.

BLACKMAILER'S BOMB FOR A BLACKSMITH

Louis Blumenthal's Flat Wrecked After He Refused a Demand for $500.

EXPRESSMAN IS ACCUSED

East Side Tenement Inmates Thrown Into a Panic—Victim Sees His Assailant in the Crowd.

A burly, dark-visaged man, whom Louis Blumenthal, a blacksmith at 65 Rutgers Street, had never seen before, walked into Blumenthal's shop on Saturday afternoon, just as the blacksmith, having dismissed his help, was preparing to close for the night.

"I want $500," said the stranger. "If I don't have it, I'll blow up you and all your family with dynamite."

Blumenthal, who is himself no weakling and whose muscles have been trained at a forge, told the burly intruder to get out of the shop.

"You'll be sorry. Better think it over," the latter called back over his shoulder, as he walked out of the shop.

The man's threat made Blumenthal angry, but he wasn't at all frightened, for although bomb explosions are frequent in the Italian quarter, they are extremely rare among the Jewish population of the east side. Blumenthal, as he himself said yesterday, had never heard of a bomb being set off in a Jewish tenement.

After the man left Blumenthal shut up his shop and went back to his home on the fifth floor of 202 Henry Street, where he lives with his wife, his sister, Minnie, and three boarders, Abraham Levy, Joseph Rosefsky, and Fannie Bowerschmidt. He didn't tell them anything about the threat, not wishing to frighten them. He felt especially secure when Saturday night passed without any violence being attempted against him. On Sunday, while walking home, he says, he saw a man, who looked like the blackmailer, loafing outside the wineshop on the Jefferson Street corner, just west of where his home is. But it was only the flash of a dark face and of a thick-set pair of shoulders, and was quickly lost in the swarming east side crowd.

At about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, however, the blacksmith, his wife, his sister, and his three boarders were awakened from sleep when all the doors of their bedrooms, which are ranged along a long and narrow corridor of the flat, flew from their hinges and fell over on the sleepers' beds. The narrow corridor and rooms were filled with smoke and flame. All the plaster of the walls and ceilings came tumbling down, and most of the windows of the little apartment were blown out.

Carrying Miss Bowerschmidt and Mrs. Blumenthal, who had both fainted with terror, the other members of the blacksmith's household made their way in their night clothes to the street. All cut their feet on the glass of the stairway windows, which had been shattered. The families of Abraham Horansky and Samuel Bigatsky, who live on the same floor and whose doors and walls were likewise broken, also tumbled out, as did all the other seventeen families in the six-story tenement.

The tenement in which the explosion occurred is immediately behind the Madison Street Police Station, and a number of policemen, including Detective P. J. Murphy, ran around to see what the trouble was. They found all the hundred tenants of the tenement wandering around the street, surrounded by a rapidly increasing crowd of excited folk from the other tenements. While Sam Berthill went from floor to floor of the torn and smoke-filled tenement, lighting the lights, so that the extent of the damage could be discovered, Detective Murphy saw Blumenthal dive in the crowd, shouting:

"There's the man who made all the trouble!"

The man escaped, but the detective got a good description of him, and after five hours' search arrested Charles Vitosky, an expressman of 312 Henry Street. Blumenthal identified Vitosky as the man who had tried to get $500 from him last Saturday. Vitosky was arraigned in the Essex Market Court, where he was charged with having tried to extort money from Blumenthal. He denied that he had either tried to extort money from Blumenthal or that he had caused the explosion in the tenement. He was released on $1,000 bail for examination later in the week.

Most of the plaster and windows of the tenement were broken by the explosion, and the repairs will cost about $500. The police do not know what sort of explosive was used. But they say it was not dynamite, because, although it was evidently placed right in front of Blumenthal's door, on the fifth floor of the tenement, it did not injure the floor, the force of the explosion going upward instead of downward.

What interests the Madison Street police most about the explosion is that, according to their statements yesterday, it is the first time in their knowledge that Jewish blackmailers of the east side have ever used explosives as a means of intimidation.

SIFT SCHEFTELS'S ADVICES.

Telegrams to Buy Ely Copper Scrutinized by Government Counsel.

Advice from the Scheftels firm to its customers to buy Ely Central Copper stock, as contained in telegrams sent to them, took up a good deal of time at yesterday's trial of the charges of using the mails to defraud in the United States Circuit Court before Judge Ray against B. H. Scheftels, George Graham Rice, and other members of the Scheftels firm. It is the contention of the Government that the firm was buying the Ely Central stock from the organizers of the company at a low rate and were working up a boom in it that had no relation to the legitimate public demand.

Richard Lynch, traveling auditor of the firm, was on the stand to identify the telegrams, some of which advised the receiver to buy Ely Central Copper at the market price and saying it was going to $10 a share and was a "killing," and that the firm had "inside information" as to its sure rise. In many cases customers followed the advice of the telegram and sent in an order. At no time, the Government brought out, did the stock rise above $1.35.

The private code of the house was identified by Rudolph Guekow of Salt Lake City, a stepson of Rice, who had been employed in the Boston office.

The case will go on to-day.

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W. F. Irish Electric Co.	60 Cortlandt St
E. B. Latham & Co.	Broadway and Murray St
Chas. W. Leveridge	183 Greenwich St
Lowe Electric Co.	54 Vesey St
Manhattan Electric Supply Co.	17 Park Pl
Manhattan Electric Supply Co.	14 Murray St
Manhattan Electric Supply Co.	110 W. 42d St
Manhattan Electric Supply Co.	37 W. 125th St
W. R. Ostrander	22 Dey St
Royal-Eastern Electric Supply Co.	114 W. 27th St
Royal-Eastern Electric Supply Co.	506 Willis Ave
Sibley & Pitman	26 Warren St
Storage Battery Supply Co.	239 E. 27th St
Western Electric Co.	463 West St

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American Electric Heater Co.—Western Electric Co., Agents	17 Murray St
Cadillac Electric Mfg. Co.—Independent Electric Supply Co., Agents	59 Warren St
Cutler-Hammer Co	Times Bldg
Excel Electric Heating Co.—Lowe Electric Co., Agents	54 Vesey St
General Electric Co.—Sibley & Pitman, Agents	26 Warren St
Hughes Electric Heating Co	1161 Broadway
Miller Elec. Co.—Arthur Organ, Agent	114 Liberty St
Pac. Elec. Htg. Co.—C. D. Wood, Agent	136 Liberty St
Pelouze Electric Heater Co.—E. L. Crans, Agent	30 E. 20th St
Phelps Mfg. Co.—S. R. Schwartz, Agent	84 Walker St
Quartzalite Co. (Heater)—Arthur Organ, Agent	114 Liberty St
Reimers Mfg. Co. (Flat Irons)	18 Reade St
Simplex Electric Heating Co.—Roger Williams, Agent	25 West 42d St
Sykes Mfg. Co. (Fireless Cooker)	Cincinnati, Ohio
Vulcan Elec. Htg. Co.—Rex Sales Co., Agts.	90 West St
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co	165 Broadway

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Jefferson Glass Co	105 W. 40th St
H. W. Johns-Manville Co	100 William St
W. G. McFadden & Co	38 Warren St
Macbeth-Evans Glass Co	19 W. 30th St
The Opalux Co	280 Broadway
Phoenix Glass Co	15 Murray St
Salo Mfg. Co.—E. P. Gleason, Agt.	36 Murray St
Henry Siegel	176 Centre St
Sibley & Pitman	26 Warren St
Straight Filament Lamp Co.—Electric Specialties Co., Agents	38 E. 23d St
Travolite Specialty Co	107 Chambers St
Tungstolier Co	27 E. 21st St
Unique Art Glass & Metal Co	36 W. 28th St
Weintraub Brass Mfg. Co	27 Bleecker St
Western Electric Co.—(Badger Portable)	17 Murray St
O. C. White Co	19 Park Pl
Williams Adjustable Lamp Co	32 Union Sq
L. A. Williamson Co.—(Flexilyte)	258 Broadway

Sewing Machines and Buffing Motors

The Bissell Motor Co.	508 St. Clair Bldg., Toledo, Ohio
Diehl Manufacturing Co	90 Prince St
Durbrow & Hearne Mfg. Co	12 Wooster St
General Electric Co	50 Church St
W. Greene Co. (Buffing Motor)	81 Nassau St
Singer Sewing Machine Co	149 Broadway
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co	165 Broadway

Electric Washing Machines and Laundry Equipment

Dietz Manufacturing Co.—The Brander Co., Agents	50 Church St
Dryer Manufacturing Co	124 Lexington Ave
Hurley Machine Co	949 Broadway
Rex Mfg. Co., (King Elec. Washer)	Johnstown, Pa
Western Electric Co. (Jewel)	17 Murray St

Vibrators and Hair Dryers

James Barker, Inc	121 Lafayette St
Birtman Electric Co.—E. A. Wilhelmi, Agent	71-73 Murray St
Eureka Vibrator Co	1269 Broadway
Halliwell Co. (Hair Dryer)	64 E. 12th St
Manhattan Electric Supply Co	110 W. 42d St
Shelton Manufacturing Co	13 W. 42d St

Vacuum Cleaners

Backus Co	172 Penna. Ave., Newark, N. J.
Duntley Manufacturing Co	202 5th Ave
Eureka Vacuum Cleaner Co	59 Warren St
Electric Cleaner Co. (Invincible)	1 W. 41st St
Federal Electric Co	229 W. 42d St
Monarch Vacuum Cleaner Co	1151 Broadway
Regina Co	Marbridge Bldg., 47 W. 34th St
Richmond Sales Co	103 Park Ave
Rosenfield Mfg. Co. (Magic)	587 Hudson St
B. F. Sturtevant Co	50 Church St
Vacuna Co.—Vacuna Sales Co., Agts.	30 Church St

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Baker Vehicle Co	1798 Broadway
S. R. Bailey & Co	237 W. 58th St
Healey Co	1654 Broadway
Hupp-Yeats Electric Car Co	1989 Broadway
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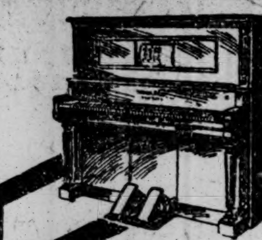

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COMEDY WITH MUSIC, BUT MINUS VOICES

"Betsy" Is a New Version of Kellet Chambers's Play, "An American Widow."

THE RESULT IS TEDIOUS

Miss Grace La Rue, the Star, Shows No Especial Qualifications—Robert Dempster in a Singing Role.

BETSY, a comedy, with music, in three acts. Book by H. Kellett Chambers. Lyrics by Will B. Johnstone. Music by Alexander Johnstone. Herald Square Theatre.

Frederick	Donald Buchanan
Agnes	Myrtle Jersey
Gloria Stebbins	Lucie Carter
Pitney Killigrew	Worthington L. Romaine
Teddy Bacon	Hassard Short
Jasper Mallory	Robert Dempster
Augustus Tutwiler	George W. Callahan
Mrs. Elizabeth Killigrew	Grace La Rue
Earl of Dexminster	Alfred Deery
Mrs. O'Leary	Lavina Shannon
Abaloni	Juliette Lange
Charlie	R. Saito

It is not so very long since Miss Grace Filkins appeared at the Hudson Theatre in "An American Widow," a comedy by H. Kellet Chambers, which, with a dozen or more songs added, now comes back under its new name "Betsy," to bid for favor as an entertainment.

Miss Filkins is a fine comedienne and she does not sing. But Miss Grace La Rue, the present incumbent, is not a comedienne at all, and she does insist on singing. Which, it may be mentioned at the outset, makes a lot of difference.

To begin with, Mr. Chambers had an amusing, if not necessarily original, idea upon which to base his play. There was some adroitness to the complications arising from a mock marriage on the part of an ambitious widow, anxious to secure a coronet but prevented by her first husband's will from taking any but an American as her second mate. However, the will says nothing about the third husband. So what simpler than to marry an impecunious young musician who happens around, leaving him immediately after the ceremony, and in due time get a divorce and marry the English suitor? And what more natural, of course, than that the musician and his wife-in-name-only shall eventually fall in love and make the bond a permanent one?

The scheme is sufficiently complicated by the presence of a lawyer anxious to see the provisions of the will properly fulfilled. And as it served an excellent purpose for the original piece, so here it furnishes a good enough thread to support the lyrics and the music.

Indeed, as far as it was possible to determine last night, both Mr. Alexander Johnstone, the composer of the music, and Mr. Will B. Johnstone, the writer of the lyrics, did their work neatly. And if the music was not always conspicuous for its freshness, it had a certain pleasant quality to commend it, while the lyrics, or rather such portions of them as the singers made intelligible, seemed gracefully composed.

The main difficulty was that for the greater part of the time the matter was being handled by people who not only lacked voices but were unable to project the words with sufficient clearness. And with such handicaps as these, and with a general performance entirely lacking in any suggestion of spontaneity, "Betsy" seemed rather stale and flat.

To begin with it was rather nice—or it might have been—to have a prima donna introduce herself with a song discussing what she could and could not eat for breakfast, meanwhile toying with a grape or two, refusing sugar and insisting on saccharine, and quite emphatically objecting to the butter. In these days when the question of this "too, too solid flesh" is of paramount importance in all circles—especially in circles—the musicianly discussion of the court introduced what is, to say the least, a very live topic. Subsequently the color of the music was of a more sentimental order, as, indeed, was to be expected, and even the most insistent hunter for the reminiscent could not possibly have discovered any actual musical resemblance between that erstwhile classic, "Silver Threads Among the Gold" and "The First Gray Hair," however much related in the sentiment.

It was in an ensemble number coming toward the end of the second act, however, that the composer's most popular quality was disclosed, and here, for once, the singers did respond with something like the necessary spirit. Again, there was a suggestion of real color in a nicely orchestrated number with a sort of recitative finish in which the composer, with the heart-bowed-down, told the story of the face that had haunted him in his vision, that face not being of his prima donna, as she, temperamental lady, had supposed, but the face of his best beloved Betsy, though she still was his wife in name only.

Mr. Robert Dempster, a very attractive young actor, was the composer person, making, so far as is known, his first appearance in a role requiring him to sing. And he may be said to have made the début quite agreeably. But Miss La Rue's efforts, though they were generously applauded by a friendly audience, conveyed no impression of especial fitness for her task, not to speak of such conspicuous excellences as large type would seem to promise. A particularly bad performance of an English gentleman suggested that the actor had studied his type in the Mile-End road, or some equally redolent region of the elect, where people drop their aiches and talk through the nose.

GERMAN ACTORS IN 'TYPHOON'

A Play About Japanese, with a Parisian Setting, Proves Interesting.

A German company headed by Erich Ehrhardt-Platen gave the first performance of Melchoir Lengyel's play of Japanese life in Paris, called in German "Taifun," ("Typhoon,") at the Irving Place Theatre last night. A play mostly about Japanese, with a Parisian setting and played in German, needs only an English-speaking spectator to make the international complication sufficiently mystifying.

Add to this the inevitable criticism that the play is far too much drawn out, (the four acts delayed the last curtain to 11:30 o'clock,) and that there is too much time spent in lighting people's cigarettes and a great deal of talk that does not help the play on, there yet remains the fact that "Typhoon" is an interesting and unusual play.

The acting of Herr Ehrhardt-Platen as Dr. Tokeramo and of Fraulein Clementine von Pothy as Helene La Roche, gracefully described in the play as an European geisha, lifted the play to the plane of good drama.

"Typhoon" is about a young Japanese diplomat by the name of Tokeramo, who falls in love with a Parisian girl. His Japanese associates, six in number, think he is destroying his usefulness to his country with his love affair, and persuade him that the girl has deceived him. Tokeramo resolves to break with her, and orders her to leave his house and never, never see him again.

The European geisha wins him over, and when she has succeeded turns on him and heaps upon him all the choicest epithets of the French and German tongues. With a rage that will pass successfully for Oriental, for it is not otherwise capable of being identified, Tokeramo rushes at her and strangles her with the taunts in her throat—the murder taking place just off the stage, with Tokeramo coming back like Macbeth after the murder of the King. This scene is carried out with intense realism and the effect is sufficiently blood curdling.

The rest of the play drags. For the sake of Japan, another Japanese pleads guilty to the murder and is sentenced to imprisonment. Tokeramo confesses his guilt but is not believed. He takes his own life in the end. But this does not come until he has finished his work and his death is acceptable to his countrymen for that reason.

Aside from the leading parts, the part of Beinsky, a writer, played by Otto Ottbert and Therese Meunier, the intimate friend of the European geisha, played by Fraulein Lotti Diener, might well be mentioned as especially well acted.

Marc Klaw Answers Fanny Ward's Suit.

Marc Klaw, theatrical manager, filed yesterday in the United States Circuit Court his answer to the suit brought against him by Fanny Ward Lewis, an actress, for breach of contract. He admits that on April 27, 1909, he signed a contract, but this was by mutual consent, afterward destroyed, thus relieving him of all obligations. In asking for the dismissal of the writ, Klaw maintains that at any time since the plaintiff could have secured a contract as good as that which was cancelled.

"TOSCA" SUNG AT OPERA.

Miss Farrar Shows Improvement in Title Role—Scotti's Scarpia Classic.

Floria Tosca	Geraldine Farrar
Mario Cavaradossi	Riccardo Martin
Il Barone Scarpia	Antonio Scotti
Cesare Angelotti	Giulio Rossi
Il Sagrestano	Antonio Pini-Corsi
Spoletta	Angelo Bada
Sciarrone	Bernard Begue
Un Carceriere	Paolo Ananian
Un Pastore	Jeanne Maubourg

Conductor—Arturo Toscanini.

The fourth of Puccini's operas to receive production at the Metropolitan Opera House this season, "Tosca," was brought forward last evening, and the mere mention of the ceremony is almost sufficient, for the conditions surrounding the performance were familiar enough.

Miss Farrar enacted the rôle of the jealous Roman singer. There has been considerable improvement in her performance of this part since it was first disclosed here two seasons ago. This change is principally noticeable in the first act where Miss Farrar was inclined in the past to make Tosca rather petty and petulant. This soprano is singing much better than she did at the beginning of the season.

Mr. Scotti's Scarpia is now one of the Metropolitan's classic performances. As usual, he and Miss Farrar made the second act very realistic. Mr. Martin was in splendid voice and sang Mario's music really superbly. Antonio Pini-Corsi's humorous characterization of the sacristan should never pass unnoticed.

Mr. Toscanini conducted, and that meant a great deal. "Tosca" with and without a great conductor is not the same work.

MR. LOTT'S RECITAL.

Songs Agreeably Sung by a Young Baritone in the Belasco Theatre.

Mr. Clifford Lott, a young baritone singer, gave a song recital yesterday afternoon in the Belasco Theatre that had features of musical interest and showed him to be the possessor of talent well trained, and an agreeable voice. It is not a large voice, nor one of wide range, especially downward; nor is its range of color and expressive power great. When the singer attempts too much with it there is forcing and the necessary result in the hardening of the tone; fortunately, he is not often tempted to this, and the small audience room of the theatre allowed him to sing to the best advantage.

Mr. Lott sings with much taste and intelligence, musically and sincerely, without affectation. He phrases with unusual knowledge and skill, and he enunciates with admirable clearness, in a manner that does no injury to the purely melodic line. He showed perhaps his best in the very first song on his programme, "Hear Me, Ye Winds and Waves," from Handel's "Scipio," excellent singing of sustained phrases and of "divisions." There was a true appreciation in his singing of the German Lied, as illustrated by selections from Schubert, Schumann, Jensen, Franz, and Brahms. Mrs. Lott played his accompaniments tastefully and with finish.

Chris O. Brown Back from Coast Trip.

Chris O. Brown, general booking manager for the Sullivan & Considine vaudeville circuit, has returned to his office after a five week's trip to the Pacific Coast. In company with John W. Considine, Senator Sullivan, and Senator O'Brien of Chicago, Mr. Brown made an inspection of the Sullivan & Considine theatres in the West. He is enthusiastic about the theatrical conditions in the West and thinks there is a good outlook for the coming season. Mr. Considine, who came East with Mr. Brown, will return to the coast in a few days.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES

The stock company at the Academy of Music appeared in "The Two Orphans" yesterday afternoon.

Margaret Anglin, under her own management, began a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House last night in "Green Stockings," the comedy that she presented at Maxine Elliott's Theatre earlier in the season.

Marie Dressler appeared at the Manhattan Opera House last night in "Tillie's Nightmare," beginning a fortnight's engagement at that house.

The week's attraction at the West End Theatre is Cyril Scott in "A Gentleman of Leisure," the comedy that was given at the Playhouse, the Astor, and the Herald Square Theatres earlier in the season.

Lillian Russell, in a series of old and new songs, headed the bill at the Colonial Theatre yesterday. Among the others on the programme were Kate Elinore and Sam Williams, Homer Lind and company, Raymond and Caverly, Carlton, the Three Keatons, the Ward brothers, the Six Abdallahs, and Sprague and McNeice.

The headline feature at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre was Lillian Shaw in a new repertoire of songs. Included in the rest of the bill were "Rube" Marquard, the baseball pitcher, assisted by Annie Kent, in a baseball sketch; Laddie Cliff, "A Night in a Turkish Bath;" George Primrose, Gallagher and Shean, E. Frederick Hawley and company, the Six Musical Spillers, Louis Stone, the Baliots, Charles Klass, George Austin and company, Russell Sherwood, Charles Flynn and company, and Wills and Plume.

Ralph and Brazil Lynn, with a company of singers and dancers, headed the bill at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre in a sketch called "The Leading Lady." Other entertainers were Marguerite Haney, Charlie Doolin and Jimmie McCool, John C. Rice and Sally Cohen, Charles Ahearn's troupe, Flanagan and Edwards, the Bison City Four, Charlotte Ravenscroft, Clemons and Dean, and the Stanleys.

At the Alhambra Theatre the principal feature of the bill was the musical sketch offered by the Four Mortons. Among the others who appeared were Amelia Stone and Armond Kalisz, Walter C. Kelly, Willard Simms and company, Wynn and Russon, Paul La Croix, Linton and Lawrence, Welch, Mealy and Montrose, and Ben Beyer and brother.

Heading the programme at the Bronx Theatre was Dr. Pauline, a hypnotist. Belle Blanche appeared in her imitations, and others on the bill were Bert Leslie and company, Hart's "Bathing Girls," "Cheyenne Days," Alexander and Scott, Green, McHendry and Dean, Carlin and Penn, and Pollard.

A new two-act burlesque, "Painting the Town," with Halliday and Curley at the head of the company, was offered at the Columbia Theatre yesterday, to remain for the week. Vaudeville features were offered between the acts.

Billie Burke in "The Runaway" began a week's engagement at the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, last night. Her supporting company was unchanged from her Manhattan engagement.

At the Shubert Theatre, Brooklyn, the week's attraction is "The Kiss Waltz," coming directly from its run at the Casino Theatre, Manhattan.

"Mutt and Jeff," a "cartoon" musical comedy, is at the Broadway Theatre, Brooklyn, for the week.

The stock company at the Crescent Theatre, Brooklyn, appeared in "Madame X," last night.

The bill at the Orpheum Theatre, Brooklyn, included Eva Tanguay, "The Ninety and Nine," Hoey and Lee, the Temple Quartette, the Sambo Girls, the Davenports, and the Kitamura Japs.

LABOR PLAY ACTED BY IRISH PLAYERS

"Mixed Marriage" Deals with a Strike and Effect of Contest Between Catholics and Protestants.

DRAMA IS FULL OF RIOTS

Its Comedy Appeals to Audience with More Strength Than Its "Big Scenes" That Lack Sincerity.

MIXED MARRIAGE, a play in four acts, by St. John G. Ervine. Maxine Elliott's Theatre.

John Rainey	Arthur Sinclair
Mrs. Rainey	Sara Allgood
Tom Rainey	U. Wright
Nora Murray	Cathleen Nesbitt
Hugh Rainey	J. M. Kerrigan
Michael O'Hara	J. A. O'Rourke

"Mixed Marriage," a play in four acts, by St. John G. Ervine, was given by the Irish Players at Maxine Elliott's Theatre last night for the first time in this country, and, apparently, for the first time in many months by the Players. The voice of the prompter was heard frequently, and there were occasionally painful waits for the actors to receive their speeches and say them. In spite of these drawbacks, the audience enjoyed the performance—at least the first three acts—and gave an unusual amount of applause.

The author of the play, Mr. Ervine, was a workman in the Belfast shipyards, and the play is a story of a strike among the workmen and the effect of the contest between Protestant and Catholic laborers. The domestic comedy of the piece appealed to the audience with a great deal more strength than did the small doses of drama that came as climaxes, and as a principal climax to the last act. There was much sincerity in the comedy part, but a total lack of it in the "big scene" that wound up the play.

John Rainey, a worker in the shipyards, is a bigoted Protestant, who can see no possible good in Catholics. His son, Hugh, is in love with Nora Murray, a "papist." A strike is ordered in the shops where Rainey and his sons are employed. There are disturbances among the workmen. Michael O'Hara, a Catholic, and a dreamer of unified Ireland, thinks that the elder Rainey can bring all of the workmen into the same way of thinking.

Rainey succeeds in bringing about a sort of unity, but an important official in the Lodge of Orangemen is about to stir up factional trouble again. Rainey promises to use his influence against this. But he discovers that his son, Hugh, intends to marry the Catholic Nora. He then refuses to help toward peace, and even speaks against it.

The result is riot upon riot. The Rainey house is besieged by both Catholics and Protestants. Stones are thrown, windows broken, the police are driven back, and the soldiers are called for. Blank cartridges have no effect on the mobs, and bullets are used. Nora, to open the door to Michael O'Hara and let him in for his life's sake, is struck by a bullet and killed. The elder Rainey, in the face of the tragedy, insists that in spite of what has happened he has been right.

Sara Allgood had the rôle of Mrs. Rainey, the wife of the obstinate Protestant, John, and her performance of the character was in keeping with the other work she has done. Arthur Sinclair appeared as the husband, Cathleen Nesbitt was the Nora, J. A. O'Rourke had the rôle of O'Hara, J. M. Kerrigan played Hugh, and U. Wright had the character of Tom Rainey, John's younger son.

Lady Gregory's one-act comedy, "The Work House Ward," followed the longer play. The three characters were played by the same actors as last week.

MME. MELLA MARS APPEARS.

Viennese Diseuse Has Talent, but Her Selections Can Be Improved.

Whether the Winter Garden intends eventually to give a continuous performance by notable performers or not, remains to be seen, but one more name was added to the list last evening, and that one more name spelled twenty minutes more in an already long bill. If any one leaving the Winter Garden is heard complaining that he has not got his money's worth, he should be taken at once to Bellevue.

Mme. Mella Mars, "the Viennese diseuse," was the newcomer. Miss Kitty Cheatham could give Mme. Mars some advice about the use of the word "diseuse" in America. That charming lady once found herself billed in Manistee or Cripple Creek as the "great American disease." As nearly as the word can be translated, it means "sayer." Diseuses do not sing, and Mella Mars sings less than some of the others.

After the performance of "Vera Violetta" the curtain rose about 11 o'clock last night on a dark stage. A spotlight presently played on a black curtain, and Mme. Mars appeared, accompanied by Bela Laszky, her husband, who plays her accompaniments and writes her songs. Mme. Mars is short and dark, with her hair combed tight over her head, parted on the side, and surmounted by a huge black bow. She wore a wine-colored velvet gown, touched with gold and fur, and carried a huge bunch of pink roses.

She first announced "Drei Wanderer, music, von Bela Laszky," and then sang or "said," her first song in German. "The Penny" in English followed, and she concluded her portion of the entertainment with "Barbara Frietchie," also, of course, with music by Bela Laszky.

Those who had heard Mella Mars in certain Viennese music halls were disappointed at the selections she had made for her American début. It is said that Mme. Mars in Vienna sings some very naughty songs, indeed, and sings them in a manner calculated to make her auditors feel what they really mean. Last evening her material, aside from "Drei Wanderer," which is dramatically effective, seemed not of the sort to bring out the best in her talent. "The Penny" is a mawkish bit and actually presents the rhyme "accents wild" and "child" to an astonished audience. And "Barbara Frietchie" is hardly for 11 P. M. at the Winter Garden, especially after Gaby Deslys.

Whether Mme. Mars "makes good" here or not seems to depend a good deal on her future choice of songs. That she has real talent cannot be gainsaid. As for Mr. Laszky's music, it is neither tuneful nor inspired.

LISZT'S 'ST. ELIZABETH' SUNG

MacDowell Chorus Gives Little Known Work Under Mr. Schindler's Direction.

It is the aim of the MacDowell Chorus, which gave its first concerts last season under the direction of Kurt Schindler, to perform choral music that lies outside the beaten track of choral societies. Mr. Schindler went considerably outside that track for his first concert, given in Carnegie Hall last evening, by presenting to the New York public Liszt's oratorio, "The Legend of St. Elizabeth." It was not by any means, as has been said, the first performance in New York; the work had been given here as long ago as 1870 by the German Liederkranz, and in 1885 by the Cincinnati Musikverein. It was given in English in 1886, the year of Liszt's death, as a memorial by the Brooklyn Philharmonic in Brooklyn.

It was appropriate that "The Legend of St. Elizabeth" should be sung again this year, as a contribution to the centenary celebration of Liszt's birth. It is considered by his partisans one of the finest of his choral compositions, a class of his works that few choruses will undertake nowadays. It unquestionably contains some of his most beautiful and most appealing music; though, as is so often the case, there is also much in it that is most tedious and laboriously made.

Though it is chiefly cast in the forms of the oratorio, there is an endeavor to give a dramatic value to many scenes. Liszt adopted in it the method he employed so much in other of his works in making the groundwork of his music a few simply outlined themes, some of which are of the nature of folk tunes, others of old church music, which he develops and transforms in various ingenious ways, and out of which he has made his elaborate symphonic and choral tissue, and a characteristic musical delineation of the principal characters in the oratorio. It is, in fact, his own employment of the method of the "leading motive" that has become one of the indispensable tools of the modern lyric dramatist.

The oratorio is divided into scenes, of which there are six. The greatest beauty is in the first two. There are charming choruses here of lyrical character, the welcome to the bride and a chorus of children. The depiction of the "miracle of the roses" is one of Liszt's most poetic conceptions, and is carried out with more real musical inspiration than often came to him. To the orchestra is given an important part in developing this scene, in which there are color and vivid picturesqueness and a sense of uplift, carried to a fine climax by the chorus.

Thenceforward the interest diminishes. the colloquy between Elizabeth and the Landgrave Ludwig has little effect, the choruses lending the chief interest to the scene. The wickedness of the Landgravine Sophie in the fourth scene, the passages in recitative between her, the Seneschal, and the dolorous Elizabeth are tiresome, and there is a storm in which the orchestra goes though with the meteorological conventions usual in such incidents.

There is interest in some of the choral passages in which the poor sympathize with the outcast Princess, but little in her own lamentations; and the end is a celebration of Elizabeth's burial by the Emperor, warriors, and Bishops. The oratorio is unduly long for an evening's performance, and Liszt's cause might have been better served by excisions, or by the performance of only the most interesting of the sections.

The chorus this year is much stronger in women's voices than in men's; for these are in a large numerical minority. The quality is fresh and vigorous, however, and many of the choral portions were sung with much energy and kindling enthusiasm. The singing was not always marked by as much precision as might be, and the attack was frequently uncertain. Of the solo singers the best were Clarence Whitehill in the music of Landgrave Ludwig and the Hungarian magnate, and Robert Blass in that of Landgrave Hermann, the Seneschal, and the Emperor Frederick II.

There was a splendid authority and dramatic power in Mr. Whitehill's singing, and Mr. Blass's noble bass voice was heard again with much pleasure. Miss Gertrude Rennyson as Elizabeth and Miss Rosalie Wirthlin as Landgravine Sophie were acceptable. There was a choir of boys added to the chorus.

Sale of Engravings and Etchings.

The sale of engravings and etchings from the estate of the late Hermann Schaus with line and Mezzotint engravings at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon brought small prices, from a dollar up, the afternoon's sale amounting to $316. A line engraving after Van der Helst, second state, "Admiral Kortenaer," by A. Blootelung, brought the highest price, $31. A fine old impression, "Louis Duc d'Orleans," by Pierre-Imbert Drevet, brought $12.

The evening sale brought higher prices and a total of $701. "La Madonna Colonna," by Mandel, sold for $100, and S. V. White paid $80 for "Battle of Aboukir," by Lefèvre, after Gros, proof before letters. The sale will be continued this afternoon and evening.

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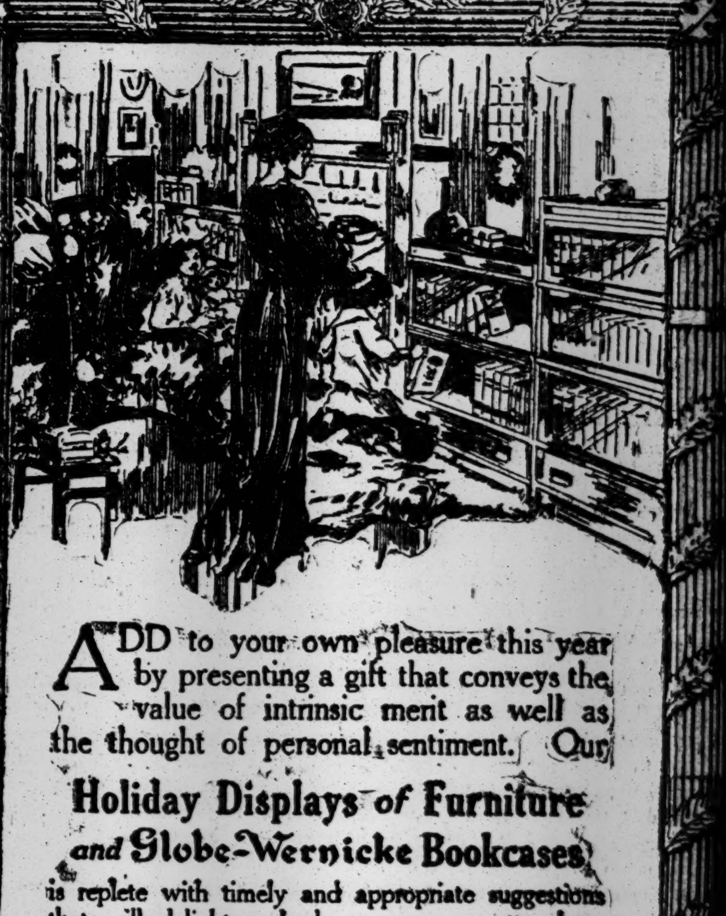
SINGERS SUE F. C. WHITNEY.

Demanding $13,000 for Breach of Contract.

Anne Gura-Hummel, a noted German opera singer, is suing Fred C. Whitney for $10,000 for alleged breach of contract, and Hermann Gura is suing for $3,000. Mr. Whitney is the owner of Whitney's Theatre in London, and he has also been widely interested in operatic troupes which have traveled extensively. In June, 1911, runs the complaint, the two singers were engaged by Mr. Whitney in Berlin for a tour of England, the United States, and Canada. The woman was to receive $500 a week and the man $200 for a term of twenty weeks.

Mrs. Gura-Hummel was to sing the parts of Oktavian and Marschallin in Richard Strauss' opera "Der Rosenkavalier," and Mr. Gura was to sing the rôles of Fenival and Ochs in the same opera. They began the tour in London and then came to this country. Mr. Whitney was to furnish Mrs. Gura-Hummel with gowns and she was to furnish her own tights and such things.

The contract might be canceled by Mr. Whitney in case of a theatre burning or an epidemic or a riot occurring or in the case of national mourning, or any other farce majeure, which means anything over which the maker of a contract has no control. But the plaintiffs say that the contract was broken because Mr. Whitney said he could not get theatres in which to present his operas. Wise & Seligsburg, who represent the plaintiffs, say that failure to get theatres is not embraced within the farce majeure, because the defendant certainly had, or ought to have had, power to get as many theatres as he pleased. It was said yesterday that Mr. Whitney had spent about $65,000 to obtain the rights and paraphernalia for presenting the opera.



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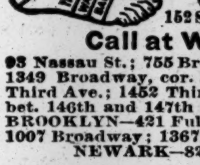

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INTERCORPORATE HOLDINGS.

The bearing of the Hadley Commission's report on the regulation of railway securities lies in the application of it, and there happens to be most specific and illuminating application in the current news. In 1904 the New Haven Railway issued $15,000,000 in fifty-year 4 per cent. debentures in order to pay $14,000,000 for $29,000,000 of New York & Ontario stock. Now the New York Central Railway issues $13,000,000 in fifty-year 4½ per cent. debentures to purchase the New Haven's holdings of Ontario. Over $28,000,000 of debentures are issued in acquirement of the same $29,000,000 of stock, of which the earnings are not abundant, and which pays 2 per cent. dividends somewhat painfully on shares selling at about 40, more or less according to the market. It will be noticed that the New York Central debentures are at one-half per cent. higher rate of interest than those of the New Haven Company, and that at the end of their term it will have paid more for the shares which it seems to have bought for about the same price as the New Haven, or a little lower nominally.

The Commission's report, which must have been written in ignorance of the facts, nevertheless mentioned the evils flowing from such finance. Nobody is obliged to pay dividends on the shares, but the principal of the debentures must be paid at maturity, and the current interest is a fixed charge, whether or not the dividends are earned or paid or unpaid. There are three issues of securities covering the same property, and the process seems capable of indefinite repetition. The first issue of debentures remains outstanding although the shares against which the debentures were issued have been parted with. Yearly for fifty years $1,189,000 in interest must be paid, in good times and bad times alike, although in 1910-11 there was a deficit of $19,400 after payment of dividends of $1,162,000.

Now it may be that share capital has little or nothing to do with making rates, but the issue of securities bearing interest instead of dividends is in closer relation to the grievances of shippers. All these railways are under necessity of collecting the income which will make the securities pay their charges, whether or not the traffic ought to bear it. And since the two purchasing railways acquired only a controlling interest the railway whose control passed will be operated in the interest of the majority of the shares, regardless of the interests of the minority. As the Commission remarks, consolidations of this sort give the country the disadvantages of combination without the advantages. The power is centralized, but the economies are not produced. And there is a juggle of finance adapted if not designed to mislead investors and to baffle regulation. The case cited is an example of an aggregate of four billions of railway shares held by other railways or by holding companies in relations so intricate that only the most expert can unravel them.

The Commission is as shrewd in its remedies as in its diagnosis. It proposes that when shares are issued at a discount the discount shall be made up from earnings before dividends are allowed. The greater the discount the greater the interval before it would be possible to pay dividends, and the greater the discouragement from the issue of shares in that manner. The Commission further proposes that minorities shall be protected by requiring their interest to enjoy the privilege of sale at the same price if it is a fixed price, or at an average price, or at an appraisal. Where the common stock alone is bought it should be made obligatory to buy the preferred or to make the preference cumulative, thus checking the temptation to unfair dealing with the income earned. When these points have been safeguarded, and the purchase of one railway by another is permissible, the Commission would require the minority to sell, in order to check merely vexatious opposition. The example selected is far from standing alone. There are other examples which illustrate that the mildness of the Commission's language is far from indicating any lack of strength of thought, or doubt about how to remedy remediable troubles.

AN AMERICAN BULLFIGHTER.

Probably the most famous bullfighter in all Mexico until the other day was an American, by name HARPER B. LEE. No matador of Spanish or mingled Spanish and Indian blood has excelled him in placing the bandilleras or killing the bull with the first sword thrust. Only a few, like ANTONIO FUENTES and MONTES, have equaled him. Indeed, LEE has the reputation of being the only bullfighter who has placed the short banderillas in the neck of the bull while standing in the middle of the ring. A bullfighter's repute is not easily won. He must court danger, and must always treat his bull fairly, according to the ideas of fairness to a bull which prevail in bullfighting countries. Of course, the poor bull never has a chance for his life. He cannot escape, and though he may kill a dozen horses, a picador or two, and even the matador, (as he does sometimes,) there is but one way for him to leave the ring after he has entered it—dragged out by a team of mules.

What induced our fellow-citizen, LEE, to take up the matador's job is not known. He appeared first in the great amphitheatre of Mexico City in May, 1909, covering the ring with blood and himself with glory. He had then had a year or so of experience, and was as alert in action, as sure footed, as daring as any matador that ever lived. Once or twice the bull caught him, and he was badly gored, but he has escaped a hero's death only to realize that a man of American birth has no chance of lasting success in the Mexican bullrings. He has been the victim of many intrigues, and at last has decided to give it up, and go back to his original trade of railroading.

On the whole, his fellow-countrymen will be glad of his decision. Bullfighting is pretty bad business for a man of Northern blood to engage in. It is cruel and dirty work, and the exhibition appeals only to the worst human passions. LEE has cut off his coleta (the braided knot of hair which is a matador's badge of distinction) and will wear overalls instead of tight breeches and a short jacket while he is at work hereafter, and we cannot help thinking that his conscience has impelled him to give up the inspiration of the ear-splitting diana more than any fear of his jealous rivals. He has proved that an American can face an infuriated bull as bravely as a Mexican or a Spaniard, and now he does well to go back to clean and useful work.

RUSSIA CALMING DOWN.

The announcement by the Persian Minister that the differences between his Government and that of Russia would probably be settled next week will, if it proves accurate, be a sore disappointment to many amateur statesmen, especially in the British Isles. The differences between Russia and Persia and the course of the British Government regarding them have been the subject of an immense amount of emotional writing, especially in the Liberal press of England. It has been assumed that nothing would satisfy the Russians but the forcible seizure of Teheran as the first step in the political domination of the entire country. This was represented on the one hand as a treacherous and savage blow at the liberties of an independent people, and on the other hand as a grave peril to British interests, political and financial.

Sir EDWARD GREY, with that cool reserve that differentiates him from so many of his party associates in the Government and out of it, declined to discuss the matter in detail, referred to the fact that the agreement the British Government had made with the Government of Russia bound them both to respect the independence of Persia and bound each of them to respect the equal commercial rights of the other. He also explained that it left each of them free to tender disinterested and friendly counsel to the other whenever occasion required and that that function would not be forgotten. To the heated critics of the Government this was only adding fuel to their passionate discontent. They would have nothing of this temporizing tone and policy. The Russian bear was about to swallow the Persian lamb unless Great Britain intervened in a vigorous and imperative fashion. They insisted that an ultimatum should be sent to Russia in the name of freedom, justice, and Persian trade—total annual value, between three and four millions of pounds—demanding the withdrawal of Russian troops from Persian soil and the abandonment of Russian plans of aggression. To this the Foreign Office continued to be politely indifferent.

Of course it is too early to say on what terms the differences between the two Governments will be settled. There is no doubt that the proceedings of some of the Russian officials have been harsh and high-handed, as is bound to be the case with the distant officials of an arbitrary Government. Some of these were at first disavowed at St. Petersburg. Later a ruder tone was there adopted, threats were made, troops were ordered forward, and violence seemed imminent. There is little room for question that at this point the Government of Great Britain exercised its privilege as a friend to tender suggestions to the Russian Government, and it is probable that they have been listened to.

In the end it is to be hoped that the plucky Mr. SHUSTER will be able to remain and to continue his practical services to Persia in a manner that will not draw down upon him the ill-will of the Russians with whom he has to deal. He has shown marked capabilities in directing the confused and feeble finances of the Government. That he may, in the pursuit of what he deemed his duty, or at least his rights, have gone further than was necessary or expedient is true, but his good motives and the substantial success he has attained in his immediate work are acknowledged even by his Russian critics, while his courage and determination in circumstances of considerable personal danger have won him much admiration. He is, however, the officer of a weak Government with turbulent subjects and powerful and not too unselfish neighbors. The prime condition of decent prosperity in Persia is the preservation of order and the avoidance of foreign intervention. If these can be attained with the co-operation of Russia, acting with the advice and more or less the guidance of Great Britain, the country can work out its own salvation, and in the process it is quite likely that Mr. SHUSTER may have an important part.

Meanwhile it is worth noting that an amicable understanding between Great Britain and Russia is an important element in the preservation of the peace of the world. It is the plain interest of each party to it that it shall not be endangered by the encroachments of either in Persia. It is reasonable to suppose that each will respect its terms. When the situation becomes troubled, as recently, it is probably safer to leave the treatment of it to the responsible Government of Great Britain than to raise a clamor, as has been done, for the immediate adoption of a violent policy framed in newspaper offices or in the counting rooms of traders with the Near East.

CONDITION OF THE ARMY.

If we had any fear of the imminence of war some passages in Secretary STIMSON's annual report might be considered alarming. But the Republic is at peace with all the world and hopes to remain so. Our policy of maintaining only a small standing army has the approval of the people. Undoubtedly there are suggestions for improvement in the report of the Secretary of War which should be heeded. There is surely no good reason why we should pay from two to five times as much for every effective rifleman we possess as European countries pay. Mr. STIMSON thinks that nearly all our scattered army posts are badly placed for any emergency of National defense that may arise. The local reasons for the positions of many of them no longer exist. "We have," he says, "scattered our army over the country as if it were merely groups of local constabulary instead of a National organization." The posts were constructed on a plan "which involves a maximum initial cost of construction and a maximum cost of maintenance both in money and men." He says also that a thorough reorganization of our military establishment would involve much legislation, and serious difficulties would be encountered:

> Upward of $94,000,000 has been spent upon our existing posts. Ineffective and expensive to maintain as this system is, it nevertheless represents an investment which cannot be easily changed nor abandoned. The source of profit which each post furnishes to neighboring communities causes a local pressure against any change in location and brings constant influence to bear toward further expenditures in that locality. Nevertheless, steps have been taken and other steps are in course of prosecution to correct so far as possible these faults of organization.

The report has its brighter side. The Secretary announces "a distinct improvement in the personnel of the army, both officers and men," and he believes the training and influence of the army schools have much to do with this. The percentage of desertions has decreased. The value of typhoid prophylaxis has been established. In the San Antonio camps last year, where conditions prevailed similar to those at Jacksonville during the Spanish War, there were only two cases of typhoid fever and no deaths. At Jacksonville there were 2,693 cases and 248 deaths.

Mr. STIMSON favors a shorter term of enlistment, two years being the limit he mentions, so as to secure an adequate system of reserves, and strengthen the function of the army as the school of the citizen soldier.

> In general, the professional army of a century and a half ago is a thing of the past. The body of highly polished professional soldiers with which FREDERICK the Great conducted his campaigns has no place in modern society or in the conduct of modern wars. The theory of the modern State is that it is the duty of the citizen to train himself as promptly as possible to perform his function as a soldier in case of possible war, and to return as quickly as possible to his normal civil life. Nowhere is this theory more clearly exemplified than in the Republic of Switzerland, where we find going hand in hand with the most advanced development of modern democratic institutions a system of military training which has produced an excellent and effective army.

The present term of enlistment is three years. Some military critics contend that it should be extended to five years and that re-enlistment should be strongly encouraged. But Secretary STIMSON holds to the more modern and enlightened theory that as many men as possible should go through the regular army training, though, if the trained men are to be of use as reserves, some hold should be kept upon the soldiers after discharge.

THE ONLY ISSUE.

The Rev. Dr. J. LEONARD LEVY, who is the rabbi of one of the chief synagogues in the City of Pittsburgh, declined to attend the mass meeting of the Jews of that city on Sunday evening to protest against Russia's attitude in respect to American passports. Dr. LEVY, in refusing to sign the call for the meeting, declared that the movement should not be confined to the Jews. He is further quoted as saying:

> There is only one issue, the integrity of the American passport. There is no such thing as a Jewish passport. An American passport is the assurance of entry to, and safe conduct through, and residence in, any country with which the United States has treaty relations. The question is purely and simply one which affects the status of two nations in treaty relations.
>
> I believe that I speak for many of my fellow-citizens of Jewish faith when I say that, as Jews, we ask nothing of the United States Government, but every American citizen is entitled to the protection of the Government in the enjoyment of his rights.

It is entirely true that the sole issue involved is that of the integrity of the American passport. Our Government does not issue Jewish passports any more than it issues Presbyterian or Baptist passports. The trouble with Russia arises from the fact that she divides our passports into classes, some of which she declines to honor, which we contend is in violation of the treaty. But while Dr. LEVY rightly insists that it is an American question, not a Jewish question, he ought to see that since it primarily and directly concerns American citizens of the Jewish faith, it is their business to call the world's attention to it. Granting all that may be said in respect to the vitality of general principles and in respect to action based on altruism, practical men will be likely to see and to admit that if this question had not been raised by those whom it most immediately affects, it would not have been raised at all. That has been demonstrated in this city. The agitation for a change in Russia's passport regulations was begun by the Jews, but, through their efforts and their manner of presenting it, it ceased to be a Jewish question and became an American question. It was treated as an American question at the meeting in Carnegie Hall, which was attended by great numbers of non-Jewish Americans, and where the speakers were not of that faith. If the issue had not been raised and brought to the fore by American Jews, it is most unlikely that it would have been pressed for settlement. Every Jew who deserves American citizenship should have the manhood, courage, and patriotism to preserve and defend it at whatever cost.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

On Trial for Its Life. Whatever the importance of Christian Science—a point on which opinions differ widely, though nobody considers the cult quite negligible—just that importance must be ascribed to the ruling just made by Justice ALDRICH of the United States Circuit Court in the suit of Mrs. EDDY's adopted son to have set aside in favor of himself and other heirs the will by which she left most of her fortune to her so-called Church.

For not only does this son assert that the agreement by which he consented to the carrying out of the will was procured by deceit and fraud; he also declares that any encouragement, promotion, or support of Christian Science is against public policy, and that therefore the bequests to its central organization are void. Summarizing the argument made in support of this second contention, Justice ALDRICH presents, as statements which the man has a right to prove if he can—and with a clear implication that if he does prove them the will is of no effect—a description of Eddyism that puts in question its right to continued existence in civilized communities.

The allegations include: That Christian Science is pernicious and hostile to society; that it is a business forbidden by the laws of the land; that its attempt at healing involves the extirpation from the patient's mind of whatever is known by the evidence of the senses about the human body and its maladies; that the lives of children and other dependents are imperiled by the application of Christian Science methods to them; that the system teaches the well to neglect all precautions against sickness and the sick to forego appropriate relief; that the healers, persons ignorant of the cause and cure of disease, as of anatomy, physiology, and hygiene, earn their livelihoods by the practice of criminal negligence; that Christian Science runs counter to the great body of common, statute, and municipal law, and not only denies but reprobates all the lessons of real science as to the prevention and cure of disease.

This is the indictment with which Eddyism is confronted. Should the adopted son get a verdict, the money that would go with it would be nothing—except to him—in comparison with the involved condemnation of the cult as dangerous to the public safety and interest and therefore not to be tolerated. Christian Science is therefore on trial for its life, and before a court that dispenses a justice cold and stern.

An Aviator Discusses Aeroplanes. As was to be expected from an aviator who, as aviators go, can be called a veteran, the comments of WALTER BROOKINS on the past, present, and future of the aeroplane, printed in THE TIMES yesterday, were full of practical knowledge of his subject, the fruit of an experience longer than that of anybody except the WRIGHT brothers. It was curious, and significant, perhaps, of the sort of men attracted to the new profession of flying, that, as Mr. BROOKINS sees the aeroplane, its chief defect is its inability to sustain itself in the air while moving slowly enough to make landing on the ground convenient and safe.

Yet it is not in alighting that something over a hundred aviators have been killed. Not a few of them, including Mr. BROOKINS himself, have had mishaps more or less serious at that unquestionably delicate moment, and several have been injured, but a large majority of the fatalities have been due to falls that began when the aviators were in full flight, and were caused by other defects and weaknesses in the machines than that which compels them to touch the ground at little if any less than the speed at which they rose from it. Once in the air, and while in rapid motion, Mr. BROOKINS evidently thinks himself, as he counts safety, safe enough, and it is only the matter of alighting that worries him, so far as he is worried at all!

He is unquestionably right, however, as to the reality of the defect he points out and as to the remedy for it. The ideal aeroplane, and almost certainly the aeroplane of the near future, will be so built that the aviator can increase and decrease the area of his supporting plane or planes, according to whether he wants to fly slowly or rapidly, and it will also enable him better to adjust the angle of the planes to the direction of his motion. The birds do both of these things, but the accomplishment of them with a machine would so increase its complexity that until men have acquired something of the automatic skill in aerial navigation that the birds possess, the necessary changes of construction might make flight more rather than less dangerous.

Mr. BROOKINS has patience neither with those who would add parachutes to aeroplanes nor for the suggested substitution of metal for wood in building them. His antagonism to the parachute as incongruous with this sort of flight is comprehensible, but in his distrust of the metals there may be something of prejudice, though it is not to be denied that wood is magnificent material—one which for many purposes has never been satisfactorily replaced by any other.

Nobody Asking Charity. Displaying something of both indignation and irascibility, an Alabama correspondent wants to know why only the farmer, of all business men, is expected and exhorted to decrease the cost of living for the rest of us by so increasing the aggregate of his product as to cut down the aggregate of his income. That is, indeed, a hard question to answer. The alternative to replying, "He shouldn't be," which would cause embarrassment, is apparently to ask another question—"Is anybody expecting or exhorting the farmer to do any such thing?" It is at least doubtful, and certainly nobody is doing it who knows anything about farmers.

What the rest of us want the farmer to do is to realize better than he does, and as business men generally have done, that by improving his methods and the scale of his production he can increase his total profit while decreasing its percentage.

Our correspondent instanced cases in which big crops of corn and cotton sold for less than smaller ones. Isolated examples of that sort can doubtless be found in the history of agriculture, as of other forms of manufacture, but, just as there is a point in production where profits decrease on account of excess, so there is a point beneath which restriction cannot be carried without loss to the producing class. And, as a matter of fact, the point really best for the consumer is also really best for the producer.

The former would be in a bad way if the latter were ruined, but that is a rule which can be turned around—a truth the virtuous rustic will learn to his deep grief if, following too long and too enthusiastically the methods which make him tear his whiskers with rage when "the interests" resort to them, it becomes impossible for many more of "the rest of us" to buy his big crops or his little ones.

SUFFRAGETTE DAMAGES.

London Women Smashed $2,380 Worth of Plate Glass Windows.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It may be interesting to note the cash value of the plate glass broken in the suffragette window-smashing performance of Nov. 21. Footing up the damages fixed by the Bow Street Police Court during the first week of trials of stone-throwing women, (which is probably a moderate estimate of the actual cost of replacing broken show windows,) the sum total amounts to £475-18-0, or about $2,380. By the way, one Elizabeth Bell seems to hold the record for effective work with "eleven 8-ounce weights, an iron bolt, five stones, and a hammer" found on her!

We have been told what forms of protest were involved in breaking the windows of public buildings, of newspaper offices, and of a prominent club; but, aside from these, the "protest" was extended to hotels, a restaurant, a bank, a steamship line, a railroad company's office, a department store, a chemist's, a jeweler's, a tailor's, and other innocuous shopkeepers' places of business, where the purpose served is beyond conjecture. In regard to these, Miss Pankhurst delivers herself thus: "Give us a pure democracy, as we ask, and then we will not damage private property. We are not bound to make the smallest explanation of what we have done. We have done it, and we are prepared to do it again."

L. B. T. KILIANI,
International Secretary National Association
Opposed to Woman Suffrage.
New York, Dec. 9, 1911.

Not Twelve Men Oppose Suffragism?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The New York Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage has lately made a considerable boast of what it has done. One thing it has not done, in the seventeen years of its existence. It has not yet found, in all the enfranchised States put together, a dozen respectable men who assert over their own names and addresses that woman suffrage has had any bad results.

ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.
Dorchester, Mass., Dec. 9, 1911.

The Barber's "Rakeoff."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If "E. H., Jr.," should ascertain what proportion of the 10 cents collected by the bootblack goes into the pocket of the proprietor of the barber shop, possibly the earnings of "the Favored Bootblack" would not seem so munificent. E. B. K.
New York, Dec. 9, 1911.

A Widow's Family.

The recent death of a father left without means of support a widow 38 years of age, and four children, all under six. The mother is devoted to her children, and makes a good home for them; but to do this and at the same time earn enough for their wants, is too great a load for her to carry unassisted. It is in every way desirable to keep the family together. Fifteen dollars a month, with the mother's earnings, should be sufficient to do this. The Charity Organization Society asks for $180, to enable it to gladden the coming Christmas season of this mother and her little ones with the assurance that they will be together during the coming year.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be gratefully acknowledged.

The Charity Organization Society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions received in answer to previous appeals in THE TIMES:

"Cash," $1; "B. L.," $1; "K. A. M.," $1; E. J. Banz, $2; Mrs. F. Barker, $5; "D. W.," $5; "G. I. D.," $10; Miss Isabelle W. Easton, $3; W. W. Stifler, $2; Mark Waldman, $5; "F. A. L. H.," $3; "X.," $1; Claude Sachs, $5; Steitz Brothers, $5; "Cash," $1; "Mrs. E. B. S.," $1; "E. S. M.," $1; "H. M.," $2; "J. P. C.," $1; "I. J. R.," $2; "K. DeM. M.," $2; Charles R. Otis, $5; "J. W. M. & Co.," $3; "Cash," $1; Miss Georgia Marsh, $5; "C.," $1; "E. K. S.," $1; "M. S.," $1; "Anonymous," $3; "A. de P.," $5; Percival Robert Moses, $5; H. L. Bridges, $2; "A. Friend," $1; Mrs. K. A. Stivens, $1; "I. A. E.," $2.

CHILDREN'S COURT JUDGES.

Chief Clerk Contradicts Miss Doty's Figures and Facts About Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this morning's issue was a communication from Miss Madeleine Z. Doty, who sets forth the fact that it is her opinion that special Judges should be assigned to children's court work. I do not know, of course, the motive behind the article, and shall not treat it at length because of the many inconsistencies, if not absolute untruths, therein. But the fact remains that in the year 1911 there were but three Judges assigned to the Children's Court in Manhattan, all thoroughly competent and of many years' experience in the matter of handling children cases, and there are but three Judges assigned for the same work in the year 1912, equally competent. This court sits six days in each week, holidays excepted, and there are on an average of thirty new arraignments every day, in which a thorough inquiry is made, in addition to a remand calendar of approximately twenty cases. It can be seen at a glance that it would be a physical impossibility for one Judge to sit in this court constantly, for it certainly would result in a breakdown, without considering the question of a Judge having a vacation. As a matter of fact, I have heard Miss Doty speak a number of times about the terrible strain to which these Judges were subjected.

Another point Miss Doty speaks of is that 1,000 girls under the age of 16 were arraigned in the Children's Court last year, and that 900 of this number were in court on charges of immorality. As a matter of fact, 1,084 females were brought before the Children's Court last year, and of this number 145 were charged with being in danger of becoming morally depraved. Five hundred and fifty-one girls were found without proper guardianship, this not of necessity meaning that the girl was in any way delinquent, her only misfortune often being in not having proper home surroundings, and 245 of these girls were between the ages of 2 and 7 years. This shows how foolish is the statement regarding 900 girls charged with immorality. A further absurdity is the comparing of the Children's Court of New York County with its vast numbers with any other children's court in the country.

FRANK W. SMITH,
New York, Dec. 9, 1911. Chief Clerk.

FARMINGDALE PREVENTORIUM.

Its Complete Success Is Attended by Material Difficulties.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The experiment worked out in a small way at Lakewood, and later at Farmingdale, N. J., of taking children from the stuffy tenements away from tuberculous parents, and placing them right out in the open air day and night, has met with even greater success than was hoped for. In 340 odd cases treated thus far there has not been even one instance of illness of any kind. The gain in weight and strength has been splendid. For example, a little girl returned from the preventorium about two weeks ago, having gained twenty-one pounds within three months.

The success of the work emboldened the Directors to proceed with the building of a model preventorium. The buildings are now under roof, and experts who have viewed them have found cause only for commendation.

We have splendid support both from private individuals and from the City of New York, but we do need and need within the next few weeks, $40,000 more to pay for the contractors' bills, for the completion of the work, and for the furnishing of the same. We had $110,000 to begin the work from private sources, and the total will run up to $150,000, to be paid within four weeks from this day.

May we not ask you to place these facts before the public, in the hope that those who appreciate the need of anti-tuberculosis work, and particularly in the direction of prevention, will come forward and help us to complete this first all-year-round open-air movement to save children of tuberculous parents?

May we add that our work is absolutely free, that our children are recommended by the tuberculosis clinics, and approved by the Department of Charities, and that it is nonsectarian to the fullest degree.

Membership is voluntary from $1 upward, but what we need now, immediately, is money to complete our buildings.

MARCUS M. MARKS,
New York, Dec. 9, 1911. President.

THE UNACQUAINTED ONES.

Suggests a Bringing Together of Men's and Women's Clubs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can any of your readers suggest a practicable plan for bringing together the hosts of young men and women who make up the body of workers in our city life, but have no opportunity to become acquainted? The question is sometimes discussed, but I have never known the discussion to amount to more than Omar Khayyam's pursuit of theology—"evermore came out by the same door wherein I went."

There are many men's clubs and women's clubs, and these sometimes associate in some way, but club membership is usually expensive, directly and indirectly, and for that reason there are thousands who do not join, and other thousands to whom it has no attractions anyway. But such organizations as the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. certainly ought to have occasional social evenings jointly, and there are certain business women's associations that should affiliate with similar organizations of men.

It is little short of appalling to see the enormous number of men and women who are approaching an unmarriageable age, who are by character and temperament fitted to establish a domestic life of their own. They represent for the most part a high grade of personal character and ideals, and are of the sort upon which the country must rely for the establishment of its homes if its traditions of citizenship are to be maintained. Will some one suggest a plan which can be put into action and not end in talk? J. S. E.
New York, Dec. 9, 1911.

The College Graduate's Stipend.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You state that the young college graduate "who intends to devote himself to business thinks much more of the rank and character of the house in which he gains his first experience than of the pay which is or may be, in the beginning, so small and unimportant a part of what he gets." It appears to the undersigned that is precisely what the "College Graduate" did in this instance. Certainly a house which considers of such small value the services of a man who has necessarily spent many years in mental development, though not necessarily fitting him immediately for the work in hand, deserves to be placed in the category of "Undesirable Employers."

To the wise employers it is not so much a question as to whether he can earn his salary the first month or the first year, but rather as to whether he has mental grasp and can he make himself thoroughly useful to them after he has acquired a certain amount of experience. Surely no one will doubt that the college graduate is far more likely to produce results for his employers than the man who possesses lesser intellectual qualifications. We may infer then, that if our "Seven Dollar" employers prefer a college graduate, as they do, that is a tacit admission that he will prove the more capable, and since they offer him no more than they would a man who has not had the advantages of a college education that is a pretty strong indication that they want something for nothing, as your "College Graduate" implied. COLLEAGUE.
New York, Dec. 9, 1911.

Character and the Family.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of your correspondents implies the eventual break-up of the family because, he says, "legitimate culture-wants are rapidly growing more insistent than distinctly family wants," and the average family income is failing to keep pace with the increasing demands of culture. The inefficiency of the family in satisfying these demands is, therefore, its condemnation.

The answer seems to be that character, the moral training obtainable in the family, is worth more to the Nation than culture; that, to overstate it, no "culture-want" is legitimate when it displaces a moral want. Character, generally speaking, is a surer guarantee of social usefulness, and certainly a surer guarantee against social uselessness, than "culture"; and till we devise an institution rivaling the family as a school of character we must cling to the present system. F. P.
New York, Dec. 10, 1911.

The Christmas Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Benjamin Franklin, in speaking of Bible reading, once said that you never took anything away from the Bible unless you brought something with you to it. Apply this to the Christmas problem and you will find it holding true there, too. Merely to send your presents around to your friends depletes the purse of the giver and gives little happiness to the recipients. It is like going through the forms of religious worship when the substance is lacking. The secret of true and genuine giving is well told in Longfellow's "Vision of Sir Launfal." I advise "Tremor" to read this carefully a few times and then see if he thinks the same about Christmas and all that goes with it. H. H.
New York, Dec. 11, 1911.

KNOX TELLS ABOUT 'DOLLAR DIPLOMACY'

Secretary of State Says What Began as a Term of Derision Is Proving Effective.

CIVIC FEDERATION MEETING

Thinks It Imperative That the American Embassies Be Properly Housed—Consular Service.

Secretary Knox spoke to the Welfare Department of the National Civic Federation at the Waldorf yesterday afternoon about his department. His audience was composed almost entirely of women who listened intently and applauded his urgent demand for higher salaries for diplomatic representatives and for the gradual building of American legations abroad of a type in architecture and material to represent this country.

In the audience were Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Edmund Baylies, Mrs. August Belmont, Miss Rachael Crothers, Miss Anne Morgan, Mrs. Francis Bacon, Mrs. William Rand, Jr., Miss Maud Borland, Mrs. George Gray, Mrs. Leigh Hunt, Mrs. Walker B. Smith, and Miss Gertrude Robinson Smith.

The Secretary traced the development of his office from the beginning of the Continental Bureau directly after the Revolutionary War, when it was called the Department of Foreign Affairs and later the National Chancellory, and when the duties of the office included the registry of patents, supervision of copyright, immigration, registry of seamen, dissemination of information abroad of the resources of this country, and the giving of information to American interests in search of foreign markets.

From this beginning the force of evolution has brought the Department of State to a place where its function in home affairs is insignificant and its most important function that of communication between this and other countries.

To the phrase "Dollar Diplomacy," Secretary Knox gave more than passing attention. He was speaking of the opportunities that had been accepted by this country to aid the prosperity of other nations.

"Not only has the United States been rewarded on many occasions," he said, "by success in its efforts to bring about peaceful accommodations between disputant nations, but, thanks to our own prosperity, we have been potential in contributing to upbuild the prosperity of others. Prosperity, like many other things, follows the line of least resistance, and financial embarassment may truthfully be regarded as one of the lines of greatest resistance.

"Where our financial interests have been induced to make this line of resistance less beset with difficulties, the Department of State has stood ready to give the parties opportunity to get together. We did this with signal advantage to the Dominican Republic and are doing it in connection with the consummation of a debt-funding agreement between American bankers and Nicaragua and Honduras.

"It is the fashion to style this 'Dollar Diplomacy,' the phrase being originally intended in a disparaging sense. It seems, on the contrary, to be a creditable and happy phrase. If the American dollar can aid suffering humanity and lift the burden of financial difficulty from states with which we live on terms of intimate intercourse and earnest friendship, and replace insecurity and devastation by stability and peaceful self-development, all I can say is that it would be hard to find better employment. Anyhow, the Department of State will always be glad to take advantage of the American dollar in furtherance of peace on earth and good will to fellow-men."

Secretary Knox then turned to the place of America in the movement for world peace. Our course, he said, had been "disinterested, sincere, and sympathetic."

The speaker urged the adoption of the promotion-for-service system in the Diplomatic Corps. He explained how the Consular Service had been removed from politics and placed in the civil service class. Since President Taft's order in 1909 placing Secretaryships and the personnel of the Diplomatic Service under rules of examination and promotion for merit, new blood had been infused into the service, to its decided betterment.

He pointed out the fact that a goodly number of the heads of embassies had already risen from the rank of Secretary, and he showed by statistics that the number of new appointees who had gone abroad had been drawn from every section of the country. The Lowden bill, now pending, providing for a rigid scrutiny of the efficiency of Secretaries and departmental employes, Mr. Knox hoped would become a law.

He added the recommendation that the Consuls as well as Secretaries should constitute a service which might be shifted by Executive order without waiting for the confirmation of Congress. He would have them under rules similar to the navy and army. No more should a Secretary be commissioned to a particular post than a naval Lieutenant to a particular ship or an army officer to a designated fort.

"In short," said Mr. Knox, "I think the diplomatic and Consular branches should be services in fact as well as in name."

The Secretary further urged higher compensation for diplomatic representatives. It was a "melancholy fact" that the service had always been underpaid, he said, and added:

"I would wish to see every mission and Consulate decently housed and equipped, and I hope to live to see a good beginning made in that direction. Recent legislation has recognized in principle the necessity for the Government to own residences and offices for its diplomatic missions and Consulates, although the low limit of cost fixed for each place makes it utterly out of the question to acquire suitable premises for embassies in any of the great capitals of the world.

"I believe that it would be a wise policy if, instead of trying from time to time to purchase such premises as might be obtainable within the splender resources made available, this Government should adopt a broad policy of gradually acquiring embassy, legation, and Consular buildings, and should do this by using American designs, American materials, including furniture, and, to some extent, American workmen, in order that we might have buildings of a style typical of this country and equipped as specimens of the best and most modern American construction."

An effective diplomatic service, the Secretary added, must be democratic.

"The open door," he said, "is a good thing, in theory; in practice, two conditions are essential—it must be opened and it must be kept open. To do this is the function of diplomacy. In order to act its part well, the diplomatic service must be of the people and act for the people."

THE REVOLT.

Every now and then some man
Sets up quite a clatter—
Says that with old nature's plan
Something is the matter.

Every now and then, I say,
Some one howls and rages,
That we women here to-day
Earn our own good wages.

Thinks we ought to stay right where
Grandma was before us;
Loaded down with work and care
And a man's will o'er us.

Scolds because we find a way
From his kind to sever;
Thinks we should grow old and gray
Serving men forever.

Blames us that we do not like
Kitchen cook-range grubbing;
Thinks we all had better hike
Back to old-time scrubbing.

Marvels that we wish to earn
Our own modest living;
Thinks that all of us should yearn
For a husband's giving.

Says we do not care a rap
For small girls and laddies,
Just because we meet no chap
Fit to be their daddies.

Men who still are built that way
Must expect some chaffing,
For the women of to-day
At their howls are laughing.

LURANA SHELDON.

MRS. STEVENS GIVES DANCE AT ST. REGIS

Many Dinners Precede Event and Greater Part of Guests Come After the Opera.

DANCERS IN MARBLE ROOM

Boston and Philadelphia Society Represented — Supper Served After Midnight—The Guests.

Mrs. Richard Stevens of Castle Point, Hoboken, gave a brilliant dance last night at the St. Regis, which was preceded by numerous dinners and followed the opera, from which the greater part of the guests came.

Mrs. Edmund Randolph gave a dinner of forty covers before the ball, and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas also entertained at a large dinner. Mrs. Stevens, with Mrs. Nathaniel Bowditch Potter, attended the opera, returning to the St. Regis about 11 o'clock to receive her guests.

The entire second floor was reserved for the dance. Mrs. Stevens, in black velvet embroidered in rhinestones, received in the Marie Antoinette room off the marble room, where the dancing was done to the music of Henri Conrad's orchestra. A buffet supper was served shortly after midnight from small tables placed throughout the other rooms of the suite. The only decorations added to the ballroom suite were vases of American Beauty roses.

More than 100 guests were asked, and a number of these came from Boston and Philadelphia.

Among those invited were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Bull, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clews, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. W. Earl Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sargeant Cram, Miss Charlotte Cram, Miss Marjorie Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Cushing, Mr. and Mrs. W. Astor Chanler, Mrs. Archibald Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. J. Archibald Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Everett Colby, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Bird, Miss Mabel Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Berwind, Vincent Astor, and Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Gibson.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Laroque, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Oakley Rhinelander, Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Moncure Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Thomas, Mrs. Robert Livingston Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. W. Goadby Loew, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Elsie French Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. George Henry Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, Mrs. Whitney Warren, Mr. and Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Anthony Drexel, Lord and Lady Decies, Theodosius Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Eustis, Mr. and Mrs. A. Scott Burden, Mrs. Gambrill, Princess di San Faustino, Mrs. W. B. Leeds, and Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Guinness.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Prince and Princess Troubetskoy, Count de Lasteyrie, Count Mantgella, Count de Dredyect, Lionel Manden, Henry Knox, Lord South, Baron Radeck, Cecil Grenfell and Lady Grenfell, Miss Jennings, the Misses Alice Drexel, Laura Canfield, Carol Harriman, Josephine Nicoll, Helen Turnbull, Dorothy Mitchell, Marjorie Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Widener, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cassatt, Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dolan, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Lowell of Boston, J. R. B. Welling, Llewellyn Barnes, S. B. Elkins, Worthington Whitehouse, T. S. Beatty, Bertram Cruger, J. Harry Alexandre, J. De W. Cutting, Alfonso de Navarro, R. L. Cottenet, Alexander Cochrane, Harry Curtis, H. L. Eldridge, William Hoffman, Seymour Johnson, Thornton Wilson, and others.

MISS GLADYS SULLY WEDS.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel J. Sully Married to George H. Mahlstedt

The marriage of Miss Gladys Sully, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel J. Sully, to George Henry Mahlstedt, a young lawyer of New Rochelle, N. Y., and a graduate of the Yale Law School, took place yesterday afternoon at the country home of the bride's parents at Watch Hill, R. I. The Rev. C. Williams of Watch Hill performed the ceremony. Only relatives and intimate friends attended the wedding. Mrs. Douglas Fairbanks was her sister's only attendant, and Albert J. Mahlstedt was best man.

After returning from their honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Mahlstedt will reside in New Rochelle.

Van Winkle-Busk Wedding Dec. 28.

Invitations have been sent out for the marriage of Miss Mary Laird Busk, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick T. Busk, and William Mitchell Van Winkle, son of Col. Edgar B. Van Winkle, on the afternoon of Thursday, Dec. 28, in St. James's Church. The bridesmaids selected are the Misses Margaret H. Busk, Grace L. Van Winkle, Mimi Koiff, Ethel Outerbridge, Helen Shope, and Cecil Cunningham. The Misses Alice and Celestine Goddard will act as flower girls, and Miss Peggy Busk will be maid of honor. Mr. Van Winkle's best man will be Cornelius von Erden Mitchell, and the ushers are to be John Van Beuren Mitchell, Sidney W. Fish, James Park, Edward Blagden, F. Wadsworth Busk, Minton de S. Verdi, Clement Despard, and Charles W. Short, Jr.

A small reception will follow the ceremony at the residence of the bride's parents, 166 East Seventy-fourth Street.

Toledo Museum of Art Exhibition.

Edward Drummond Libbey, President of the new Toledo Museum of Art, is now in this city making arrangements for the formal opening of the museum with an important loan collection of pictures and sculpture. Private collectors and museum directors throughout the country have expressed their willingness to contribute, and about fifty masterpieces of ancient art will be included in the exhibition, in addition to a representative collection of old and modern American art, although definite information cannot yet be given out concerning the specific loans, it is known that one room will be given up to a memorial exhibition of paintings by Joseph Israels, and another room will be filled with Oriental paintings and pictures by Whistler from the Freer Collection. Mr. Libbey has purchased through the Reinhardt Galleries Raeburn's superb portrait of Lady Janet Traill and Winslow Homer's "Sunlight on the Coast," recently described in THE TIMES. The Toledo exhibition is to open Jan. 17.

Song Recital for Graduate Children.

A song recital for the benefit of graduate children of the Virginia Day Nursery is to be given on Friday afternoon, Dec. 22, at the Plaza. Miss Inge Oerner of the Metropolitan opera company will sing. Tickets may be had from the Misses Charlotte Delafield, Eloise Bloodgood, Alice Riggs Hunt, Constance Schermerhorn, and Sophie Vernon Olyphant.

H. W. Savage Off on Yacht Cruise.

Henry W. Savage left New York Sunday for a short cruise on his yacht in the Caribbean. The yacht Joyeuse is now at Norfolk, Va., and has on board as guests of Mr. Savage O. R. Cauchois, New York manager of the Companie Generale Transatlantique, and J. K. Nye, a marine architect. The yacht will cruise down the coast and will stop at Mr. Savage's property, Swan Island, in the Caribbean. The trip is expected to take about two weeks.

Breakfast for Lady Gregory.

Mrs. George Riggs (Kate Douglas Wiggin) will give a breakfast to-morrow for Lady Gregory and Mrs. Margaret Deland.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Charlotte Stillman will give a large luncheon on Dec. 20 for her débutante niece, Miss Elizabeth Stillman Kendall. Miss Kendall is sailing on Feb. 21 with Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Harkness, and will spend about three months abroad.

William A. Taylor will give a small theatre party on Dec. 19 for Miss Elizabeth Kendall.

Mrs. Willis S. Paine gave a small luncheon yesterday at the Plaza. Her guests included Mrs. Hugh J. Chisholm, Mrs. Joel E. Fisher, Mrs. C. Vanderbilt Barton, and Mrs. Joseph F. Simmons.

Mrs. Ten Eyck Wendell of Washington is sailing to-day with her uncle, E. Royall Tafer of Boston, to spend the Winter in Egypt. They will spend Christmas in Pau with Mrs. Herbert Thorn King.

Mrs. Charles X. Cordier of 305 West Eightieth Street will give a reception on Thursday, followed by a dinner and theatre party, to introduce her daughter, Miss Marjorie Pollock.

Mrs. James Tolman Pyle of 673 Fifth Avenue will give a theatre party and supper this evening for Miss Sarah Morgan.

Mrs. E. Drexel Godfrey has invitations out for a party to the play and a supper on Thursday evening for Miss Doris Porter.

The wedding of Miss Gwendolyn Burden to David Dows takes place in Grace Church this afternoon at 3 o'clock. A reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, 2 East Ninety-second Street.

Ambrose Henry will give on Friday night for Miss Frances W. Henry, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Henry, a theatre party, followed by a supper and dancing at Sherry's.

BAGBY CONCERT AT WALDORF.

Miss Destinn and Zimbalist Among Artists at Musical Morning.

The large ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria was filled yesterday morning at the 190th Musical Morning arranged by A. M. Bagby. The programme was a varied one, and the artists were Miss Emmy Destinn, Pasquale Amato, and Efrem Zimbalist, with Arthur Rosenstein and Samuel Chotzinoff at the piano. Miss Destinn sang several groups of songs, including an aria from "Andrea Chenier," by Giordano; Grieg's "Odaliske," and Dvorak's "Song of Russalka."

Mr. Amato rendered Gluck's "Intorno all'Idol Mio," "Danza Fanciulla," by Dutante; "Sciciana," by Sinigaglia, and other selections.

Mr. Zimbalist played a Hungarian dance, I minor, by Brahms; Saint-Saëns's "Introduction and Rondo Capriccioso," a Mazurka by Wieniawski, Orientale by Caesar Cui, and the others selections. The programme closed with Bach-Gounod's "Ave Maria," sung by Miss Destinn and played by Mr. Zimbalist.

Among those at the musicale were: Mrs. William P. Douglas, Miss Sybil Douglas, Duchess de Chaulnes, Miss Shonts, Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mrs. F. Griswold Gray, Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., Mrs. Beekman Lorillard, Mrs. Frederick Bronson, Mrs. John Clinton Gray, Mrs. Clarence G. Dinsmore, Mrs. John T. Atterbury, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. Arthur B. Twombly, Mrs. A. Murray Young, Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, Mrs. Samuel Thorne, Mrs. M. Lawrence Keene, Mrs. C. C. Cuyler, Mrs. H. F. Osborn, Miss Elizabeth S. Hamilton, the Misses M. H. Dehon, Luisita Leland, Annie Jennings, Margaret Remsen, Dorothy Manice, Alice Drexel, Hilda Holmes, Elise Ladew, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. Edward A. S. Harkness, and Mrs. W. W. Reese.

A RUNAWAY IN TIMES SQUARE.

Horses Get Past Three Policemen—Many Narrow Escapes.

The crowd in Times Square had a spectacular horse show of its own shortly after 6 o'clock last evening, when a team of big Montana horses, a gray and a brown, owned by Stern & Saalberg, 416 and 418 West Forty-eighth Street, started off on a run up Broadway from Fortieth Street to Forty-fifth Street. Many persons narrowly escaped being run down.

The animals were going at a gentle run at first. They had reached Forty-second Street before it was seen that there was no driver and that they were running away. Traffic Policeman Sullivan had the first intimation of danger when he saw the horses headed toward him on the east side of Broadway at Forty-second Street. He started to meet them, but they swerved to the left behind a northbound car standing below the crossing and went up the west side of the thoroughfare.

Quickening their pace the horses made their way safely through the crowded street past Traffic Policeman O'Donnell, who grabbed at the head of one of them at Forty-third Street and was flung aside. Somewhat disconcerted by the attempts to stop their progress, the horses swung a little further to the left of the street and took the safety isle for pedestrians in Times Square, the big truck barely missing the long line of automobiles standing within the enclosure.

Above Forty-third Street Policeman John E. Sheedy had made a grab at a horse's head, but was flung aside. He got up and managed to jump up on the back of the truck. At Forty-fourth Street Traffic Policeman Koster made an unsuccessful attempt to stop the runaways, and they had reached Forty-fifth Street before Policeman Sheedy grabbed up the lines and brought them to a stop.

When Matthew Rockey, the driver, of 327 East Twenty-eighth Street, arrived at Forty-fifth Street, he was arrested for leaving his horses unhitched in the street.

After Policeman Sheedy had told how he had stopped the horses, another version came to light. Charles Ashley, a chauffeur, of 266 West Forty-third Street, was the hero of this version. He said, after it was all over, that he had seen the horses coming his way, and that, having been a driver all his life until he became a chauffeur, and knowing exactly how to stop runaway horses, he dashed into Broadway and tenaciously held on to the bridle of the nearest horse, and brought the pair to a stop, a block away.

"Yes, I did it," he said, while twenty other chauffeurs supported his story to the letter. "I saw them coming. I nabbed them. They dragged me a block and a half. When I had them stopped two policemen got into the wagon from the rear and pulled up the reins. Another policeman, a great big fat fellow, came up to where I was hanging at the bridle, and told me to beat it. Then he led the horses away."

Young Ashley was holding his left foot in his right hand, leaning sadly against the Times Building.

"The horses stepped all over me," he said.

"Why don't you go to the hospital?" he was asked.

"Oh," he said, "I don't care for my foot. All I'm looking for is the credit."

GIRLS FLEE IN PANIC IN BUTTON PLANT FIRE

Explosion Starts Blaze in Muscatine, Iowa, Factory in Which Strike Centres.

WORKERS THOUGHT IT A BOMB

Investigation Shows It Due to Spontaneous Combustion—Labor Troubles Began Year Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

MUSCATINE, Iowa, Dec. 11.—The Automatic Button Company's plant, one of the largest in the city, was damaged to the extent of $6,000 to-day in a fire, caused by an explosion of gasoline at foot of an elevator shaft. Two hundred girl workers on the second floor were thrown into a panic, and rushed down fire escapes. No one was hurt seriously.

Manager Umlandt after an investigation said he thought the explosion due to spontaneous combustion, although the case looked suspicious. He refused to charge the fire was of incendiary origin. For eleven months the Button Workers' Union has been on strike, 2,500 men and women being out, involving all plants in the city. Bitterness against the Automatic Company's factory is particularly intense, as the manager has been successful in obtaining non-union workers, employing more than two-thirds of a regular force.

Since the murder of Patrolman Theodore Gerischer two weeks ago by a union button cutter the Sheriff has not allowed picketing, and has enforced his orders rigidly. He held that the strikers were assaulting and intimidating workers on their way to factories. When an attempt was made to re-establish picket lines a score of heads were broken by the police.

At the beginning of the strike the subsidiary cutting plant of the McKee & Bliven Company, in Keithsburg, was burned one night, and the management declared the fire was of incendiary origin. The girls said the fire to-day came with such a rush that some of them were nearly overcome getting from the second story to the ground.

The pearl button centre of America is entering upon the eighth month of perhaps the most unusual labor controversy which has had as its scene the Middle West. This city of about 20,000 people is divided into two hostile armed camps, church organizations have been dissolved, many homes broken up by domestic strife, business has become paralyzed, and the most important industry is tied up.

More than 2,000 people have been out on strike since last February, except for three months, when a short settlement was reached through the intervention of Gov. Carroll. The city, which previous to its industrial upheaval had enjoyed peaceful prosperity, has been the scene of assassinations, riots, and bomb-throwing. On two occasions the intervention of the State was necessary, and the city was placed under military law, with soldiers patrolling the streets.

Muscatine's long and bitter labor war had its inception when leading button manufacturers locked out their workers upon learning the strength of the organization which had been built up by the union. After the lockout came the strike. Riots followed and then martial law. In June Gov. Carroll effected a settlement, and withdrew the troops, but in September a general strike was again declared by the union, it being charged that the manufacturers violated their agreement while the plant owners alleged violations by the workers.

The first strike found the local police authorities powerless to cope with the situation, and military rule was necessary to preserve order. The second strike was met by aggressiveness on the part of the authorities, and violence has been discouraged. The Police Department has been augmented by the importation of many Deputy Sheriffs.

Unionists declare that Muscatine is today under the yoke of "official anarchy," and have complained to Gov. Carroll, alleging misrule. Muscatine is today ready for a conflict. Little is necessary to bring about open warfare. Muscatine by the strike has lost more than $1,000,000, but both sides are looking forward to victory.

Several of the local plants are operating with non-unionist forces, as high as 200 being employed in one shop. To-day witnessed the opening of the first union shop, the Muscatine Button Company signing up union agreements. The union expects others will take the same step.

Unionists have brought into play everything which might aid them in their fight, even organizing the children of the city into a juvenile union, and one of the most pitiful sights of the protracted struggle is to witness weekly parades of the youthful sufferers.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Maclyn Arbuckle will open in a new sketch, "The Reform Candidate," at Chase's Theatre, Washington, on Christmas Day. The play was written by himself and Edgar A. Guest. Mr. Arbuckle's supporting company will consist of Sydney S. Cushing, Evelyn Wiedling, and Lance Burritt.

Lawrence Rea, who has been ill and out of the cast of "The Quaker Girl," at the Park Theatre, for a few weeks, returned to the role of Prince Carlo last night.

The one hundredth performance of "The Woman" will be celebrated at the Republic Theatre to-night.

Members of the "Passers-By" company, at the Criterion Theatre, will celebrate the one hundredth performance of the play to-night by giving themselves a supper after the evening performance.

Frank Sheridan, Malcolm Williams, and Muriel Starr have been engaged for important roles in support of Wilton Lackaye in "The Stranger," which is to open at the Bijou Theatre on Dec. 21.

Andreeff's Russian Balalaika Orchestra will give a farewell performance at the Casino Theatre next Thursday afternoon immediately before sailing for Russia. The orders to return to St. Petersburg were received by Mr. Andreeff yesterday, and arrangements for the last concert were made at once.

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FOR THE LADY		FOR THE GENTLEMAN	
Heart Charm	$ 2.25	Scarf Pin	$ 3.75
Hat Pin	3.50	Studs (3)	4.50
Brooch	5.50	Sleeve Buttons	5.50
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Ring	6.50	Cigar Cutter	12.00
Collar Pin Set	9.00	Charm Fob	15.00
Bar Pin	11.50	Watch Chain (4 Topaz)	18.50
Bangle Bracelet	16.50	Glove Ring	18.50
Earrings	18.00	Waistcoat Buttons (6)	22.00
Sautoir	25.00	Scarf Pin (with Diamond)	35.00
Guard Chain	35.00	Link Sleeve Buttons	40.00
Chain Bracelet	55.00	Ring (Carved)	48.00
Grape Necklace	75.00	Bail Charm	115.00

Topaz Necklace, 30 Gem Stones, $225.00

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FOR A CHURCH UNION.

Presbyterian and Reformed Ministers Plan a Co-operative Campaign.

Protestanism in New York, the future of existing churches, and the founding of new churches were subjects of a conference held yesterday morning in the Marble Collegiate Church, in Fifth Avenue. The reports were not optimistic, and on all sides it was declared that Protestant churches of New York, and especially of Manhattan Borough, must somehow obtain endowments, radically change form and methods of work, or move away.

At the meeting were about 125 ministers. The Rev. Dr. John G. Fagg of the Collegiate Reformed system of churches, presided, and the prayers were offered by the Rev. Dr. George Alexander and the Rev. Dr. John Henry Jowett. The meeting followed action by the New York Presbytery and the New York Classis, and was held to find out how and where these two historic communions, one the oldest in New York, can work together. Nothing was said about organic union, but such was known to be in the minds of some of the leaders. The Rev. Dr. Henry Sloane Coffin, who started the whole thing, offered most of the resolutions, but they were all well received and action on all of them was unanimous.

The five lines of work proposed for cooperation were conditions of Presbyterian churches and Reformed churches in Manhattan, what to do with and for them, the planting of new churches in suburbs, contributions by New York to general home mission work, Chaplains for hospitals and prisons, and services for nightworkers. Statements were made by both sides showing the extent of existing work. Presbyterian churches were shown to be, all of them, out of debt. They give nearly $700,000 a year toward self-support and $2,000,000 to benevolences. There is $1,200,000 invested, bringing in $50,000 a year for church extension. In the Reformed Church the Collegiate systems, one downtown and the other in Harlem, are the richest, next to Trinity, of any church systems in the world, certainly of Protestant systems. The whole question was, not rescue from failure, but what to do to meet changing conditions, how to do it, and whether, whatever it might be, it could not well be done in common.

A mass meeting next Spring was ordered and a campaign of money raising was set to begin at once. The Rev. Dr. Walter Laidlaw of the Federation of Churches, pointed out that Brooklyn and Westchester County must be included, and that Presbyterian and Reformed churches ought to bring in the whole city, as Methodists and Baptists have done.

The only discordant note was uttered by the Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle Smith of Central Presbyterian Church. He is Chairman of the Church Extension Committee, and when telling what is done with financial income of Kennedy millions he observed that $12,000 a year goes to the Labor Temple, the Presbyterian effort in lower Second Avenue, Manhattan, to reach working folk. He said:

"The Labor Temple is not solving the problem of the church in its relation to labor. It is not reaching great numbers of people. It is inadequate."

CITY'S NEW SOCIAL CENTRE

Between 62d and 63d Streets—Moved Half Block in Two Years.

An examination of this year's Social Register, which is just out, shows that the centre of population of the families whose prominence is attested by appearance in that directory has moved only half a block in the last two years, so that it now stands half way between Sixty-second and Sixty-third Streets. From 1905 to 1909, the centre so calculated advanced from Fifty-eighth Street northward at a uniform rate of 200 feet a year, but two years ago the advance seemed to halt at Sixty-second Street, and in the interval it has made its way uptown only half a block.

Of the families appearing in the latest Social Register as residents of Manhattan 4,031 are east of Fifth Avenue and 3,217 are west. In the small east side space bounded by Fifth Avenue and Third Avenue and Fifty-ninth and Ninety-seventh Streets, there are 1,666 families, as compared with 1,247 in the far larger space bounded by Eighth Avenue, Riverside Drive, Fifty-ninth and 160th Streets.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Some of Those Sailing To-day on Two Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA, (Hamburg)—Miss Carolyn Armstrong, Luke A. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Browne, Mr. and Mrs. William Browne, A. P. Carlisle, Frank Craig, Miss Rose G. Curran, Dr. S. Hardy Clark, Dr. Margaret Y. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Donne, Mr. and Mrs. Giraud Foster, Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Gray, Miss A. M. Gray, W. J. Hickey, Alfred G. Johnson, Mrs. H. J. Kelly, Count Loring von Linden, Mrs. Smythe Martin, Mrs. A. G. Olney, Frank Ostrander, Mrs. Heaton Owsley, James H. Park, Capt. C. Poock, Edwin S. Radley, Miss Helen H. Radley, Miss Mabel Storm, Mrs. J. R. Sharp, Miss Constance Sharp, Miss Dorothy Sharp, Prof. C. Peck Warren and Mrs. Warren, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Carleton Young.

NIEUW AMSTERDAM (Rotterdam.)—H. P. Berlage, Count and Countess R. de Bulter, Miss de Bulter, H. Deen, P. C. Eilers, E. Finman, Miss Elsa Fitch, J. Frowein, Miss Emma H. Gray, Miss Alice Gray, Henry K. Gray, E. Harkema, the Rev. F. W. Howard, John F. Johnson, Dr. Robert Krause, Capt. and Mrs. C. C. Lansing, Mrs. Crawford Livingston, Miss Amy Z. Mayo, Miss Ida A. Merrill, R. J. Munn, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. William Prall, Mrs. C. P. Robinson, Miss Helen C. Robinson, H. C. Roller, Mrs. August Roth-Krupp, Louis Sampson, J. J. Spoon, Miss Delia M. Tighe, Dr. and Mrs. Roger V. Vaughans, and Mrs. Mary Dwight Wendell.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers:

CARMANIA (Liverpool)—A. C. Bade, Mr. and Mrs. A. Farwell Bemis, S. Blackley, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Boyle, H. W. Bucknall, Lieut. Robert Caffer, R. N. R.; Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Case, James A. Case, Dr. T. B. Charlton, F. B. Clarke, Jr., A. C. Claxton, C. H. Dempster, C. F. Dimond, W. E. Dixon, George T. Day, Miss K. C. Elliott, Edward Elwell, E. J. Fallon, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Graff, Dr. and Mrs. E. O. Grant, C. B. Griffith, J. Temple Gwathemay, T. E. Hewitt, A. de Ven Hunt, Robert Kanter, A. L. Knight, Marion Lawrence, M. H. Levy, F. Lukes, H. W. Malley, H. J. Mowat, H. A. Murphy, Henry T. Panting, British Vice Consul at San Pedro Sula, Honduras; Frank Panington, Capt. N. P. Pilcher, S. D. Pollok, L. D. Ricketts, Major and Mrs. Saunders, N. D. Stein, W. S. Tait, Frank H. Taylor, H. A. Thomson, J. W. Turner-Lashman, W. C. Warren, W. C. Webb, E. W. Walker, Jr., J. E. Young, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Herman Winter.

LAPLAND, (Antwerp.)—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Atterbury, Mrs. G. Lowrie Bell, Mrs. Mason Campbell, Mrs. S. D. Chism, Miss Lucy L. Chism, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Cross, Miss Mary C. de Graffenreid, Miss Elwyn de Graffenreid, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Delix, Mr. and Mrs. S. Albert Edwards, H. Fellner, Mrs. Hormar Salt, Miss Alice Garden, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hawley, Mrs. H. Humphreys, Miss K. B. Lockwood, Russell Murray, Ambrose Murrey, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Randall, Miss L. C. Roberts, Mrs. J. H. Sherreid, Dr. Hayward Stetson, Miss M. A. Stevens.

TOURAINE, (Havre.)—A. Alvarez, Maxwell Howell, Mrs. A. Lewis, Jose Perez, Lens G. Romo, Mr. and Mrs. N. Zeroma, Miss V. Lefevre, Manuel Gutieney, and Mr. and Mrs. L. Veillon.

CAMERONIA, (Glasgow.) — Mrs. Abbie Marble, Mrs. Ellen Pratt, Edwin Record, Miss Charlotte Thomson, Miss Lily B. Churchlow, Elezia Harmon, James Pator, Walter R. Bulton, Mrs. Ellen Sweellard, Miss Catherine Sweellard.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

MARGARET C. DWYER, died Dec. 2; left not more than $10,000 personalty to her husband, Thomas Dwyer.

OSCAR J. GEBHARDI, died Nov. 29; left $2,000 personalty to his wife, Magdelene J. Gebhardi.

ANNIE M. GRANGER, died Nov. 22, at Asbury Park; left $3,500 realty and not more than $10,000 personalty, her realty and $6,600 personalty to her brother, Frank D. Granger; $1,150 personalty to her sister, Mary G. Cragin; $200 to her brother, Reed B. Granger, and $50 to Emily C. Perkins.

LOUIS BRESLAUER, died Nov. 25, at Somerville, S. C.; left $2,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; his entire estate to his wife, Sarah Breslauer, for life, then to his children.

Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Dec. 9, averaged 9.43 cents per pound.—Adv.

FAMOUS SCULPTOR DEAD.

Thomas Ball Expires in His Montclair Home in 93d Year—Also a Painter.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Dec. 11.—Thomas Ball, the famous American sculptor, died this morning at 11 o'clock at the home of his son-in-law, William Couper, 105 Upper Mountain Avenue, in his ninety-third year.

Thomas Ball outlived all the famous American sculptors who attained prominence in the last half of the nineteenth century, and reached a greater age than any of his contemporaries. Mr. Ball was born in Charlestown, Mass., on June 3, 1819. Early in his career Mr. Ball was a member of the famous Handel and Haydn Society of Boston, and took part in the first production of Mendelssohn's "Elijah" in this country. Mr. Ball assumed the title rôle in the oratorio.

Besides being a sculptor, Mr. Ball was also a painter of distinction. Mr. Ball resided in Florence, Italy, from 1865 to 1897. He then returned to this country, and in 1898 took up his residence in Montclair. The most notable of Mr. Ball's works are the equestrian statue of Washington, in Washington; the Lincoln "emancipation group," in Washington; a statue of Gov. Andrews, at the State House in Boston; statue of Daniel Webster, in Central Park, New York; statue of Josiah Quincy, in front of the City Hall, Boston, and a statue of Charles Sumner, in the public gardens, Boston. Another large figure of Washington, the work of Mr. Ball, is in Methuen, Mass.

Several years ago Mr. Ball completed a painting on which he had been laboring at intervals for fifty years. It is entitled, "Jesus Speaking to Martha and Mary."

SIR JOSEPH D. HOOKER DEAD.

Noted English Surgeon and Naturalist Was 95 Years Old.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—Sir Joseph Dalton Hooker, surgeon and naturalist, died today at the age of 95 years. Born at Halesworth, in Suffolk, he was educated at the High School and the University of Glasgow, where he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1839. At the age of 21 years he accompanied the expedition of Sir James Clark Ross on the steamship Erebus, to investigate the phenomena of terrestrial magnetism in south polar seas.

In 1847 Sir Joseph went to India to investigate the plants of tropical countries and the flora of the Himalayas. In the course of his travels he was captured and imprisoned by the Rajah of Sikkim. Later he traveled as a naturalist through Eastern Bengal, Syria, Palestine, Morocco, the Rocky Mountains, and California. In 1855 he was made Assistant Director of the Royal Gardens at Kew, and ten years later succeeded his father, the late Sir William Jackson Hooker, as Director. In 1868 he presided over the meetings of the British Association, and in 1873 was elected President of the Royal Society.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE W. HARTSELL, 68 years old, a former City Marshal appointed by Mayor Strong and serving from 1897 to 1903, died suddenly from heart disease at his home, 155 East 121st Street, last night.

The Rev. EDWARD CHAPMAN ROMINE of Philadelphia, died suddenly last Sunday in Sandy Ridge N. J., where he formerly was pastor and had preached the same day.

JOHN J. TOWER, a retired New York hardware dealer, died Sunday night at his home, in Montclair, N. J. Mr. Tower had been an invalid for several years, but the immediate cause of his death was heart disease. He is survived by his wife, a daughter, and two sons.

SHERWOOD B. DAVIDGE, a prominent business man of Binghamton, N. Y., died suddenly in Binghamton Sunday of heart disease. He was well known in the lumber and oil business.

CHARLES ROSENBERG, a well-known figure in Jewish circles of this city and Chicago, died suddenly yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Rose Zimmerman, 464 Third Avenue. Mr. Rosenberg came to this country when a young man, and several years ago retired from business. He leaves three sons and three daughters.

LAWRENCE QUINN, a member of the police force since 1868, died Sunday morning in the German Hospital, after an illness of long standing. He suffered from cancer of the stomach, but remained on duty until Nov. 6 last, when he had to go to the hospital. "Larry" Quinn, as he was known to almost every rider and driver in Central Park, was attached to the Arsenal Station as a patrolman for ten years. He always had a post extending from Seventy-second to Seventy-ninth Street on the East Drive, and was one of the familiar figures in the Park. Mr. Quinn was born in 1840 and became a member of the police force twenty-eight years later. He resided at 201 East Sixty-eighth Street.

HOWARD ABRAHAM WHITFIELD, for forty-five years a Custom House Inspector at this port, died at the age of 83 years at his home, 442 West Fifty-seventh Street, on Sunday evening.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

KELLY.—Dec. 8, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. John Kelly, a son.

Married.

McGEE—HARDING.—Raymond A. McGee and Mrs Marie Z. Harding, on Monday, Dec. 11, 1911, at 4 P. M., by the Rev. Abbott E. Kittredge, at the home of the bride's parents, 245 West 75th St.

TAYLOR—CURTIS.—On Saturday, Dec. 9, at St. Bartholomew's Church, New York, by the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, Helen Very, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William John Curtis, to Edwy Lycurgus Taylor of New York.

New Jersey.

MATZ—MYERS.—Dec. 8, Newark, Henrietta Myers to Joseph Matz.

Died.

BOHME.—On Dec. 10, 1911, Henry L. P. Bohme, aged 74 years. Funeral from the residence of his son, Ralph Bohme, 403 Lincoln Av., Orange, N. J., on Wednesday, Dec. 13, at 2:30 P. M. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

CORDIER.—Mary Stone Cordier. Remains lying THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

DE LAMATER.—In Westfield, N. J., Dec. 11, William De Lamater, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, Thursday, 14th instant, at 3 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

DENZER.—On Sunday, Dec. 10, at the Hotel Marseilles, Rosa, beloved wife of Emanuel Denzer. Funeral at convenience of the family.

EMERSON.—Miss Anna, on Sunday, Dec. 10, in her 81st year, in New York. Native of New York. Interment Weehawken Crematory, Wednesday, 11 A. M.

HANLEY.—At Pocantico Hills, N. Y., Thomas F. Hanley, at his home, Dec. 11, son of the late Daniel and Mary Gannon Hanley. Funeral Thursday, Dec. 14, at 10:15 A. M. from the Church of St. Mary Magdalen, Pocantico Hills. Dunkirk (N. Y.) papers please copy.

HOLLY.—At Stamford, Conn., Saturday, Dec. 9, 1911, Col. John Isaac Holly, aged 67 years. Funeral from his late residence, 50 North St., Tuesday, at 2 P. M. Carriages will meet arrival of train leaving Grand Central depot at 12:03.

HOPKINS.—On Monday, Dec. 11, 1911, at her residence, 550 Park Av., New York, Emma A., widow of James Hopkins. Funeral from her home Wednesday morning, 9:30 o'clock, Dec. 13.

KELLY.—Margaret T., beloved wife of Thomas Kelly, on Sunday, Dec. 10, at her residence, 19 West 75th St. Funeral from Church of Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, on Wednesday, Dec. 13, at 10 A. M.

KILSHEIMER.—Dec. 11, 1911, after a lingering illness, Elizabeth, wife of James B. Kilsheimer. Services Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock from Jeroloman's Parlors, 2,157 7th Av. Burial private.

LITHAUER.—On Monday, Dec. 11, 1911, Adelaide, widow of the late Jacob Lithauer. Funeral from her late residence, The Gramont, 215 West 98th St., Wednesday, at 1:30 P. M.

MILLER.—Catherine Nevarre Miller, at Denver, Dec. 8, daughter of Gen. Morris S. Miller, in her 62d year. Funeral, Denver, Tuesday. Interment, Utica, Saturday.

PEISER.—Delwyn W., son of Louis and Marie Peiser, in his 25th year, on Dec. 11, 1911. Funeral notice later.

RANDOLPH.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, Dec. 10, 1911, John J. F. Randolph. Services at his late residence, 908 Madison Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Dec. 12, at 3 P. M. Carriages will meet 2 o'clock express from foot of Liberty St., New York, via C. R. R. of N. J.

RICE.—At rest at her home Worthington, Mass., Dec. 11, 1911, Hannah Seeley, wife of the late William A. Rice. Burial at Worthington.

ROBINS.—On Saturday, Dec. 9, H. Fannie, wife of Francis F. Robins. Funeral services at late residence, 777 Madison Av., Tuesday morning, Dec. 12, at 11:30. Please omit flowers.

ROSENBERG.—Charles, aged 74 years, Monday, Dec. 11. Funeral from the home of his daughter Tuesday, Dec. 12, at 10 A. M.

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SMITH.—Mary L. Smith, wife of Howard J. Smith. Funeral services at 823 East 17th St., Flatbush, Wednesday at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

TOWER.—At Montclair, N. J., on Sunday evening, Dec. 10, 1911, John J. Tower, in the 75th year of his age. Funeral service will be held on Wednesday, Dec. 13, at 3:30 P. M., at his late residence, No. 14 South Mountain Av., Montclair, N. J. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of the family.

WHITFIELD.—Sunday evening, Dec. 10, 1911, Howard Abraham Whitfield, Sr., (Customs Inspector for forty-five years,) beloved husband of Catherine Rodamer Whitfield, age 83 years. Funeral services Wednesday evening, Dec. 13, at 8 o'clock, from his late home, 442 West 57th St., New York City. Interment Thursday at Red Bank, N. J.

WICKWIRE.—Suddenly, Dec. 11, at Roosevelt Hospital, Jere Raymond Wickwire, Jr., infant son of Jere Raymond Wickwire and Constant Johnson Wickwire. Funeral private.

WRAGG.—At 770 St. Nicholas Av., New York City, Monday, Dec. 11, 1911, Joseph E. Wragg, aged 83 years. Funeral services will be held Wednesday, Dec. 13, at 2 P. M. at the Reformed Church, Ridgefield, N. J. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited.

YOUNG.—At New Rochelle, Dec. 9, John T. Young. Funeral service at his late residence, Crest Lawn, North Avenue, New Rochelle, New York, on Tuesday, Dec. 12, 1911, at 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting on North Avenue Bridge, on arrival of 2:15 train from Grand Central Station.

AUJA.—Laureno F., 124 West 21st St., Dec. 10.
BURNS.—Mary M., 415 1st Av., Dec. 10. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
FORD.—Ellen, 809 Amsterdam Av., Dec. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
FRANK.—Fred, 511 East 12th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
GROGAN.—Maria, 213 East 43d St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
HEDLEY.—John, Dec. 10, 911 Amsterdam Av. Funeral private.
KERRIGAN.—Kathleen V., 253 Clinton St., Dec. 10. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
LEAHY.—John, 948 1st Av., Dec. 10.
McCORMICK.—Ann, 521 Tinton Av., Bronx, Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
McNALLY.—Mary, 212 West 16th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
MARTINUS.—Adam, Dec. 8, aged 74. Funeral, 994 2d Av.
MULCAHY.—May, 448 West 58th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day.
MULLER.—Elizabeth M., 69 Amsterdam Av., Dec. 9, aged 4. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
NEWMAN.—George, Presbyterian Hospital, Dec. 9, aged 39. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
POUND.—Thomas, 247 West 107th St., Dec. 10.
QUINN.—Lawrence R., 201 East 68th St., Dec. 10. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
SCHLAMP.—Frank P., Dec. 9, aged 47. Funeral, 851 Amsterdam Av.
SHEEHAN.—Patrick J., 44 West 131st St., Dec. 10.
TSCHADA.—Emma, 735 Home St., Bronx, Dec. 10, aged 45. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
VULTEE.—Gertrude, Dec. 10, aged 33. Funeral, 171 8th Av.
WILLMEIER.—Henry, 337 Park Av., Dec. 9, aged 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BARKER.—William A., 485 12th St., Dec. 10.
BAULSIR.—William V., Dec. 11, aged 75. Funeral, corner Throop and Greene Avs., to-day.
DIETRICH.—Kate, 45 Hart St., Dec. 10, aged 41. Funeral service to-day.
DOUGHERTY.—John, 726 Sackett St., Dec. 10. Funeral to-day.
DUNCAN.—John Y., 687 East 4th St., Dec. 10, aged 62.
FOX.—Catherine, 432 State St., Dec. 11. Funeral notice later.
GOODING.—Mary A., 977 East 95th St., Dec. 10, aged 72.
GUZIEWSKY.—Cecelia, 304 Dean St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
KIRWIN.—Martin H., 768 East 8th St., Dec. 10. Funeral to-morow, 9:30 A. M.
LANCASTER.—Cornelius, 1,061 Bergen St., Dec. 10, aged 50.
McGUIRE.—John J., Cumberland St. Hospital, Dec. 10. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
O'BRIEN.—Louisa, 649 Jefferson Av., Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow.
O'DONNELL.—J. M., 726 Wythe Av., Dec. 9, aged 36. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
PATTON.—John J., 183 Atkins Av., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day.
REGAN.—Thomas, 307 East 35th St., Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9:45 A. M.
REIDER.—Louisa, 36 Ridgewood Av., Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow.
TAYLOR.—Emily, 357 McDonough St., Dec. 11. Funeral notice later.
TROY.—Mary, 151 Baltic St., Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
TRAVERS.—Dennis, 563 Henry St., Dec. 9, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
WESTFALL.—George F., 31 Lenox Road, Dec. 10, aged 57. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
WOLFF.—Gabriel, 125 Harrison St., Dec. 10. Funeral private.

Connecticut.

BENEDICT.—George W. S., New Haven, Dec. 9.
BURRITT.—Robert W., Bridgeport, Dec. 8, aged 67.
CANNON.—Nicholas, New Haven, Dec. 8.
CULLUM.—George W., West Haven, Dec. 9, aged 63.
GORHAM.—Sarah H., Hamden, Dec. 9, aged 61.
LUMSDEN.—Anna, New Haven, Dec. 9, aged 78.
McDONALD.—Augusta, West Haven, Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.
MURRAY.—Michael, New Haven, Dec. 8, aged 65.
REED.—Mrs. Harvey M., New Haven, Dec. 8, aged 26.
ROBINSON.—Louisa, Danbury, Dec. 9, aged 86.
SMITH.—Stiles L., Bridgeport, Dec. 8, aged 74.
USINGER.—Margaret L., Dec. 9. Funeral 175 Meadow St., New Haven.

Long Island.

BANDSTRA.—John, West Sayville, Dec. 9, aged 58.
DOWNING.—T. F., Manhasset, Dec. 10, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
HECKMANN.—George, Elmhurst, Dec. 10, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
MOTT.—Capt. Charles S., Patchogue, Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
VAN WICKLEN.—Richard, Port Washington, Dec. 8, aged 78.

New Jersey.

BENDER.—John R., Newark, Dec. 9.
BERNER.—Lizette, 17 Danforth Av., Jersey City, Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow.
BLAIR.—Samuel J., East Orange, Dec. 10, aged 52.
BLOWERS.—Sarah M., Montville, Dec. 10, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.
BRANDAU.—Anna, Newark, Dec. 9. Funeral to-day.
BROWN.—Malcolm G., 84 Barclay St., Newark, Dec. 10.
CAROLA.—Antonio, Paterson, Dec. 8.
CLARK.—Sarah E., Madison, Dec. 10, aged 60. Funeral Dec. 14, 2 P. M.
CLEVER.—Annie E., Trenton, Dec. 8.

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Died.

CORRIDON.—Thomas, 235 Bay St., Jersey City, Dec. 8. Funeral to-day.
DEUCHLER.—Rosina E., Newark, Dec. 11, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow.
EHLERS.—Harriet A., 18 East Kinney St., Newark, Dec. 10. Funeral to-day.
FLYNN.—Margaret, 138 Thomas St., Newark, Dec. 10. Funeral to-day.
GANNON.—Delia B., 23 Astor Place, Jersey City, Dec. 9. Funeral to-day.
GARRIGAN.—Annie, 291 Belleville Av., Newark, Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow.
GRAY.—Rose M., Newark, Dec. 10, aged 17.
HOGAN.—Edward J., 610 Broadway, Bayonne, Dec. 9.
HURBY.—Alfred, 549 Central Av., Newark, Dec. 10, aged 45. Funeral to-morrow.
KAMP.—Maria, 216 South St., Jersey City, Dec. 9, aged 34. Funeral to-day.
KING.—George B., Paterson, Dec. 8.
LEADBEATER.—William, West Orange, Dec. 10, aged 78. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.
LINDNER.—Annie, 149 Court St., Newark, Dec. 10.
McGOVERN. — Thomas, Hawthorne, Dec. 11. Funeral notice later.
McIVER.—George T., Jersey City, Dec. 9.
MACKEY.—Charles E., 2 Broad St., Newark, Dec. 10, aged 51. Funeral to-morrow.
MAHER.—Patrick, Paterson, Dec. 8.
MEEHAN.—Thomas, 80 Thomas St., Newark, Dec. 10. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.
NOLAN.—James M., Paterson, Dec. 8.
NOLAN.—Julia, Harrison, Dec. 10.
NORTON.—Jane, Jersey City, Dec. 8. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
WICKHAM.—David, 288 Garside Av., Newark, Dec. 10. Funeral to-morrow.
WILLIAMS.—Martha J., Belleville, Dec. 11. Funeral to-morrow.
POWER.—John J., Montclair, Dec. 10, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 3:30 P. M.
PRESTON.—Charles, Trenton, Dec. 8, aged 81.
SCHAFER.—Ida, Elizabeth, Dec. 9, aged 36.
SMITH.—Nellie, 871 South 19th St., Newark, Dec. 11.
STELLING.—Anna, 392 Union St., Newark, Dec. 10, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

New York State.

McCULLY.—Stephen, Ossining, Dec. 10, aged 64.
ROBIE.—Reuben, Bath, Dec. 9, aged 68.
WILLIAMS.—Ellen, Newburg, Dec. 9, aged 80. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

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DERS LOSE LAPS IN SIX-DAY RACE

One Team Drops Out as the Result of Sprints in the Garden Grind.

SCORE AT TWO O'CLOCK.
(Twenty-sixth Hour.)

	Miles.	Laps.
Kramer and Moran	554	9
Fogler and Clark	554	9
Root and Hill	554	9
Halstead and Brobach	554	9
J. and M. Bedell	554	9
Pye and Collins	554	9
Cameron and Magin	554	9
Demara and Lawrence	554	9
Palmer and Wells	554	9
Lorenz and Saldow	554	9
Georget and Brocco	554	9
Lapize and Van Houwaert	554	9
Galvin and Wiley	554	8
Thomas and Stein	554	8

Previous record 558 miles 7 laps, made in 1910.

The first twenty-four hours of the international six day race at Madison Square Garden expired at midnight last night and showed fewer changes in position than has any such event in years. Twenty-eight riders, or fourteen teams, were still pedaling around the saucer. The pace was anything but easy, being almost as fast as last year's record figures for the same day, and much better than the average speed of first-day riding for previous years. But all the teams proved equal to their task, and even the newcomers to the exhausting grind refused to be shaken. Barring two teams, which fell behind one lap yesterday and another which dropped three laps, the field was on even terms at midnight, and so near record time that any sustained efforts at lap-stealing would pull the field beyond the 1910 figure, the record for the first day's riding.

The first defection among the fifteen teams occurred at 12:40 o'clock this morning, when Cavanagh of the Jersey team made up of Ryan and Cavanagh, withdrew from the race. Cavanagh was riding at the time the sprint began, and he dismounted from his wheel, announcing that he could not continue. Ryan, his partner, was sleeping at the time. The Ryan-Cavanagh team was then officially declared out of the race, but Ryan was allowed the usual four hours to secure a new partner. Both are new-comers at the six-day game, having retired from the amateur ranks but a short time ago.

The condition of the various contestants was somewhat of a surprise. Close followers of six-day racing were unanimous that a better conditioned field had never started out for six-day honors. In spite of the fast riding few spills occurred, and nothing like a serious accident befell any of the teams. The frequent prediction that Frank Kramer would find the grind too gruelling was not borne out by the first day's happenings. The sprint champion was not only in the race, but in strong. On one occasion yesterday morning Kramer saved his team from being lapped after coming to the aid of the tired Moran, just when the latter seemed destined to fall behind.

During the greater part of the evening the riders kept up a fast, steady pace, with few jumps to make the crowd enthuse. About 11 o'clock Pedlar Palmer of the Australian-New Zealand team brought the crowd to its feet by jumping the field, and opening up a gap of several yards. He was quickly overhauled by Clarke, and the latter began a sprint on his own account. Eddie Root, who was tagging Clarke closely, was the third of the field to take the lead, and in a minute nearly the entire squad of thirty riders were on the track, partner relieving partner in rapid succession. Georget of the French-Italian team and Lorenz of the German team were others to continue the dizzy pace, which lasted for about ten minutes, and before it was ended by Lapize throwing a tire on the Twenty-sixth Street side, the Stein-Thomas and Ryan-Cavanaugh teams had been lapped twice. It was the second lap lost by the latter team during the day. Magin of the New York-New Jersey team crashed into Lapize after the latter had tire trouble, and both slid against the railing on the Twenty-sixth Street side, but both escaped injury.

The five-hundredth mile was reached at 11:11 o'clock last night, at which time Eddie Root was in the lead. After the Lapize-Magin spill the riders settled back to a steady grind.

One new record for six-day team riding was established in the first twelve hours of the race, that coming at the end of the sixth hour. The first five hours found the riders trailing close behind the best previous figures, but never reaching them. At 5:40 o'clock yesterday morning Freddie Hill of the New York-Boston team started the first real "jam" of the race. His partner, Eddie Root, relieved him and soon the team had gained three-quarters of a lap. Lorenz and Saldow of the German team led the field in the successful attempt to overhaul Hill and Root. This fast riding pulled the field beyond the best previous record, and the mark for six hours was 141 miles and four laps, the Hill-Root team leading at the time. This was two laps ahead of the former record, established by the late George Leander and Floyd Krebs in the 1902 race. After the sprint had been concluded the riders relaxed, and when the next hour's score was announced, it was found that the riders were seven laps behind the record of the Hill-Demara team in 1908. They continued to fall behind during the remainder of the morning, and at noon, the end of the twelfth hour, the leaders had covered 268 miles and seven laps. This was two miles and nine laps behind the record made last year by Hehir and Goullet.

The first break in the order of the teams occurred at 10:40 o'clock yesterday morning during a sprint started by Jackie Clarke at 10:35. Thirteen of the fifteen teams were equal to the task, but the Galvin-Wiley and Ryan-Cavanagh combinations fell one lap behind. The work of the latter combination was not surprising, as both members of the team are youngsters in their first six-day race, but the other two are seasoned performers and it caused surprise that they should drop behind so early. When the sprint began Jimmy Moran was on the track and he had a narrow escape from being lapped. Kramer rushed to the track with no jersey to cover his undershirt and one of his great sprints saved the day. The "jam" lasted eight minutes, being ended when Lorenz fell on the Fourth Avenue bank and John Bedell fell over him.

During the early morning hours Georget and Braco of the French-American team jumped into favor with the crowd by their continual "jumps." The riding was fast enough to hold the crowd, and at 7 o'clock yesterday morning fully 5,000 people, or half the crowd which witnessed the opening, were still in the Garden.

The turn on the Fourth Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street sides, which caused so much trouble early Monday morning, fifteen tires being punctured in less than two hours, was replaced yesterday morning shortly after 9 o'clock. The riders were protesting loudly about the condition of the track, and punctures were coming so rapidly that action became necessary. The riders were allowed to use the flat section of the main floor, directly inside the inclined track, while three workmen searched for the cause of the trouble. One large projecting nail was found, and the track was planed in several sections where the boards were rough. No more trouble occurred at this point during the remainder of the day.

The first accident to occur at the Garden since the race began happened at 7:30 o'clock last night. A spectator, who gave the name of John Butler of 206 West Fifty-second Street, sustained a bad fracture of the right leg just below the knee in a fall while coming down the stairs on the Madison Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street side. He was hurrying to see a sprint, started by Ryan of the Jersey team, when the accident occurred. Dr. L. F. Sturges, one of the physicians in charge of the riders, attended the injured man, who was afterward removed to Bellevue Hospital.

CORNELL'S STRONG TEAM.

Moakley Will Enter Distance Runners in A. A. U. Championships.

Trainer John F. Moakley of Cornell University has written Secretary James E. Sullivan of the Amateur Athletic Union that many members of the champion Cornell team will compete at the indoor championships at Madison Square Garden on Dec. 26 and 27. Moakley states that he hopes to bring down a fairly representative team, one that should score heavily. He has built up a team that is especially strong in distance runs, which may go to Ithaca. Should John Paul Jones start in the mile run it is an assured fact that the five points for that event will go to Cornell, while "Tel" Berna, the intercollegiate two-mile record holder, if he is in good condition, should win the two-mile run. Moakley realizes the importance of having his men in shape early, and he is giving them an opportunity to get in good trim for the different Spring games.

It is likely that Buffalo will send down some men to these championships: Driscoll, Burkhardt, and Friedman will probably come down and endeavor to win some points for the up-State clubs. Driscoll, who is a member of the Sixty-fifth Regiment, has been training for some time with these championships in view, and will make a fine showing in the "1,000." Friedman and Burkhardt will start in the sixty and seventy yard events.

The indoor championships this year will bring together the greatest number of out-of-town athletes that ever competed in the old Garden, and the local athletes will have to be in the best possible condition to win.

CAPT. TRIMBLE EXPLAINS.

Columbia Hockey Captain Denies Game Was Scheduled on Sunday.

The practice hockey game announced for Sunday between the Columbia hockey seven and the Seventh Regiment team has stirred up considerable excitement on the Morningside Heights campus, as the drastic action taken by the trustees in stopping the game has been promptly followed by a letter of censorship, and the hockey management called upon for an explanation. The matter has been treated as a flagrant violation of the regulations forbidding the holding of any athletic contests or exhibitions, and brings sharply before the university authorities the whole matter of Sunday practice.

In yesterday's issue of The Columbia Spectator there appears an official letter from Prof. Herbert G. Lord, as Chairman of the University Committee on Athletics, and also a letter of explanation from R. J. Trimble, '12, Captain of the team.

Giants in Batting Humor.

HAVANA, Dec. 11.—The New York Giants donned their batting clothes to-day and defeated the Havana team by the score of 10 to 2.

Police Interfere with Boxing Bout.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 11.—The ten-round boxing contest between Young Togo, Japanese featherweight, and "Calky" Germain of St. Louis, scheduled for to-night, was called off because of police interference. Young Togo will leave to-morrow for New York, where he is to fight Johnny Daley on Dec. 20.

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COLLEGES GAIN BY A. A. U. RULING

Student Competition Works Hardship Against Amateur Athletic Clubs.

The ruling of the Legislation Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union in regard to the competition of students who are also members of athletic clubs, passed at the annual session last month, promises to work to the benefit of the various educational institutions, and cause a defection in the ranks of athletic organizations hereabouts.

Indications point to the fact that in some circles the rule is considered to be an unfair one, if carried out to the letter of the law. It is generally conceded, however, that the best way to rid the books of a supposed bad rule is to work for the enforcement, which is expected to warrant steps being taken for its annulment.

Through the working of the new rule, which reads: "A student representing a university, college, school, or other educational institution must consider such institution his residence for the purpose of registration, and represent such institution in competition. Such student between June 1 and Oct. 1 may transfer his registration to a club or other organization belonging to an active or allied member of this union, which is located within 100 miles radius of his actual residence, and upon the opening of the scholastic year he may be retransferred to his educational institution." Columbia University is assured of the competitive services of Russell Lawrence Beatty, the collegiate record holder with the 16-pound shot, and Harry Babcock, the inter-collegiate champion pole vaulter, both of whom have been wearing the colors of the Winged Foot in open competition.

George Bonhag, the five-mile National title holder, who competes for the Irish-American A. C., and who is said to be taking a special course in Engineering at Columbia, will, according to the strict interpretation of the rule, as quoted by Bartow S. Weeks, be compelled to compete for the Morningside institution if he is in any way connected scholastically.

These three cases will prove distinct drawbacks to the competitive prestige of the athletic clubs, but the living up to the rule will be all to the advantage of Columbia, which must have the services of these men, if they compete, between Oct. 1 and June 1 of each year they are at school.

That the rule will be lived up to in its strictest interpretation is attested by the fact that athletes of any and all educational institutions are to be bound by it. This point developed yesterday when lads of the Harlem Evening High School, and Brooklyn Evening High School, made inquiry as to whether they would be permitted to represent certain athletic clubs as against their respective schools, when Mr. Weeks ruled that they must compete for their schools between the dates nominated in the rule.

It also developed yesterday that the local Registration Committee had erred in granting permission to Alexis Ahlgren, a Swedish runner, to run for the Glencoe A. C. Ahlgren competed for certain organizations in and around Boston during the past Summer and became registered Dec. 1 from the Glencoe's. As this registration was made subsequent to the time of the annual A. A. U. meeting Nov. 20, the one-year release rule became effective.

Clarke Takes Close Game.

George P. B. Clarke defeated Charles E. White in last night's game of the National amateur 18.2 balk-line championship billiard tournament at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, by the score of 300 to 286. The contest required thirty-five innings, and was close all the way. Although Clarke led throughout, it was not until near the end of the game that the winner could be picked. Clarke made a high run of 62 points, and averaged 8 20-35. White's best efforts netted him a high run of 31, and he averaged 8 14-34. The final game of the tournament will be decided this evening, when Charles F. Conway will oppose Charles E. White.

Ithacans Select Butler.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 11.—Edwin William Butler of Brooklyn was elected Captain of the Cornell football team for next year at a meeting of the football team following its annual banquet to-night. Butler was the dark horse, the two most talked of candidates being Butch Evrich and Bernard O'Connor. Butler, who is 21 years of age, first played on the 'Varsity last year, following brilliant work in his freshman year as quarter back. Butler started out as a quarter back this Fall, but his play there was not satisfactory, and he changed places with O'Connor, going to left half back, where he put up a much better game.

Mercer Re-elected Penn's Captain.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 11.—At a meeting this afternoon of the University of Pennsylvania football players Leroy Mercer, full back, was unanimously re-elected Captain of the 1912 football team.

Colgate Buries the Hatchet.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Dec. 11.—The Athletic Association of Colgate University voted to-day to rescind the action taken one year ago, by which all athletic relations with Syracuse University were abrogated. This clears the way for a football game next Fall.

Dankelman Wins at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Dec. 11.—Dankelman of New York defeated Wireback of Pittsburgh, 50 to 47, in the National amateur three-cushion billiard tournament here to-night. The game went 117 innings. Each man had a high run of 5.

MALONEY WINS FROM DORMAN

West Side Fighter Has Somewhat Easy Task at Malvern A. C.

Tommy Maloney of the west side defeated Jack Dorman in a hard contest last night at the Malvern Athletic Club, the former being entitled to the honors by a good margin, doing all the effective work and carrying the battle to his opponent after the third round. Maloney seemed well primed for the bout, and handed out short right and left hand uppercuts with a speed that completely dazzled Dorman.

In the first three rounds Dorman was able to hold his own against Maloney, who had not warmed up to his task, but when the latter got going properly after the third session he landed from all angles and with exactness that had his rival completely dazed.

On two occasions in the seventh and eighth rounds Maloney by steadily pounding the body with terrific rights had Dorman staggering about the ring almost helpless, and had it not been for the timely sounding of the bell would have probably won with a knockout. Dorman tried continually with a hard right swing in the hope of getting over a "haymaker," but always missed by wide margins. Maloney on the other hand was possessed with great coolness, and waited his chances, which usually materialized. He proved clever and showed marked improvement in his form.

In the closing round Dorman, after having his right eye badly cut, which bled hard, tried to come back by boring in and slugging all the way, but his efforts availed him nothing, as Tommy avoided his rushes, and met him with clean blows every time. Dorman showed signs of punishment as he went to his corner after the fight, with his eye bleeding profusely and his body well colored from the steady body punches. It was a hurricane bout from the start, but Maloney was the master most of the time.

The "Fighting Parson" made a record for himself as, after disposing of Al Roberts in the first round of one of the preliminary contests, he came back in the semi-final, scheduled for six rounds, and knocked out Henny Sager.

Bedell and Dohan in Draw.

Joe Bedell and Johnny Dohan, both of Brooklyn, slugged through ten rounds last night in the main bout at the Carlyle Athletic Club without either being able to gain an advantage, the general opinion being a draw. It was a "slug fest" from the first tap of the gong in the opening round until the final one, with each man administering a beating to the other. The first five rounds see-sawed, with first one, then the other, taking the upper hand in the aggressiveness. In the fifth round Bedell, with a hard right to the face, brought the blood from Dohan's mouth, and with a steady volley of body blows carried the honors of the round easily. Dohan turned the tables in the seventh, and with a sudden flash came back and battered Bedell all over the ring with body blows, causing him to cover up. Both men fought savagely and slammed away at each other from beginning to end of every round, and were both bleeding freely after the eighth, when Bedell's left eye was opened by a right jab. Dohan had all the better of this session, and, after opening the gash over the eye, directed all his attack in that direction. The body punches and blood from the cut eye weakened Bedell considerably, and he became weak near the close of the session. The ninth ended even, after a lull in the work of both men, but the final was productive of another slugging bee, with both men fighting hard throughout.

Another Victory for Simon.

Ray Simon, the Syrian heavyweight, who has recently shown himself to be somewhat of a "white hope," added another victory to his list last night when he easily defeated Mickey McDonough in their ten-round bout at the Brooklyn Beach Athletic Club. Simon did all the forcing and landed the best blows in nearly every round, while Mickey waded in and only was able to score at close range. McDonough could not reach the Syrian, and gave up hope after the fourth round. Although neither man possesses any too much cleverness, they fought with enough aggressiveness to satisfy the crowd, which constantly called for a knockout. In the last round, after being on the defensive from the start, Mickey went out with a flash and tried to even the score by swinging from all angles and forcing the Syrian, who was well used up.

British Boxer Defeated.

BOSTON, Dec. 11.—The scientific boxing of Jimmy Walsh of Boston proved too much for Jim Kendrick, the bantamweight of London, England, in the main bout at the American Athletic Club to-night, and the popular verdict went to the Boston boy. At no time in the eight rounds did the Englishman have a lead.

Williams and Uvanni Draw.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 11.—At the Grogan Athletic Club here to-night, Jack Williams of Brooklyn fought ten rounds to a draw with Joe Uvanni of this city. Uvanni has met Bill Hurley, who recently defeated Sailor Burke, and earned a draw.

Hoppe Defeats Poggenburg.

"Willie" Hoppe, the world's champion 18.1 and 18.2 balk line billiardist, gave one of his usually interesting demonstrations of the latter game last night at the Catholic Club in a special match with J. Ferdinand Poggenburg of the Liederkranz Club, when he defeated the former amateur title holder by a score of 400 to 180. Probably 750 persons witnessed the match, which was replete with almost every variety of shot in the category of the champion's output. As his best run in any one inning Hoppe rolled up 180. At another time he tallied 105, and had an average of 40 as the result of his night's work. Following this, Hoppe gave an exhibition of fancy shots, including his double masse and other spread shots, which caused much favorable comment.

DUNDEE DEFEATS O'LEARY AT FORDON

Featherweight Boxers Put Up Lively Bout for Ten Rounds, with Close Finish.

Johnny Dundee, the fast featherweight, was forced to show his best last night against Young O'Leary in the ten-round bout at the Fordon Athletic Club in order to get home in front with a close margin. The contest was an unusually interesting one from start to finish, both boys being clever in addition to landing hard blows.

Dundee exhibited some very clever footwork and danced about the Brooklynite in masterly fashion, avoiding numerous hard swings. O'Leary fought a hard contest, although on the defensive side, and caused his opponent lots of worry at times when he got him at close range and pounded the heart and kidneys.

In the first five rounds O'Leary was able to hold his man at bay with ease, but his strength began to wane, and Dundee, a much more rugged fighter, weathered the storm with little apparent trouble and showed the better attack in the closing rounds. Although the Brooklynite lost some strength, he fought Dundee a nip and tuck battle in the last four rounds.

Dundee's best work was with his left hand, which he jabbed into O'Leary's face with great skill. O'Leary showed best when they came to close quarters, and always availed himself of the chance to pound the body. In the third round O'Leary showed signs of the hard work at the hands of Dundee, and the bell ending the session was a welcome one. He also tired somewhat from a fusillade of body punches in the sixth round. The contest was one of the fastest seen between small men at the east side club, and the crowd showed its appreciation by continual applause.

Neither boy was floored during the bout or showed any real signs of punishment, but both were used up considerably at the close of the contest.

Jimmy Murray and Pal McCarthy fought a fast six round draw in the semi-final.

CROSS BEATS CY SMITH.

East Sider Makes a Show of Jerseyman at Olympic Bouts.

Leach Cross defeated Cy Smith last night at the Olympic A. C. in their ten-round battle, which was full of surprises during the early sessions. At the end, however, Smith was barely able to land an effective blow, having been slowly and surely beaten until almost helpless.

In the opening round Cross uppercut to the jaw, while his opponent, after a minute's fighting, whipped over a right to Leachie's jaw, dropping him for almost the count. The east sider got up and dealt out some vigorous uppercuts, which in turn sent the Jerseyman to the floor for the count of nine. Following this there was some hard infighting by both, with the men hard at it at the bell.

Cross drew blood from his man's nose and mouth early in the second round with the aid of jabs and hooks. Smith responded with a hard right to the jaw, but Cross proved the cleverer for the rest of the round, to which he was clearly entitled. Beginning the third Smith cut Cross's mouth, and got over a rattling left to the jaw, which shook up the eastsider. Cross jabbed and hooked his man and put him down for five. Smith came back, but began to lack steam.

In the fourth Cross shook his man with left hooks and rights to the jaw. Smith rushed Cross into his corner and then followed a whirlwind of blows. Cross proved much the stronger beginning the fifth and drove the Jerseyman all over the ring with almost every variety of blow. Smith got in a good uppercut to the jaw, after which Cross began to stall, and when Smith came in he was driven back with rights and lefts to head and body.

To the surprise of the crowd Smith began the forcing in the sixth, with Cross doing his customary stalling act. When he got ready, however, he came back at the Jerseyman with jabs and hooks almost out of number. Cross started to close Smith's eyes early in the seventh, and literally cut Smith to ribbons, with the result that the Jerseyman seemed unable to land an effective blow during the session.

The Cross stock of jabs and hooks was unwrapped in the eighth, and although the east sider was all over his man he was unable to put him down. In the ninth there was a repetition of Smith's being pounded all over the ring with left jabs and right uppercuts, Smith in the meanwhile being unable to locate his opponent.

The concluding round showed Cross jabbing until Smith was forced to get in close to avoid punishment. Just before the bell Smith drove Cross to the ropes, and each was working on his opponent's body when the bell stopped hostilities. In the semi-final Carey Phelan beat Young Barney in six rounds of what proved to be a good battle.

Fighter Runs from the Ring.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Dec. 11.—In a boxing bout here to-night one of the contestants, named Kid Haney, got cold feet in the second round against Young Crouse and ran out of the ring. He was hooted and jeered by the crowd, and the reception got so hot that he ran from the building and called for police protection.

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TO JUDGE ROYAL DOGS.

Chinese Ambassador Invited to Officiate at Pekinese Show.

The Pekinese Club of America will hold its annual show in the ballroom of the Plaza Hotel to-morrow. The type most favored is that of J. Pierpont Morgan's Shun, Goodwin Chum, the property of Lady Gordon Lennox; Ta-Wang, recently imported by Mrs. Benjamin Guinness; Kwanti-Chu, belonging to Comtesse J. de La Greze, and Ch. Nowata Min-Chi, owned by Mrs. M. E. Harby. To settle this serious question, the Chinese Ambassador, a noted authority on the royal lion dog of China, has been invited to assist Mrs. Richard P. McGrann to define an orthodox type.

The show will open at 10:30 A. M., and nearly 300 entries have been made, comprising all of the American champions and fifteen famous winners brought from England especially for this show. It is rumored that Shun, the especial pet of J. Pierpont Morgan, and Ta-Wang, owned by Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, will be the accepted type. On this, however, the majority of American exhibitors seem to differ, and some excitement is promised.

To substantiate his claims, the Chinese Ambassador will present to the meeting data brought from the palace of Peking many centuries old, which constitutes the pedigree and breeding of the royal palace dogs during the last 500 years.

Amateur Billiard Handicap.

In the continuation of the Class C amateur handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at Paul's Riverside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, last night William Viertel defeated Sylvester Levy by the score of 110 to 71 in thirty-six innings. Viertel was playing at the handicap of 110 points, while Levy had to make 135 tallies in order to win the contest. The winner made an average of 3 2-36 and had a high run of 19 points, which he made twice. Levy's average was 2 1-35, with high runs of 20 and 11. This evening Dr. Tuggle (120) will oppose E. V. Parker, (115.)

West Point Wants Basket Ball Game.

The basket ball team of West Point, which has arranged a long schedule of twelve games, have one open date which they would like to arrange a game for with some good team. The date of Feb. 22 is the day which they would like to fill. On making up the original schedule Dartmouth was booked to oppose the Army on that date, but were forced to cancel the engagement.

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TICKET SCANDAL INQUIRY FALLS FLAT

National Baseball Commission Needs More Damaging Evidence Against New York Club.

The promised sensation over the ticket scandal at the time of the world's series baseball games in this city and Philadelphia fizzled out at the secretive investigation of the National Commission at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday. The baseball court, with August Herrmann of Cincinnati as Chairman, President Thomas J. Lynch of the National League, President Ban Johnson of the American League, and Secretary John Bruce of Cincinnati, spent the day discussing ahe alleged disposal of tickets by the New York and Philadelphia clubs to speculators.

Then when it was all over Chairman Herrmann announced that after looking over the evidence the commission decided to continue the probe indefinitely until they get some evidence which would be more damaging than the material which they now have on hand. Mr. Herrmann said: "The commission has carried on a rigid investigation of the ticket scandal for several weeks and $1,500 has been expended to detectives in an effort to get at the truth of the matter. The commission realizes that tickets were in the hands of speculators in New York and Philadelphia and that exorbitant prices were asked for tickets. What we want to know is, was either of the clubs in collusion with the speculators? Anybody who has any information about this is invited to produce it before the commission, and if the newspapers have any evidence the commission would like to have it. We will continue this investigation and may not get through with it for some time. What the result will be nobody knows."

This remarkable statement by Mr. Herrmann came as something of a surprise. Even all the evidence which Ban Johnson was supposed to have at his command about the sale of tickets to speculators here was not enough to warrant any action or rebuke to the New York club. A long statement from President John T. Brush is among the evidence, but none of the facts about the investigation was given out. It looked to baseball men as if the commission wanted the public and the newspapers to take a prominent part in exposing the speculators.

After the meeting President Lynch was asked what evidence had been placed before the commission, and he said that it could not be made public at this time, because it would seriously interfere with further investigation. Mr. Lynch said that the commission's detectives had traced the sale of tickets and found out that they went to speculators, but the commission didn't find out yet who was responsible. He refused to divulge any of the evidence. "Yes, we have some evidence," said Mr. Lynch, "but it isn't enough to land anybody."

"Then the evidence is no good?" Mr. Lynch was asked.

"Yes, it is good evidence, but we want more of it," he answered.

From present indications baseball men believe that nothing will come of the ticket probe. President Ban Johnson refused to discuss the evidence against the New York club which he stated he had in his possession. Johnson was the man from whom the surprise was expected, but his facts were, evidently, not substantial enough to impress either Mr. Herrmann or Mr. Lynch.

Strong Stand Against Gambling.

The commission took a strong stand against gambling and the sale of baseball pools. A vote was passed recommending that the clubs of both leagues to do all in their power to end the evil. The postal authorities will also be asked to keep the announcements of lotteries from the mails. Two minor cases also came up. One was about an accident insurance policy which Rube Marquard, the Giant pitcher, obtained from a Philadelphia agent named Frank H. Garret. Rube has failed to pay a $40 premium on it, so the commission ordered the actor-player to pay up within ten days. Umpire Mal Eason has a bill of $50 against the Jersey City club, and this was ordered paid in ten days.

The Board of Arbitration of the National Association of Minor League Clubs, together with President Barrow of the Eastern League, President Chivington of the American Association, and President J. Cal Ewing of the Pacific Coast League, presented to the commission its plan for a new rating and new compact between the major and minor organizations. The commission heard the petition of the minors, and referred the question to both the National and American leagues. They will report back to the commission, and final action will be taken at the meeting of the commission in Cincinnati on Jan. 3.

The new compact calls for the three leagues mentioned to be given a rating higher than Class A—called Class AA, also new arrangements about the limitation of drafted and purchased players, a shortening of the drafting season, and an increase in the draft price of a minor league player. These questions will first be considered by each of the major leagues before final action is taken.

There are more baseball men from all parts of the country in the city for the league meetings to-day than have ever attended the Winter conferences before. At the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday it would be easy for a stranger to tell that a baseball meeting was going on, because the corridors and lobbies were crowded all day, and the only topic heard was baseball. Just to start something doing, Charles W. Murphy, the Chicago owner, handed out a severe typewritten rebuke on President Ban Johnson of the American League. Murphy makes an open charge that Johnson is involved in syndicate baseball in the American League, having financial interest in more than one club. Mr. Murphy with some jocularity says that he will nominate Johnson as President of the National League at its meeting to-day. His statement is as follows:

"I am for Ban Johnson, even if Carnegie did leave him out of the list of the twenty greatest men in the world. Mr. Johnson has been the head of the National League, through others, for a long time, without financial remuneration, and it is understood that he has sent word to our club to elect some fellow from Louisville or Nashville, or some other place down South, to succeed Lynch. It seems to me that it would be an act of wisdom to elect Johnson head of the National League, and I hope to have the pleasure of nominating him at the meeting. This will allow him to conduct our affairs in the open and receive compensation commensurate with his great ability.

"A man who can make ticket scalping a vice in one league and a virtue in another or who, never having played professional baseball, can descant knowingly on the relative value of leagues, clubs, and players in such a convincing way as Mr. Johnson has recently done in interviews, must have a great capacity.

"A fellow who can originate and be at the head of syndicate baseball and then hand out resolutions against it at least shows versatility. The only objection raised against Mr. Johnson is his innate modesty. If he can keep from his desire to remain in the background and force himself forward a little more he should make a valuable head of the National League."

President Charles H. Ebbets of Brooklyn and President Horace Fogel of Philadelphia were parading about, arms locked. Both are against the re-election of President Lynch, but it is believed that they are alone in their opposition. Hugh McBreen, formerly Secretary of the Boston Red Sox, was about the hotel with the news that he has good financial backing and wants to purchase the Boston Nationals. Secretary Peter Kelley of the Boston Nationals, with Manager Fred Tenney and Catcher Johnny Kling, were together, and Kling was telling about the loss of his Kansas City billiard academy by fire. It was a total loss, with no insurance.

Woman to Attend Meeting.

Another interesting personality at the Waldorf was Mrs. Helen Hathaway Britton, the owner of the St. Louis Cardinals. Mrs. Britton will go into the meeting for a short time to-day, and will be the first woman baseball magnate in the history of the game to take part in the league proceedings. Mrs. Britton will be represented in the voting by the President of the club, W. R. Steininger, but, nevertheless, she will direct the club's policy in any important action which comes up. Mrs. Britton is an enthusiastic baseball fan, and says she has known the game since she was a little girl in Cleveland.

Other prominent baseball folks seen about the Waldorf were Roger Bresnahan, manager of St. Louis; Jimmy Burke, manager of Indianapolis; James H. O'Ruorke, the former Giant, and now President of the Connecticut League; Dick Kinsella, manager of the Springfield (Ohio) team; John Ganzel, manager of Rochester; W. W. Grayson, Jr., of the Louisville club; Joe Kelley of Toronto, William Beverley Winslow, a New York lawyer, who is a stockholder in the Boston club, and who will represent it at the meeting to-day; Patsy Donovan, the former Red Sox manager; Jimmy Peoples, the old Brooklyn catcher, and Joe McGinnity of Newark.

Fred Clarke, the leader of the Pittsburgh Pirates, was at hand with the tidings that he will play no more baseball. Clarke signed a contract with Barney Dreyfuss yesterday to manage the Pirates next season, but he will not play. "I'm done with playing," said Fred. "I know when I've had enough."

The Eastern League passed out of existence yesterday at the annual meeting at the Victoria Hotel. The league was rechristened the International League, because of Montreal and Toronto being on the circuit. Edward Grant Barrow, who has just finished his first year as President, has so pleased the league owners that they re-elected him for a term of five years at a salary of $7,500 a year.

The league Directors brought about a compromise between Jack Ryan and the Jersey City Club. Ryan had a three years' contract, and he was dropped by the club as manager. He will receive one year's salary, $3,500, and has been declared a free agent. The league elected a new Board of Directors, as follows: J. J. Stein, Buffalo; George L. Solomon, Newark; C. J. Lavis, Providence; Samuel Lichtenhein, Montreal, and J. J. McCaffery, Toronto. The International League season will open next year on April 18 and will close on Sept. 21.

There was a big crowd of interested baseball men at the Victoria hobnobbing with the International League men. Among them were Billy Lush, the former Cleveland player and Yale Coach; Mike Finn, manager of Mobile and a former Giant scout; Tommy Clarke, the Cincinnati catcher; Al Burch of Toronto, formerly of Brooklyn; "Bugs" Reisigle of the New Haven team; George Browne, the former Giant; Billy Clymer of Wilkesbarre, Jack Ryan of Jersey City, and dozens of others.

The National League will meet to-day at 2 o'clock and the Board of Directors will meet in the morning at 11 o'clock. The American League will meet at the same hour at the Astor, and the International will continue its meeting at the Victoria at 11 o'clock.

WOLVERTON YANKEE MANAGER.

President Farrell Buys His Release from Oakland, Cal., Club.

President Frank J. Farrell of the New York Americans announced last night that Harry Wolverton of Oakland, Cal., had been appointed manager of the Yankees for next season, to succeed Hal Chase. The appointment was no surprise to baseball men, because it has been known for some time that Mr. Farrell has been trying to buy Wolverton's release from the Oakland Club of the Pacific Coast League. Wolverton will take charge of the team on its Southern training trip.

Wolverton is an experienced baseball man and at one time was manager of the Newark team. When Joe McGinnity bought the Indians, Wolverton went to Oakland. He was successful as a manager in Newark and Oakland, and his contract with the Pacific Coast team has a year to run. Owner E. N. Walter of the Oakland team was reluctant about releasing Wolverton, but President Farrell offered him such a good bonus that he decided to let the manager go.

Scout Arthur Irwin of the Yankees had a long conference with Mr. Walter at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon. At this conference the final terms were made and it was decided that Wolverton would lead the Yankees. It is expected that the team will take on a new lease of life with a new manager, for the material at the beginning of last season was very promising.

Hal Chase's régime as manager wasn't very much of a success. Although a wonderful player, Chase was not a good disciplinarian, and, knowing that the team went to pieces under him toward the end of the season, stepped down and out of the managerial position voluntarily and thereby gained the good wishes of President Farrell and baseball fans.

As a player Chase is popular here. With the worries and cares of the management taken from his shoulders, Chase is likely to be a greater star than ever next season.

The appointment of Harry Wolverton completes a list of four new managers in the American League this season. The others are Harry Davis, at Cleveland; Jimmy McAleer, at Boston, and Clark Griffith, at Washington. They all met at the American League headquarters at the Astor last night and seemed pleased at next season's prospects. There were also present "Uncle Ben" Shibe, his son, Thomas Shibe, and Manager Connie Mack of the world's champions. Charles Comiskey of the White Sox was also among the big crowd of baseball men around the lobby. Charles Summers of Cleveland and Frank S. Navin of Detroit also joined in the fanning bees.

DOOIN'S $25,000 CHECK.

He Will Pay It to Horace Fogel for His Unconditional Release.

Charley Dooin, manager and catcher of the Philaelphia Nationals, who is now in a spirited controversy with President Horace Fogel, made plain his position yesterday. Dooin is appearing this week at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, where he warbles several songs almost as well as he can play ball. After his act yesterday he happened into the baseball gatherings at the Waldorf, and declared that two Boston financiers, who were willing to buy the Boston Nationals, want him to manage the club, and he stands ready to pay a certified check of $25,000 for his unconditional release.

"Fogel wouldn't dare take me up on that," said Charles, "because he knows it is true."

The trouble between Fogel and Dooin started when the club President learned that the Boston people were trying to get the catcher. Dooin says he isn't worrying, because he has a contract with the club, to run for two years, which provides that he cannot be sold or traded without his permission. He stated emphatically that he would not figure in a trade that was not to his liking, and intimated that if Fogel expected to use him in a trade with the Chicago Cubs he would very likely be disappointed, because he has sufficient protection under his contract to prevent this.

"Just as soon as I took hold of the club," says Dooin, "it began to go fast, and I think my work as a manager was successful. Naturally, I asked for more money, but I did not ask for $15,000, as Fogel says. I simply asked for the same amount that Billy Murray got, and, to tell the truth, I don't know just how much that was."

When Mr. Fogel was asked for his side of the controversy he said: "If Dooin's got a fight on, it is with himself, not with me."

Rube Marquard at Hammerstein's.

Rube Marquard, the Giants' pitcher, made his initial bow before a New York audience last night at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre in a comedy sketch entitled "The Baseball Man," assisted by Miss Annie Kent. The piece made a hit with the baseball fans in the audience, who welcomed the appearance of "Rube," and when he related incidents of the world's championship series with "Home Run" Baker, the applause was even greater. Marquard had an interesting line of baseball slang during his time before the footlights, winding up with a short dance with his partner.

Atlantic Yacht Club Election.

At the annual meeting of the Atlantic Yacht Club, held last night at the Waldorf-Astoria, these officers were elected for 1912: Commodore—J. Stuart Blackton; Vice Commodore—Willard U. Taylor; Rear Commodore—Arthur W. Teele; Secretary—Edward I. Graff; Treasurer—P. H. Hart; Trustees—Charles B. Ludwig, W. H. Barnard, and I. W. Copmann; Membership Committee—Charles B. Ludwig, Herbert L. Jones, and Kenneth Lord. Nominating Committee—Yacht owners: Francis M. Wilson, George P. Dillenback, and W. Hunt hall. Non-yacht owners: Charles N. Lindley, Chairman; Max Gundnen, and Walter H. Sykes, Jr. Commodore Barnard presided, and the reports of the various committees were read. They showed the club to be in a prosperous condition. Those present included A. J. McIntosh, Horace Boucher, Dr. De Mund, and George P. Dillenback. The annual dinner of the club will take place in January.

Gotch Replies to Raicevich.

Frank Gotch, the world's champion wrestler, has made a quick response to the offer of Giovanni Raicevich to wrestle him, and intends to send a business representative to New York at once to carefully consider the proposition. The question of the rules under which Raicevich will consent to meet him also concerns Gotch greatly, likewise the date to be selected, owing to his bookings ahead. The financial success of the big match which Gotch engaged in at Chicago has given him an idea that he is entitled to the lion's share of the purse or gate money and the selection of the referee, if other details are amicably arranged.

American Horse Wins in France.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—Thomas Hitchcock, Jr.'s, Huetamo won the Prix de Landelle and Eugene Fischof's La Cachuca ran second for the Prix de Veute at the Saint-Ouen races to-day.

DE ORO LEADS IN BILLIARD MATCH

Shows Daly the Way by 50 to 40 at Three Cushions—Cuban's Wonderful Bank Shot.

Playing remarkable three cushions at the end of the first block of his 150-point match at Doyle's, John Daly was defeated by the Cuban challenger, Alfredo De Oro, by a score of 50 to 40. At both the start and finish of the session Daly was rolling up the points faster than De Oro, whose work was gilt-edged with the exception of the first dozen innings.

The winner returned an average of 50-69, with high runs of 4 and 4, while Daly's average was 40-69, with the best run of the night, 6, obtained in what proved to be his final turn at the table, as the Cuban tallied his required single point going out. The match has aroused quite a furor in billiard circles, as the men are playing for $1,000 a side. Tom Gallagher was the referee and marker.

Some slight contention was made by De Oro as the result of the referee's ruling in the Cuban's fifty-first inning, which, after scoring his thirty-ninth point, he essayed a force follow with a world of English which carried his cue ball in a semicircle off the object ball to the side rail, where it described another arc, but not quite enough to get the cue ball into the jaw, thus making the necessary three cushions.

Instead, as the referee affirmed, the cue ball missed the side rail the second time, missing the jaw by a fraction of half an inch, and only took the top rail, thus making a two-cushion shot of it. De Oro contended that he had scored, but the referee ruled otherwise, and the Cuban took his seat.

Harry P. Cline and Wilson P. Foss were of the opinion that De Oro had made the shot, but suggested that the referee was in the proper position to adjudicate on such a play.

Aside from a rather disastrous beginning De Oro played wonderful billiards, bank shots at what looked like unknown angles rolling off his cue as though he were playing straight billiards. One in particular in his sixty-fifth inning was conceded to have been the finest bank shot ever seen. The object balls were lying six inches apart midway up the right side rail, with De Oro's cue ball at the top of the table. After surveying the situation the Cuban hit the side rail, passed between the object balls to the top rail and about eighteen inches away from the corner, where the reverse he had on his ball took effect, and it sailed down the table back to the side rail and smashed into the two balls as though aimed directly by the cue.

Another shot at which De Oro shone was when he was the table's length away from his first ball, which was glued to the top rail, with the other in a corner, warranting an around the table try. Four times during the game he successfully grazed the ball on the rail and took the necessary three cushions for the count.

One of Daly's best shots was a reverse up and down the table into a diagonal corner back to the ball. Most of the time, however, he had his troubles attempting to cajole the spheres, which failed times out of number to perform as he desired. He never seemed to get going until the game was as good as lost. In what proved to be his last time "at the bat" he netted the respectable total of six, just missing his next try by a hair's breadth.

The match appeared in the nature of a runaway for the challenger at the outset, who after winning the bank tallied his initial point, which he added to up to his thirteenth inning, when the score stood 7 to 0, the Cuban having failed in every attempt to make the required carrom in any one of these innings. In his share of this inning De Oro got into his stride and evolved two beautiful banks. Daly responded in his next with a natural, and the Cuban came back with two beautifully played coaxing shots, both of which in the making caused his cue ball to just die on the face of the object sphere.

From here on the champion became a factor, with the challenger falling down as the accompaniment to his opponent's fine work. At twenty innings the Cuban made the string show 9 all, and from that stage on he was never in apparent difficulty, going further away as the result of each inning. At the thirty-fourth inning he was 10 points to the good, and ten innnigs beyond this the string showed him 15 points in advance of the challenger.

Each played some delicately executed shots, which traveled back and forth along the lower rail in and out of the two corners for a count, but, on the whole, De Oro got the greater speed with the least seeming exertion when he essayed shots needing five and six cushions. The match will be continued to-night, starting at 8 o'cock.

BERKELEY LOST TWO GAMES.

Schoolboys Make Good Showing in Past Football Season.

Berkeley School played five games during the past football season, winning three and losing two, while the contest with Trinity was canceled. The first three games were played with teams averaging many pounds more to the man. In the Iriving and Hamilton games, Berkeley's goal was never threatened, and while Berkeley was within easy scoring distance time was called. Luck seemed to break just as the prospects were brightest. The Horace Mann School team was put to the test when Berkeley lined up against them. In the first period of this game, McAleenan of Berkeley easily made a field goal. Horace Mann scored a touchdown in the second period. At the beginning of the third period darkness made the players almost indistinguishable. The game was not called, and, in two fake plays, Horace Mann scored two touchdowns. At this point the referee declared the game off. Cutler recovered a fumble from a punt behind Berkeley's goal line in the first period. There was no further scoring in this game.

Barnard was easily defeated in the final game. During this game Berkeley showed special skill in the use of the forward pass and of shift formations.

Capt. Wagoner, McAleenan, Mouqin, McCarthy, Maxwell, Burden, Mahr, J.; Mahr, H.; Quackenbush, Straus, and Parkes were awarded their letter.

The basketball season's outlook is particularly bright, since several of last year's team are candidates. McAleenan and Burden, as forwards, should easily make the team, because they are fast in following the ball and fairly accurate in shooting baskets. Wagoner, at centre, excels because of his jumping and his ability to intercept passes. Games have been scheduled with Sachs, Columbia Grammar, Barnard, and Ethical Culture.

The results of the football season follows:

Berkeley	0	Irving	0
Berkeley	0	Hamilton	0
Horace Mann	18	Berkeley	3
Cutler	5	Berkeley	0
Berkeley	30	Barnard	0

Berkeley-Trinity cancelled.

Members' Games in Armory.

The members of the Twenty-second Regiment held their first weekly set of games at the armory last night. Only two events were decided, as this was the first of a series of meets and the entries were not as large as was expected. A weekly set of games, consisting of from three to four events, will be held in the armory every Monday night during the Winter. The summary:

70-Yard Dash.—Won by C. B. Clarke; E. Coyle, second, and J. Strube, third. Time—0:07 4-5.

Half-Mile Run.—Won by E. W. Hills; Edward Lohse, second, and H. B. Norman, third. Time—2:06 3-5.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a decidedly firmer tone was shown in copper, which improved ⅛c for all deliveries to February. Tin was weak in sympathy with London, receding ⅜c. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard Cop.—				
Spot	12.95	13.25	12.65	13.00
December	13.00	13.37½	12.70	13.00
January	13.05	13.37½	12.75	13.12½
February	13.07½	13.37½	12.80	13.12½
Lead	4.40	4.50	4.40	4.50
Spelter	6.25	6.35	6.25	6.35
Tin	43.85	44.85	44.25	45.25

On London's Metal Exchange yesterday the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures compare with Friday's closing prices:

	Monday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	59	16	3	58	18	9
Copper, futures	60	12	6	59	13	9
Pig tin, spot	198	00	0	202	10	0
Pig tin, futures	188	10	0	191	10	0

The market ended weak. Spanish pig lead was up 1s. 3d., to £15 16s. 3d. Spelter was unchanged at £26 17s. 6d. Cleveland warrants improved 1½d., to 48s. 4½d.

BIGGEST COTTON CROP.

Greater by 1,447,000 Bales Than 1904, Which Beat All Records.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The greatest cotton crop on record, 14,885,000 bales, is the Department of Agriculture's official estimate of the country's total production this year. This is greater by 1,447,000 bales than the record crop of 1904.

Officials of the Department of Agriculture were not surprised at the size of the crop, as condition figures throughout the growing season indicated that the production would be large. Unofficial estimates made monthly during the year, using the department's condition figures as the basis, were greatly exceeded by the official estimate made to-day.

Every State in the cotton belt, except Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, and Oklahoma established new records for production.

The production by States follows:

State.	Bales.	State.	Bales.
Virginia	23,000	Louisiana	395,000
North Carolina	935,000	Texas	4,428,000
South Carolina	1,480,000	Arkansas	915,000
Georgia	2,560,000	Tennessee	420,000
Florida	73,000	Missouri	83,000
Alabama	1,600,000	Oklahoma	915,000
Mississippi	1,195,000	California	11,000

Heretofore the record cotton crop was that of the year 1904, when 13,438,012 bales, exclusive of linters, were grown. Other large crops were those of 1906, which was 13,273,809 bales, and 1908, when 13,241,799 bales were grown. In point of value, however, the crop of 1910, which was 11,608,616 bales, exclusive of linters, was the record one, the fibre being valued at $820,320,000, and the cotton seed at $142,860,000, a total of $963,180,000 as the aggregate value of the cotton crop of that year.

The acreage on which cotton was planted this season was estimated by the Department of Agriculture to be 35,004,000 acres, a greater area than ever before planted to cotton in this country. This vast area exceeded the previous record of acreage by more than 2,500,000 acres, there having been planted 32,444,000 acres in 1908, and 32,403,000 acres last year. In the record production year of 1904 only 30,053,739 acres were planted.

Scorching hot and excessively dry weather during the middle of the Summer caused considerable damage to cotton in many parts of the cotton belt. Later in the season weather conditions were distinctly favorable in most parts of the belt, and the crop improved. The hot weather and drought, however, were responsible for a smaller yield this year than experts early in the season predicted as a result of the record acreage and splendid growing conditions then prevailing. One result of the hot weather was that the crop matured about two weeks earlier than usual.

The Government's estimate on the cotton crop proved to be just about what the local trade had expected, and while business was extremely active to-day there were no violent changes in prices. With January cotton selling at 8.53, the market had made a new low record for the season before the report was published. A rally of ten or twelve points followed the report as a result of covering, but this gain was lost in later trading.

The market closed steady, but at practically the lowest level of the day, and at a decline from 7 to 11 points, as compared with the final prices of Saturday.

COUNTRY PRODUCT MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 37c; extras, 36c; firsts, 34@35c; seconds, 32@33c; thirds, 28@30c; held, specials, 35c; extras, 33@34c; firsts, 31@32c; seconds, 29@30c; thirds, 26@28c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 34@35c; good to prime, 30@33c; common to fair, 24@29c; process, specials, 26½@27c; extras, 25@25½c; firsts, 23½@24½c; seconds, 22½@23c; factory, current make, firsts, 23@23½c; seconds, 22½c; thirds, 20@21½c; packing stock, June make, 22@22½c; current make, No. 2, 21½@22c; No. 3, 19@20½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, September and earlier, specials, pound, 16c; average fancy, 15½@15¾c; current make, specials, 15½c; average fancy, 15c; under grades, 13@14½c; Daisies, September and earlier, best, 16c; current make, best, 15⅝c; State, skims, September and earlier, specials, 13½c; choice, 12@13c; current make, specials, 12¾c; choice, 12c; all makes, good to prime, 10@11c; common, 6@9c; hard skims, 3@5c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 38@41c; extra firsts, 35@36c; firsts, 33@34c; seconds, 30@32c; thirds and poorer, 25@28c; held, fresh, poor to fair, 21@28c; fresh gathered, dirties, No. 1, 23@24c; No. 2, 20@22c; checks, prime, 20@21c; poor to fair, 18@19c; refrigerators, special marks, fancy, local storage charges paid, 24@25c; firsts, local storage charges paid, 22½@23½c; seconds, 21@22c; thirds and poorer, 18@20½c; dirties, 15@20c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 55c; selected whites, fair to good, 45@50c; badly mixed, 35@40c; hennery browns, 40@41c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 33@38c; Western, gathered whites, 35@45c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.32
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.05
Andes	.12	Kentucky Con.	.05
Belcher	.38	Mexican	4.22½
Best & Belcher	.17	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.04	Ophir	1.67½
Caledonia	1.10	Overman	.87
Challenge Con.	.18	Potosi	.10
Chollar	.08	Savage	.35
Confidence	.55	Sag Belcher	.20
Con. Cal. & Va.	.58	Sierra Nevada	.39
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	1.42½
Crown Point	.75	Utah Con.	.07
Gould & Curry	.08	Yellow Jacket	.55
Hale & Norcross	.18		

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con. M.	4.70
Belmont	8.10	Goldfield Merger	.19
Jim Butler	.30	Great Bend	.05
McNamara	.26	Jumbo Extension	.22
Midway	.24	Lone Star	.04
Montana	.73	Red Hills	.01
North Star	.24	Sandstorm Kendall	.04
Tonopah Exten.	1.17½	St. Ives	.30
West End	.74	Silver Pick	.07
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	2.35
Adams	.01	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.17	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Blue Bell	.02	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Comb. Fract.	.17	Homestake King	.01
Booth	.06	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
C. O. D.	.14	Tramps Cons.	.02
Florence	.60		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked
Dr. Jackpot	6	7	Jackpot	6	7
Elkton	68	70	McKinney	45	50
El Paso	65¼	66	Old Gold	3¼	4¼
Findlay	4	8	Portland	88	91
Gold Dollar	17	17½	Vindicator	68	70
Isabella	13½	14	Jen. Samp.	6½	7½

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The following is the forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Local rains Tuesday; somewhat colder in interior. Wednesday, fair; colder in eastern portion; moderate winds, mostly northeasterly.

South Carolina—Local rains Tuesday; colder in western portion. Wednesday, colder and generally fair; moderate winds, mostly northeasterly.

Georgia—Local rains Tuesday; colder in northern portion. Wednesday, generally fair and colder; moderate winds, mostly northeasterly.

Florida—Fair Tuesday, except local rains and colder in northwest portion. Wednesday, generally fair; slightly colder in northern portion; moderate to brisk northeast to north winds, except light to moderate in northwest portion.

Alabama—Local rains and colder Tuesday. Wednesday fair; moderate variable winds, becoming northerly.

Mississippi—Fair in northern, local rains in southern portion Tuesday; colder. Wednesday fair; moderate northerly winds.

Louisiana—Local rains Tuesday, except fair in northwestern portion; colder. Wednesday fair; moderate northerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair in northern, rain in southern portion Tuesday, with moderate to brisk northerly winds. Wednesday fair.

Western Texas—Fair Tuesday, preceded by snow in the Panhandle. Wednesday fair.

Oklahoma—Fair, slightly colder Tuesday. Wednesday fair.

Utah, Minnesota, Iowa, North and South Dakota, and Nebraska—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Arkansas—Colder and fair Tuesday, preceded by rain in southeastern portion. Wednesday fair.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Colder and fair Tuesday, preceded by rain in eastern portion. Wednesday, fair.

Ohio—Clearing and colder Tuesday. Wednesday, fair; moderate westerly winds.

Indiana, Illinois, and Lower Michigan—Fair, somewhat colder, Tuesday. Wednesday, fair; slight to moderate westerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair and somewhat colder Tuesday. Wednesday, fair.

Wisconsin—Fair, somewhat colder, Tuesday. Wednesday, fair; moderate west and southwest winds.

Missouri—Fair, somewhat colder, Tuesday. Wednesday, fair.

Kansas—Fair Tuesday; slightly colder in eastern portion. Wednesday, fair.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

General Advance in Local Issues Yesterday, Though with Some Striking Exceptions.

GOOD DAY FOR COPPERS

Sales of the Metal at 13½ Cents Bring About Higher Stock Prices.

Most stocks showed increased strength in yesterday's trading at other cities.

United States Fidelity, which has been quietly firm of late, was quite strong at Baltimore yesterday, and advanced 2½, to 170½, with 171 bid at the close. The advance was explained by an unofficial announcement that the Board of Directors at its next meeting will vote on a proposition to put the stock on a 10 per cent. basis. The last dividend was 2 per cent. quarterly.

The Boston market was strong and active Monday. Of local copper shares, North Butte, Copper Range, Lake, Hancock, Calumet and Arizona, Calumet and Hecla, and Osceola were most prominent at large gains, the last named being extremely irregular above $100. Amalgamated and Utah Copper rose smartly on reports of sales of the metal at 13⅛ cents, backed by a strong statistical position. Eastern Steamship sold higher on buying in advance of acceptance of the consolidation terms, by which shareholders receive $200 in new securities for $100 in old stock. United Shoe Machinery, while quiet, was firmer. The sudden drop of 3 points in Hedley Gold, which recently declared a large extra dividend, lacked explanations.

Dealings were small on the Chicago Stock Exchange, with prices, as a rule, displaying a firm tone. United Boxboard, however, was under some selling pressure, and reached a new low record on offerings which were said to come from holders who know that the reorganization plan calls for another assessment on the stock. Pneumatic Tool, with a rise of more than a point, was a strong feature, and there were slight gains in Commonwealth Edison, the Can issues, Chicago Telephone, Diamond Match, and McCrum-Howell preferred.

A further upward movement in Electric Storage Battery was about the only feature of an otherwise uninteresting Stock Exchange session in Philadelphia. Philadelphia Rapid Transit, United Gas Improvement, and Union Traction moved fractionally higher, and the strength of United States Steel stimulated a moderate rise in Cambria Steel. The rest of the local list merely marked time.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Bank of Baltimore	170	170	170
50	Baltimore Electric pf.	42	42	42
50	Con. Power pf.	99½	99½	99½
680	Houston Oil ctfs.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
305	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	70½	69¾	70
50	Maryland Casualty	94	94	94
110	Penn. Water & P.	53	53	53
30	Seaboard Co 1st pf.	99½	99½	99½
20	Seaboard Co 2d pf.	64	64	64
600	United Rys.	18¼	18¼	18¼
140	U. S. Fidelity	170½	170	170½

BONDS.

$9,000	A. C. L. con. deb. 4s.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
2,000	Cotton Duck 5s.	77	77	77
2,000	Chicago Ry. 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼
4,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s.	35¾	35¾	35¾
1,000	Ga. Ry. & N. 5s.	105¼	105¼	105¼
8,000	Ja'n. C. & C., G. C. 5s	92	92	92
2,000	Macon, Dub. & S. 5s.	99½	99½	99½
2,000	Milwaukee rfdg. 4½s.	94¼	94	94¼
5,000	Norfolk Ry. & Lt. 5s.	99½	99½	99½
21,000	Norfolk & P. Trac. 5s.	89	89	89
1,000	Penn. Water & P. 5s.	91	91	91
25,000	Seaboard 4s, stmpd.	87¾	87¾	87¾
6,000	Seaboard adj. 5s.	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞
3,000	United Ry. fdg. 5s.	86¾	86¾	86¾
55,000	United Ry., Inc.	62	61⅝	62
2,000	United Ry. 4s.	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
7,000	United Ry. notes	99½	99½	99½

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Atchison	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜
50	Boston Elevated	129⅞	129⅞	129⅞
10	Boston Suburban pf.	74	74	74
1	Boston & Albany	221	221	221
16	Boston & Maine	100	100	100
5	Boston & Wor. pf.	53	53	53
100	Mass. Elec.	22	21⅞	21⅞
66	Mass. Elec. pf.	94	93⅞	93⅞
39	N. Y., N. H. & H.	138¼	138	138¼
520	Union Pacific	173¾	170¾	173¾
2	Union Pacific pf.	93½	93½	93½
47	West End	86½	86½	86½

TELEPHONES.

1,331	American	139¼	138⅝	139¼
1,072	Cumberland	156¾	156¼	156¾
18	Mexican pf.	6½	6½	6½
94	New England	158	157½	158

MISCELLANEOUS.

360	Am. Agr. Chem.	55½	54½	54½
80	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	103⅜	103	103
18	Amoskeag pf.	100	100	100
35	Am. Pneu. Svc.	4½	4¼	4½
170	Am. Pneu. Svc., 2d pf.	15	14⅞	15
100	Am. Woolen pf.	88¾	88	88½
714	East Boston Land	11¼	10	10⅞
38	Eastern S. S.	111	111	111
42	Edison	292	291	292
64	General Electric	152½	152	152½
50	Geo. Ry. & Elec.	159	159	159
71	Mass. Gas	90½	90	90½
13	Mass. Gas pf.	95	95	95
151	McElwain Co. 1st pf.	103	103	103
2	N. E. Cotton Yarn	105	105	105
15	North Texas Elec.	98	97	97
10	North Texas Elec. pf.	96	96	96
92	Pulman	158	157	158
10	Reece Buttonhole	13¾	13	13¾
17	Reece Folding Machy.	5	4½	5
17	Swift	101½	101¼	101½
51	United Fruit	182	181¼	181½
1,160	United Fruit Rights	18¼	18	18⅛
46	United Shoe Machy.	46	45¼	46
5,180	U. S. Steel	64	62	63⅝
34	U. S. Steel pf.	109	109	109

MINING.

110	Algomah	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
55	Allouez	35	35	35
1,515	Amalgamated	63½	61¾	62⅝
180	Am. Zinc	25	24¾	24¾
50	Arizona Com.	35c.	35c.	35c.
695	Boston & Corbin	7¼	7	7¼
135	Butte Coalition	17¼	16⅞	17¼
1,434	Calumet & Ariz.	58¼	57	58¼
13	Calumet & Hecla	395	395	395
105	Chino	23¼	23	23
856	Copper Range	52¾	51	52
120	Daly-West	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,965	East Butte	12¼	11⅝	12
495	Franklin	9½	9¼	9½
317	Giroux	4 3-16	4	4
90	Granby	32	30	31
920	Greene-Cananea	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
382	Hancock	26½	25½	26½
50	Hedley	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
150	Helvetia	1	1	1
310	Indiana	11¾	11¼	11¾
2,010	Inspiration	9⅝	9 9-16	9⅝
277	Island Creek	41¼	40¼	41⅛
4	Island Creek pf.	87¼	87	87
426	Isle Royale	20½	20	20½
5	Kerr Lake	2¾	2¾	2¾
220	Keweenaw	85c	70c	85c
494	Lake	35	33	34¾
65	Live Oak	34½	34¼	34¼
400	Mason Valley	10½	10	10½
60	Mass. Cons.	7	7	7
100	Mayflower	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
150	Miami	22¼	21¾	22¼
265	Nevada Cons.	18¼	18	18
100	New Idria	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
40	Nipissing	7¼	7¼	7¼
2,566	North Butte	25¼	24½	24½
190	North Lake	6¼	6	6¼
310	Ojibway	4¼	3⅝	4
200	Old Colony	2½	2½	2½
500	Old Dominion	46½	46	46
141	Osceola	101	98	101
100	Parrot	12	12	12
250	Ray Cons.	15¼	15¼	15¼
125	Shannon	9¼	9¼	9¼
240	Shattuck & Ariz.	19¼	17¼	19¼
215	St. Mary Land	51¼	50	51½
25	Superior	25¼	25	25
60	Superior & Boston	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
155	Tamarack	26½	26	26½
150	U. S. Smelting	35	34¾	35
116	U. S. Smelting pf.	47¾	47½	47¾
225	Utah Cons.	16	16	16
250	Utah Copper	51	50¼	51
60	Victoria	2¾	2¼	2¼
70	Winona	5¼	5¼	5¼
955	Wyandotte	40c	32c	40c

BONDS.

$6,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s.	90¼	90⅛	90¼
5,000	Arizona Com'l 6s.	44	43	44
3,000	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	69	69	69
2,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s.	96¾	96¾	96¾
1,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s.	99½	99½	99½
6,000	United Fruit 4½s, 1923	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
240	American Can	11⅝	11	11⅝
65	American Can pf.	91½	91¼	91¼
85	American Telephone	138⅝	138½	138⅝
20	Booth Fisheries	45	45	45
100	Booth Fisheries pf.	84	84	84
43	Booth Fisheries ctfs.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
200	Chicago Telephone	188½	188¼	188½
10	Chicago Title & Trust	174	174	174
10	Com. Edison	183¾	183¼	183¼
25	Corn Products Ref.	10½	10½	10½
10	Diamond Match	105¼	105¼	105¼
95	McCrum-Howell pf.	93½	93	93½
26	National Carbon	101	101	101
10	People's Gas	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
25	Quaker Oats pf.	105½	105½	105½
60	Swift & Co.	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
900	United Boxboard	1½	1	1
450	U. S. Steel	63⅞	62¼	63⅝
25	Int. Harvester	105¾	105	105¾

BONDS.

$3,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s.	100	100	100
1,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B.	90½	90¼	90¼
4,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B.	90¾	90¾	90¾
8,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, A.	97	97	97
15,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, A.	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	Com. Edison 5s.	103	103	103
2,000	People's rfdg. gold 5s.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞

PHILADEHLPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alliance Ins.	13¾	13¾	13¾
35	Am. Cement	7	7	7
500	Am. Milling	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
2	Cambria Iron	44½	44½	44½
144	Cambria Steel	44	43⅞	44
20	Erie	31	31	31
1,540	Elec. Storage Baty.	55½	54½	55
225	General Asphalt	30½	30	30½
150	Ins. Co. N. A.	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
25	Keystone Tel. pf.	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
100	Lake Superior Corp.	26½	26½	26½
25	Lehigh Nav.	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝
10	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	89¾	89¾	89¾
60	Lehigh Valley	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
130	P. R. T.	23¼	23	23¼
695	P. R. T. t. c.	23¼	23	23
171	Penn. R. R.	61⅛	60⅞	61⅛
100	Penn. Traf.	1½	1½	1½
150	Phila. Co.	52½	52½	52½
2,155	Reading	75½	74⅞	75⅛
13	Reading 2d pf.	46½	46½	46½
250	Tonopah Belmont	8¼	8⅛	8¼
20	Tonopah Mining	7	7	7
347	U. G. I.	86	85¾	86
14,216	U. S. Steel	64	62	63¾
75	V. R. & P. pf.	81	80	81
1,217	Union Trac.	51¼	51	51¼
100	Warwick I. & S.	10½	10½	10½
625	W. & V. Rys.	46½	46	46

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
35	Crucible Steel	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
215	Crucible Steel pf.	81¾	81½	81½
270	Fireproofing pf.	26¼	26¼	26¼
15	Harbison-Walker pf.	49	49	49
415	Mfrs. L. & H.	25⅞	25¾	25¾
23	Ohio Fuel	9¼	9¼	9¼
155	Ohio Fuel Supply	45	44⅞	45
10	Pittsburgh Brewing	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
165	Pittsburgh Brew'g pf.	38	37½	37⅞
50	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	82¼	82¼	82¼
75	Pittsburgh Plate Glass	105½	105½	105½
190	Pure Oil	9	8⅞	8⅞
100	Union Switch	85	85	85
565	U. S. Steel	63⅝	62	63⅝
40	Westinghouse A. B.	153¼	153	153
100	Westinghouse Electric	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝

BONDS.

$1,500	Pittsburgh C. deb. 5s.	88¼	88	88
2,000	River Coal 6s.	115¾	115¾	115¾

Accident Creditors Protective Committee

METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY REORGANIZATION

NEW YORK CITY RAILWAY RECEIVERSHIP

20 Nassau Street, New York City

December 7, 1911.

To the Tort Creditors of { New York City Railway Company. Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

Accident Creditors of New York City Railway Company are hereby notified that legal proceedings in their behalf are now pending in the Federal Courts in the matter of the New York City Railway receivership, and that there is a prospect that New York City Railway Company will pay its accident creditors in full with interest. If this result should be accomplished, the Metropolitan Street Railway bondholders and the Interborough-Metropolitan Company, under the present plan for the reorganization of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, may receive possibly 35 per cent. above the value of the bonds now offered to accident creditors upon all assignments of accident claims which may be deposited under the Reorganization Plan dated November 29th, 1911.

This surplus, if ultimately realized, should be secured for accident creditors in addition to the bonds or the proceeds thereof, now offered under the plan of Reorganization. Such rights as accident creditors of New York City Railway Company may have against other corporations should be preserved. Assignments of accident claims are required by the Bondholders' Committee to be made on or before noon of December 23d, 1911.

The acceptance of the bonds offered by the Metropolitan Reorganization Plan will probably, within a few months, afford a means of realizing a large per cent. in cash possibly between 75 and 90% upon each $1,000 allowance on Tort Claims. This Committee recognizes the public spirit and broad policy actuating the Reorganization Committees in treating accident creditors upon the same basis as their most preferred bondholder. If the New York City Railway Company estate ultimately pays 100% and interest on its accident claims, the same public spirit and policy may and should actuate the new Company in disposing of any amount realized above the value of the bonds now offered on the claims assigned under their Reorganization Plan.

The undersigned, constituting an Accident Creditors Protective Committee, call for deposits of assignments of adjudicated accident claims upon forms which will be furnished on application.

Depositing Creditors **must decide for themselves whether their claims against New York City Railway Company are to be assigned to the Joint Reorganization Committee.** Forms will be furnished by this Committee for that purpose. **The receipt by this Committee of duly executed assignments in the form required by the Reorganization Committee will be regarded as an election by the claimants to have them deposited with the Reorganization Committee.**

A supplementary authorization and assignment of other rights to this Committee will also be provided. **This latter form should be executed and deposited with this Committee in any event, whether the Reorganization Plan is to be accepted or not.**

Limitation of charges. This Committee is acting under a Depositing Creditors' Agreement, dated December 7th, 1911. Its compensation for services and disbursements is required to be reasonable, and is limited to 2% of the adjudicated amount of the claims deposited thereunder.

In the event there is realized for depositing creditors upon their claims any amount in addition to the bonds now offered under the Metropolitan Street Railway Plan of Reorganization, such excess recovery shall be subject to the payment, in accordance with the Creditors' agreement, of 5% of the ultimate recovery upon all deposited claims for the services and expenses of the Law Committee, which was authorized by the Court on August 17th, 1908, to act for accident creditors as a class in the receivership proceedings. This, however, shall not be in addition to and does not affect individual agreements heretofore made with said Law Committee.

Forms of assignment, creditors agreement, review of present situation and full explanation can be obtained from the Secretary of the Committee at 20 Nassau Street, New York City—telephone No. 3146 John. Attorneys may have additional copies of the papers for distribution among their clients.

Accident Creditors intending to act through this Committee should deposit their assignments of claims with the Depositary without delay. All papers to be deposited should be approved as to form by the Secretary of the Committee.

ACCIDENT CREDITORS PROTECTIVE COMMITTEE.

WINDSOR TRUST COMPANY,
65 Cedar Street,
Depositary.

HENRY A. GILDERSLEEVE, Chairman,
CLARK WILLIAMS,
CHARLES BENNER,
BENJAMIN S. CATCHINGS, Secretary.

SPANISH-AMERICAN IRON COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 20-YEAR SINKING FUND 6% GOLD BONDS, DUE JULY 1, 1927.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1, 1907, $143,000 of said bonds, numbered as below, have been drawn for redemption by the Sinking Fund at par and accrued interest, as of January 1, 1912, when all interest thereon will cease, viz:

One hundred and forty-three bonds for $1,000 each:

31	656	1748	2656	3451	4119
68	751	1856	2664	3546	4184
80	801	1873	2753	3635	4186
98	826	1985	2847	3675	4226
119	837	2078	2881	3697	4272
169	889	2086	2960	3702	4281
186	903	2089	2994	3762	4333
188	931	2114	3002	3763	4394
259	939	2168	3055	3783	4400
260	960	2247	3075	3798	4526
269	969	2263	3128	3820	4531
275	1010	2273	3135	3844	4619
280	1031	2294	3166	3860	4634
323	1049	2296	3254	3877	4642
350	1090	2404	3264	3883	4651
395	1198	2452	3282	3884	4656
400	1202	2467	3289	3907	4674
438	1284	2470	3299	4026	4721
459	1349	2474	3314	4040	4751
493	1444	2490	3328	4056	4796
546	1563	2532	3332	4079	4813
562	1565	2559	3332	4091	4834
620	1653	2588	3375	4091	4866
621	1707	2591	3438	4113	

The above bonds, with all unmatured coupons attached, should be presented for payment at the office of the Trustee **on or after January 2, 1912.**

The following numbered bonds heretofore called remain unpaid: Called for January 1, 1911, No. 1587; July 1, 1911, Nos. 85, 742, 784, 1053, 1062, 1464, 1625, 2253, 3536, 3730, 3739, 3874, 4267, 4530, 4848, 4882.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
C. J. RHOADS, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., December 1, 1911.

Best information on stocks and bonds in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. News from all great monetary centres. Reliable quotations of [illegible]

GULF AND SHIP ISLAND RAILROAD CO.
First Mortgage Refunding and Terminal Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

As provided in Section Seven of Article Two of the mortgage securing the issue of bonds above described, the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M., on January 10th, 1912, for the sale to it of such bonds for account of the Sinking Fund, at a price not exceeding 110 per cent. and accrued interest, to the amount of Sixty thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and 82-100 Dollars, ($60,758.82), conditioned upon the payment to the undersigned of that amount, on or before January 2d, 1912, as provided in the said Mortgage.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, formerly
New York Security & Trust Company, Trustee,
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
December 5th, 1911.

PROPOSALS.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
Albany, November 28, 1911.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS:

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Capitol in Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon of Wednesday, December 20th, 1911, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read, for improving the Cayuga and Seneca Canal pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 391 of the Laws of 1909 and Chapter 147 of the Laws of 1903 and of the amendments thereto, and for improving the Oswego Canal pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 793 of the Laws of 1911 and Chapter 147 of the Laws of 1903 and of the amendments thereto, as follows:

CONTRACT H.
Cayuga and Seneca Canal, Section 1.

For excavating a channel in Cayuga Lake Inlet at Ithaca, from a point about 300 feet north of Cascadilla Street to deep water in Cayuga Lake.

Length, 1.71 miles. Sheets 1 to 5 inclusive.

CONTRACT NO. 104.
Oswego Canal, Section 1.

For constructing a reinforced concrete arch bridge over the Oswego Canal at Broadway, Fulton, N. Y. Sheets 1 to 9 inclusive.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, engineer's estimate of quantities, proposal blanks, form of contract and bonds required, and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y.; at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., and at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per centum (90 per cent.) of the work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in the City of Albany or New York, issued by a National or State bank in good credit within the State, and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon execution of the contract and approval of bonds, the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of the deposit will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposits of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The amount of bond required for faithful performance will be ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds, co-insurance only will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be endorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the State for doing the work, and which shall comply with all provisions required to render it formal. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the State will be enhanced thereby.

CHARLES E. TREMAN,
Superintendent of Public Works.

PROPOSALS FOR LEGGINS.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York City, N. Y., October 30, 1911.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1 P. M., January 3d, 1912, and then opened, for furnishing [illegible] pairs of Leggins. Information upon application. [illegible], Depot Quartermaster.

The present bond market affords investors an opportunity of purchasing high grade seasoned issues at prices to yield 5% or better. Lists of those bonds selling at the most attractive prices sent upon request.

Alfred Mestre & Co
BANKERS
37 Wall Street, New York

First Mortgage
TAX EXEMPT BONDS
to pay
5%
Legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York

Further Particulars Upon Application.

A. B. Leach & Co.
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

For Sale
100 American Coal
50 American Coal Products
20 Am. Typefounders Pfd. & Com.
10 Childs' Restaurant Pfd.
100 Childs' Restaurant Rights
50 General Motors Common
17 Ingersoll-Rand Common
25 L. I. Loan & Trust Co.
30 Mohawk Valley
35 N. Y. State Railway Common
25 Safety Car Heating & Lgt.
2M Computing-Tabulating-Rec'ding
5M E. I. Du Pont Powder 4½%s
5M International Salt 1st 5%s
Wanted
100 American Manufacturing
25 Babcock & Wilcox
10 Chemung Canal Trust
50 E. I. Du Pont Pow. Com. & Pfd.
300 St. Joseph Lead
5M Cent. Indiana Lighting 5%s
Kings Co. E. L. & P. stock & bonds

Hallowell & Henry
Tel. Br. 4995. 52 Beaver St., N. Y. C.

Harris, Forbes & Co
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N. W. Harris & Co
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NEW YORK

Government Municipal Railroad and Public Utility
Bonds for Investment

Your Money And Ours

We are not prejudiced when we say that the investor who purchases one, or any number, of the bonds which we offer enters into a peculiarly intimate and beneficial relation with us and with the companies whose securities we handle. This is due to the fact that we ourselves **operate these companies and are large and permanent holders of their stocks.** Our money and the money of bondholders lies side by side, and the interests of the last named must be considered before our own.

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Meikleham & Dinsmore
Engineers and Bankers
437 Chestnut St., Phila. 25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK. 60 State St., Boston.

Municipal Railroad Corporation 4% TO 6% BONDS
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LISTS MAILED UPON APPLICATION.

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BANKERS,
27 & 29 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
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Hollister, Fish & Co.
BANKERS
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Investment Securities
Interest Allowed on Deposits
Nassau and Pine Streets
Telephone John 3900

New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago 5s, 1960
Keystone Telephone 5s, 1935
Detroit United Railway 4½s, 1932
Underground Elec. Ry. Co. of London 4½s & 6s
Railroad Securities 4s, 1952, (Ill. Central Stk.)
E. BUNGE & CO.
26 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

WE ARE SPECIALIZING IN
Tobacco Securities
Quotations Furnished—Inquiries Invited
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Vigorous Advance in Prices Accompanies Expansion in Trading.

TOBACCO DECISION HELPS

Favorable Opinion Also Formed of Railroad Securities Report—Higher Copper and Steel Prices.

Encouraged by several favorable developments, the stock market, after a period of dullness in the earlier hours of trading, rose quite sharply, and to the accompaniment of a substantial expansion in the transactions ended the day with net gains which in many instances exceeded a point, with the exceptionally large net advance of 3 points in Union Pacific. It was after the news of the Supreme Court's refusal to reopen the American Tobacco case and the publication of the report of the Railroad Securities Commission that the market began to move up with vigor. These two factors were supplemented by others which made in the aggregate an unusual budget of good news. There was, for one thing, a further advance in the price of copper to the highest figure quoted on the recovery in the price of that metal, which has been under way for several weeks, and which has gained in strength since the publication of the Copper Producers' statement for November, showing a reduction of over 23,000,000 pounds in the stocks of copper last month. Along similar lines was the news of an increase by the leading steel-trade interest in the price of wire products, which comes as an encouraging supplement to the success of the principal makers of bar iron in raising their prices from the low level to which recent aggressive competition had carried them. It remains to be seen whether the improvement which is thus denoted is to be maintained, but until some new factors present themselves for consideration it is a fair assumption that the betterment in prices which is now taking place in the steel trade points to a condition of still further improvement over the abnormal conditions lately prevailing in that trade. The announcement of the Government's estimate of this year's cotton crop confirming the expectation of a yield far above that of any previous year came as the last hour's interesting contribution to the day's news, but this merely confirmed previously formed expectations rather than presented any new situation.

In concluding its report the Railroad Securities Commission states its belief that accurate knowledge of the facts concerning the issue of securities and the expenditures of their proceeds is the matter of most importance in the situation which was the subject of the commission's inquiry. There can be no question of the efficiency of full publicity as a means of preventing abuses in the matter of issuing railroad securities. Capital issues for any irregular purpose, or even if they were clearly open to the charge of being contrary to sound practice, could hardly occur if they had to be made in the broad light of day and subject to publicity, not by accident, possibly at some remote time after they occurred, but in keeping with Governmental requirements at the very time of issuance. In stating that accurate knowledge of the facts concerning security issues and the expenditure of their proceeds is the fundamental thing which must serve as a basis for whatever additional regulation may be desirable in the future, the Hadley commission has taken a position upon very firm ground.

Much contained in the commission's report commends itself for careful consideration. One of the commission's suggestions which has wide interest in view of incidents still fresh in Wall Street's mind is that no railroad should be permitted to acquire less than a mojirity of the stock of any other railroad. The acceptance of such a recommendation would appear to force the distribution of such stockholders as that of the Union Pacific in other than its controlled properties, if this action should be extended to existing situations as well as laid down as a rule for the future. This feature of the report, as possibly encouraging an early resort to the Union Pacific's proposed plan for the segregation of its investment assets from its railroad properties, may account in part for the day's exceptional strength in Union Pacific. On the other hand, it has been made known that the Union Pacific management would not consider the distribution of its investment holdings until after the Supreme Court has passed upon the Government's appeal from the lower court's decision in favor of the Union Pacific in the Government's anti-merger suit. The hearing of that appeal was postponed by the Supreme Court yesterday from Jan. 8 to Feb. 19. Argument on several rate cases, including the Minnesota rate case, was postponed to the same date.

The importance of the action which the Supreme Court would take in respect to the petition of the independent Tobacco interests for a review of the decree of the Circuit Court led to the adoption of an attitude of some reserve on that matter, although the refusal of the court to reopen the case, announced yesterday, was fully in accord with the general expectation of the financial community. That expectation, strong as it had been originally, was further strengthened last week by what President Taft had to say about the Tobacco decree in his annual message to Congress. The Government cotton estimate yesterday places this year's crop at the record figure of 14,885,000 bales, greater by nearly 2,000,000 bales than the previous largest December estimate, that of 12,920,000 bales, made in 1908. The actual yield that year, as measured by the commercial movement, was 13,828,000 bales. There may not prove to be as great a difference this year between the December estimate and the final report, but precedent supports the inference that yesterday's Government estimate fully bears out the trade expectation of a total crop of not less than 15,000,000 bales.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Crucible Steel Co. for dividend on preferred.
Ingersoll-Rand Co. for dividend on preferred.
Twin City Rapid Transit Co. for dividend on common.
Yukon Gold Co. for dividend.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

American Brake Shoe and Foundry Co.
International Steam Pump Co
New Central Co.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s, Nov., 1957, new	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s, May, 1917, old	102	102⅝	102	102⅝
4½s, Nov., 1917, new	102	102⅝	102	102⅝
4¼s, Mar., 1930-60, old	102	102¼	102	102¼
4¼s, Sept., 1960, new	102⅜	102⅝	102¼	102½
4s, May, 1959, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, May, 1957, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg	98¾	99	98¾	99⅛
4s, May, 1919, l'chg	99½	100⅛	99½	100⅛
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg	87	87⅜	87	87⅜
3½s, May, 1954, coup	87	87⅜	87	87⅜
3½s, May, 1954, reg	86⅜	87⅜	86¾	87⅜
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg	88	89⅜	88¼	89¼

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 11.—The weekly statement of the associated National banks of Boston compares as follows:

	Dec. 9,'11.	Decrease for Week.	Dec. 10,'10.
Loans	$228,621,000	$3,949,000	$199,846,000
Circulation	7,431,000	19,000	7,598,000
Deposits	192,942,000	7,825,000	[illegible]
Due banks	78,195,000	133,000	74,012,000
U. S. deposits	3,183,000	*21,000	3,086,000
Reserve agts	31,841,000	430,000	27,854,000
Exch. clearing	15,320,000	2,689,000	15,165,000
Due f'm banks	23,999,000	549,000	23,141,000
5 p. c. fund	368,750	*13,500	409,500
Legal tenders	4,529,000	*268,000	3,810,000
Specie	26,194,000	250,000	22,056,000
Surplus	2,375,571	*610,000	2,112,714
Surp., N. Y.	3,483,571	*162,000	4,100,714

*Increase.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales Dec. 11, 1911 526,221
From Jan. 1, 1911 120,381,586
Same period last year 159,941,228

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
1⅞	2	1,600	Allis-Chalmers	2⅛	2⅛	1⅞	2	—⅛
8	9	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	8½	8⅞	8½	8⅞	...
63	63⅛	17,200	Amalgamated Copper	62	63⅛	61½	63	+1⅜
54	54½	300	Am. Agricul. Chem	55¼	55¼	54¼	54¼	—¾
53⅞	54	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	53¼	53⅞	53¼	53⅞	+⅜
99½	100½	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	+¾
11¼	11⅜	1,700	Am. Can	11	11⅜	11	11⅜	+⅜
90½	91½	1,100	Am. Can pf	91	91½	91	91½	+½
53½	53⅞	700	Am. Car & Fdy. x d	53	54	53	53¾	+¾
44	44½	215	Am. Cotton Oil	44	44	44	44	+⅜
213	215	10	Am. Express	215	215	215	215	...
20	22½	25	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	21	21	21	21	...
9⅜	9½	100	Am. Linseed	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	—¼
72⅜	72½	9,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	71¼	73	70⅞	72⅛	+1¼
103½	104	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103½	103¾	103½	103¾	+⅞
114½	115¼	200	Am. Sugar Refining	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	—¼
139¼	139½	1,500	Am. Tel. & Tel	138⅝	139⅜	138⅝	139⅜	+¾
104½	104⅝	4,225	Am. Tobacco pf	104¾	105¼	104	104½	+¼
104½	104⅞	2,500	Am. Tobacco pf. tr. r	104¼	105	103⅞	104⅝	+½
38⅜	38½	2,600	Anaconda Copper Co	37⅞	38½	37¾	38½	+¾
106⅜	106½	4,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	105⅝	106⅜	105⅝	106⅜	+1¼
103¾	103⅞	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	—⅛
136½	137	900	Atlantic Coast Line	136⅛	137	136¾	137	+1
101⅜	101⅝	850	Baltimore & Ohio	101	101½	101	101½	+¾
76	76½	700	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	75⅞	76⅜	75¾	76⅜	+⅞
29	30	15	Butterick Co	30	30	30	30	...
240	240½	10,000	Canadian Pacific	238¾	240¾	138⅝	240½	+2⅛
20½	21	100	Central Leather Co	21	21	21	21	+¾
295	320	100	Central R. R. of N. J	305	305	305	305	+7
72½	72¾	1,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	71¾	72¾	71¾	72½	+½
20	20½	400	Chicago Gt. Western	19⅞	20	19⅞	20	+¾
37	38	400	Chi. Gt. Western pf	37½	37¾	37	37	...
111⅛	111¼	7,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	109¼	111½	109¼	111⅛	+1⅞
142½	143	100	Chi. & Northwestern	142⅛	142⅛	142⅛	142⅛	+⅛
23	23¼	300	Chino Copper	23	23	23	23	—⅛
26⅛	27	300	Colorado Fuel & Iron	28	28	26¼	26½	+½
46	47	470	Colorado & Southern	47	47	47	47	...
76¼	76½	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	76⅜	76⅜	76⅜	76⅜	—⅜
137¾	138	881	Consolidated Gas	137	138⅜	137	138	+1¼
10⅜	10¾	600	Corn Products Ref	10½	10½	10⅜	10⅜	—¼
75	77	100	Corn Products Ref. pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	—1
167	169	100	Delaware & Hudson	167	167	167	167	+1
42	46	300	Den. & Rio Grande pf	45	45	45	45	+1
31	31¾	200	Distillers' Securities	31¼	31¼	31	31	—¼
17	17⅝	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	—⅜
31	31¼	10,700	Erie	30⅝	31¼	30½	31¼	+1
51	51⅜	400	Erie 1st pf	50½	51½	50½	51½	+1
41¼	42¼	100	Erie 2d pf	41	41	41	41	...
152½	153¾	300	General Electric	152	152	152	152	+½
35	36	600	General Motors	35	35	35	35	...
74½	78	200	General Motors pf	75	75	74½	74½	—4
4⅝	4¾	3,400	Goldfield Consol	4¾	4⅞	4¾	4¾	+⅛
128	128⅛	3,000	Great Northern pf	127	128¼	126¾	128	+1
34½	35	4,800	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	35¾	35¾	34	34½	—2
142	142½	100	Illinois Central	142½	142½	142½	142½	+½
14¼	14⅜	300	Interborough-Met	14⅛	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	+⅛
46	46¾	400	Interborough-Met. pf	46⅜	46⅝	46⅜	46⅝	+⅛
105¾	107	200	Int. Harvester	105¼	106	105¼	106	+1½
9⅞	10¼	300	Int. Paper	9¾	10	9¾	10	+½
33⅞	34¼	600	Int. Steam Pump	33	34	33	34	+1
83	83½	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	83½	83½	83½	83½	+½
28⅝	28¾	200	Kansas City South	28⅛	28⅝	28⅛	28⅝	+⅝
104	104¼	400	Laclede Gas	103¼	104	103¼	104	+1⅞
177¾	178	17,900	Lehigh Valley	176⅝	178½	175¾	177⅝	+¾
156	157	900	Louisville & Nash	156	156½	156	156½	+1½
21⅝	21¾	1,950	Miami Copper	21⅞	22	21¾	21¾	—¼
58½	60	1,100	Minn. & St. Louis pf	59	59½	59	59½	+½
132½	133	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M	133	133	132⅝	132⅝	—⅛
87½	90¼	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M. l. l	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	+⅛
29½	30	400	Mo., Kansas & Texas	29¾	29¾	29⅝	29⅝	+¼
38½	39	500	Missouri Pacific	38¾	38¾	38	38¼	—⅛
49¾	49⅞	400	Nat. Lead Co	49¼	49¾	49¼	49¾	—⅛
33¾	34	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	—⅛
18⅛	18¼	900	Nev. Consol. Copper	17¾	18¼	17¾	18¼	+½
53	55	100	New York Air Brake	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	—¼
106	106¼	1,300	New York Central	105¾	106½	105¾	106⅛	+⅝
40	40¼	400	N. Y., Ont. & West	40	40	40	40	+⅜
46⅛	..	200	Norfolk & Southern	52½	52½	52½	52½	...
107⅛	107½	2,100	Norfolk & Western	107	107⅜	106¾	107¼	+⅝
73⅜	73½	600	North American	73	73⅜	73	73⅜	+⅜
117¾	117⅞	4,000	Northern Pacific	116⅞	117⅞	116⅝	117⅞	+1⅜
90	105	100	Pacific Coast	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	—¼
31¼	32	400	Pacific Mail	31¼	31½	31¼	31½	+1
46¾	48	150	Pacific Tel. & Tel	47	47	47	47	—⅛
122	122½	2,200	Pennsylvania R. R	121¾	122½	121¾	122¼	+½
103¼	103½	200	People's Gas, Chi	103⅛	103¼	103⅛	103¼	—¼
17¾	18	300	Pittsburgh Coal	17⅝	17½	17⅝	17½	+½
83½	85	750	Pittsburgh Coal pf	82	82½	82	82½	—½
99½	101	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	100	100	100	100	...
156	157½	100	Pullman Company	157½	157½	157½	157½	—½
15½	15⅝	3,600	Ray Consol. Copper	15	15⅝	15	15⅝	+⅝
88	89½	70	R. R. Sec., I. C. stk. ctfs	88	88	88	88	...
30	31½	200	R'way Steel Spring	31	31½	31	31½	+½
150	150⅛	114,900	Reading	148½	150½	147⅞	150⅛	+1⅞
23¾	24	1,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	23⅜	23⅞	23⅜	23⅞	+⅞
83	83⅜	400	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	82¾	83⅜	82¾	83⅜	+1⅜
25⅛	25¼	4,400	Rock Island Co	24⅝	25⅛	23⅞	25	+⅝
46½	47½	300	Rock Island Co. pf	46¼	46¾	45⅞	46¾	+1
23	25¼	100	St. Louis & San Fran	25	25	25	25	...
41¾	42	950	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	41	41¾	41	41¾	+½
112⅛	112¼	4,600	Southern Pacific	110⅞	112½	110¾	112	+1¼
108½	112	5	South P. R. Sugar pf	110	110	110	110	...
29¾	29⅞	2,600	Southern R'way ext	29¼	29⅞	29¼	29¾	+⅝
71	71½	100	South. R'way pf., ext	71	71	71	71	+1
36⅝	37	500	Tennessee Copper	36	36⅞	36	36⅞	+1⅜
86¾	87	400	Texas Co	86	86¾	86	86¾	+1⅜
23¼	24	800	Texas & Pacific	23	23½	23	23½	+⅞
5⅝	5¾	3,900	Third Avenue	5	5¾	5	5¾	+¾
87½	87¾	4,900	Third Avenue, w. i	86¼	87¾	86⅛	87⅝	+1⅜
4¼	5	300	Tol. R'way & Light	4⅜	4⅜	4	4	—¾
15½	16	700	Tol., St. L. & West	15⅛	15⅞	15⅛	15⅞	...
39	40	900	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	38	39¾	38	39¾	+1⅝
108	109	425	Underw'd Typewriter	107½	108⅞	107½	108½	+1½
173¾	173⅞	91,750	Union Pacific	171½	174	170¾	173⅞	+3
92¾	93¼	100	Union Pacific pf	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	+¼
31½	32½	100	United Rys. Inv	32	32	32	32	+1
60½	61	600	United Rys. Inv. pf	60	61	60	61	+1
49¼	50	250	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	+½
47	47¼	3,500	U. S. Rubber	46¼	47¼	46⅛	47¼	+1¼
109¼	109¾	800	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	109	109⅞	109	109⅞	+⅞
63¾	63⅞	130,800	U. S. Steel	62½	64	62	63⅞	+1⅞
109	109⅜	2,400	U. S. Steel pf	108⅞	109⅜	108¾	109¼	+½
50⅞	51	9,200	Utah Copper	50¼	51¼	50	51⅛	+1⅛
53	53½	100	Va.-Caro. Chemical	53	53	53	53	...
80½	..	100	Va. Ry. & Power pf	81	81	81	81	...
6¾	6⅞	1,600	Wabash	6⅞	6⅞	6½	6⅞	+⅛
17⅝	17⅞	3,100	Wabash pf	18	18	17⅛	17⅝	—½
61	62	300	Western Maryland	60⅛	61½	60⅛	61½	+2½
78¼	78¾	200	Western Union Tel	78½	78½	78½	78½	+1
64½	65	200	Westinghouse E. & M	65	65	65	65	+1
4⅛	4½	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions.

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100	100⅛
2s, c., 1930	100	100¾
3s, r., 1918	101¾	102½
3s, c., 1918	101¾	102½
4s, r., 1925	113⅜	113⅞
4s, c., 1925	113½	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100	..
Pan. 3s, r., 1961	101⅞	102½
Pan. 3s, c., 1961	101⅜	102¼
D. C. 3-65s	105	..
Adams Exp	198	203
Alb. & S	270	..
Am. Ag. C. pf	103	..
A. B. S. & Fdy	87½	90
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf	127	131½
A. C. & F. pf., ex d	114½	116½
Am. Coal	75	95
Am. Cot. O. pf	92	93½
A. H. & L	3½	3⅞
Am. I. Sec	19¼	20¾
Am. L. Co. pf	28	29
Am. Locom	35¼	37
Am. Locom. pf	102¾	103¾
Am. Malt	4	4½
Am. M. pf	41¼	43
Am. S. pf. B	84½	85½
Am. Snuff	200	300
Am. Snuff pf	103	105
Am. St. F	32	33
Am. S. Ref. pf	115⅛	116⅛
A. T. & C	..	81
Am. W. Co	25	27½
Am. W. Co. pf	87¼	89
Am. W. Pa. pf	26	27
Ann Arbor	20	40
Ann Arbor pf	50	80
B. & O. pf	88	89
Batopilas M	1⅜	1⅝
Beth. Steel	29	29⅞
Beth. Steel pf	54	58
B. Un. G	140	145
Bruns. Ter	7¾	9
B., R. & P	100	105
B., R. & P. pf	129	150
Canada So	64	72¼
Cent. Leath. pf., ex d	91	92¾
C. & S. A. Tel	115	116
Chi. & Alt	18	28
Chi. & Alt. pf	35	45
C. & E. Ill. pf	103	130
C., I. & L. pf	60	80
C., M. & St. Paul pf	146	147
C. & N. W. pf	191	200
Chi., St. P., M. & Om	137	141
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf	150	160
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta	2	2½
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st	5	5½
C., C., C. & St. L	59	63
C., C., C. & St. L. pf	95	110
Cleve. & P	161⅛	..
Col. F. & I. pf	103	112
Col. & So. 2d pf	65	75
Crex Carpet	63	60
Cub.-Am. S	..	67½
Cub.-Am. S. pf	95	97
D. L. & W	515	570
D. & R. G	20½	22
D. M. & Ft. D	5	10
Det. & M	110	..
Det. & M. pf	100	..
Det. U. R	..	70
D. S. S. & A	8	10
Du P. de N. Pow. pf	80	95
Ev. & T. H. pf	..	105
F. M. & S	13½	18½
F. M. & S. pf	39⅞	42
Gen. C. Co	132½	135
Gen. C. Co. pf	105¾	107⅝
Granby Con	28	60
Hav. E. R	93½	..
Homestake	85	87½
Ill. C. l. l., ex div	88⅛	..
Inger.-Rand	105	..
Inger.-Rand pf	100	..
Int. H. pf	115	120
Int. Pa. pf	45½	46½
Iowa Cent	16	17½
Iowa C. pf	30	33
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf	78¼	80
Kan. C. So. pf	64⅛	66¾
K. & D. M	5	8
K. & D. M. pf	36	50
Lack. Steel	29	35
L. E. & W	15	17
L. E. & W. pf	27	32
Lake Shore	325	450
Long Island	44	52
Mackay Cos	81	87½
Mackay Cos. pf	71¼	73
Man. Elev	135	137
Mer. Marine	4¼	4½
Mer. Marine pf	16¾	17
May Dept. Stores	71	73½
May Dept. Stores pf	110	112½
Mich. Cent	..	180
M. & St. L	32	35
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf	146½	148½
Mo., K. & T. pf	65	65½
N., C. & St. L	150	..
Nat. Bis	138	140
Nat. B. pf	126⅞	128
Nat. Enam	13½	15
Nat. Enam. pf	93	96½
Nat. L. pf	104⅞	105¼
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf	66	70
N. Cent. C	30	55
N. Y., C. & St. L	53½	55
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf	98½	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf	75	85
N. Y. D. Co	..	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf	..	64½
N. Y. & H	335	450
N. Y., N. H. & H	137½	138
Norf. & W. pf	90⅛	91⅛
N. O. T. & Light	55	..
Ont. Mining	1¼	1⅝
Pac. C. 1st pf	85	105
Pac. C. 2d pf	90	105
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf	98	..
Peo. & E	13	20
Pere Marq	..	30
Pere M. 2d pf	..	38
Phelps-D'ge	175	..
P., C., C. & St. L	95	95⅞
P., C., C. & St. L. pf	105	115½
P., Ft. W. & C	163¾	..
Pitts. St. pf	101	102¾
Pr. St. Car	33	35
Pub. S. C	107½	113
Quicksilver	3½	3¾
Q'ksil'r pf	3½	5½
Ry. St. Sp. pf	99	105
Rdg. 1st pf	88½	90
Rdg. 2d pf	94	97
Rens. & S	180	..
R., W. & O	117	..
Rutland pf	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	66½	68½
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs	55	60
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs	105	125
St. L. S. W	31	32
St. L. S. W. pf	71½	72
Sears-Roeb	139	140
Sears-Roeb. pf	121	..
S.-S. S. & I	39½	41
S.-S. S. & I. pf	..	110
So. P. R. S	81	90
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs	80	89
Stand. Mill	14	16
Stand. Mill. pf	50	52
T. P. L. Tr	89	..
T., P. & W	16	..
T. C. R. T	105½	107
T. C. R. T. pf	132½	145
Und. Typew. pf	111	113¼
U. B. & P	4¾	5
U. B. & P. pf	50	53
Un. Cig. M. pf	100¼	110
Un. Dry G	99	100
Un. Dry G. pf	104	106
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	25	29
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf	92	99
U. S. C. I. Pipe	14	15
U. S. Exp	84	86
U. S. R. & Impt	68	69
U. S. R. & Ref	2¼	3½
U. S. R. & Ref. pf	..	12½
U. S. Rub. 2d pf	74	75⅛
Vand. R. R	..	86
Va.-Car. Ch. Co. pf	118	122
Va. I., C. & Coke	65	75
Va. R. & P	..	41½
Vulcan. Det	10	18
Vulcan. Det. pf	60	70
W. F. Exp	147	151
West. Md. pf	81¾	83⅛
Westingh'se 1st pf	115	118
W. & L. E. 1st pf	10½	12
W. & L. E. 2d pf	5	6
Wis. Cent	53	56

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@4½ per cent., with the last loan at 3½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 4½ per cent.

Time money rates, 4@4½ per cent. for sixty days to six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4@4½ per cent. for prime four to six months' maturities.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3⅞ per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 3⅛ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 5 per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $226,024,169; balances, $10,633,021; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $864,215.

The local banks have lost $743,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8660; demand, $4.8605.
Paris—Cable, 5.18¾ plus 1-16; check, 5.18¾ less 1-16.
Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16 less 1-64; check, 95 1-16 less 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.20 plus 1-16; check, 5.20 less 1-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.30; check, 40.27.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20⅝ plus 1-32; check, 5.20⅝ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8255; ninety days, $4.8110.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅜; ninety days, $4.80⅞.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, 5.22½; ninety days, $5.23⅛.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.22½; ninety days, 5.23¾.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94⅛; ninety days, 93¾.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 30c premium; St. Louis, 40c premium; St. Paul, 25c premium; San Francisco, par; Montreal, par @31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver [illegible] lower in London, at [illegible] per ounce, and in New York [illegible] lower, at 55c. [illegible]

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday.

Total sales Dec. 11, 1911.. $4,836,500
From Jan. 1, 1911........ $[illegible]212,100
Same period last year... $[illegible]666,500

N Y State 4s, 1961	20,000	101½
N Y Canal 4s, 1961	8,000	101⅝
	1,000	101⅝
N Y City 4s, 1957	10,000	100
1958	1,000	99⅞
1959	1,000	100⅛
N Y City 4¼s	1,000	102⅛
4½s, 1957, new	2,000	107¾
Allis-Chalmers 5s	1,000	52⅞
	1,000	52½
	1,000	52⅜
	6,000	52
Am Hide & L 6s	6,000	99
Am Smelt Secur 6s	2,000	103
Am Tobacco 6s	13,000	116⅞
	15,000	117
	20,000	116⅞
	1,000	117
	30,000	116⅞
	1,000s&f	116⅞
	87,000	117
	10,000	117⅛
	20,000	117
	1,000	117¼
	35,000	117⅛
	6,000	117¼
	29,000	117⅜
	77,000	117¾
	19,000	117⅝
	34,000	117½
	10,000	117⅝
	1,000	117⅞
	77,000	117¾
	130,000	118
	26,000	118⅛
	91,000	118
	10,000	117⅞
	50,000	117½
	2,000	117⅝
	160,000	117¾
	1,000	117⅝
	10,000	117⅞
	25,000	117⅞
	40,000	117⅝
registered	2,000	117½
Trust Co ctfs of deposit	3,000	116⅞
	5,000	117
	5,000	118
	45,000	117⅝
	15,000	117⅞
	30,000	117⅝
Am Tobacco 4s	137,000	91
	60,000	91¼
	20,000	91⅛
	12,000	91⅜
	5,000	91¼
	17,000	91⅜
	10,000	91½
	3,000	91⅜
	22,000	91¼
	30,000	91⅜
	1,000	91⅜
	36,000	91⅜
	78,000	91⅞
	20,000	91¼
	1,000	91⅜
	12,000	91⅜
	144,000	91½
registered	1,000	91
Trust Co ctfs of deposit	65,000	91
	50,000	91⅛
	45,000	91¼
	50,000	91⅜
	20,000	91⅞
	75,000	91⅜
	50,000	91½
	1,000	91⅜
	202,000	91½
Am Writ Paper 5s	3,000	89
Armour & Co 4½s	2,000	91⅞
	2,000	92
A, T & S F gen 4s	2,000	99⅛
	3,000	99
	1,000	99⅛
adj 4s, stpd	1,000	91¼
	7,000	91⅛
convertible 4s	10,000	106½
conv 4s, 1960	5,000	100⅞
	128,000	101
	2,000	100⅞
	20,000	101
Atl Coast Line 4s	1,000	95¾
Lou & N col 4s	5,000	94⅛
Balt & O gold 4s	500	98½
	1,000	98⅛
prior lien 3½s	5,000	92
P, L E & W Va 4s	1,000	91⅛
Bethlehem Steel 5s	3,000	98⅝
B R T gold 5s	10,000	104½
ref conv 4s	11,000	84
Cent Brch U P 1st	5,000	83½
Cent of Ga Ry con 5s	1,000	109¼
	20,000	109½
3d income 5s, Trust Co ctfs	1,000	107
Cent Leather 5s	2,000	96⅛
Cent Pac gtd 4s	2,000	96½
Cent Vermont 4s	1,000	89
Ches & O gen 4½s	2,000	101⅝
	18,000	101⅝
Chi & Alton 3s	1,000	71½
C, B & Q joint 4s	52,000	96⅝
	15,000	96⅞
	1,000	96⅝
	49,000	96⅞
Ill Div 3½s	2,000	87⅝
Chi Gas Light & C 1st 5s	1,000	102⅝
Chi Gt Westn 4s	1,000	83
	3,000	82⅞
	2,000	82½
	9,000	82⅝
	1,000	83⅛
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A	5,000	99¼
	1,000	99
	10,000	99¼
4s, 1934	5,000 3	92¼
C & P Wn 5s	1,000	106½
Chi & Lake Sup 5s	1,000	106
Chi & N W gen 4s	9,000	98
	3,000	98¼
	10,000	97¾
C, R I & P gen 4s	3,000	96⅝
	8,000	96½
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s	7,000	89⅝
	2,000	89½
C, R I & P R R 4s	10,000	72¼
	17,000	72¼
	5,000	72½
C & W Ind con 4s	10,000	92¼
Cin, Dav & Ir 5s	2,000	103¼
Col Industrial 5s	8,000s6f	72
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s	1,000	97¼
Col & So 1st 4s	1,000	96
	1,000	96⅛
Consol Tobacco 4s	3,000	91¼
Del & Hudson 1st & refunding 4s	6,000	98⅞
Den & Rio Grande 1st & ref 5s	2,000	85½
Det & Mac gold 4s	1,000	91
Dist Securities 5s	5,000	75½
Erie 1st con 4s	5,000	88
	2,000	87⅞
1st general 4s	4,000	78⅞
	16,000	78⅝
conv 4s, Ser A	2,000	85
Series B	12,000	76
	1,000	76¼
	1,000	76¼
	1,000	76⅜
	2,000	76
	5,000	76¼
Fla, East Coast Ry 1st 4½s	2,000	97¼
Gen Motors 6s	18,000	98¼
Gt Northn ref 4¼s	5,000	100⅞
Ill Cent ref 4s	5,000	96⅛
Inter-Met 4½s	1,000	79
	5,000	79¼
	10,000	79¼
Internatnl Nav 5s	2,000	82
	1,000	81¾
Iowa Cent ref 4s	7,000	66¼
Kan City Terml 4s	1,000	99
K C, Ft S & M 6s	5,000	117
K C Ft S & M 4s	20,000	80¼
Kings Co El L & P pur mon 6s	1,000	115
[illegible]		
1931	2,000	93⅝
Lex Av & P F 1st	1,000	102½
Long Isl, N Sh 5s	1,000	105
Lou & Jeff Bdg 4s	1,000	91½
Lou & N, Atl, K & Cin 4s	10,000	92⅝
	2,000	92⅝
	2,000	92¾
unified 4s	1,000	99⅛
	6,000	99¼
Mercantile Marine col trust 4½s	1,000	65½
	5,000	65¾
	1,000	65⅞
Met St gen 5s	2,000	93¾
Trust Co ctfs	10,000	94⅛
	2,000	93½
	1,000	94
	1,000	94¼
	3,000	93¾
	10,000	94
	1,000	94¼
	15,000	94
	1,000	94⅛
ref 4s, Trust Co ctfs, stamped	10,000	57
	9,000	56⅞
	20,000	56¼
	1,000	56⅝
	5,000	56¼
	20,000	56¾
	27,000	56⅛
Mich Cent 5s, 1931	4,000	110⅝
M, K & T s f 4½s	1,000	88¼
	1,000	88
Mo, K & T 1st 4s	14,000	97
	1,000	97¼
Mo, K & T ext 5s	4,000	101½
Mo, Kan & Texas 1st & ref 4s	1,000	81½
	1,000	79½
Mo Pac conv 5s	4,000	87
Mobile & Ohio, St L & C col 4s	2,000	83
N Y Dock Co 4s	3,000	82
N Y G, E L, H & P pur money 4s	1,000	88¾
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s	1,000	103½
N Y Tel 4½s	13,000	100¼
Norfolk & West divisional 4s	4,000	93⅞
Nor Pac 4s	1,000	99¼
	500	99⅞
Nor Pac gen 3s	1,000	69⅝
	500	69½
Oregon Short Line 1st con 5s	5,000	111¾
Oregon Short Line gtd refg 4s	1,000	94½
Pac Coast 1st 5s	1,000	104¾
Pac Tel & T 5s	2,000	99
Penn conv 3½s, 1912	5,000	99½
1915	23,000	96⅞
	7,000	96¾
	22,000	96⅝
Penn 4s, 1948	10,000	102⅝
	5,000	102½
Peo & E inc 4s	15,000	40
Public Serv Corp sink'g fund 5s	1,000	92¾
Reading gen 4s	6,000	98¼
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940	9,000	91
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s	4,000	106½
St L, Ir Mt & So, River & Gulf 4s	2,000	84
St L & S F R R gen 5s	11,000	88¾
	2,000	89
	1,000	88¾
	3,000	88⅞
ref 4s	5,000	80
San A & A P 4s	1,000	87⅝
Seaboard Air Line adjustment 5s	5,000	82
	10,000	81⅝
	2,000	81⅞
	1,000	81⅝
	2,000	81½
	1,000	81¾
So Pac col 4s	1,000	92¼
So Pac conv 4s	25,000	96⅞
	1,000	97
So Pac 1st ref 4s	1,000	94⅞
	14,000	95
So Ry 1st 5s	10,000	107¾
So Ry gen 4s	26,000	78⅜
Syracuse Light Co 1st gen 5s	1,000	101
Texas Co conv 6s	1,000	94⅞
Third Av con 4s, Trust Co ctfs	40,000	76¼
	10,000	76⅛
	25,000	76⅜
Tr Co ctfs, stpd	5,000	74½
	10,000	74⅜
	4,000	74⅝
	1,000	74½
	10,000	74⅜
	20,000	74⅞
	80,000	75
Third Av ref 4s, w issued	10,000	85¾
	16,000	85⅝
	1,000	85⅞
	10,000	85⅝
	24,000	85⅞
	225,000	86
Third Av 1st 5s	2,000	109¼
Third Av adj 5s, when issued	10,000	75¼
	25,000	75⅞
	56,000	75⅝
	35,000	75½
	15,000	75¾
	1,000	75⅞
	8,000	75⅝
	1,000	75⅞
	45,000	76
Tol, St L & Wn 4s	1,000	67½
Underground Elect Rys of London 4½s	1,000 c	96
Underground Elect Rys of London income 6s	20,000	65½
Un Pac 1st 4s	5,000	101
	26,000	100⅞
	7,000	101
Union Pac conv 4s	5,000	102⅞
	85,000	102½
	5,000	102⅝
	5,000	102⅝
	15,000	102⅞
	8,000	102⅝
	15,000	102⅞
	35,000	103
Union Pac 1st & ref 4s	1,000	97¾
	2,000	97½
United Railrds of San Fran 4s	16,000	68
U S R & Imp 5s	2,000	88
U S Rubber 6s	1,000	104⅛
	4,000	104
U S Steel Corp sinking fund 5s	12,000	101¾
	61,000	101⅞
	2,000	101¾
	1,000	101⅞
	11,000	101¾
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s	2,000	100⅞
Wabash 1st 5s	2,000	104⅛
Wabash 2d 5s	6,000	93
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s	15,000	51⅛
	8,000	51¼
	3,000	51⅛
	6,000	51
	10,000	50⅞
	1,000	50⅞
	5,000	50¾
	15,000	50¾
	6,000	50⅞
	17,000	50⅝
	5,000	50⅞
	11,000	51
	20,000	51¼
	3,000	51¼
	13,000	51½
	29,000	51⅜
	14,000	51⅜
	13,000	51¼
	1,000	51⅜
Pitts Terml 2d Trust Co ctfs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wn Maryland 4s	1,000	87⅝
	4,000	87¾
	1,000	87½
	1,000	87¾
Wn N Y & Penn general 4s	1,000s6f	89
West Shore 4s	9,000	101¼
Westingh El & M 1st conv s f 5s	1,000	93
Wis Cent gen 4s	1,000	92¾

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Tone in London, Paris, and Berlin Steady, but Trading Is Dull.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—Money and discount rates were firm to-day.

The stock market was quiet owing to the commencement of another settlement, but the tone was generally steady. Consols were the feature of the trading, with a recovery of ¼. Home rails and foreign securities hardened, but Japanese bonds continued weak.

American securities opened steady, and during the forenoon prices advanced from ⅛ to ⅞ above parity on fair buying. Later the market sagged under profit taking, with Canadian Pacific leading the decline. The closing was quiet.

The Bank of England obtained most of the $4,000,000 new gold offered in the open market.

The Stock Exchange will be closed Dec. 23, 25, and 26 and Jan. 1.

Money, 3@3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 15-16@4 per cent.; for three months' bills 3⅞ per cent.

Gold premiums at Madrid, 7.95; at Lisbon, 10.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—Prices steady on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95f 67½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 23c for checks.

Private rate of discount, 3⅛ per cent.

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—Trading was dull, but prices were steady on the Boerse today.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 45 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4½ per cent.

Private rate of discount, 5 per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	76⅞	...	...	+3-16
Consols, account	77 1-16	...	...	+3-16
Anaconda	7⅞	38⅜	37¾	+⅝
Atchison	108⅛	105⅛	105⅛	..
Canadian Pacific	245¼	238⅜	238⅜	..
St. Paul	113	109⅞	109¼	+⅝
Erie	31⅜	30½	30¼	+¼
Erie 1st pf	51½	50	50½	—½
Illinois Central	146	141⅞	...	..
Louis. & Nash	160	155½	155	+½
N. Y. Central	109	106	105⅝	+¼
Pennsylvania	62½	121½	121⅜	—¼
Reading	76¼	148¼	148¼	..
Southern Pacific	114	110⅞	110¾	+⅛
Union Pacific	176¼	171⅜	170⅞	+½
U. S. Steel	64	62¼	62	+¼
U. S. Steel pf	112¼	109¼	108¾	+½

Exchange, 4.86.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	91⅝	92⅜
German Government 3s	82¼	83⅜
Prussian consol 4s	101¾	102⅞
Bavarian Government 4s	100⅝	101½
Saxony Government 3s	82	82⅞
Hamburg Government 3s	81¼	82
City of Berlin, 4s	100¼	101⅜
City of Cologne 4s	99⅛	100⅝
City of Munich 4s	99½	100½
City of Frankfurt 3½s	93	93⅞
City of Vienna 4s	93¾	94⅜
Mexican Government 5s	99	100
Russian Government 4s	94¼	95¼

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	10	3	Esperanza	1	8	9
Tomboy	1	3	1½	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	3	0	Stratton's Ind	0	2	0

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

There was a stampede of the bears on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday afternoon, when the market rose, following the publication of the report of the Hadley Railroad Securities Commission, the news that the United States Supreme Court had declined to interfere with the Circuit Court's decree approving the Tobacco Trust's reorganization plan and the announcement that quotations for wire and nails have been advanced. The uprush in prices disturbed a large short interest carried over from last week.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
130	Allis-Chalmers	2	2	1¾	1⅞
3,490	Amal. Copper	62	63¼	61½	63
10	Am. B. Sugar	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼
10	Am. Can	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
50	Am. Car & Fy	53	53⅞	53	53⅞
10	Am. Cotton Oil	44	44	44	44
3,220	Am. Smelting	71¼	73	70⅝	72⅜
60	Am. Sugar	115½	115½	115¼	115½
70	Anac. Copper	38	38¼	38	38¼
150	A., T. & S. F	105⅝	106½	105⅝	106¼
30	Balt. & Ohio	101⅛	101⅞	101⅛	101⅞
100	Brook. R. T	75⅝	76⅜	75⅝	76⅜
450	Can. Pacific	239	240½	238½	240½
10	Cent. Leather	21	21	21	21
150	Ches. & Ohio	72¾	72⅞	72¼	72¾
20	Chi. Gt. West	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
540	C., M. & St. P	109¼	111½	109¼	110⅞
200	Consol. Gas	136⅞	138⅝	136⅞	136
530	Erie	30⅝	31¼	30½	31¼
70	Erie 1st pf	51	51½	51	51¼
40	Gt. North. pf	127¾	128	127¾	128
130	Gt. N. ore ctfs	34¾	35⅝	33¾	35¼
10	Int.-Met	14½	14½	14½	14½
2,020	Lehigh Valley	176⅞	178⅜	175⅝	177½
10	Mo., K. & T	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
220	Mo. Pacific	38⅝	39	38¼	38½
20	Nat. Lead	49¾	50	49¾	50
160	Nevada Cons	17⅞	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛
40	N. Y. Central	105⅞	106½	105⅞	106¼
20	N. Y., O. & W	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞
360	Nor. Pacific	117	117¾	116⅝	117⅝
80	Pacific Mail	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼
200	Pennsylvania	122¼	122⅜	122¼	122¼
22,480	Reading	148¼	150⅜	148	150¼
30	Rep. Steel	23¼	23¾	23¼	23¾
260	Rock Island	24¼	25⅛	24¼	25⅛
570	Southern Pac	110½	112⅜	110⅜	112⅛
70	Southern Ry	29⅝	29¾	29¼	29⅞
160	Tenn. Copper	36¼	36¾	26¼	36¾
230	Third Av	5	5½	5	5½
16,810	Union Pacific	171½	174⅜	170¾	173¾
270	U. S. Rubber	46½	47⅜	46½	47⅜
26,710	U. S. Steel	62½	64⅛	62	64
10	U. S. Steel pf	109	109	109	109
1,440	Utah Copper	50⅝	51¼	50	51
10	Va.-Car. Chem	53½	53½	53½	53½
70	Wabash	6¾	6¾	6½	6¾
400	Wabash pf	17⅞	18¼	16⅞	17¾
20	Westing. Elec	65	65	65	65
82,150					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
400	Atlanta	.16½	.16½	.16½	.16½
300	Belmont	8.12½	8.12½	8.12½	8.12½
400	Consol. Va	.62	.62	.61	.61
100	Elkton	.70	.70	.70	.70
20	Goldfield Con	4.87½	4.87½	4.87½	4.87½
400	Hale & Norc	.19	.19	.19	.19
1,100	Jim Butler	.29	.29½	.29	.29½
300	Jumbo Ext	.23	.23	.23	.23
500	Mexican	4.15	4.15	4.15	4.15
200	Ophir	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
300	Portland	.92	.92	.92	.92
400	Tonopah Ext	1.17½	1.17½	1.15	1.15
500	West End	.70	.71	.70	.71
4,920					

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100⅛	100⅜	4.69
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	100	100	4.39
Beth. Steel Co	6	Nov. 1,'14	99⅞	100¼	5.91
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99⅛	99¼	4.81
C., H. & D., pur. money	4	July 1,'13	99¼	99⅜	4.47
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	98¾	99¼	5.65
Chi. El. Rys	5	July 1,'14	97⅝	98	5.81
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	100⅜	100¼	5.47
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	99⅜	99⅝	5.14
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	98½	98¾	6.38
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	96⅞	97¼	5.35
Hudson Co	6	Feb. 1,'13	98	98⅝	7.32
Int. & Gt. N	5	Aug. 1,'14	96¾	97⅛	6.21
Int. Rap. T	4½	1912	100⅛	100⅜	....
Lack. Steel Co	5	Mar. 1,'15	91	92	8.00
Minn. & St. L	5	Feb. 1,'13	94½	95½	8.00
Mo., K. & T	5	May 1,'13	98¾	99	5.67
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	96	96⅝	6.65
N. Rys. of M	4½	June 1,'13	98¼	98⅝	5.44
N. Y. Cent	4½	Mar. 1,'14	100	100¼	4.37
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R	4½	1912	100¼	100⅜	....
Oakland Rys	6	Sep. 1,'15	100¼	..	..
Pac. T. & T	5	Jan. 5,'13	100¼	100½	4.51
St. L. & S. F	5	Mar. 1,'13	98½	99	5.87
St. L. & S. F	5	June 1,'13	98½	99	5.67
Southern Ry	5	Feb. 1,'13	100	100¼	4.76
Tidewater Co	6	June 1,'13	101	101⅜	5.03
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'18	103¾	104⅛	5.29
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min	5	Aug. 1,'14	98¾	99¼	5.30
Westinghouse	6	Aug. 1,'13	101⅛	101⅝	4.96

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for Saturday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Dec. 9.	Month.	Fiscal. Y'r.
Customs	$1,341,547	$9,149,250	$135,427,950
Internal rev	1,884,407	9,279,296	134,937,653
Corporation tax	1,377	10,377	1,804,264
Miscellaneous	122,901	1,187,578	23,323,976
Total receipts	3,350,233	19,626,503	295,493,844
Expenditures	2,425,598	18,356,980	314,865,478
Surplus	924,634	1,269,523	*19,371,653

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $76,-345,[illegible].

In banks and Philippine Treasury, $35,000,-617.

The total balance in general fund was $132,-[illegible].

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
50 Liggett & Meyers Com. Stock
50 Pierre Lorillard Com. Stock
25 National Fuel Gas Stock
100 Porto Rican Tobacco Stock
50 H. W. Johns-Manville Com. Stock
200 British-American Tobacco Com. Stock
260 Childs (Restaurant) Co. Pfd. Stock
200 Childs (Restaurant) Co. "Rights"
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Com. Stock
100 Pierre Lorillard Com. Stock
100 Liggett & Meyers Com. Stock
50 Singer Manufacturing Stock
50 Phelps, Dodge & Co. Stock
75 American Cigar Com. Stock
22 Victor Talking Machine Com. Stock
15 Childs (Restaurant) Co. Com. Stock
15 Hanover National Bank Stock
500 American Stogie Com. Stock
50 F. W. Woolworth Com. Stock
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Intercorporate Holdings.

While the Hadley commission did not come out with a recommendation that railroads holding stock of other lines should be forced to dispose of them, it so strongly disapproved of intercorporate holdings as to lead traders to think that perhaps the Union Pacific management would see a light, and hasten the much talked of segregation of its rich treasury shares. Upon the publication of the report, Union Pacific advanced to 174 and retained a gain of 3 points at the close. "Whatever may be the evils due to such holdings," said the commission, "an unqualified prohibition of the ownership of stock of one road by another involves too much disturbance of existing relations to warrant us in advocating it. Much will be accomplished if we do away with the unnecessary extension of these holdings and provide for equitable dealings between the representatives of the purchasing company on the one hand and the holders of minority interests on the other." Altogether, Wall Street found little to criticise in the Railroad Securities Commission's report beyond a certain dryness of style in the language which made it rather dull reading.

***

Berlin Seeking Funds.

German banks which have been in the money market here right along for some time past have raised their bids, and yesterday were reported as offering as high as 6 per cent. for accommodation over the year. One bank which had been a lender to Berlin in the September crisis has been refusing the recent bids for deposits from the German institutions, finding it more desirable to take advantage of the existing exchange markets and buy German paper which shows about 5¼ per cent. return.

***

Steel and Copper.

Steel and copper both together are feeling the stimulus of betterment in the statistical position. It needed the publication of the November figures of the Copper Producers' Association and the Nov. 30 unfilled orders figures of the United States Steel Corporation to put emphasis on the improving conditions, from the producers' point of view, in both metals. The increase in unfilled steel tonnage in November was the largest in two years, or since the price war of 1909 brought buyers into the market with the conviction that the bottom had been reached. Business has been running along at an increasing rate in steel for some months except for a temporary setback in September, and the advance in wire products yesterday was a natural result of what the tangible evidence of a jump of 447,072 tons, in November, in orders ahead of the Steel Corporation was needed to prove. The big decline in copper stocks revealed in the report of Friday called attention to the rapidly disappearing immediate supply which must be a factor in the trade, no matter what increased production may do for the situation next year. The advance of copper prices to 13½ cents a pound is made by the producers with full confidence that buying will continue.

***

Tobacco Issues Higher.

American Tobacco common advanced to 518 yesterday, a gain of 23 points over Saturday's close, on the news from Washington that the Supreme Court had denied the independents' petition and had thereby assured the permanency of the reorganization plan. The securities of the two new tobacco companies also were immediately affected and advanced to new high records. The confidence of the Curb speculators in the "when issued" prices in which they have been trading is increased by the knowledge that only about 8 per cent. of the American Tobacco common was in the hands of the public at large.

***

The Kaleidoscopic Outlook.

The small speculator, who cannot boast of an acquaintance with the men who deal in 1,000-share lots, is wont to reason backward from the action of the market. When the leading issues advance a point he tells his friends that "the big people are bullish." When a reaction of a half point occurs he goes about with a very glum countenance, whispering forebodings of a bad period of widespread depression. The result is that the ten-share trader is often a bull and a bear several times in one day. When President F. A. Vanderlip's article appeared last week the little men went about confiding that all the leading interests saw nothing ahead for the market, and were selling stocks. Yesterday they reasoned that Mr. Vanderlip's interview gave only his personal diagnosis, and that the Street is really very optimistic. The only trouble with the small trader's advice is that it comes a few hours late.

ORE CERTIFICATES WEAK.

Wall Street Hears Dividends Are to be Stopped, Pending Readjustment.

Renewed weakness yesterday in Great Northern ore certificates, which sold down to 34, a new low price, was accompanied by a report that the Trustees had decided against any further dividend payments pending a readjustment to meet the changed situation.

"We have not decided upon any action," said one of the Trustees when this report was brought to his attention. "The Steel Corporation has notified us that it will terminate its lease on Jan. 1, 1915. That is three years away. It would be foolish for us to try to plan now for meeting this condition.

"It is reasonable to assume that the Great Western Mining Company will work the ore fields to the limit of their capacity for the remainder of the term of the lease, and the owning companies should receive heavy royalties. Whether they decide to pay these into the hands of the Trustees as dividends or retain the money to be used in operating the mines on their own account will make no difference ultimately to the certificate holders, who retain their certificates."

EXTRA EXCHANGE HOLIDAY.

All Exchanges Likely to Close from Friday to Tuesday at Christmas.

It is expected that all of the important exchanges in the Financial District will be closed from Friday to Tuesday for the Christmas holiday. The English exchanges will be closed on the Saturday preceeding Christmas, which makes it probable that the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange will act favorably on the petition of members sent up to them yesterday to close the Exchange from Friday afternoon to Tuesday morning. The Cotton Exchange members have also petitioned for the extra holiday and the Coffee Exchange has voted to close.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Maiden Lane Savings Bank, which has always paid 4 per cent. to its depositors since incorporation, has again declared a dividend at that rate for the mid-Winter interest period.

The annual meeting of the Solar Refining Company of Lima, Ohio, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company, will be held Jan. 3 at Lima.

Investment markets impartially described in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Full quotation tables, range of prices for many years. Railroad earnings at a glance. Every Monday. One Dollar a year by mail.—Adv.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Active and Strong Market in American Tobacco Shares and New Company 5 and 7 Per Cents.

COPPERS SHOW STRENGTH

Low Comparatively Inactive Fractional Gains Rule in This Department—Sales of Lorillard 7s Are $425,000.

The Tobacco issues were active and strong in the Curb market yesterday. American Tobacco common, opening at 487 for an odd-lot, sold up to 518 and closed after sales of 750 shares at 510. "Ex-subsidiaries" sold 225 shares from 275 up to 285 and closed at 280. British American appeared for the first time, selling 900 shares between 15 and 16. The Lorillard and Liggett & Myers bonds were the feature of the trading in the bond department, the bulk of the activity being in the 7 per cents. Sales of $400,000 Liggett & Myers 7s were reported from 116⅛ up to 117, the close being at 116⅞. Lorillard 7s sold $425,000 between 116⅜ and 117, the close being at 116⅞, ⅜ above the opening. Liggett & Myers 5s sold $250,000 from 87⅞ up to 88¾, the close being at 88⅛. Lorillard 5s sold $100,000 between 88⅝ and 89, and closed at the high price. The coppers were generally firm, but comparatively inactive. Giroux sold 900 shares from 4 to 4⅛. Greene-Cananea sold 2,000 shares between 7½ and 7⅞, and closed even with the opening at 7¾. Inspiration rose from 9½ to 9⅝ on sales of 1,200 shares. British Columbia was one of the exceptions, selling off from 4¾ to 4½.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
750	Am. Tobbacco	†487	518	†487	510
225	Am. Tobacco, ex subsidiaries	275	285	275	280
900	Brit.-Am. Tob	15	16	15	15½
100	Int. R. Tr. cts	19	19	19	19
225	Lig. & Myers	180	180	176	178
200	P. Lorillard	182	190	179	180
606	M. Rumley Co., w. i.	98½	98½	98	98
75	Studebaker Co	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾
150	Un. Cigar Mfr	46¾	48½	46¾	48½
310	Un. Cigar Stores	234	252	232	235
22	U. S. L. & H., new	16½	16¾	16½	16¾

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	*Beaver Consol	38	38	37	37
400	Braden Copper	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5⅝
680	Brit. Col. Cop	4¾	4¾	4½	4½
5,000	*C. O. D. Con	14	14	14	14
300	Con. Ariz. Sm	⅝	⅝	9-16	9-16
1,200	Diamond F. D.	13	13	14	14
1,700	Florence	56	60	55	60
900	Giroux Mining	4	4⅛	4	4⅛
3,500	*Greenwater	5	5½	5	5
2,000	Greene-Cananea	7¾	7⅞	7½	7¾
60	Guggenheim Ex	180	180	180	180
1,200	Inspiration Cop	9½	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
500	Kerr Lake	2⅞	2⅞	2¾	2 13-16
1,300	La Rose Con	3 13-16	4	3 13-16	3⅞
500	Mason Valley	10	10½	10	10½
550	Nevada Hills	2 5-16	2⅜	2 5-16	2 5-16
500	Nipissing M. Co.	7¼	7¼	7⅛	7¼
1,200	Ohio Copper	1	1 1-16	1	1 1-16
1,500	Pacific Smelt	5-16	⅜	5-16	5-16
1,800	Porcupine Nor	9-16	⅝	9-16	⅝
750	Porcupine Town	53	53	50	51
1,500	Preston E. D.	14	15	14	15
2,500	Ray Central	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
500	Tonopah Ext	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
500	*War Dance	¼	¼	¼	¼
2,500	*Wettlauf. S. M.	83	84	83	84

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$250,000	Lig. & M. 5s	87⅞	88¾	87⅞	88⅛
400,000	Lig. & M. 7s	116⅛	117	116⅛	116⅞
100,000	Met. new 4s	80⅝	81	80⅝	81
150,000	Met. new 5s	52¼	52½	52⅛	52¼
5,000	Montreal Tramway 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
10,000	N. Y. State new 4s	101½	101½	101½	101½
5,000	Or.-Wash. R. R. & N. 4s	92½	92½	92½	92½
100,000	P. Lorillard 5s, w. i.	88¾	89	88⅝	89
425,000	P. Lorillard 7s, w. i.	116½	117	116⅜	116⅞
1,000	So. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝

*Sells cents par share. †Odd lots.

***

	Dec. 11. Bid.	Dec. 11. Asked.	Dec. 8. Bid.	Dec. 8. Asked.
A., G. & W. I.	7	8	7	8
A., G. & W. I. pf	15	16½	15½	16½
Am. Light & Trac	292	295	292	295
Am. Light & Trac. pf	105	107	105	107
Am. Tobacco	508	510	490	495
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2	1½	2
Borden's Con. Milk	120	122	127	129
Borden's Con. Milk pf	107½	..	107½	..
Braden Copper	5⅜	5⅝	5½	5⅝
British Col. Copper	4½	4¾	4⅜	4⅝
Butte Coalition	17	18	16	17
Chicago Subway ctfs	¼	½	¼	½
Con. Rubber Tire	3¾	4¼	3¾	4¼
Con. Rubber Tire pf	22	30	22	30
Davis-Daly Copper	¾	1	¾	1
First Nat. Copper	2	2⅛	2	2¼
Giroux Mining	4	4⅛	3 15-16	4
Greene-Cananea	7⅝	7⅞	7¼	7½
Guggenheim Explor	175	180	170	190
Int. Rubber ctfs	18	20	18	19
J. Kayser	53½	54	53	55
Kerr Lake	2¾	2⅞	2⅝	2¾
Rose Con	3 13-16	3⅞	3 13-16	3⅞
M. Rumley Co	98	98½	98	98½
Mason Valley	10½	10¾	9⅞	10¼
Mason Valley 5s	105	108	105	108
Nipissing	7⅛	7¼	7¼	7⅜
Ohio Copper	1	1 1-16	1 15-16	2
P. Lorillard pf., w. i.	107	120	107	120
P. Lorillard 5s, w. i.	88¾	89	88⅜	88⅝
Ray Central	1⅞	2	1⅝	1¾
Stan. Oil (with all rts.)	635	660	635	660
Stan. Oil (ex subs.)	330	360	330	360
Stan. Oil (sub. only)	300	330	300	330
Studebaker Co	55	56	55	56
Studebaker Co. pf	102	103	102	103
Tonopah Mining	6⅞	7	6 15-16	7
United Cigar Mfrs	47½	49	47	49
United Cigar Stores	234	237	233	234
U. S. L. & H., new	16	17½	17	18
U. S. L. & H., new pf.	83	86	83	86
Western Pacific 5s	89½	90¼	89½	90¼
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅜	3 7-16	3⅜	3 17-16

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Wheat was weak all day, rallying at the close on a smaller increase in the visible than anticipated. The early market was influenced by the Argentine news. While there were advices of storm in that country, the damage was not reported important, and the Argentine market was down 1⅛ to 2⅛c per bushel. This started quite heavy selling, resulting in a general decline of nearly 1c a bushel. The selling pressure was further added to by the news regarding the receipts. The Minneapolis cars were much heavier than last year, with another large increase in stocks. The total primary movement was 1,382,000 bushels, against 1,012,000 bushels the previous week. In regard to the Northwestern movement, letters from a number of prominent elevator lines in the Northwest almost unanimously stated that the wheat had been marketed very freely this year, and owing to the poor quality had been forwarded by country elevators to terminal points more rapidly than usual. The receipts would probably keep up for sometime longer, but the point was made that farmers had marketed a larger per cent. of their crop than usual. The visible supply showed an increase of 441,000 bushels, making the total 70,889,000 bushels, compared with 42,666,000 bushels last year. World's exports were 8,941,000 bushels, against 10,912,000 bushels the previous week, and 13,200,000 bushels last year. The amount afloat for Europe decreased 1,648,000 bushels. Cash wheat was nominal, with no export business reported. No. 2 red was quoted at 95⅝c f. o. b.; No. 1 Northern, $1.11¾; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.05¾; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.11¾.

CORN.—The market was very steady, all the session closing at a net gain. The advance was due to less favorable weather conditions and reports of smaller country offerings. Actual receipts were heavy, amounting to 1,518,000 bushels for the day, against 1,215,000 bushels last week. The grading is still unsatisfactory. Weather conditions were bad east of the Mississippi, but the prediction was for clear and colder weather in general. The visible supply increased 2,072,000 bushels, showing the effect of last week's heavy movement. The world's exports were 2,347,000 bushels, and the amount afloat for Europe increased 274,000 bushels. Export sales were reported of eight loads. Steamer corn was quoted at 67½c to 67¾c elevator export, and No. 2 corn 68½c, January to March loading.

OATS.—The market was quiet and steady. Prices eased off a little during the morning, but later rallied and closed at a slight gain. The visible supply showed a decrease of 366,000 bushels for the week. Cash oats were steady, with standards and No. 3 white, 53¾c; No. 2 white, 54¼c.

PROVISIONS.—Trade in hog products was of moderate volume, the market showing a weaker undertone, due to some increase in the interior movement of hogs and [illegible] in live hog prices. The close was at about the low point.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Colse.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	..	..	95⅝	95¾
May	$1.01⅝	$1.00⅞	$1.01⅝	$1.02
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.00@9.10	9.05
December	..	..	9.00@9.10	9.05
January	..	..	9.06@9.14	9.11
March	..	..	9.10@9.17	9.15

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Colse.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	93	92⅜	92½	93¼
May	97⅝	96¼	96⅞	97½
July	93⅝	93¼	93⅝	94
Corn—				
December	61⅞	61⅛	61⅞	61¼
May	63	62⅜	62⅞	62½
July	63	62½	62⅝	62½
Oats—				
December	46½	46	46½	46¼
May	48⅝	48¼	48½	48⅝
July	45¼	44⅞	45¼	45
Lard—				
December	..	..	8.77½	8.85
January	8.90	8.87½	8.90	8.95
May	9.15	9.10	9.12½	9.17½
July	9.27½	9.22½	9.22½	9.30
Ribs—				
January	8.07½	8.05	8.05	8.12½
May	8.40	8.32½	8.35	8.40
July	8.40	8.32½	8.35	8.40
Pork—				
January	15.32½	15.25	15.30	15.40
May	15.80	15.67½	15.72½	15.85
July	15.95	15.90	15.90	16.00

COTTON.

Erratic fluctuations were not unnatural, with the customary nervousness usually preceding the issuance of the Government report in evidence and the divergence of opinions following its promulgation. The showing of 14,885,000 bales of 500 pounds each, exclusive of linters and repacks, was rather bearishly construed, being a shade above general expectations. Before the issuance of the report prices were heavy and ruled at declines of about 5 points, or at the low levels of the season, but it was apparent that there were many who were disposed to accept profits irrespective of the Government figures. Under the execution of these orders, with only a subsequent decline of a few points on the announcement of the report, prices rose quickly about 20 points, but reacted as rapidly, and closed practically on low ground.

Bears display unbounded confidence in their position and were giving vent to extremely pessimistic views as to the probable course of prices. It was asserted that analysis of the Government document with the Census Bureau report on ginning to Dec. 1 would suggest that the Government has probably underestimated the crop. According to these authorities, as an instance, Georgia is credited with raising 2,560,000 bales, whereas to Dec. 1 there were 2,238,000 bales ginned; South Carolina, 1,480,000 bales, with 1,311,000 bales ginned, and North Carolina 935,000 bales, with 829,000 bales ginned to Dec. 1. Last year these three States ginned, approximately, 500,000 bales from Dec. 1 to the end of the season, with the Government in its report to-day allowing for about the same volume yet to be ginned, although the crop is a great deal larger. Ginning to Dec. 1 last season was rapid and represented 87.7 per cent. of the crop, against a high record for ginning of 88.1 per cent. established two years ago. From Dec. 1 last year to the end of the season there were 1,428,000 bales ginned.

There were others, however, who were inclined to the view that the Government, with its steadily improved methods of gathering of information pertaining to the outturn, has made a fair estimate, and these interests were predicting that developments at Southern spot centers would overshadow the differences of opinion existing at present as to the probable surplus. There is also a great deal of interest being taken as to the construction placed upon the report by foreigners. There have been many intimations recently that Europe is less pessimistic in regard to prices than domestic interests, and also less optimistic relative to the crop prospects.

Cable advices yesterday continued to indicate that fluctuations on this side were being closely adhered to. Sales of 12,000 bales of spots at Liverpool, however, were encouragingly regarded, the spot business having been of liberal proportions for some time. Initial prices in the local market were at insignificant changes, but it was evident that the pressure from the South and aggressiveness noted among bears at times more than counterbalanced the demand from all quarters. Southern spot markets were unchanged to 1-16c lower and New York spot cotton unchanged; middlings, 9.20c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	8.95	8.82	8.82@8.84	8.98
January	8.70	8.53	8.54@8.55	8.65
February	8.65	8.65	8.55@8.57	8.66
March	8.79	8.69	8.63@8.64	8.73
April	8.75	8.75	8.66@8.68	8.76
May	8.88	8.71	8.73@8.74	8.82
June	....	....	8.76@8.78	8.85
July	8.99	8.82	8.82@8.83	8.91
August	8.92	8.88	8.87@8.89	8.94
September	9.01	8.97	8.92@8.94	9.00
October	9.08	8.98	8.89@8.99	9.05
November	....	....	9.01@9.04	9.08

COTTONSEED OIL.

The list tended downward during the session, but toward thec lose covering of shorts by interests which contended that the Government report was not as large as generally expected brought about a partial recovery. Demand continues to be easily satisfied by the preponderance of hedge sales, further weakness being exhibited by holders at the South. The reactions in the cotton and lard markets were factors. Shorts are still covering freely, with some evidence of support by Western interests, probably attracted by prevailing levels. Crude quoted at 4.07 to 4.14.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	5.34	5.29	5.31	5.31
Spot	..	..	5.30	5.32
January	5.30	5.27	5.29	5.30
February	5.28	5.28	5.29	5.31
March	5.31	5.27	5.30	5.33
April	5.35	5.34	5.33	5.36
May	5.39	5.37	5.38	5.41
June	..	..	5.40	5.42
July	5.48	5.43	5.47	5.50

COFFEE.

Coffee trade was comparatively narrow, and after opening barely steady at a decline of 5 to 10 points, values rallied, closing steady net unchanged to 6 points higher. Total sales were 65,500 bags. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were irregular, ranging from about ¼ lower to slightly higher, and it is apparent that while offerings of the lower grades are quite liberal, high-grade coffees are comparatively scarce and firm. The spot market was steady, and it was reported that leading roasters had purchased about 10,000 bags, which had a stimulating effect on values, although quotations remained practically unchanged at 14½c for Rio No. 7. Havre closed unchanged to ¼f lower, while Hamburg was ¼ to ¾ pfennig decline. Rio was 150 reis lower, and Santos declined 100 reis from Friday, while the special cable from Santos showed an advance of 50 reis for 4s at the opening. Receipts at Rio and Santos were 46,000 bags, bringing the total for the season up to 9,229,000 bags, against 8,381,000 bags last year, and 12,292,000 bags two years ago. Total warehouse deliveries in the United States for the week were 71,466 bags, against 63,648 last week, and 108,447 bags last year. Of the former amount New York had 42,946 bags.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	13.68	13.55	13.66@13.67	13.60
January	..	..	13.33@13.35	13.30
February	..	..	13.05@13.15	13.06
March	12.98	12.80	12.96@12.97	12.92
April	..	..	12.95@12.96	12.91
May	12.96	12.80	12.94@12.95	12.90
June	..	..	12.94@12.96	12.90
July	12.81	12.80	12.94@12.96	12.90
August	..	..	12.94@12.96	12.90
September	12.94	12.81	12.94@12.96	12.90
October	12.93	12.79	12.93@12.94	12.88
November	..	..	12.92@12.94	12.88

ROAD DROPS LIGHT PLANTS.

New York, New Haven & Hartford No Longer Controls Connecticut Utilities.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec 11.—The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, acting with the controlled Connecticut (trolley) Company and the Housatonic Power Company, has in the form of a sub-lease practically divested itself of the large electric and gas companies acquired some years ago when the Connecticut Railway and Lighting Company was leased. The new lease is made to a corporation entitled The United Electric Light and Water Company, which is a corporation chartered by the Connecticut Legislature and understood to represent the United Gas Improvement Company of Philadelphia, and almost the same group of financiers who originally promoted the Connecticut Railway and Lighting properties, and who now take them back in part under the sub-lease.

This sub-lease covers all properties except those used for railway purposes in the towns of Waterbury, Naugatuck, Watertown and Cheshire, not including power stations or substations used wholly or in part for railway purposes, also the same class of properties in Norwalk, Wilton, New Canaan, and Greenwich. The sub-lease also covers the gas system in Norwalk and Naugatuck, and an uncompleted gas plant in Greenwich.

The lease made to the United Electric Light and Water Company calls for the payment by the lessee of $365,000 a year in monthly pro rata amounts.

This step of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company comes on the heels of the proposed transfer of navigation properties and the Ontario & Western Railroad, and is indicative of a policy of contraction on the part of [illegible]

RAIL MILLS STILL RUNNING.

Plants at South Chicago and Gary in Full Operation.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—An official of the Illinois Steel Company states:

"The report in circulation of the closing down of our rail mill at South Chicago for lack of orders is entirely erroneous. The Illinois Steel Company has to-day 250,000 tons in steel orders more than a year ago, and will continue the plant in operation as long as orders are forthcoming.

"The Gary plant would have closed down a few weeks ago were it not that sufficient orders were received to keep it in full operation.

"The mill at South Chicago, because of necessity for repairs, will close for a week or two some time during the Winter; but it is impossible to say when that time will be, owing to many orders which come unexpectedly on the prevailing low prices in the steel market."

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

AMERICAN RAILWAYS—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Month October	$397,964	$380,345	$17,619
July 1-Oct. 31	1,685,683	1,609,109	76,574

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
1st week Dec	172,066	194,176	*22,110
July 1-Dec. 7	4,556,497	4,702,440	*145,943

CANADIAN NORTHERN—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
1st week Dec	461,600	339,200	122,400
July 1-Dec. 7	8,964,900	7,130,400	1,834,500

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
4th week Nov	40,147	49,121	*8,973
Month Nov	150,721	164,315	*13,594
July 1-Nov. 30	776,118	899,834	*123,716

*Decrease.

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE for October—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	610,721	541,476	537,236
Expenses	397,316	369,055	327,423
Net	213,405	172,421	209,813
4 mos. gross	2,370,072	2,260,202	2,094,471
Expenses	1,516,085	1,440,688	1,273,755
4 mos. net	853,987	819,514	820,716

PHILADELPHIA & READING report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	1,014.50	1,022.10	*7.60
Freight rev	3,255,975	3,088,277	167,697
Passenger rev	610,046	616,800	*6,756
Other tran. rev	139,364	166,212	*26,847
Non-tran. rev	36,887	27,500	9,386
Total op. rev	4,042,273	3,898,791	143,482
Mt. of wy & st.	322,286	361,262	*38,976
Mt. of equip	685,134	753,291	*68,156
Traffic exp	45,312	40,403	4,908
Trans. exp	1,230,897	1,206,558	24,339
General exp	68,921	67,648	1,272
Total op. exp	2,352,552	2,429,165	*76,612
Net op. rev	1,689,721	1,469,626	220,095
Out. op. (net)	26,178	10,290	15,888
Total net rev	1,715,899	1,479,916	235,983
Taxes	90,282	83,961	6,320
Op. income	1,625,616	1,395,954	229,662
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Freight rev	11,576,884	11,258,617	318,267
Passenger rev	2,545,761	2,556,573	*10,812
Other tran. rev	536,289	572,767	*36,477
Non-tran. rev	142,595	96,736	45,859
Total op. rev	14,801,531	14,484,693	316,837
Mt. of wy. & st.	1,513,068	1,489,022	24,045
Mt. of equip	2,803,632	2,638,962	164,669
Traffic exp	172,128	181,772	*9,644
Trans. exp	4,641,425	4,523,015	118,411
General exp	269,410	270,691	*1,281
Total op. exp	9,399,666	9,103,464	296,201
Net op. rev	5,401,865	5,381,228	20,636
Out. op. (net)	93,442	57,223	36,219
Total net rev	5,495,307	5,438,452	56,855
Taxes	361,806	336,747	25,058
Op. income	5,133,500	5,101,704	31,796

*Decrease.

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN for November—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	100,442	105,359	91,911
Net	13,659	17,453	18,799
Deficit	6,975	4,405	3,035
5 mos. gross	546,290	563,703	495,004
Net	111,784	132,663	133,382
5 mos. surplus	6,396	21,453	22,833

ULSTER & DELAWARE for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Total op. rev	389,984	415,187	386,369
Total op. exp	228,588	250,273	221,992
Net op. rev	161,396	164,913	164,377
Out. op. (net)	23	17	95
Total net rev	161,419	164,930	164,472
Taxes accrued	9,900	9,900	9,600
Op. income	151,519	155,030	154,872
Other income	5,456	5,314	5,776
Total income	156,976	160,345	160,649
Charges, &c.	56,443	58,547	51,337
Surplus	100,533	101,797	109,312

New York County National Bank
STATEMENT DEC. 5, 1911.
RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$5,106,131.71
United States bonds	350,000.00
Bonds and securities	2,866,700.69
Real estate and fixtures	498,517.38
Exchanges for Clearing House	608,740.10
Cash and reserve	2,240,637.40
	$11,670,727.28

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock, surplus and profits	$2,280,972.63
Circulation	198,400.00
DEPOSITS	9,191,354.65
	$11,670,727.28

E. J. STALKER, Cashier.

BANKING INTEREST
5% INTEREST
Allowed on accounts from $10. to $3,000.
Deposits made on or before Dec. 5, draw interest from Dec. 1.
$100,000.00 on deposit with the State.
We are entering our 72d year.
Banking by mail to meet your convenience.
Call or write for booklet Tel. 1234 Beekman
CLARKE BROTHERS, Bankers
154 Nassau St. (Tribune Bldg.) Est. 1840

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

MAIDEN LANE SAVINGS BANK
NEW YORK, N.Y.
170 BROADWAY
4%
A semi-annual dividend at the rate of 4% per annum will be credited Jan. 1st
Money deposited now and up to Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st.
Deposits received from 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.
J. HEYNEN, Secy. LOUIS WINDMULLER, Pres.

5% ON YOUR SAVINGS
Earnings allowed from date received to date withdrawn.
EVERY DAY COUNTS
Estab. 18 years
Under supervision of New York Banking Dep't
Assets over $2,500,000
Call or write for booklet
INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS AND LOAN CO.
1200 Times Building, New York

Hudson & Manhattan Common
Hudson Comp. 6% Notes, Feb., 1913
Mo. Pac. and Iron Mount. Equipments
Cal. Gal. & Elec. 1st & Rfdg. 5s, 1937
WOLFF & STANLEY,
27 William St., N. Y. 6557-8-9 Broad.

E. & C. RANDOLPH
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, New York.
OPEN MARKET SECURITIES DEPARTMENT
Horace Hatch, Mgr. T. F. Shields, Bonds.
Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada and Mexico.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

JOSEPH PETERS AND FRANK G. LEUFFER, doing a rectifying business at 125 Watts Street, New York City, under the firm name of PETERS & LEUFFER, beg to announce that they have dissolved their copartnership relations and that on and after December 11th, 1911, Joseph Peters, having assumed all the liabilities of the business, will carry on the same under the firm name of Joseph Peters, Rectifier.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MAY DEPARTMENT STORES CO.
15 Broad St., N. Y. City, Dec. 9th, 1911.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per cent. upon the preferred capital stock of the May Department Stores Company, payable January 1st, 1912, to the preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on December 20th, 1911. Checks will be mailed.
DAVID MAY, President.

The McCrum Howell Company
New York-Chicago.
The quarterly dividend of three-fourths of one per cent. has been declared on the Common Stock of the Company, payable January 1, 1912, to Common Stockholders of record at the close of business December 20, 1911. Books close at 3 P. M. Wednesday, December 20, and reopen Tuesday, January 2, 1912. [illegible]

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W. 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW JERSEY.
Opposite Penna. R. R. Ferry and McAdoo Tunnel Terminals, Jersey City, N. J.
Capital, Surplus and Profits over - $3,000,000.00
All the facilities of a New York City Bank
Interest on deposits
No exchange in New York City for checks drawn on this Company
Special terms for collecting out-of-town checks
JOHN W. HARDENBERGH, President.
ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice-President. WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer. J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assistant Secretary.

STATE OF NEW YORK
4 Per Cent. Canal Improvement Gold Bonds
EXEMPT FROM TAXATION
Dated July 1, 1911 Due July 1, 1961
AMOUNTING TO
$10,000,000
Issued in Coupon or Registered Form
For the Improvement of the Erie, Oswego and Champlain Canals
WILL BE SOLD THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1911
AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.
AT THE STATE COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, N. Y.
THESE BONDS ARE LEGAL INVESTMENTS FOR TRUST FUNDS

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Canal Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelope directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding State bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

WILLIAM SOHMER, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.
Albany, November 20, 1911.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF
J. G. WHITE & COMPANY, INC.,
43 Exchange Place, New York,
ENGINEERS-MANAGERS
THE TRI-CITY RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY.
The Board of Directors of The Tri-City Railway and Light Company has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company for the quarter ending December 31st, 1911, payable Tuesday, January 2d, 1912, to stockholders of record Friday, December 22d, 1911.
T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

Twin City Rapid Transit Company.
The Directors of this Company have declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable on and after January 2d, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business Tuesday, December, 12th, 1911, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York City. Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed orders.
E. S. PATTEE, Secretary.
New York, December 4, 1911.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Treasurer's Office, New York, Dec. 7th, 1911.
A dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock of the **New York & Harlem Railroad Company** will be paid by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, Lessee, (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office on the 2d day of January next to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 15th inst. EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

THE BUFFALO MINES, LIMITED.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a dividend of five per cent. (5%) and an extra dividend of five per cent. (5%) on the outstanding capital stock of The Buffalo Mines, Limited, have been declared, and will be paid December 30, 1911, to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 18th, 1911. The stock books close at the close of business on December 18th, 1911, and reopen for transfer on January 2, 1912.
GEORGE C. MILLER, Secretary-Treasurer.
Dated Dec. 5, 1911.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.
The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. upon the Common Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Company, Arcade Building, Philadelphia, Pa., on and after December 18, 1911, to the Common Stockholders as registered at the close of business November 30, 1911. E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY.
A dividend of one and one-half per cent. on the Preferred Stock for the quarter ending December 31st, 1911, has been declared payable January 2d, 1912, to holders of record at the close of business December 15, 1911.
The Preferred Stock transfer books will be closed 3 P. M., December 15th, 1911, and remain closed until 9 A. M., January 3d, 1912.
GEO. H. DANFORTH, Secretary.
New York, December 6th, 1911.

American Manufacturing Co.
No. 65 Wall Street.
New York City, December 15th, 1911.
A dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) has been declared on the stock of this company, payable December 30th, 1911, to stockholders of record December 15th, 1911.
HENRY R. MURRAY, Secretary.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.
A quarterly dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable January 2d, 1912, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 15th, 1911.
Transfer books will remain open. Checks mailed. R. H. ISMON, Secretary.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURING CO.
No. 65 Wall Street.
New York City, December 15th, 1911.
A dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) has been declared on the stock of this company, payable December 30th, 1911, to stockholders of record December 15th, 1911.
HENRY R. MURRAY, Secretary.

THE UNION BAG & PAPER COMPANY.
17 Battery Place, N. Y., Dec. 11, 1911.
51ST QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.
A dividend of 1% on the preferred stock of The Union Bag and Paper Company has this day been declared, payable January 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 30th, 1911.
C. R. McMILLEN, Secretary.

MINES COMPANY OF AMERICA.
A dividend of one and one-half per cent. for the quarter ending Dec. 31st, 1911, will be paid Jan. 25th, 1912, to holders of record Jan. 10th. J. D. TOOKER, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of STARK AND COMPANY, INC., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at 502 Broadway, New York City, Tuesday, December 26th, 1911, at 10 A. M. MURRAY M. SIMON, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Nassau Bank of New York, to elect Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking rooms on Tuesday, January 9, 1912, from 11 o'clock A. M. until 12 o'clock M. [illegible]

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.
31 Nassau Street.
New York, December 8, 1911.
To the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York:
Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of Directors to serve the ensuing year will be held at its Banking House, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on Tuesday, the 9th day of January, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on said date.
The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M.
By order of the Board of Directors.
NEILSON OLCOTT, *CASHIER.*

No. 110 First Street,
Jersey City, N. J., December 5, 1911.
To the holders of the preferred and common stock of The American Tobacco Company:
You are hereby notified that at a meeting of the Board of Directors held at the office of the company in the City of New York on November 17, 1911, a resolution was adopted declaring it advisable to so amend Article 4 of the certificate of incorporation as to bestow full voting rights upon the preferred stock of this company, and calling a special meeting of the stockholders to be held at the principal office of the company, No. 110 First Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, on the 26th day of December, 1911, at 11 o'clock A. M., to take action upon said resolution. Respectfully,
JOSIAH T. WILCOX, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE NATIONAL GAS GOVERNOR COMPANY will be held at the Executive Office of the Company, 103 Park Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Tuesday, December 19th, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. HENRY S. REYNOLDS, Secretary.
Dated December 1, 1911.

IRVING NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.
New York, December 5th, 1911.
The Annual meeting of shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the banking rooms, No. 92 West Broadway, Tuesday, January 9th, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon. Polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M.
Transfer books will close January 6th, 1912, at 12 noon and re-open January 10th, 1912, at 10 A. M. HARRY E. WARD, Cashier.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the I-X-L Bakers' Supply Company will be held at the office of the Company, 194 Duane Street, New York City, on the 19th day of December, 1911, at 3 P. M., to vote upon a proposition that the capital stock of the company, consisting of eighty shares of the par value of Fifty Dollars each be divided into Four Hundred Shares of the par value of Ten Dollars each.
ROBERT BELLINGHAM, President.
JOSEPH L. HALPERT, Secretary.

The Mercantile National Bank of the City of New York.
New York, Dec. 7, 1911.
The annual meeting of the shareholders of this bank will be held at the Banking House on Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors of said bank, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
The transfer books will be closed from Jan. 6 to Jan. 10, inclusive.
EMIL KLEIN, Cashier.

The Hanover National Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
New York, December 9, 1911.
The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, Tuesday, January 9th, 1912, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M. ELMER E. WHITAKER, Cashier.

The Chemical National Bank of New York.
December 9th, 1911.
The Annual Election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 270 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, on Tuesday, the 9th day of January, 1912, between the hours of one and two o'clock P. M.
FRANCIS HALPIN, Cashier.

New York, December 2d, 1911.
The annual election of Directors of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 9th, 1912, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Directors.
JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING, ALSO ELECTION of officers and trustees, of the Retail Coal Exchange of the City of New York will be held at No. 131 East 58th Street, Manhattan, Friday, December the 15th, 1911, at 8:30 P. M.
HENRY BREUNICH, Pres.
A. F. KECKEISSEN, Sec'y.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the PRESERVATIVE PRODUCTS COMPANY, will be held at its office, 1,133 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY, on January 8th, at 2:30 P. M.
C. E. HOOVER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of THE M-P LEAF TOBACCO CO., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at 202 Pearl Street, New York City, Tuesday, December 26, 1911, at 3 P. M. — MURRAY M. SIMON, Secretary.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ZUZA TEPPER, clothing dealer at 44 Hester Street, has made an assignment to Morris E. Gossett.

GEORGE W. COOPER, shirt manufacturer, of 111 Nassau Street, has made an assignment to Ray G. Billingham.

ELI M. SIMON.—Eli M. Simon, a buyer, of 560 West 144th Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,150 and assets of $5.

FANNIE FRIEDLAND.—Fannie Friedland of 4 East Ninety-seventh Street has filed a petition, with liabilities of $25,463 and no assets.

ISAAC SHAPIRO, dealer in dry goods and men's furnishing goods at 21 Rutgers Place, has made an assignment to Samuel Josephson.

MAX WEINSTEIN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Max Weinstein, dealer in silks at 640 Broadway, show liabilities of $12,291 and assets of $4,786.

RUSSELL V. STUART.—Russell V. Stuart, clerk, of 344 West Seventy-second Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $3,651 and no assets.

IKE DON.—Judge Hand has appointed Ralph L. Collett receiver for Ike Don, dealer in clothing at 25 Essex Street and also at Easton, Penn.; bond, $400.

W. W. HINTON & CO.—Schedules in bankruptcy of W. W. Hinton & Co., stationery and toys, at Nyack, show liabilities of $6,910 and assets of $2,025.

CALIL ABRAHAM.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Nov. 9 against Calil Abraham, dealer in notions at 66 Washington Street, on a settlement at 20 cents on the dollar cash.

GUSTAVE JARETSKY.—A petition has been filed against Gustave Jaretsky, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 310 and 316 Bowery, by these creditors: Weil & Livingston, $100; Brand Brothers, $60, and Murray Kanner, $350. The assets are $5,000.

MICHAEL HEUMANN.—Michael Heumann, restaurateur, of 47 and 49 Maiden Lane, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $57,165, of which $7,093 is secured, and nominal assets of $46,251. Among the creditors are the Chelsea Bank, $1,090; Henry Kroeger, $2,550; Frederick Holland & Co., $2,000; Jacob Ruppert, $5,720; August Luchow, 110 East Fourteenth Street, $3,500; Germania Bank, $2,000; Hudson Trust Company, $2,500, and Ottilie Heumann, $3,694.

ABINGDON CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Abingdon Construction Company, builder, of 54 Lafayette Street, which recently erected a large mercantile operation at 133 to 149 Centre Street, 112 and 114 White Street, and 105 to 109 Walker Street, by these creditors: Rudolph Sens, $2,600; Elbert Skannel, $4,900, and the J. P. Zurla Tile Company, $550. It is said that the unsecured liabilities are $80,000 and assets probably $25,000.

BALL & WHICHER, stock brokers, of 111 Broadway, who made an assignment on Nov. 10, have filed schedules which show liabilities of $310,406. The nominal assets are $537,748 and actual assets $41,068. They owe $21,779 to Stock Exchange members. Other creditors are Washington Seligman, $11,188; Pauline Hall of Yonkers, $4,428; Bowen & Miller, Hagerstown, Md., $20,870; L. L. Pierce, $4,439, and H. L. Dougherty, $3,745. Louis E. Whicher has individual liabilities of $57,500 and no available assets. He has a seat in the New York Stock Exchange, valued at $65,000, but it is subject to claims of members and personal debts, which, it is believed, will cover it.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hand in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

ELLIS BATES, salesman, 509 West 112th Street; liabilities, $2,801.
G. FRANKLIN BAILEY, publisher, 154 Nassau Street; liabilities, $22,962.
HYMAN BROTER, knitting mills, 1,015 East 180th Street; liabilities, $6,824.
DREYER & WALENROD, furniture, 121 Essex Street; liabilities, $7,584.
DUMEY & KATZ, plumbers, 136 East 112th Street; liabilities, $24,129.
CHARLES LOCK, plumber, 933 East 167th Street; liabilities, $12,396.
WILLIAM EBERLE, art store, 299 Willis Avenue; liabilities, $2,979.
FINE & LEVY, cloaks, 166 Greene Street; liabilities, $15,386.
ABRAHAM GLICKSTEIN, physician, 218 Henry Street; liabilities, $14,831.
RICHARD C. HEATHER, Superintendent at Larchmont; liabilities, $8,460.
GEORGE KENNETH, broker, 315 West Eighty-fifth Street; liabilities, $849.
LLOYD D. LE VALLEY, civil engineer, White Plains; liabilities, $2,218.
MUNFORD & GALLAWAY, jewelry, 7 Maiden Lane; liabilities, $20,225.
SAMUEL R. RIEMER, salesman, 228 West 128th Street, formerly millinery; liabilities, $6,156; second time.
VAN DOREN S. WILKINS, wholesale lumber, residence Hotel Ansonia; liabilities, $24,086.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

Auerhohn, Uscher—L. Goldberg et al., $164.
Britton, Charles P., Francis S. Mardon, and Henry Britton—A. Cameron, Jr., $792.
Bernheimer, Julia—H. J. Pase, $896.
Bergin, Francis H.—W. C. Bloomingdale, $436.
Barson, John J., and Julius T. Feist, (not summoned)—New York Edison Co., $111.
Bauer, Martin, and Samuel Lustbader, Jr., (not summoned)—House of the The Good Shepard, $117.
Coventry, Edith—P. L. Kiernan, $685.
Cervadaro, Dominick—Steinberg Steam Cut Stone Company, $434.
Dillon, William H. and Nathaniel B. Beam—A. R. Haeusor, $149.
Corn, Paul J.—National Surety Co., $180.
Dacey, John J.—Shubert Theatrical Co et al., $133.
Engelhart, Andrew F.—C. Faber, $312.
Fischer-Hansen, Carl—H. M. Spence, $239.
Feinberg, Solomon—C. S. Bloch, $165.
Fort, William L.—A. C. Brown, $155.
Foerster, Maria—A. Kiczales, $156.
Fishbein, Mary—M. Weinstein, $783.
Germansky, May—Title Insurance Company of New York, $107.
Grant, Richard—J. J. O.Connor, $353.
Grossback, William, Charles E. Ring and Charles D. Ring Iron & Steel Co.—A. G. Jordan, $216.
Same—H. M. Carpenter, $524.
Same—A. C. Jordan, $522.
Same—H. M. Carpenter, $254.
Same—Same, $421.
Same—E. J. O'Connor, $422.
Heine, Helena—H. Wetzel, $250.
Hendricks, Frances G. and Philip E.—A. Goodman, $772.
Isaacs, Bessie—J. M. Peyser, $202.
Hinchman, Charles A.—J. L. Way, costs, $108.
Same—F. H. Martin et al., costs, $145.
Jackson, Abe and Julius Lande—H. W. Baker, $112.
Joline, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson, receivers—K. Rickett, $450.
Jacobs, Solomon—H. Stack, $2,665.
Same—M. Stack, $668.
Kranin, Isaac—N. Y. Edison Co., $105.
Koehler, Edith—W. L. Townsend, $145.
Kreymborg, Charles—W. Smart, $2,649.
Markowitz, Nathan—Poughkeepsie Foundry & Machine Co., $132.
Munson, John W.—W. L. Munson, $7,831.
Marcus, Aaron—M. W. Solomon, $104.
O'Connor, Frank H.—R. A. McKee, $135.
Perry, Edna and Margaret or Marguerite, (not summoned)—E. Bloodgood, $348.
Parks, Frank, J.—L. W. Beasley, Jr., $151.
Pastoro, Louis—B. K. Bloch, $121.
Rosenthal, Morris I.—Van Zandt, Jacobs & Co., $119.
Reynal, Nathaniel C.—Udall & Ballou, $3,111.
Rosenthal, Samuel B.—Holmes Electric Protective Co., $160.
Russell, William C., Jr.—W. E. Bayles & Co., $280.
Rossuck, Dora & Louis—B. K. Bloch, $174.
Sussman, Meyer—N. Y. Edison Co., $109.
Simon, Herman and Fannie—M. Dreyfuss et al., $338.
Szenlip, David H.—S. A. & H. Cloak and Suit Co., $197.
Silverstein, Hannah, and Philip Benis—Altmark & Greenwald, $142.
Schreiber, Ira—C. Bookman et al., $325.
Supnick, Hyman—L. Dubinsky, $147.
Taafe, Thomas—New York Edison Co., $137.
Tuttle, Frank—Same, $186.
Torbert, Edw. A.—S. G. Evins et al., $154.
Wolk, Sigmund—New York Edison Co., $264.
Wittner, Isaac—S. Feder, $115.
Wasserman, David—A. Derva, $2,377.
Wohlrab, Richard, and Otto Schaefer—B. C. M. Johnson, $1,090.
Williams, Max—H. Waldman, $123.
V. Cardo & Sons Co.—J. R. Clarke, $322.
West 139th Street Realty Co.—C. E. Moore, $500.
Basoline Ink and Color Co.—Jagels & Bellis, $150.
Union Whisky Co.—F. L. Pell et al., $305.
Rhine & Co.—Universal Label and Weaving Co., $356.
Ritz Co. of America, Canada, and Cuba—P. Beyer et al., $461.
New York Terrain and Building Co.—M. J. Perlman et al., $724.
American Rotary Machine Co.—A. McCausland, $487.
James Quinn Contracting Co.—H. A. Schaeffer, $791.
New York Press Club—Charles Wissman Co., $489.
Stockton Supply Co.—Long Island Railroad Co., $174.
Same—Same, $527.
Gingold Realty Co. and Abraham J. Goldstein—New Jersey Terra Cotta Co., $785.
Herbert Kaufman and Handy Co.—J. B. De Mosquito, $8,810.
Hudson Light Appliance Co.—A. Brunker, $879.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Burr, Nelson B. and Helen M.—Borough Bank of Brooklyn, April 23, 1909, $9,633.
Burr, Helen V. C.—C. L. Browne, Jan. 12, 1911, $392.
Charles Bjorkegren, Inc.—A. F. Blanchard and others, Oct. 23, 1911, $485.
Cooke, Thomas—A. A. Fisher, May 10, 1908, $255.
Fowler, John S.—L. B. Fordan, June 10, 1910, $1,290.
Hartley, Frank and Rowland—M. B. Miller and others, Dec. 5, 1911, $133.
John Kissel & Son—E. Zehnanowitz, Dec. 1, 1911, $250.
Kass, Barnet—L. Rabstein, March 5, 1911, $269.
Kirby, Emma F.—J. W. Butler, April 16, 1910, $580.
Kantrowitz, Isaac, and Abraham Kaplan—B. Levine, July 28, 1908, $113.
Powers, Patrick T.—Isaac H. Blanchard Co., Dec. 4, 1911, $534.
Phelps, Fred C.—E. R. Breck, Dec. 1, 1911, $202.
Stein, Charles P.—Salter Silk Co., Nov. 22, 1911, $202.
Wattson, Edward F.—H. M. Johnson, Nov. 25, 1911, $1,810.
Columbia Amusement Co.—G. Hill, May 15, 1911, (vacated,) $500.
Friedman, Aaron J., and Harry Levin—People, [illegible], May 23, 1910, (vacated,) $3,000.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The West Indian disturbance noted Sunday is apparently of considerable intensity. It passed Turks Island during Monday, and is evidently moving in some northerly direction. Maritime interests have been advised accordingly.

The interior disturbance of Sunday has moved to Hudson Bay, and pressure has risen generally in the Great Central valleys and the Southwest. Rains with high temperatures were general in the Gulf States, the Central Valleys, but were followed by clearing and somewhat colder weather except in the Ohio valley, where rains continue.

High temperatures continue in the Atlantic States, and they are still above seasonal in the Central Valleys and the lake region.

There will be rain Tuesday in the Atlantic States, except extreme south portion.

It will be colder Tuesday in the Ohio Valley and the East Gulf States, and Tuesday night and Wednesday in the Atlantic States.

In the West temperature changes will not be decided.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate south, becoming variable by Wednesday; middle Atlantic Coast, moderate south becoming variable; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast, probably increasing over south portion.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have moderate south winds, becoming southerly Wednesday, with unsettled weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain, somewhat colder Tuesday; Wednesday fair, colder; moderate south winds becoming variable.

New Jersey—Rain Tuesday, colder by night; Wednesday fair, colder; moderate south winds becoming variable.

New England—Rain Tuesday, colder in west portion; Wednesday colder and generally fair, moderate south winds becoming variable.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	22	48	4 P. M.	23	55
6 A. M.	22	45	6 P. M.	22	56
9 A. M.	20	44	9 P. M.	19	55
12 M.	20	51	12 M.	18	53

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50 degrees; for the corresponding date last year it was 21 degrees; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 35 degrees.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43 degrees; at 8 P. M. it was 54 degrees. Maximum temperature, 58 degrees at 6:50 P. M.; minimum, 43 degrees at 8 A. M. Humidity 100 per cent. at 8 A. M., 88 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Hurlburt Will Contest Ends.

Mrs. Anna L. Hurlburt of Palmyra withdrew her proceedings yesterday to prevent the probate of the will of her stepson, Charles Hurlburt, who was found dead shortly after appearing as a complaining witness against Florence Burns. The latter was sentenced to Auburn Prison for practicing extortion against Hurlburt. She has been previously acquitted of murder. The beneficiaries of the will, Henry W. Aube and William Murray, associates with Hurlburt in a law office, will share an estate estimated at $30,000.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Mande, Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; A. W. Hall, men's clothing, (basement;) A. Levy, cloaks, suits and dresses for Spring catalogue, (basement;) 15 East Twenty-second Street.
Shankins Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; H. B. Brown, muslin underwear, (wholesale;) Room 418 Fuller Building.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss S. Vogel, laces and embroideries; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. A. Behr, cloaks, suits, and waists; 31 Union Square.
Stone Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; A. L. Stone, belts, combs, beads, jewelry, and leather goods; R. Hahn, ladies' neckwear and hair nets; 31 Union Square.
Martin & Naylor Company, Gloversville, N. Y.; J. Martin, dry goods; 320 Church Street.
Neustetter's, St. Louis, Mo.; M. Hammer cloaks, suits, waists, furs, and dresses; 18 West Twenty-seventh Street.
Filene's, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; C. O. Cooper, women's and misses' coats, suits, and dresses, (basement;) Mr. Ellis, hosiery; 4 West Twenty-second Street.
Berg Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; M. Berg, cloaks and suits; Miss Parness, ready to wear; 225 Fourth Avenue.
Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; R. B. Clark, furnishing goods, hosiery, underwear, and clothing; 75 Spring Street.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; A. A. Ereton, housefurnishing goods; 75 Spring Street.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; E. N. Stoner, linens and white goods; 2 Walker Street.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; F. E. Gordon, domestics and blankets; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; Miss L. Avery, ribbons; Thirty-second Street and Broadway.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; J. Hinkley, gloves and embroideries; F. T. Mitchell, dry goods; 55 White Street; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Joslin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Miss G. O. Preston, ladies' suits; 214 Church Street.
Lion Dry Goods Company, Toledo, Ohio; H. D. Wall; carpets and upholstery goods; 214 Church Street.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. J. Sullivan, domestics, flannels, and blankets; 214 Church Street.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. L. Veach, bedding and quilts; 104 Worth Street.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. D. Colt, handkerchiefs; G. Weinrich, laces and embroideries; 115 Worth Street.
Ward, Montgomery & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. Loebman, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Havens & Geddes Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; V. W. Woodward, domestics; C. W. McDaniel, prints and ginghams; 72 Leonard Street.
Richmond Dry Goods Company, Richmond, Va.; E. B. Sydnor, dry goods; 75 Leonard Street.
Reeves, J. S., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; J. E. Sparkman, notions, furnishings goods, laces, and ribbons; 51 Leonard Street.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; F. M. Hayden, cloaks, furs, waists, and petticoats; W. E. Rice, dress goods, woolens, and printed wash goods; L. Humble, ladies' neckwear and buttons; H. S. Jacobi, embroideries, laces, and veilings; Mr. Munger, manufacturing department; E. McDonald, notions, corsets, stationery, fancy and leather goods, belts, combs, and suspenders; 72 Leonard Street.
Crowley Brothers, Detroit, Mich.; A. J. Guimond, piece goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Schwarz, Landauer & Miller, Dallas, Tex.; J. Roos, sweaters and underwear; 63 Leonard Streeet.
Irwin-Phillips Company, Keokuk, Iowa; H. W. Butts, manufacturing department; 72 Leonard Street.
Frank, B., & Co., Montgomery, Ala.; B. Frank, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Lasalle & Koch Company, Toledo, Ohio; J. W. Sherer, dress goods and silks; M. H. Dallett, muslin underwear and petticoats; Hotel Cadillac.
Tiedtke Brothers Company, Toledo, Ohio; E. Tiedtke, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Schubach Millinery Company, St. Paul, Minn.; B. Schubach, millinery; Hotel Somerset.
Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; H. B. Strong, upholstery goods; 2 Walker Street.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; E. J. Dives, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.
Kann, S., Sons, & Co., Washington, D. C.; H. P. Selman, cloaks and suits; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Wasson, H. P., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Miss O'Brien, upholstery goods; 69 Fifth Avenue.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; F. O. Streich, silks; 72 Leonard Street.
Green-Joyce Company, Columbus, Ohio; J. Joyce, dry goods; 51 Leonard Street.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; M. G. Frazier, neckwear and laces; 72 Leonard Street.
Shillito, John, Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; B. Smith, dress goods and silks; 346 Broadway.
Houston, James A., Company, Boston, Mass.; P. H. Magrane, dry goods; Miss Leonard, ladies' suits; Hotel Great Northern.
Jordan, Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; R. W. Day, waists; Miss M. M. Shaefer, waists; 31 Union Square.
Weber, H., Sons & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; S. Weber, cloaks, suits, waists, and ladies' and infants' wear; 315 Fourth Avenue.
Jasper Brothers, Worcester, Mass.; B. Jasper, woolens; Hotel Albert.
Stevens, C. A., & Bros., Chicago, Ill.; L. Bartlett, ladies' suits; Miss B. Ascheim, misses' coats and suits; 40 East Twenty-second Street.
Watts Brothers Company, Lynchburg, Va.; R. C. Watts, dry goods; 258 Church Street.
Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; F. Fowler, dry goods; 102 Fifth Avenue.
Fagenholz Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; S. I. Fagenholz, coats, cloaks, and suits for Spring; 7 West Twenty-second Street.
Berg & Berg, Philadelphia, Penn.; Mr. Berg, cloaks and suits; Miss Schoenfeld, cloaks and suits; 200 Fifth Avenue.
Fein, S., Brothers & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; J. S. Fein, hosiery and knit goods; S. Kantor, pants and overalls; Hotel York.
Maxwell-McClure-Fitts Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; R. M. Maxwell, hosiery and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Meldrum, H. A., Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; N. B. Hazen, laces; 41 Union Square; Hotel Broztell.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; P. H. Hamill, domestics; Hotel Broztell.
Shartenberg & Robinson Company, Pawtucket, R. I.; C. H. Clark, cloaks, suits, and waists; M. M. Brown, carpets; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; J. Isba, cloaks and suits; Miss Preiss, waists; 684 Broadway.
Gutman, Joel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; S. J. Kernan, upholstery goods; 79 Grand Street; The Breslin.
Bair & Whitmer, Harrisburg, Penn.; D. H. Whitmer, cloaks and suits; The Breslin.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; F. X. Walsh, dress and wash goods; 377 Broadway.

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PEOPLES LINE To Albany — Str. C. W. Morse and Adirondack. Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted.)
CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted.) Stops at Albany in both directions. Excellent cuisine and service.
Rooms Warm and Comfortable.
ROUND TRIP $2.50

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
From Pier 24, N. R., ft. Franklin St. For Kingston, Mon., Wed., & Fri., 4 P. M. For Poughkeepsie, week days; Newburgh daily. Telephone 405 Franklin.

"The Public Be Pleased."
COLONIAL LINE. Boston via Boat and Rail, $2.50; Providence direct $1.60
Weekdays and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N.R., foot of West Houston St. Berths free. 'Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

Looking for a used motor car? Consult Automobile Exchange in The New York Times. Best list of genuine bargains.—Adv.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

CALIFORNIA
Travel independently or by our Special Train Tours from New York in
Through Cars Without Change
leaving
January 2d
Jan. 16, 25 and later.
Call or Write for California Book.
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO.
225 Fifth Ave. (27th St.)
Telephone 6270 Madison.

CLARK'S CRUISE of the 'ARABIC'
16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady
TO THE ORIENT
February 8 to April 19, 1912.
Seventy-one days, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Athens, Constantinople, 19 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, Rome, the Riviera, etc.
F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

BERMUDA TOURS
INCLUDING HOTELS
5 DAYS.................$12.50 AND UP
9 DAYS.................$25 AND UP
ALSO SPECIAL TOURS TO ALL PROMINENT RESORTS.
FRANK TOURIST CO., 396 Broadway, N. Y.

BERMUDA ROUND TRIP $10, & $15 UP
By the S. S. "TAGUS."
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
22 State St., N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av., N. Y., OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

ANCHOR LINE
Christmas Sailing
New York to Glasgow & Londonderry
New Twin Screw Steamship
CAMERONIA
Saturday, Dec. 16, 3 P. M.
Average Ocean passage 7 days.
Splendid Accommodations. Excellent Service
Cabin Passage, $75 and upwards.
Second Cabin, $50; 3d Class, $32.50
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

Spend the Holidays Abroad
Recall old friends and make new ones; visit the old places; plan a family re-union for this Christmas. Book for the last Christmas Sailing of the
North German Lloyd
"KRONPRINZ WILHELM"
Dec. 14 will land you in good time to reach any point in England or Continental Europe.
Cruise to Black Sea and Caucasus. From Genoa April 28 to May 29, 1912—$200 up.
Cruise to Polar Regions. From Bremen July 18 to Aug. 15, 1912—$125 up.
Oelrichs & Co., 5 Broadway, New York

BERMUDA
A PARADISE ON EARTH
Every outdoor recreation. Excellent sea bathing, fishing, boating, tennis; golf, cycling, &c.
Avoid Seasickness by Travelling on
THE MAGNIFICENT, FAST, TWIN-SCREW
Transatlantic Liner "OCEANA"
14,000 Tons, 535 Feet Long.
Largest, Fastest, Most Luxurious and only Exclusively First-Class Passenger Steamer to Bermuda. No Cattle or Freight carried on the "Oceana." FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP, including stateroom berth & meals. $15 UP Best Cuisine on the Atlantic. Electric Fans in every room; Steam heated when necessary. Orchestra, Promenade Dances, Gymnasium, Wireless, Submarine Safety Signals, Staterooms with Brass Beds, Suites with Private Baths, Finest Promenade Deck in the World. Only Steamer Landing Passengers at Hamilton or St. George's.
TOURS Including Shore Excursions, Hotels, &c., at Lowest Rates. Beautiful booklet. Itinerary, Tickets, &c., of Bermuda-Atlantic Line, 290 B'way, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France.)
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Touraine.....Dec. 14 | *La Lorraine......Jan. 4
*La Provence.....Dec. 21 | *La Touraine......Jan. 11
*La Savoie........Dec. 28 | La Bretagne......Jan. 18
*Twin Screw Steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
‡ROCHAMBEAU (New)..........................Dec. 23
‡Quadruple Screw Steamer.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA †LA VELOCE. ‡ITALIA Società di Navigazione a Vapore.
ITALIAN LINES 21-24 State St., N. Y.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
‡Taormina...Jan. 4, 11 AM
†Oceania..Jan. 17, 11 AM
*D. D. Aosta.....Jan. 20
*D. D. Abruzzi..Feb. 25
New large Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
A CHRISTMAS SUGGESTION! The most acceptable Christmas Gift is a ticket on one of the
Hamburg-American Line Cruises
We notify the recipient now, withhold the name of donor, until the delivery of ticket Christmas morning.
EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY
20,000 Mile Cruise to
SOUTH AMERICA AND PANAMA CANAL
By S. S. BLUECHER (12,500 TONS) Leaving New York January 20, 1912
Calling at Port of Spain, Pernambuco, Santos, Buenos Ayres, (Across the Andes), Punta Arenas (through the Straits of Magellan), Valparaiso, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Para, Bridgetown, and a visit to the Panama Canal.
Duration of Cruise 80 Days Cost $350 and up
OPTIONAL SIDE TRIPS EVERYWHERE.

CRUISES DE LUXE
To The ORIENT
Grand Cruise
By the palatial cruising
S. S. "VICTORIA LUISE" (16,500 TONS)
LEAVING NEW YORK JAN. 30, 1912,
to PORTUGAL, SPAIN, the MEDITERRANEAN and the ORIENT.
78 Days—$325 AND UP.
Also Cruises to West Indies, South America, Around the World, Italy and Egypt, etc.

CHRISTMAS SAILINGS
To HAMBURG via PLYMOUTH and CHERBOURG.
S.S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC. (25,000 TONS)
SAILS DEC. 12, 11 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC..Dec. 12, 11 A. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN.......Dec. 21, 9 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT..........Dec. 28, 11 A. M.
†AMERIKA..............Jan. 6, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
☞ SPECIAL THROUGH TICKETS TO SCANDINAVIAN POINTS. ☜
DIRECT Service PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

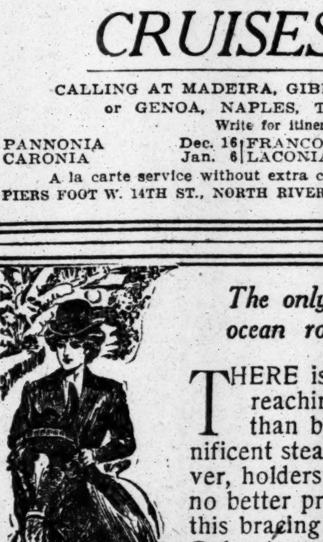
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
The Ideal Way to the Playground of the World by
S. S. HAMBURG JANUARY 4, 9 A. M. | S. S. CINCINNATI JAN. 27, MARCH 7.
Special Trip to Italy and EGYPT S. S. Kaiserin Aug. Vic. February 14
Calling at FUNCHAL (12 h'rs), GIBRALTAR (4 h'rs), ALGIERS (8 h'rs), VILLEFRANCHE (14 h'rs), GENOA (20 h'rs), NAPLES (8 h'rs), PORT SAID (5 days), Returning to New York via NAPLES and GIBRALTAR.
Passengers carried to any of these ports. Ample time for sightseeing.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
NEW S. S. OLYMPIC Sails from New York DEC. 30 Noon
Zeeland, Dec. 13, 10:00 A. M. | New York, Dec. 15, 9:30 A. M.
Baltic, Dec. 14, 12:00 Noon | Oceanic, Dec. 16, 12:00 Noon
American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
New York.(Fri.)Dec. 15 | Philadelphia ...Dec. 23
†Oceanic..Dec. 16, noon | †Olympic.Dec. 30, noon
†White Star Line Steamer, Pier 59.
Atlantic Transport
NEW YORK—LONDON Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnehaha..Dec. 16, 8 AM | Minneapolis.Jan. 6
Min'waska.Dec.23,10:30AM | Minnetonka.Jan.13
Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
LONDON, PARIS VIA DOVER—ANTWERP.
Zeeland ....Dec. 13 | Kroonland.......Dec. 27
Lapland (new)..Dec. 20 | Finland ....Jan. 3
White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
Oceanic...Dec 16, noon | Olympic, (new).Dec. 30
*Phila..Dec. 23, 9:30AM | *New York......Jan. 6
*American Line Steamer. Pier 62.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Baltic....Dec. 14, noon | Celtic..........Dec. 28
Laurentic.Dec. 20, noon | Arabic..........Jan. 4
NEW YORK & BOSTON RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
Canopic.Dec. 12, 3 PM | Cedric ....Jan. 24
Adriatic..Jan. 10, noon | Canopic ....Feb. 3

CRUISES WEST INDIES $150 Upward
PANAMA CANAL
31 DAYS SOUTH AMERICA Jan. 20 Feb. 24
White Star Line's New S. S. "Laurentic"
Largest and Finest in the Trade.

WHITE STAR LINE
To THE RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers and Villefranche
"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"
The Largest British Mediterranean Steamers
Jan. 10—Jan. 24—Feb. 21—Mar. 6
CANOPIC FEBRUARY 3 AND MARCH 16
Detailed Itineraries on Request
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 Broadway, New York

CUNARD LINES Fastest, Finest, Largest Quadruple-Screw Turbine Steamships in the World
LUSITANIA DEC. 16, 4 P. M. JAN. 10, 9 A. M.
Special Christmas Sailing of the
S. S. LUSITANIA, DEC. 16, at 4 P. M.
CARMANIA DEC. 13, 10 A. M. CAMPANIA DEC. 27, 10 A. M.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, east-bound
CANADIAN SERVICE—PORTLAND, LONDON
Regular sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II) and Third Class Passengers only.
CRUISES to EGYPT
CALLING AT MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, VILLEFRANCHE or GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME, ALEXANDRIA
Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
PANNONIA Dec. 16 | FRANCONIA Jan. 20 | CARONIA Feb. 20
CARONIA Jan. 6 | LACONIA Feb. 3 | CARMANIA Mar. 2
A la carte service without extra charge. Stopovers permitted.
PIERS FOOT W. 14TH ST., NORTH RIVER. OFFICES, 24 STATE ST., OPPOSITE BATTERY.



The only direct ocean route to TEXAS
THERE is no better or more direct way of reaching Texas and the Great Southwest than by the Mallory Line, with the magnificent steamers Brazos, San Jacinto and Denver, holders of all coastwise records. There is no better preliminary to a winter's outing than this bracing sea trip from New York direct to Galveston, with luxurious accommodations and faultless table service.
CLYDE LINE Only direct route without change from New York to Charleston for Carolina Resorts; Brunswick for all Georgia and Alabama Points; and Jacksonville for all Florida East and West Coast Resorts, Nassau in the Bahamas, Havana, Cuba, etc.
MALLORY LINE Every Wednesday and Saturday from New York; for Galveston, San Antonio, all points Southwest and Pacific Coast; also for Key West, Miami, Palm Beach, etc.; and every Saturday for Tampa, St. Petersburg, Mobile, etc. "CIRCLE TOURS."
"Circle Tours," going by steamer and returning by rail, with liberal stop-over privileges.
CITY TICKET OFFICE, 290 Broadway, GENERAL OFFICES, Pier 36, North River, } New York. 27

"LOW'S LIST OF SAILINGS" FREE.
ALL OCEAN PASSAGES
Tickets and Berths All Lines. Regular Rates.
LOW'S OFFICIAL STEAMSHIP AGENCY, 1123 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1308—Mad. Sq.

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, NICE, MARSEILLES
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Special Winter Voyages.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE SOUTH AMERICA THE WORLD'S GREAT GARDEN
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AYRES & ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York 5th and 20th of each Month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents, 301 Produce Exchange, New York.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:15 | Sun sets..4:33 | Moon rises...—

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:47	12:57	6:50	7:20
Governors Island	1:20	1:20	7:30	8:00
Hell Gate	3:10	3:10	9:10	9:40

Arrived—Monday, Dec. 11.

SS Lapland, Antwerp, Dec. 2.
SS Birma, Libau, Nov. 21.
SS Carolina, San Juan, Dec. 6.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, Dec. 9.
SS Creole, New Orleans, Dec. 6.
SS Nuenfels, Boston, Dec. 9.
SS Albingia, Kingston, Dec. 5.
SS Carib, Wilmington, Dec. 9.
SS El Dorado, New Orleans, Dec. 6.
SS Nanette, Boston, Dec. 9.
SS El Almo, New Orleans, Dec. 5.
SS El Mundo, Galveston, Dec. 6.
SS Manchester Inventor, Baltimore, Dec. 9.
SS Eastern Prince, Trinidad, Dec. 3.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Themistocles	Algiers	Nov. 26
Marengo	Hull	Nov. 24
Giulia	Palermo	Nov. 25
Antonio Lopez	Cadiz	Nov. 30
Belfast	Huelva	Nov. 25
Hawaiian	Puerto Mexico	Dec. 4
Bayamo	Manzanillo	Dec. 1
Uranium	Rotterdam	Nov. 30
President Lincoln	Hamburg	Dec. 2
Allianca	Cristobal	Dec. 7
Main	Bremen	Dec. 2
Californian	Liverpool	Nov. 29
Coppename	Trinidad	Dec. 5
Saratoga	Havana	Dec. 9
Yumuri	Tampico	Dec. 5
Vigilancia	Santiago	Dec. 6
El Paso	New Orleans	Dec. 7
San Jacinto	Galveston	Dec. 6
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Dec. 9

DUE TO-MORROW.

Noordam	Rotterdam	Dec. 2
Florizel	Halifax	Dec. 11
El Rio	Galveston	Dec. 7

DUE THURSDAY.

Lusitania	Liverpool	Dec. 9
Bristol City	Swansea	Nov. 29
Oceanic	Southampton	Dec. 6
Caroline	Havre	Dec. 2
Philadelphia	La Guayra	Dec. 2
Santa Marta	Colon	Dec. 7
Calderon	Barbados	Dec. 6
Momus	New Orleans	Dec. 9

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
K.A.Victoria, Hamburg.	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Ikala, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Nieuw, Amsterdam, Rotterdam	—	10:00 A.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Nassovia, Barbados	11:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Carmania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M	10:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Chinese Prince, Argentine	9:00 A.M.	11:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Jolando di Giorgio, Jamaica	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
Lampasas, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Harry Luckenback, Ponce	—	12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Touraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Albingia, Haiti	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Pancross, Para	—	
Alamo, Brunswick	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Valle, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

BY WIRELESS.

Sandy Hook, N. Y., Dec. 11—(Marconi.)
SS Oceanic, Southampton to New York, 1,240 miles E. 4:15 P. M.; due 14th, 8:30 A. M. White Star Line.

Sable Island.
SS Florizel, St. John's, N. F., to New York, 80 miles northeast 7:31 A. M. Red Cross Line.

Scotland Lightship, Dec. 11—(United.)
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, 250 miles S. 7 P. M. 11th. Clyde Line.
SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, 295 miles S. 7 P. M. Ward Line.
SS Vigilancia, Nassau to New York, 480 miles S. 7:30 P. M. Ward Line.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah to New York, 70 miles S. 8 P. M. Savannah Line.
SS Alamo, Brunswick to New York, 232 miles S. 7 P. M.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, 224 miles S. 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Servian, at Bordeaux, Dec. 8.
SS Bloemfontein, at Calcutta, Dec. 9.
SS Kabinga, at Cape Town, Dec. 10.
SS Duca d'Aosta, at Genoa, Dec. 7.
SS Prins Willem I., at Amsterdam, Dec. 8.
SS Dalmore, at Adelaide, Dec. 9.
SS Delaware, at Birkenhead, Dec. 11.
SS Jeseric, at Port Said, Dec. 11.
SS Trent, at Southampton, Dec. 11.
SS Volturno, at Rotterdam, Dec. 9.
SS Caledonia, at Glasgow, Dec. 10.
SS C. F. Tietgen, at Christiansand, Dec. 11.
SS Adriatic, at Gibraltar, Dec. 11.
SS Ivernia, at Gibraltar, Dec. 11.
SS Brantwood, at Punta Arenas, Dec. 11.
SS Chipana, at Punta Arenas, Dec. 11.
SS Koenig Albert, at Gibraltar, Dec. 11.
SS Friedrich der Grosse, at Bremen, Dec. 10.

Sailed.

SS Birchtor, from Almeria, Dec. 5.
SS Invertag, from St. Vincent, C. V., Dec. 7.
SS Muncaster Castle, from Algiers, Dec. 8.
SS Arrino, from Calcutta, Dec. 9.
SS Iroquois, from London, Dec. 11.
SS Narragansett, from London, Dec. 11.
SS Madonna, from Naples, Dec. 9.
SS Parima, from St. Thomas, Dec. 9.
SS Florena, from Dundee, Dec. 11.
SS Hellig Olav, from Copenhagen, Dec. 9.
SS Neckar, from Bremen, Dec. 9.

Passed.

SS Clearfield, New York for ——, passed Dungeness.
SS Michigan, New York for Antwerp, passed Isle of Wight.
SS Sant' Anna, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.		Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	Dec. 15	6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, and New Zealand (via Vancouver)—Makura	Dec. 22	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti and Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Dec. 23	6:30 P.M.
New Zealand and Australia, (via San Francisco)—Belle of Scotland	Dec. 25	6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Dec. 31	6:30 P.M.
Marquesas, Australia and New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Tahita	Jan. 5	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan	Jan. 5	6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Nov. 7; Hongkong, Nov. 10; Sydney, Nov. 11; Shanghai, Nov. 13; Auckland, Nov. 16; Wellington, Nov. 17, and Yokohama, Nov. 21—which arrived at San Francisco per steamers Siberia and Aorangi, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. on Dec. 7, and 10:20 A. M., Dec. 8. Due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, Dec. 12.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, Nov. 21; Yokohama, Nov. 22—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Awa Maru, were dispatched east at 11:20 P. M., Dec. 8. Due in New York on the morning of Wednesday, Dec. 13.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

BERMUDA
Next Special Tour sails by Quebec S. S. Co.'s Twin Screw S. S. "BERMUDIAN" Dec. 13. A delightful 8-day trip, including ticket, stateroom berths, hotel, drives, transfers, etc.
INCLUSIVE FARE $25.00 AND UP.
Weekly Tours. Next departure, Royal Mail steam Packet Co.'s S. S. "TAGUS" Dec. 20.
Tickets and Tours Everywhere.
THOS. COOK & SON
264 and 553 Fifth Av., 2,389 Broadway,
CHIEF OFFICE, 245 Broadway, New York.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Cameronia.Dec. 16, 3 PM | Caledonia..Jan. 6, 10 AM
California.Dec. 23, 10 AM | Columbia..Jan. 20, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier [illegible], N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Levi P. Morton's Fifth Avenue Residence Offered for Business Owing to Trade Encroachments—Old Dwellings in Times Square Section Sold to Investor—Suburban Deals.

The rapid inroads made by business in upper Fifth Avenue has led ex-Gov. Levi P. Morton to place his big house at 681 Fifth Avenue, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Streets, on the market for business, and he will hereafter reside in an apartment. Mr. Morton has leased, through Pease & Elliman an entire floor in the new apartment house at 998 Fifth Avenue, corner of Eighty-first Street.

Other tenants are Senator Elihu Root, Murray Guggenheim, and Robert E. Tod. Mr. Morton's house, which he has occupied for many years, has a 42-foot frontage. Its selling price, unrestricted for business, is understood to be about $800,000, or it will be leased on a long term at an average of about $40,000 a year. It adjoins on one side the home of Cornelius Vanderbilt and the Criterion Club is on the other side.

In addition to this pending change in the old-time residential section of Fifth Avenue, which was the important realty feature of the day, the Times Square district furnished an interesting sale in the two four and five story buildings at 110 and 112 West Fortieth Street, covering a plot 50 by 98.9 feet. They were sold to an investor by the Brady and Kip estates. The property is about in the middle of the block on the south side of the street, between Broadway and Sixth Avenue, and is separated from the Empire Theatre by a single lot, while the Maxine Elliott Theatre is in the rear.

The buyers of the Thirty-eighth Street property, reported on Sunday as sold by Dr. Robert C. Myles at 44 to 46 West Thirty-eighth Street, were announced as William H. Chesebrough and Daniel B. Freedman. Albert B. Ashforth was the broker. The property has a frontage of 41 feet between Fifth and Sixth Avenues. It will probably be held for resale or improved with a loft building.

East Side Dwelling Sold.

Frederick Ohmeis has sold through the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company 123 East Eightieth Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 18.9 by 100. The purchaser will occupy.

Bronx.

J. Cullo & Brother have purchased from the Popp estate the plot, 66 by 150, on the east side of Prospect Avenue, 46 feet north of 181st Street. In exchange the buyers gave the new-law four-story tenement 735 East 147th Street, 37.6 by 80 feet. E. H. Ludlow & Co. negotiated the deal. The plot will be improved with tenements.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for Benjamin Benenson 373 East 157th Street, a one-family dwelling, on lot 25 by 100.

Long Island.

Andrew J. Kenny has purchased from J. C. Jorgensen a plot of twenty-two lots together with two cottages and valuable riparian rights on Jamaica Bay. The property is located in New Arverne, and fronts on Jamaica Bay, Wave Crest Avenue, and Gouverneur Avenue. Extensive impovements will be made by the new owner, who will occupy same for commercial purposes. Mr. Kenny gave in payment, his cottage on South Ammerman Avenue, Arverne, and a cash consideration. The deal, which involved about $50,000, was negotiated by G. Taus & Son. The same brokers also resold for I. Zaret to Kasten & Goedell a large plot of ground on North Division Avenue, Rockaway Beach. The new owners will improve same by erecting a modern livery stable.

Brooklyn.

Louis Ferber has purchased the three-story brownstone dwelling at 462 Putnam Avenue, on plot 19.6 by 100 feet, from E. E. Proper. The broker in the deal was August H. Merritt.

Sixth Avenue Corner Leased for Improvement.

J. Romaine Brown & Co. have leased for a term of thirty-four years for James Slater, to a client, the building at 104 West Thirtieth Street, adjoining the southwest corner of Sixth Avenue. The corner was leased for the same term a few weeks ago. The plot will be improved with a new building.

Leases.

E. H. Wendell Company has leased for Dr. Oscar A. Burton the four-story and basement dwelling, 30 West Forty-seventh Street, on a lot 20 by 100.5, to a client for business purposes for a term of years.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

4½%
In Amounts Up to
$300,000
Prompt Answers

The total expenses are so low that you will be interested if you wish to borrow. You incur no obligation by inquiring.

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH
DIRECTORS
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH GEO. D. ARTHUR
WALDRON P. BELKNAP
REAL ESTATE AND MORTGAGES
10 EAST 33RD ST.
TELEPHONE 6300 MADISON SQUARE

Construction Loans

Large or medium amounts for the erection of commercial buildings in desirable locations. Loan may be repaid on completion of building or remain permanently, as borrower prefers. Reasonable fixed charges.

A. W. McLaughlin & Co.
128 B'way, Cor. Cedar
STRONGEST AND BEST EQUIPPED

Remsen Darling
Tel. 1491 Cortlandt. 170 B'way, N. Y.
First and Second Mortgage Money
4½% Money for Manhattan

Manufacturing concern in Greater New York wishes to change their one-year first mortgage to one of 5 years. Value of plant, $85,000, value of land $25,000. Wanted, a first mortgage of $25,000. Parties can communicate with Counsellor F. N. Smith, 24 Jackson Ave., Long Island City, N. Y.

I will sell gilt-edged guaranteed first mortgage bearing 6%. Will make liberal arrangements. Title guaranted by the Title Guarantee & Trust Company. W. C. Murray, 150 Nassau St., Room 804. 'PHONE 4071 BEEKMAN.

4½% Mortgage Money 4½%
Charges 1% and disbursements; quick acceptances; special funds for 1st and 2d mortgages; moderate rates. SUGARMAN & KAHN, 35 Nassau St.

4½% AND 5% MONEY
to loan on first mortgages; principals only. Estate, L 312 Times Downtown.

4% MORTGAGE MONEY 4½%
Any amount; low charges; also small sums for second mortgages. Victor Beaver, World Bldg.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES
MODERATE CHARGES
Prompt Action
P. M. CLEAR & CO., 125 East 23d St.

Good second mortgages wanted; $100,000 placed monthly, (seconds exclusively.) Howard H. Mosher, 135 Broadway.

First and second mortgage money; large and small amounts. P. Rothenstein, 150 Nassau St.

Ogden & Clarkson have leased the store and basement at 43 East Twentieth Street to Friedlander Sammet & Co. for a term of years.

Albert B. Ashforth, in conjunction with Horace S. Ely & Co., has leased for a term of years a floor and a half in 334 Fourth Avenue to the Bigelow Carpet Company, who have been located for a number of years at 147 Fifth Avenue.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Realty Holding Company over 30,000 square feet of space in the new building, now nearing completion at 34, 36, and 38 West Twenty-seventh Street.

The Cliff Construction Company has leased to Samuel Kruchman and Louis Kulper the two-story taxpayer on a plot 100 by 73 at the southeast corner of Broadway and 178th Street, for a long term of years, as a restaurant.

Daniel Birdsall & Co. have leased for the Croisic Realty Company to F. E. Turner & Sons, for many years on Broadway at the corner of Pearl Street, the eleventh floor of the Croisic Building, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, for a term of years.

Slawson & Hobbs have rented for a term of years for a restaurant the store at 877 Seventh Avenue.

Pease & Elliman have leased for a client to I. N. Maaskoff, for a term of years, the entire building at 48 and 50 Nassau Street.

Mortgage Loans Placed.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company have recently placed the following loans on Manhattan private dwellings: $20,000 at 4½ per cent. for five years on 115 West Eighty-seventh Street, which the company sold last Spring to Dr. De Witt Stetten, also $20,000 at 4½ per cent. for five years on 21 West Ninety-sixth Street for John O'Connor.

Cathedral Parkway Apartment.

Plans have been filed by the Old Lyceum Company, composed by Amos R. E. Pinchot and Sumner Gerard, for a twelve-story apartment house occuping a plot 100 by 100 feet on Cathedral Parkway, 150 feet west of Columbus Avenue. The cost is estimated at $325,000 by the architect, Walter Helfeli.

Notes.

Building statistics from forty-four representative building centres throughout the country show a loss of 4 4-5 per cent. for the month of November, as compared with November, 1910, whereas the past eleven months show a loss of 2 3-5 per cent., as compared with the same months of the past year.

The annual dinner of the Real Estate Board of Brokers will be held on Saturday, Jan. 13.

A regular meeting of the Harlem Property Owners' Association will be held Thursday evening at 147 East 125th Street.

Albert B. Ashforth has been appointed agent for the Haviland Building, a twelve-story loft at 11 East Thirty-sixth Street, running through to 10 East Thirty-seventh Street.

The H. W. Johns-Manville Company has leased the dwelling, 294 Madison Avenue, adjoining their new structure and not purchased as reported last week.

Williamson & Bryan were the brokers who negotiated the lease between the American Real Estate Company and Friedenrich, Gersten & Bean for a new theatre at Southern Boulevard, near Westchester Avenue.

The Minsker Realty Company has transferred to Max D. Steurer a one-half, undivided interest in the industrial building, 125.10 by 150, at the southeast corner of Broome and Lewis Streets.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

142d St, 237 and 239, n s, 250 ft e of 8th Av, 50x99.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, A. B. Appleby, $45,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Cathedral Parkway, s s, 150 ft w of Columbus Av, for a twelve-story apartment, 100x82; Old Lyceum Building Co., 60 Broadway, owner; Walter Haefeli, architect; cost, $325,000.

Tiffany St, s s, 50.8½ ft e of Whitlock Av, for a one and three story brick factory, 100x168; Henry Morgenthau Co., 165 Broadway, owner; Buchman & Fox and F. W. Fischer, architects; cost, $40,000.

Bryant Av, e s, 150 ft n of 172d St, for two five-story brick tenements, 87.6x85 each; Herman Waner, 1,534 Bryant Av, owner; Moore & Landseidel, architects; cost, $60,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, DEC. 11.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 174th St, 63x100; Ralph P. Blake to Charles L. Acker estate, 200 Broadway, (mtg $75,000,) Dec. 7; attorneys, Carrington & P., 200 Broadway..$1

BEEKMAN ST, 56, n e s, 24.6x87.6; Beekman Paper & Card Co. to Max Greenebaum, 60 West 129th St., Dec. 9; attorneys, Alexander C. & S., 51 Chambers St..........$100

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 224, w s, 20.8x100; Maze Realty Co. to Frederick W. Jockel, 265 Central Park West, Dec. 6, (mtg $31,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$100

CHERRY ST, 140, n s, 24.6x irregular; Josiah A. Briggs and another, executors, to Casper Trumpey, 196 Claremont Av, Jersey City, N. J., and others, (mtg $25,500,) Dec. 8; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway....Nom

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, 202.7 ft n of 141st St, 30.5x104.6; Hermann Ahrens to Anna H. Ahrens, his wife, 442 West 162d St, Dec. 9; attorney, S. N. Stern, 154 Nassau St......$1

GRAND ST, 466 to 470, n s, 49.10x100; Rudolph Wallach Co. to estate of J. A. Lustgarten, 68 William Street, Dec. 11; attorney W. Lustgarten, 68 William St..........$100

KING ST, 39, n s, 25.4x100; Hermann Ahrens to Anna H. Ahrens, his wife, 442 West 162d St, Dec. 9; attorney, S. N. Stern, 154 Nassau St..........$1

PITT ST, 94, e s, 25x100; John F. McIntyre, referee, to Aaron J. Friedman, 129 Pitt St, Dec. 9; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..........$27,360

SEAMAN AV, n e s, at w s of 218th St, 129.8x50; Henry H. Dreyer to F. William Sohns, 2,009 Crotona Av, Dec. 11, (mtg $4,400;) attorney, M. H. Elliott, 277 Broadway......$1

WATER ST, Brooklyn, n e corner of Dock St, 337.10x irregular; Water St, Brooklyn, s w corner of Dock St, 204.2x irregular; New York Dock Co. to Jay Street Terminal, 71 Water St, New York, Dec. 7; attorney, Title Guaranty Co., 176 Broadway........$800,000

1ST AV, e s, 42 ft n of 4th St, 21x87.11; Herman Goldberg to Bluna Goldberg, 184 Ross St, Brooklyn, Nov. 28; attorney, M. Aleinikoff, 93 Nassau St..........$100

3D AV, 231 to 235, s e s, 54 ft n e of 19th St, 52x110; 5th Av, 349 and 353, s e corner of 34th St, 59.3x100; Julia Chanler, formerly wife of Robert W. Chanler of Paris, France, to Arthur Simonson, 129 West 16th St, 186-1080 parts, dower rights, &c, Nov. 15, 1910; attorneys, Winthrop & Stimson, 32 Liberty St..........$1

SAME PROPERTY; Robert W. Chanler of Red Hook, N. Y., and Natalina or Lina Cavalieri Chanler, his wife, to same, 186-1680 parts, July 18; same attorneys $1

SAME PROPERTY; Deed of trust, Arthur Simonson to Winthrop A. Chanler, Geneseo, N. Y., and another, 186-1680 parts, (mtg $80,000,) Dec. 11; attorneys, same..........$1

4TH ST, w s, 355 ft e of Avenue C, 50x108, Unionport; Eliza D. Jefferson and others to Stott Allison, 101 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, Dec. 9; attorney, E. Allison, 253 Broadway..........$1

5TH ST, 220 East, 21.2x92.4; Martha Wolfman to Sarrah Ritterman, Dec. 11, 299 Broome St; attorney, Morris Eder, 302 Broadway..$1

9TH AV, s e corner of 55th St, 122.11x —; 55th St, n s, 300 West 9th Av, 100x —; 10th Av, n w corner of 55th St, 100.5x200; Robert W. Chanler and wife to John M. Scoble, 1,216 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, July 18, (mtg $14,000; attorney, Sidney Harris, 6 Wall St..$100

9TH AV, s e corner of 55th St, 122.11x—; 55th St, n s, 300 ft w of 9th Av, 100x—; 10th Av, n w corner of 55th St, 100.5x200; Julia Chanler, former wife of Robert W. Chanler, to John M. Scoble, 1,216 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, (mtg $140,000,) July 18; attorney, Sidney Harris, 6 Wall St..........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Natalina Cavalieri Chanler of Paris, France, to same, (mtg $140,000,) July 18, confirmation deed; attorneys, same. $100

26TH ST, s s, 62.6 ft w of 8th Av, 18x88.2; Ysabel Aymar de Camprubi to Pina Weil, 19 East 98th St, Dec. 8; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.......$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; Lina Weil to Abraham Wineburgh, 401 West End Av, Dec. 11, (mtg $7,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$100

39TH ST, 244 and 246 West, 37.7x98.9; Richard Vallender to Lulu Quigg, 35 West 83d St, Dec. 6; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..........$1

72D ST, 162 West, s s, 25x102.2; George L. Slawson to Frederick H. Birch, 612 West 114th St or 162 West 72d St, one-quarter part, (mtg $75,000,) Dec. 8..........$100

96TH ST, 142 West, s s, 31.6x100.8; Hermann Ahrens to Anna H. Ahrens, his wife, 442 West 162d St, Dec. 9; attorney, S. N. Stern, 154 Nassau St..........$1

100TH ST, 168 East, 25x100.11; Annie Rosenthal and another to Mary Smith, Edgewater, N. J., Dec. 11, (mtg $12,500;) attorney, Abr. A. Silberburg, 258 Broadway..........$1

173D ST, n s, 212.6 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 37.6x100; Ensign Realty Co. to John P. Duff, 565 1st St, Brooklyn, Nov. 29, (mtg $37,000;) address, 5 Beekman St..........$100

SAME PROPERTY; John P. Duff to Mabel A. Hannah, 147 Henry St, Brooklyn, (mtg $37,000,) Nov. 29; attorney, John P. Duff, 5 Beekman St..........$100

177TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Wadsworth Av, 70x89.10; Hermann Ahrens to Anna H. Ahrens, his wife, 442 West 162d St, Dec. 9; attorney, S. N. Stern, 154 Nassau St..........$1

179TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 50x92.6; Hermann Ahrens to Anna H. Ahrens, his wife, 442 West 162d St, Dec. 9; attorney, S. N. Stern, 154 Nassau St......$1

Bronx.

BARKER AV, e s, 25 ft n of Wilson Pl, 25x100; Mary McGarry to George Fieser, 850 East 214th St, Dec. 8, (mtg $4,500;) attorneys, Wager & A., 297 Broadway..........$100

BELMONT AV, w s, 95 ft n of 188th St, 33.4x87.6; James B. Nicholson to Charles C. Manning, 312 47th St, Brooklyn, quitclaim, Sept. 21; attorney, S. Batterman, 389 Broadway.$1

BOLTON AV, e s, 275 ft n of 151st St, 125x100; William H. Schwenk to Charles Noe, 492 East 167th St, ½ part, Dec. 6; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av..........$1

BOSTON ROAD, 1,258 and 1,260, s e s, 69.11x138.5; Taxpayers' Realty Co. to Jennie Halpert, 61 West 181st St, Dec. 11, (mtg $42,000;) attorneys, Cohen & S., 61 Park Row.. $100

HOE AV, w s, 165 ft n of 172d St, 20x100; Catharine A. Bocker to Sykes Realty Corporation, 165 Broadway, Dec. 8, (mtg $9,250;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

HOE AV, w s, 185 ft n of 172d St, 20x100; Catharine A. Bocker to Sykes Realty Corporation, 165 Broadway, Dec. 8, (mtg $9,250;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

HOME ST, n s, gore strip, being land between s s of Lot 6, map of William W. Fox, and n s of Home St; George F. Tucker to Ittner Realty Co., 836 Westchester Av, Sept. 14, quitclaim; attorney, Hugo S. Mack, 7 Beekman St..........$1

HOUGHTON AV, s s, 179.2 ft e of Castle Hill Av, 25x103; Charles E. Devermann to Clarence E. Greene, 2,224 Houghton Av. Dec. 9, (mtg $3,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway. $100

HOUGHTON AV, s s, 229.2 ft e of Castle Hill Av, 25x103; same to same, Dec. 9, (mtg $3,000;) attorney, same..........$100

LIND AV, e s, 264 ft s of 165th St, 25x83; Louis Nieckes to Charles F. Flynn, 1,008 Lind Av, (mtg $7,800,) Dec. 8..........$1

LOTS 70 and 71, map of Kingsland estate, Morris Heights; Eliza Brambach to Amelia Schlesinger, 75 West Tremont Av, quitclaim, Dec. 8; attorney, S. Williamson, 364 Alexander Av..........$1

LOTS 9 to 12, parcel 20, map sub-division, estate, William B. Ogden, Elsie W. Christie and another, executors, to Thomas Dwyer 601 West End Av, Dec. 11, (mtg $9,000;) attorney, F. H. Baskerville, 31 Nassau St..........$13,500

LOTS 46, 229, and 274, map of 329 lots, part of Schieffelin estate; Louis Becht to Frank J. Becht, 66 Diamond St, Brooklyn. Dec. 7; attorney, Charles Heulschel, Jr., 955 Broadway..........$800

LOTS 224 and 225, map of partition sale of Lott G. Hunt estate; Ferdinando De Majo to Millbrook Co., at Millbrook, N. Y., Dec. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

VYSE AV, 1,476, e s, 25x100; John Gilmartin to Adele M. Harrington, 1,478 Vyse Av, (mtg $15,000,) Dec. 8; attorneys, Carrington & P., 200 Broadway..........$1

WEBSTER AV, w s, 125 ft n of 200th St, 50x120.11; Alfred B. Hall to William C. Bergen, 130 West 180th St, Dec. 11, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway..........$100

140TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 16.8x75; Andrew J. Holm to Hans W. Goetze, 320 East 144th St, (mtg $3,000,) Dec. 9; attorney, S. Williamson, 369 Alexander Av..........$100

140TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 3d Av; 16.8x75; Hans W. Goetze to Andrew J. Holm, 267 East 140th St, (mtg $3,000,) Dec. 9; attorney, S. Williamson, 364 Alexander Av..........$100

176TH ST, n s, 276.11 ft w of Anthony Av, 27.6x —; William C. Bergen to Alfred B. Hall, 3,216 Hall Av, Dec. 11, (mtg $8,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway..........$100

237TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Martha Av, 100x100; Mary T. Rennard to John McGonegal, 4,319 Katonah Av, (mtg $2,500,) Dec. 11; attorneys, Huntress & Co., Webster Av and 233d St..........$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorneys. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ARCHER, George D., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 34th St, 311 East, 21.5x98.9; Washington St, 384, w s, 20x62, Dec. 4, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway..........$10,000

ARONSON, Samuel, to Citizens' Savings Bank, 56 Bowery; Bayard St, n e corner of Mott St, 48x75, Dec. 11, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Pirsson & B., 31 Liberty St.....$58,000

ASEN, Aron, to Charles H. Phelps, executor, 324 West 103d St; Broome St, 121, s s, 25x80, Dec. 11, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway..........$19,000

ASEN, Aron, to Emelie Macher, at East Rutherford, N. J.; Broome St, 121, s s, 25x80, prior mtg $19,000, Dec. 11, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway..........$6,000

CHARLES I. WEINSTEIN REALTY CO to Italian Savings Bank, 64 Spring St; 10th St, 208 to 212 West, 53.9x94.10, Dec. 11, 4 years; attorney Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway..........$59,000

FRIEDMAN, Aaron J., to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; Pitt St, 94, e s, 25x100, Dec. 9, 5 years..........$19,000

SAME to Mary Mosback, 450 Benedick Av, Woodhaven; same property, prior mtg $19,000, Dec. 9, due as per bond; attorneys, Steiner & Paterson, 309 Broadway..........$6,000

HALLECY, Mary, to Sarah L. Taylor, 265 Central Park West; 182d St, 514 and 516 West, 50x70, Dec. 9, due as per bond; attorney, E. V. Daly, 32 Nassau St..........$35,000

MacDOUGALL, Wilhelmina, and another to Samuel Williams, 71 West 113th St; 38th St, 344-346 West, 50x98.9; 33d St, s s, 425 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9, Dec. 8, prior mtg $52,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Krakower & P., 309 Broadway..........$7,000

MARSHALL, Nellie D., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway; 93d St, 256 West, 18x180.8, Dec. 8, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway..........$15,000

MERGARDT, John A., and others to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; Pike St, 3, e s, 17.3x55.2, Dec. 11, 1 year; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St..........$4,000

QUIGG, Lulu, to Title Insurance Co., 165 Broadway; 39th St, 244 and 246 West, s s, 37.7x98.9, Dec. 11, 1 year; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..........$44,000

REHMKE, Carolina C., to General Synod of the Reformed Church in America, 25 East 22d St; 133d St, 64 East, 20x99.11, Nov. 29, 1 year; attorneys, Reed & P., 280 Broadway. $500

SCOBLE, John M., to American Mortgage Co, 31 Nassau St; 9th Av, 830, e s, 22.6x—, Dec. 11, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St..........$12,000

SCOBLE, John M., to American Mortgage Co, 31 Nassau St; 55th St, n s, 100 ft w of 10th Av, 100x100.5, Dec. 11; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St..........$18,000

SCOBLE, John M., to American Mortgage Co, 31 Nassau St; 55th St, n s, 300 ft w of 9th Av, 100x—, Dec. 11, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St..........$25,000

SCOBLE, John M., to American Mortgage Co, 31 Nassau St; 55th St, 360 to 364 West, 75x100.5, Dec. 11, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St..........$40,000

SCOBLE, John M., to American Mortgage Co, 31 Nassau St; 10th Av, n w corner of 55th St, 100x100.5, Dec. 11, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St..........$45,000

SCOBLE, John M., to American Mortgage Co, 31 Nassau St; 9th Av, 832 to 840, s e corner of 55th St, 100.5x100, Dec. 11, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$60,000

SIMONSON, Arthur, to Winthrop A. Chanler and another, trustees of John W. Chanler, at Geneseo, N. Y.; 3d Av, s e s, 54 ft n e of 19th St, 52x110; 5th Av, 349-353, s e corner of 34th St, 59.3x100, Dec. 11, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Winthrop & S., 32 Liberty St.. $80,000

STEWART, Anna L. B. and Robert, to George W. Ellis, 2 West 59th St; 14th St, s s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 17x103, prior mtg $8,000, Dec. 4, due as per bond; attorney, G. W. Ellis, 149 Broadway..........$2,200

SULLIVAN, Sarah F., to Max Leo, 2,410 Lorillard Place; road from Westchester to East Chester, w s, at s e corner of land hereby conveyed..........—

WEIL, Lina, to Ysabel Aymar de Camprubi, Madrid, Spain: 26th St, s s, 62.6 ft w of 8th Av, 18x88.2, Dec. 11, 3 years; attorneys, Root, C. & B., 31 Nassau St..........$7,500

BUILDING MATERIAL.

[illegible]

STEEL SHAPES,
all sizes, for sale; immediate delivery; sacrifice prices.
CORNELL IRON WORKS,
26th St. and 11th Ave.

SERVICE AND QUALITY
THE GEORGE A. JUST CO.
STEEL CONSTRUCTION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.
'PHONE 3751 HUNTERSPOINT.

Bronx.

A. J. S. REALTY CO. to Margaret Koster, 1,893 Washington Av, 3d Av, w s, 151.6 ft n of 173d St, 50.3x131.2, May 1, (prior mtg $57,500,) 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bernstein & B., 302 Broadway..........$3,500

ANDERSON, Dagmar A., to Louise Schroeder, at Holbrook, L. I.; Decatur Av, 3,148 e s, 25x112.6, (prior mtg $7,000,) Dec. 1, due as per bond; attorney, Philip Zalkind, 35 Nassau St. $550

COUTANIS, being land on Map of James Watson, Westchester, (prior mtg $20,000,) Dec. 9, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$4,000

EDWARD MULLER BUILDING CO. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St; Mapes Av, s e corner of 179th St, 48.2x95.2, Dec. 11, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.. $33,000

FISHER, Victor J., to Charles F. Myers, Atlantic City, N. J.; Summit Av, e s, 112.6 ft s of 156th St, 43.9x190, Oct. 24, 4 months, 6 p. c.; attorney, V. J. Fisher, 2,207 Broadway, Atlantic City, N. J..........$3,000

GUGGOLZ, William, to Marie L. Ausbuettel, 1,294 Lexington Av; Creston Av, e s, 307.11 ft n of 196th St, 25x97, Dec. 1, 5 years; attorney, H. C. Kudlich, 299 Broadway..$6,500

KELLY, Mary J., to Central Mortgage Co., 60 Wall St; 167th St, w s, 225 ft n of Lind Av, 25x100, Nov. 1, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Otis & O., 60 Wall St..........$6,500

L. P. FRIES CO. to Katie Herold, 2,417 Valentine Av; Lot 304, map of Lohbauer Park, Dec. 1, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., Westchester, N. Y..........$2,800

McDEVITT, Annie T., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Creston Av, w s, 172 ft n of 182d St, 50x120, Dec. 11, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway..........$1,500

PERILLO, Joseph, to Albert Ulman, Oil City, Penn.; 187th St, 693 and 695, n s, 35x—, (prior mtg $4,500,) Dec. 11, due as per bond; attorney, J. B. Baer, 20 Vesey St..........$500

REGINA CONSTRUCTION CO. to Bernhard H. Levey, 137 West 142d St; Charlotte St, e s, 164.6 n of Jennings St, 91.9, Dec. 7, (prior mtg, $32,000,) 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. T. Stern, 41 Park Row..........$1,500

SASS-CAL REALTY & CONSTRUCTION CO. to Thomas P. Howley, 421 West 34th St; Crotona Av, n e corner of Garden St, 70.8x44x79.5x49.5, Sept. 6, due as per bond; attorneys, Shellabarger & Donovan, 30 Church St..........$5,500

SCHREYER, John, to Regina Schmidt, 535 Manhattan Av; Popham Av, n s, 86.1 ft w of Montgomery Av, 50x100, Dec. 11, due Jan. 1, 1917; attorney, Louis Wendel, Jr., 277 Broadway..........$6,000

SCOGNAMIGLIO, Annina, to Helen Le R. Pearsall, White Plains Road, near Pelham Parkway; road leading from West Farms to Hunt's Point, w s, 55 ft s from land of Andrew Nostrand, 30x112, Dec. 9, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St..........$3,500

SMITH, Mary H., to Christian Gutmann, 1,136 50th St, Brooklyn; 2d St, s e s, 148.6 ft n e of Green Lane, 25x100; 2d St, s e s, 223.6 ft n e of Green Lane, 25x100, Dec. 6, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., Westchester..........$300

WALSH, Charlotte A., to Adrian H. Joline, Bernardsville, N. Y.; Lots 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, and 164, map part of Hyatt farm, Dec. 8; attorneys, Joline, L. & R., 52 Wall St.. $3,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, 29, store, &c.; Ellen Frey, individually and executrix, to Moses Schwartz, 436 East 138th St, 5 years from May 1, 1912; address, 29 Avenue A..........$1,440

BROADWAY, 5,233, two-story building; Daniel F. Mahony, Jr., to U. S. of America, by Frank H. Hitchcock, Postmaster General, 10 years from June 1, 1911; attorney, John Whalen, 206 Broadway..........$2,400

FULTON ST, 201, store and cellar; Bernard Terelzer to Samuel Rapaport, 790 East 158th St, 7 3-12 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorney, Benjamin Weiss, 864 Broadway..........$2,500

HENRY ST, 108, corner store and part of cellar; Bernard Goodman to Samuel Cohen, 108 Henry St, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, J. L. Bernstein, 5 Beekman St...$1,080

JEROME AV, n e corner of 204th St, all; Mosholu Realty Co to Francesca Ventarola, 5,761 Broadway, 5 years from Dec. 15, 1911; attorneys, Paskus & G., 2 Rector St...$1,200

2D AV, s e corner of 89th St, store and part of basement; Isaac Heimann to Jorgen L. Johannsen, 418 East 82d St, 5 8-12 years from Sept. 1, 1911; address, 1,714 2d Av.$1,620

12TH ST, 709 East, all; Isaac Berlin to Harris Koplick, 709 East 12th St, 2 years from Dec. 1, 1911..........$1,500

23D ST, 132 East, all; Henry W. De Forest to David A. Schulte, 2 West 72d St, 21 7-12 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, Jerome Eisner, 41 Park Row..........$8,000

23D ST, 441 West, the land; Francis L. Ogden to Sutherland Apartment Co, 441 West 23d St, 21 years from May 1, 1908; attorneys, Moss, L., M. & W., 299 Broadway..........$600

125TH ST, s e corner of Madison Av, 110x—, all; Lotta M. Crabtree to Schulte Realty Co, 41 Park Row, 21 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, Jerome Eisner, 41 Park Row.$13,200

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BEAUMONT AV, 2,304 and 2,306; Charles Shapiro against Montefore Building Co., owner and contractor..........$212

FULTON AV, w s, 175.4 ft s of 171st St, 100x100; Nathan Kobelov against Bethel Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$884

SAME PROPERTY; Nathan Fass against Bethel Construction Co., owner; Nathan Kobelov, contractor..........$684

LA FONTAINE AV, w s, 112 ft n of 178th St, 37.6x100; Saverio Scalzo against Weller & Meeker Realty Co., owner and contractor.. $1,095

TIEMAN ST s w s, 400 ft w of Boston Post Road, 125x—; Mechiore Cantone against John Marx, owner and contractor..........$42

WALES AV, 672 to 678; Jarcho Brothers against Sarah B. Hirschberg, Lena Davis, Minnie Rosing, and David Rosing, owners; Harry Levin, owner and contractor, (renewal)..........$121

2D AV, 111; Barnet Leibowitz against Sidonia Weiss, owner and contractor; William Weiss, owner; William S. Weiss, contractor....$106

77TH ST, 502 to 510 East; Isaac Moritz against Open Stair Tenement Co., owner; Bevin & Levin Contracting Co., contractor...$1,415

104TH ST, 343 and 345 East; Jacob Zimmerman and others against Adeline S. Jordan, owner; Globe Fireproof Door and Sash Co., sub-contractor; John Jordan, contractor...$95

187TH ST, 474 East; North American Wall Paper Co. against T. T. Reid Construction Co., owner and contractor..........$154

223D ST, n s, 381 ft e of White Plains Av, 100x114; Francesco Carbone against Morris Improvement Co., owner and contractor.. $1,040

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

MACOMB'S ROAD, 1,363; Cerbone & Vetagliano against Jerome Avenue Building and Improvement Co. et al., Aug. 11, 1910..........$250

6TH AV, 484 and 486; Louis Prignano against Thomas Morgan et al., Oct. 20, 1911.....$219

6TH AV, 484 and 486; John P. Kane Co. against same, Oct. 9, 1911..........$57

6TH AV, 484; J. L. Keating & Co. against same, Oct. 17, 1911..........$128

SAME PROPERTY; Hull, Grippen & Co. against same, Oct. 6, 1911..........$61

SAME PROPERTY; Church E. Gates & Co. against same, Oct. 5, 1911..........$367

45TH ST, 17 and 19 West; John Kennedy & Co. against Midvale Realty Co. et al., July 27, 1911, $19,818.

199TH ST, n s, 25.2 ft w of Decatur Av; Raffo Sellite against O'Rourke Brothers' Co. et al., Nov. 22, 1911, (by bond)..........$679

LIS PENDENS.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 175th St, 100x150; Martha Jarcho against Sun Construction Co. and others, (action to set aside conveyance;) attorney, S. F. Strongin.

AVENUE B, e s, 71 ft n of 10th St, 23.8x93; Hugo Bullowa against Jacob S. Gluck and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. E. M. Bullowa.

DECATUR AV, w s, 75 ft s of 209th St, 25x100; Valentine Construction Co. against Coster Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, O. A. Samuels.

HESTER ST, 197; Oliver St, 60 and 62; Oak St, 45 and 47; 114th St, 337 and 339 East; 1st Av, 2,042; Jerome Av, e s, 194.1 ft n of 165th St, 214.5x198.11; Cromwell Av, w s, 257.9 ft n of 165th St, —x8x51.1, gore; Percy B. Purdy against James A. Pittelli and others, (action to declare conveyance void;) attorney, A. C. Rowe.

MONROE ST, 255; Public Bank of New York City against Morris J. Feinberg and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. L. Marcus.

PEARL ST, s w corner of Pine St, 44x73.9x irregular; Seaman's Bank for Savings in the City of New York against Emund P. Martin and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Strong & Cadwalader.

17TH ST, 50 West; Standard Utility Co. against Harwell Realty Co., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Burnstein & Geist.

63D ST, 205 West; Tenement House Department of the City of New York against Friedland Realty Co., (notice of levy;) attorney, A. R. Watson.

132D ST, 159 West; Baptist Temple against Andrew M. Battle, (specific performance;) attorney, E. A. Johnson.

REAL ESTATE.

THEODORE STARRETT
COMPANY
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION
103 Park Ave. New York

SOMETHING WE DO BETTER and quicker than others. 15 years' experience as expert searchers and title examiners in any county or State. Complete report promptly made of any real estate or business showing liens and matters that should be correctly known by the buyer or seller before the contract is closed. Consult us. Fees reasonable. ESS & O'HESS CO., 130 East 34th St.

Reduce Plumbing Bills
We will PROVE how. The Sole Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. 'Phone 359 Harlem.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEND TO COUNTRY DEPT. FOR BOOKLET — FARMS — COUNTRY HOMES ANY WHERE ANY PRICE
LOUIS SCHLESINGER, INC., NEWARK, N. J.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Real Estate — Management Rentals Sales
62 Cedar Street

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Manager of Estates
Brokers, Appraisers,
105 West 40th St., nr. B'way. Tel. 876 Bryant.
J. Romaine Brown. A. P. W. Kinnan.

West Side.

All kinds properties, sale, exchange, lease, dealt with; call or write wants and offers. Cyrille Carreau, agent, 796 6th Av., (45th.)

East Side.

Four-story and basement brownstone, 328 East 17th St., opposite park; good location for doctor, dentist, furnished rooms, or residence; $22,000. Chas. Bohlen, corner 23d St., 3d Av.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted Tenement Houses on Lease.
I have a number of good clients who desire to lease tenement houses; good section. Will pay reasonable prices; good security. K Box 88 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

$180,000 equity, six new buildings, Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn; acreage, farms; some cash required; particulars. R. Geugelin, 508 West 132d St.

Will trade fine residence in Long Branch, with large stable, large lot of land, for New York City or Far Rockaway property. Paul Goldberg, 1,080 Lexington Av.

$7,000 equity in 2-family house, near Tremont Av., will exchange for lots. Aldhous, 2,339 7th Av.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Modern Stable
Near 14th Street
45 Stalls, large electric elevator, ample wagon room
Can Be Altered For Garage
Low Price Easy Terms
Wm. A. White & Sons
62 Cedar Street

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HENRY MEYER BUILDING CO

Offer FOR SALE OR RENT to select families their ONE-FAMILY LIME and BROWNSTONE houses in the finest section of FLATBUSH; 8 rooms and bath; LAUNDRY in cellar. Here we have every imaginable improvement from PARQUET FLOORS to SHOWERS, ELECTRIC LIGHTED and BURGLAR PROOF DOORS. Street asphalted. This is positively the best proposition in the city and should warrant your inspection. RENT ONLY $50 per month.

OFFICE AT THE BUILDINGS, corner Avenue D and E. 25th St. Flatbush, Nostrand, Rogers and Flatbush Av. trolleys.

FOR THE HOMESEEKER.

AN IDEAL HOME in the Park Section of Brooklyn, 30 minutes from N. Y. City Hall; 5c. fare; $100 DOWN, BALANCE SAME AS RENT: a perfect house, finely finished, handsomely decorated, pleasant surroundings, on a beautiful boulevard, built of brick and stone; 7 rooms, tiled bath and vestibule, parquet floors, hardwood trim; water, sewer, gas, electricity; large piazza; on the line of the new Subway, one block from express station; certain of rapid increase in valuation. Send for particulars and inspect the property at once. Box M 166 Times.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Prospect Av. plot, 50x144; three-family house, improvements; near 165th St.; convenient to three Subway stations. Terms and mortgage to suit. Great bargain. Must sell. K 111 Times.

175th St. East, Near Westchester Av.—10 lots, 25x100; subway now building; will divide; $400 each. Gosford, 24 East 21st St.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

LARCHMONT, bungalow; 7 rooms, 2 baths; $6,250. C. Blatchly, 106 East 22d St., N. Y. C.

Bargain; $900 takes 8½ lots at Hastings-on-Hudson. Drennan, 300 West 183d St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

DAINTY COTTAGE
Price $4,250; small cash payment, balance as rent; Summer and Winter home; healthful mountain air; 750 feet elevation, beautiful chain of lakes; contains 7 rooms, tiled bath, porches, half-acre of shaded land; near railroad station, less than one hour from Broadway. Write for picture and floor plans. Address Bargain, P. O. Box 527, N. Y. City.

5, 10, 20 and 40 ACRE TRACTS
of good productive fruit and vegetable land with a perfect title for sale in the mild, delightful climate of beautiful Southern New Jersey; price $25 per acre, worth $100. Easy terms if desired. Dept. 6, American Land Co., Metropolitan Building.

STOCKED FARM 279 ACRES
$54 an acre, includes 13 cows, bull, 6 horses, poultry, farm machinery; one of N. J.'s most fertile farms, on Musconetcong River; 2 hours out on Lackawanna; good house; 8 outbuildings. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

BUNGALOW SITES
In the famous Jersey pines; boating, fishing; large Summer resort; $30 up; easy terms. R. Fuller Company, 99 Nassau St.

ACRES Near Lackawanna station; hour out; fare 15 cents; town water; electric light. Send for unique booklet.
ACRE FARM AND HOME CO., 141 BROADWAY.

Bungalows and bungalow sites on very easy terms at Fanwood, N. J.; also large plots suitable for chicken farms; a postal card will bring you full particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Bargain.—8 acres, delightfully situated, fine view; abundance shade; house, 8 rooms, bath; barn, hennery; particulars, photographs. Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, New York.

A descriptive booklet of New Jersey's ideal suburb free upon request; also pictures of homes for sale. The Leonia Heights Land Co., 47 West 34th St., city.

Morristown, N. J., properties for sale or rent. Eugene V. Welsh, Morristown, N. J.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

BEST CHRISTMAS PRESENT
SEASHORE BUNGALOW OR PLOT AT
SALTAIRE
FIRE ISLAND BEACH,
in restricted colony famous for its boating, bathing, fishing, hunting, and all water sports; plots 60 feet front, $450; easy terms. restrictions demand house of the value of $800; Summer home, including plot, would cost as little as $1,250; gas, water, and sewer; commuting distance; no agents. SALTAIRE, 616 Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York City. Telephone 1697 Murray Hill.

Waterfront Plots $50 only above cash, balance to suit, buys 3 plots, all improvements, 225 feet waterfront, on Great South Bay, short distance to station and trolley, 47 minutes from New York; act quick; must sell this week. Owner, L 307 Times.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

HIGH-CLASS STOCK FARM
Buildings, A1 condition, cost $30,000. 180 acres worth $100 per acre, $18,000. This $48,000 estate, in perfect condition, all within the limits of one of the prettiest towns in N. Y. State, I am authorized to close out for $20,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Madison Ave.
S. W. corner 33rd St.
STORE
AND BASEMENT
also
FLOORS
New Building. Excellent Light
Immediate Possession
Suitable for
OFFICES & SHOWROOMS
RENT REASONABLE
Apply to
H. L. Moxley & Co., Agt.
On premises or
320 Broadway. Tel. Worth 618
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.

LOFTS
in the location of
Centre, Broome, Lafayette and Grand Sts.
SPACE VARIES FROM 650 TO 5,000 SQ. FEET.
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT ELEVATORS, STEAM HEAT AND STEAM POWER ON THE PREMISES.
Moderate Rents.
Full Commission to Brokers.
Estate of A. Trenkmann,
181 Lafayette St., near Grand.
Telephone 7369 Spring.

49&51 West 23
NEAR 5TH AV. AND BROADWAY, NEW 12 STORY STORE AND LOFT, FIREPROOF, STEEL CONSTRUCTION, 50x100; FINISHED DEC. 1; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; 10,000 GALLON AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER; NO EXTRA HAZARDOUS BUSINESS; YOUR BROKER; AGENT ON PREMISES.

FACTORY SPACE TO LET
About 40,000 square feet of floor space in new concrete building now being erected on one of the finest manufacturing sites in greater New York; fronting 176 feet on Nassau St., facing the Manhattan Bridge Plaza, Brooklyn site; about 13,000 square feet to a floor. Exceptionally fine light building, having a frontage on the Plaza, Flatbush Av. extension, and Jay St. Stories 13 feet 6 inches in height, with every modern improvement. Shipping platform inside of building for the receiving and shipping of goods. Ten minutes from New York City Hall or Broadway and Canal St. Cars pass door from Brooklyn and Manhattan Bridges; also proposed subway station at building. Apply to Spencer C. Cary, Cary Manufacturing Company, 19 and 21 Roosevelt St., New York.

LOFTS 2,200 sq. ft.
TO LET
414 BROADWAY,
Near Canal St.
STEAM HEAT, ELEVATOR SERVICE.
Apply to
LIPPMANN & EISMAN,
54-60 LAFAYETTE ST.,
or your own Broker.

UNUSUAL FLOORS FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES
11 EAST 55TH ST.
Large drawing rooms, first floor, suitable for physician. Also bachelor apartments. Rooms for interior decorator or studios. Elevator. Open for inspection.

BEAUTIFUL LIGHT CORNER LOFTS ON FIFTH AV. AND 15TH ST.; LOFT ABOUT 12,000 SQ. FT.; VERY REASONABLE RENT. INQUIRE 71 5TH AV.

LOFT 50x81, W. 25th ST.
RENT $2,000 PER ANNUM.
7-story modern building, 134-136 W. 25th St., between 6th-7th Avs.; freight and passenger elevators, steam heat; liberal concessions; immediate possession. Realty & Commercial Co., owners, 50 Church St. Phone 3452 Cortlandt, or Superintendent on premises.

STORES TO LET
237-241-243 6th Av. nr. 16th St.
with L to 15th St.
S. E. JACOBS 115 Broadway
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

LIGHT LOFTS.
Several fine lofts for printers and manufacturers; steam heat, elevators; reliable power (electric); live steam; 50x90 and 70x90. Also large dry basement. Location and facilities unequalled. Apply to your broker or at 312 East 23d St.
E. W. BLISS BUILDINGS.

FREE RENT TO FEBRUARY 1st.
LIGHT LOFT, FIREPROOF.
Size 40x100. Two Elevators.
Office partitions included if desired.
291-293 Seventh Av., near 27th St.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Broadway and 87th St.

Three Modern Lofts to Let.
The second, third, and sixth at 59 Bank St., 300 feet east of Hudson St. Light and air on four sides. Building 25x98; elevator 6x8; steam heat, electric light. Rent low. C. S. Robinson, owner, 15 Old Broadway, City.

All light factory lofts, 40x130, new six-story modern fireproof building near Williamsburg Bridge plaza; abundance of help; electrical power, elevators, live steam, shipping facilities. Cavanagh Co., 141 Roebling St. 'Phone 167 Greenpoint.

39 EAST 19TH ST.
Desirable loft, with side windows; building 25 feet wide; excellent business location. INNES & CENTER, 21 East 20th St.

103 FRANKLIN ST.
Upper part of 25-ft. building, consisting of three desirable lofts; excellent business location. INNESS & CENTER, 21 EAST 20TH ST.

Manufacturing & Mercantile
Lofts, Stores, Buildings.
INNES & CENTER, 21 EAST 20TH ST.

Attractive Lofts, Low Rents
21st St., 48-50 West.—Store, basement, lofts; permanent light four sides; immediate possession; free to February. Duross, 155 West 14th.

All or part of space 100 by 100; will divide; ground floor under cover; suitable for storage or other business purposes; day and night watchman free; also four stalls to rent. Apply, 308 Avenue B.

TIMES SQUARE
STORE
TO LEASE.
N 31 TIMES.

LOFT, 88-90 Walker St., 25x90; steam power, heat, and elevator service; block from Canal St. Subway station. Inquire S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway; 'phone 4945 Worth, or engineer.

$15 Month Up — Exceptionally light and cheerful offices in modern fireproof building. — 109 Broad St.

Loft, modern bldg., 236 5th Av.; passenger and frgt. elevators, moderate rent. Apply Supt. or A. J. Rich & Co., Singer Bldg.

THREE LOFTS, FIREPROOF BUILDING, corner of Hudson and Charlton Sts., 67x160. Apply at 187 Fulton St.

Desk room to rent in well-established real estate office: Yorkville. 1,020 Lexington Av.

Desk and desk room, with telephone privileges. Call Room 804, 150 Nassau St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

To Sublet at a Sacrifice
Bargain price, only 37 cents sq. ft.
Fifth Floor, 28 to 30 West 20th
Cheapest rent below 23d St.
Regular price of similar lofts 70 cents sq. ft. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

MARBURY HALL
164 AND 166 WEST 74TH ST.
Select residential hotel, delightfully located between Riverside Drive and Central Park. Newly decorated and renovated. Every modern convenience conducive to comfort. Handsome suites of one or more rooms, with bath. One very attractive three-room suite, with two baths. Inspection invited.
C. E. SEFTON, Proprietor.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Fifth Ave. N. E. Corner 15th Street
Light All Four Sides — 27 Unobstructed Windows
4 Large Electric Elevators
Lofts, 6,300 sq. ft., $5,000
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co
10 East 45th St.,—128 Broadway
or your own broker

Big Concessions.
94TH ST.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High Class Elevator Apartments with All Improvements.
315 FRONT APT., 6 ROOMS & BATH, $48-$52.50. REAR APT., 5 ROOMS & BATH, $42.50.
321 4 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE FOYER, $45 TO $50.
314 7 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LAVATORY, $1,000.

SONOMA
BROADWAY AND 55TH ST.
Apartments of 5 and 8 Rooms
Extra large rooms and high ceilings; will decorate to suit; special concessions; these apartments must be seen to be appreciated; all light. Supt. on premises.

HARPERLEY HALL
64th St., & Central Park
Telephone 8500 Columbus.
All apartments rented out of 30 housekeeping apartments, except three. Apply at once.

JUST COMPLETED.
An Innovation in Small Apartments.
Living Rooms Are About 19 Ft. Square.
THE STANWOOD
New Building. Absolutely Fireproof.
Containing Apartments of 3 and 4 rooms and bath. Rentals $65.00 to $90.
321 W. 55th St., just west of 8th Av.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

THERESA
115 WEST 129TH ST.
Modern four and five room elevator apartments in a convenient location for all transit lines; high-class service; rent $32 to $40. Inquire on premises or
ROBERT LEVERS, 376 LENOX AV.

THE ILLINOIS
511 WEST 113TH ST.
Modern fireproof elevator apartment.
3 & 5 ROOM SUITES.
RENTS $540-$780.
OFFICE: 507 WEST 113TH ST.

East Side.

39 EAST 27th STREET — High Class KITCHENETTE Fireproof Apartments
2 or 3 attractive rooms, large kitchenette and bath; maid service.
RENTS FROM $600.
Housekeeping Suite 6 rooms, $1,250.

GRAMERCY COURT
152 East 22d St., near Lexington Av.—High-class elevator apartments, 4 rooms; latest modern improvements; baths and showers; rents moderate.

120 EAST 31st ST.
High-class, eight-room, fireproof, elevator apartment; all light rooms; rent $1,500. Hibson Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BRONX.

N. W. Corner 182d & Bathgate Av.
Block to 183d "L" Station; 5-room corner apartments; steam, all improvements; $25 upward.

1,018 EAST 179th
Block 180th Subway Station; 5 extra large rooms; steam, hot water; near Bronx Park.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

THE SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—MORRIS WEINSTEIN, Plaintiff, against NATHAN RUBENSTEIN and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 6th day of December, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 3,156 Third Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, on the 4th day of January, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

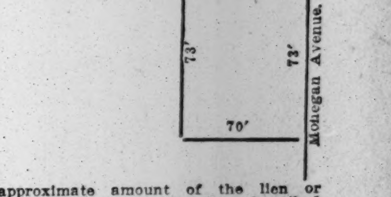
ALL those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at the southwesterly corner of 180th (formerly Samuel) Street and Mohegan (formerly Grant) Avenue, as now laid out; running thence northwesterly along the southwesterly side of 180th Street seventy (70) feet; thence southwesterly parallel with the northwesterly side of Mohegan Avenue seventy-three (73) feet; thence southeasterly parallel with 180th Street seventy (70) feet to the northwesterly side of Mohegan Avenue; thence northeasterly along the said northwesterly side of Mohegan Avenue seventy-three (73) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, December 11th, 1911.
HEBER SMITH, Referee.

EISMAN, LEVY, CORN & LEWINE, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $11,799.33, with interest thereon from the 1st day of December, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $463.63, with interest from December 6th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $1,326.20 and interest.

Dated New York, December 11th, 1911.
HEBER SMITH, Referee.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

38—Charles F. Consaul et al., administrators, &c., appellants, vs. Horace S. Cummings, administrator, &c.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

463—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. John Morgan and Alfred Y. Morgan.—Judgment reversed and cause remanded for further proceedings according to law.

81—Union Pacific Railroad Company et al., appellants, vs. The Mason City & Fort Dodge Railroad Company.—Decree adjudging appellants guilty of contempt reversed, with costs.

29—Mutual Loan Company, plaintiff in error, vs. George J. Martel.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

36—Aluminum Company of America, plaintiff in error, vs. George H. Ramsey.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

862—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Herman F. Garbish.—Judgment reversed.

84—Chicago Junction Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. William R. King.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

..—Original, ex parte—In the matter of the application of the Leaf Tobacco Board of Trade of the City of New York, petitioner.—Per curiam. Leave to file petition denied.

148—William Baird, plaintiff in error, vs. Allen P. Howison et al.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

624—Leo Meyer, as Auditor of the State of Oklahoma, appellant, vs. Wells, Fargo & Co.; and 708—United States Express Company, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Minnesota.—Advanced.

160—The Ontario Land Company, appellant, vs. Charles W. Wilfong et al.—Motion to dismiss postponed.

871—The People of Porto Rico, appellant, vs. Pierre Emanuel, Baron de Laurens d'Oiselay.—Motion to dismiss or affirm postponed.

512—Thomas H. Pickford et al., appellants, vs. Henry M. Talbott, and plaintiff in error, vs. Theodore A. Schubert.—Ordered that these cases be placed on the summary docket.

878—The Second Pool Coal Company, petitioner, vs. The People's Coal Company.—Writ of certiorari denied.

180—John A. Knott et al., &c., et al., appellants, vs. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company; and 134—Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, appellant, vs. John A. Knott et al., &c.; 671 to 705—John A. Knott et al., &c., et al., appellants, vs. The St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Compay et al.; 507—Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, appellant, vs. Adam T. Siler et al., &c.; 864—The Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. W. G. Conley, Attorney General, et al.; 424—The Oregon Railroad and Navigation Co., appellant, vs. Thomas K. Campbell et al.; 599—George T. Simpson et al., appellants, vs. David T. Shepard; 600—George T. Simpson et al., appellants, vs. Emma B. Kennedy et al., executors, &c. et al., and 601—George T. Simpson et al., appellants, vs. William Shillaber; 784—Southern Pacific Company, et al., appellants, vs. Thomas K. Campbell et al., Commissioners, &c. et al; 813—Robert P. Allen et al., Commissioners, &c., appellants, vs. The St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company, and 814—Robert P. Allen et al., Commissioners, &c., appellants, vs. The St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company; 776—Railroad Commission of Ohio, appellants, vs. B. A. Worthington, receiver, &c., and 505—Railroad Commission of Ohio, appellants, vs. B. A. Worthington, receiver, &c.—Reassigned for argument on Monday, Feb. 19, 1912.

820—The United States, appellant, vs. The Union Pacific Railroad Company et al.—Reassigned for argument on Monday, Feb. 19, 1912.

121—Southern Pacific Railroad Company et al., appellants, vs. The United States; 128—The United States, appellant, vs. The Southern Pacific Railroad Company et al., and 129—The Southern Pacific Railroad Company et al., appellants, vs. The United States.—Passed, to be restored.

508—Mary C. Leary, administratrix, &c., appellant, vs. The United States.—Motion to affirm submitted for the appellees.

879—The Inter-State Commerce Commission et al., appellants, vs. Goodrich Transit Company; 880—The Inter-State Commerce Commission et al., appellants, vs. Goodrich Transit Company; 881—The United States et al., appellants, vs. White Star Line, and 882—The United States et al., appellants, vs. White Star Line.—Motion to advance submitted.

883—The United States et al., appellants, vs. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company et al., and 884—The United States et al., appellants, vs. The Union Pacific Railroad Company et al.—Motion to advance submitted.

306—C. L. Van Cise, appellant, vs. Ibex Mining Company.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for the appellee.

250—City Bank and Trust Company, Trustee, petitioner, vs. F. W. Williams et al.—Writ of certiorari submitted.

886—Jacob Maki, as administrator, &c., petitioner, vs. The Union Pacific Coal Company.—Writ of certiorari submitted.

10—Original. Ex-parte. In the matter of the Merchants' Stock and Grain Company et al., petitioners.—Submitted.

98—Rock Island Plow Company, appellant, vs. W. J. Reardon, Trustee.—Submitted.

86—J. R. Treat, as Treasurer, &c. et al., appellants, vs. Grand Canyon Railway Company.—Concluded for the appellants.

88—Gaar, Scott & Co., plaintiffs in error, vs. O. K. Shannon.—Argued.

89—Cosme Blanco Herrera et al., appellants, vs. The United States, and 90—Pascasio Diaz et al., appellants, vs. The United States.—Commenced.

The day call for Tuesday, Dec. 12: Nos. 89 (and 90,) 92, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 101, 102, and 106.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. Motions. 1—Airey v. Tug Wellington. 2—Metzgar v. Berlin. 3—Cornhill v. West India Co. 4—Tweedie Co v. Strong & Trainbridge. 5—Gould v. Electric Storage Battery Co. General calendar. 123—Neenan v. Otis Elev Co. 106—Primeau v. Granfield. 121—Wertheimer v. Batcheller Import Co. 127—Matter of Brown. 128—Davids Co v. Davids. 129—Matter of Daly & Schaefer. 99—U S v. Pierce. 100—U S v. Billings. 104—U S v. Pierce. 105—U S v. Bennett. 109—U S v. Goelet. 110—U S v. Billings. 116—U S v. Bennett. 117—U S v. Goelet. 83—Reichert v. L I R R. 98—Internat Merc Marine Co v. U S. 96—Winston v. Croton Falls Const Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Martin, J. Court opens in Room 47, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. 54—Internat Trust Co v. Haverhill. 60—Felmann v. Haney. 72—Ronnlund v. Hoving.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J. Jury calendar. 198—Huff v. N Y, N H & H R R. 77—Kuhule v. Sullivan. 80—Orbach v. E R R. 164—Daub v. Hill Dryer Co. 30—U S v. Herbst. 44—Ippolito v. Village of Haverstraw. 4—Miller v. Penn R R. 78—Museum of Fine Arts v. Stannard. 36—Margusee v. Hartford F I Co. 126—Bralmann v. N Y, N H & H R R. 5—Meriden Coal M Co v. Skeele Coal Co. 193—Drabney v. Lukens I & S Co. 52—Brown v. City of N Y. 55—Kuh & Valk v. L V R R. 79—Siebeck v. Oregon Short Line. 99—Laison v. Int R T Co. 111—O'Connor v. Westinghouse. 114—U S v. Jeming. 117—U S v. Gunnison. 184—U S v. N Y & Porto Rico S S Co. 25—Rosenfeld v. Reis. 28—Hamilton v. Selig. 9—Harper v. Kalem. 58—Smith v. N Y, N H & H R R.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Dowling, JJ. 271—Oberndorf v. Farmers Loan & Trust Co. 272—Dudley v. Raymond. 273—McDonnell v. McConville. 280—Geary v. Persian Rug Mfg Co. 279—Finlay v. Fyans. 268—Clarke v. Schmidt. 175—Lauer v. Fred'k Hollender & Co. 258 Florea v. Kramer. 265—Wallace Evans v. Baker. 270—Bigbee v. Overstreet. 286—Rosenthal v. Rubin. 288—Mullner v. Hammerstein. 289—City N Y v. Foster. 290—Levine v. Foundation Co. 291—Parks v. Natl Park Bank.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—Part I.—Ford, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Taylor v. Taylor. 2, 3—Powers v. Catholic News Pub Co. 4—Sloninisky v. B'klyn, Q Co & Sub R R. 5—Solomon v. B'klyn Heights R R. 6—Barrett v. Whitney. 7—Rosaro v. B'klyn Heights R R. 8—O'Dair v. Miller. 9—Langin v. Eagle Pencil Co. 10—In re Matthews. 11—Dawborn v. Board. 12—Pikulin v. Davis. 13—Kelly v. Holophane Glass Co. 14—Keator v. Moss. 15—Hutt v. Hutt. 16—Powell v. Powell. 17—Britton v. Am Press Assn. 18—Davidson v. Kaufmann. 19—Foye-Fox Co v. Ferguson. 20—Koblinsky v. Koblinsky. 21—Childs v. Childs. 22—Burt v. King. 23—In re Wells Fargo & Cas Bank. 24—Maxwell v. McCall Co. 25—Hart v. Borkstrom. 26—Horowitz v. Taylor. 27—Rosenheim v. Hermalgus Realty Co. 28—Zang v. Siegwalt. 29—Lonergan v. Met Opera Co. 30—Kammer v. Liberty Brew Co. 31—Wikolit v. Wall. 32—Samson v. Herny & Co. 33—Clement v. Brackett. 34—In re Williams. 35—Peace-Dale Mfg Co v. Royalton Woolen Co. 36—Peerless Patten Co v. Pictorial Review Co. 37—Hearn v. Schuchman. 38—In re Windolph. 39—Anner v. Gordon. 40—Beskowitz v. B'klyn R T. 41—Pfeifer v. B'klyn Heights Co. 42—D'Onofrio v. Roman Bene Socy. 43—Craven v. Eccentric Assn. 44—Caracena v. Caracena. 45—Newman v. N Y Metal Ceiling Co. 46—Alexander v. Gear. 47—Nash v. Boyd. 48—Gabel v. Bartelstone. 49—Cowen v. Cohen. 50—Hirsh v. Petro Realty Co. 51—Herzig v. Herzig. 52—German Savings Bank v. Hermalgus Realty Co. 53—Co-op Steam Laundry Assn v. Blankman. 54—Staller v. Krulewitch. 55—Brandwine v. Brandwine. 56—Taylor v. Taylor. 57—Hoffman v. Miller. 58—Cromwell v. Stearns. 59—McKee v. Thomas. 60—Parmenteer v. Wenninger. 61—Windsor Trust Co v. Boross. 62—Weil v. Criscuolo. 63—C Buek Const Co v. Fischel Const Co. 64—Mallouk v. Newtown Const Co. 65—Pollak v. Barnes. 66—Berndt v. Wendover Bronx Co. 67—Barachick v. Ritter. 68—McNulty v. N Y C & H R R R. 69—In re Sussens. 70—City of N Y v. Mahoney. 71—People v. P V Rovninek & Co. 72—In re Anderson. 73—Goldner v. S C A A. 74—Anderson v. Holbrook, Cabat & Rollins. 75—Crawford v. Crawford. 76—Williams v. Williams Eng & Cont Co. 77—Sheldon v. Sheldon. 78—Callery v. Segraimes. 79—In re Robinson. 80—Friedman v. Katz. 81—Hamet v. Landeker. 82—Excelsior Brew. Co v. Farley. 83—Bender v. Morris. 84—Williams v. Williams Eng & Cont Co. 85—Donahue v. Donahue. 86—Italian Savings Bank v. De Angelis. 87—Carroll v. Woodbury. 88—Kaplan v. Mendetz. 89—Locomobile Co of Am v. Montgomery. 90—O'Beirne v. McMankow. 91, 92, 93—Bracken v. Toland. 94—Donahue v. Melvin Stable Co. 95—In re Mechanic v. Goldberg Co. 96—In re Marquand. 97—Foster v. Walt. 98—In re Abberley.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Davis, J. Motions. Demurrers. 294, 295—Garrison v. Star Co. Preferred cases. 4039—Licht v. Licht. 4303—Levine v. Banard. General calendar. 2100—Humpfner v. Humpfner. 3392—Faulhaber v. Faulhaber. 433—Norment v. Wittman. 713—Bracco v. Hart. 2905—Benguiat v. Benguiat. 2828½—Plaia v. Plaia. 3804—McGinty v. McGinty. 3300—Druker v. Man Ry Co. 2989—Wilson v. Utica & Black River R R. 3143—Schnurer v. Althoff. 3350—Reis v. Reis. 1956—Adams v. Adams. 3335—Goldberg v. Levine. 3360—Paisley v. Mason. 1680—Johns v. Crane. 2666—Heil v. Meiszahl. 1661—Wilson v. Emanuel. 1538—Kessner v. Alcazar Realty Co. 1588—Benjamins v. Benjamins.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Blanchard, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—Emory M. Rogers, (2.) 2—George H. Laporte, (2.) 3—Domenico Lamorate. 4—William Horan. 5—Samuel Clukow. 6—John Conolly.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Marcus, J.—(Criminal Term.) Trial calendar. 1—Ethel Conrad.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Erlanger, J. Inquest. 5696—Bryan v. Bryan. Inquest. 5631—Thurston v. Vermilye. 5377—Kemmerer v. Verdi. 4092—Nadler v. Nadler. 5144—Nineteenth Ward Bank v. Carnegie Trust Co. 5145—Nineteenth Ward Bank v. Carnegie Trust Co. 3155—Alaska Banking & Safe Deposit Co v. Van Wyck. 5664—Sealy v. Foote. 5571—Heckelsen v. Heineman. 4829—Louise & Co v. Cameron. 4921—Hedges v. Derland. 4570—Fryer v. Enterprise Coal Co. 5576—Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co v. Tesla. 5634, 5635—Mayer v. Geer. 5523—Schecker v. Dunster. 5694—Montross v. Montross. 5663—Reiblich v. Waldo.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Hendrick, J. 478—Weinstein v. Interborough R T Co. 494—Goldstein v. B'klyn Union Elev R R. 509—O'Connor v. N Y City Int Ry. 514—Sleeper v. Joline. 1321—Brennan v. Interborough R. T. Co. 1210—Cohen v. L I R R. 1211—Simon v. L I R R. 269—Burnett v. B'klyn Heights R R. 437—Ellinan v. Linch. 512—Hoke v. Int. R T Co. 524—Bolnap v. Whitridge. 527—Guinan v. same. 547—Luttinger v. Linch. 578—Oxenhander v. Joline. 579—Bodine v. Long Island El Ry. 595—Goldsmith v. Whitridge. 596—Graziana v. Int R T Co. 611—Boice v. Coney Island, &c, R R. 620—O'Donnell v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Goff, J. Inquest. 2804—Supraner v. Wesner. Inquest. 2787—Weinstein v. Horn. 2216—Higgins v. Old Dominion S S Co. 1188—Powell v. German Art Weaving Co. 175—Davidson v. Met Bridge and Const Co. 3020—Julian v. N Y Times Co. 2915—Allman v. Keidanz. 2568—S. Joseph v. City of N Y. 2566—I. Joseph v. same. 2321—Ohmeis v. Keller. 2322—Ludorff v. same. 2323—Schoder v. same. 2437—Am Bottlers' Pub Co v. same. 2855—Bruno v. Rodgers. 2888—Lang v. Post & McCord. 2649—McGoff v. Schlomowitz. 2960—Vigharolo v. Jopfer. 1420—Applegate v. Wanamaker. 2997—Mooney v. Smith. 2514—Markowitz v. Tanner Souvenir Co. 2743—Harley v. Jacobson. 2963—Gunderson v. Paul. 2703—Reinle v. Piercy. 2990—Walsh v. Sophran. 2704, 2989—McHale v. Katz. 2439—Nixon v. McIndoe. 2957—C A Schieren Co v. Chas Britton Trucking Co. 3338—Ritkovitch v. National Ice Co. 3347—Skurka v. Roth. 3351—Kelly v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3371, 3372—Hume v. N Y Eve Journal Pub Co. 3422—Gillio v. Downtown Assn. 3454—Duranto v. Henry Elias Brew Co. 3581—Reilly v. Fleck. 3008—Althouse v. Nevada-Utah Mines & S Corp. 3007—Same v. Caughey. 3022—Kiesel v. Hamburg & American Line. 3024—Rooney v. Hessen. 3034—Metzger v. Whitney. 3036—Walsh v. E E Paul Co. 3038—Taylor v. Klein. 3043—Zwan v. Anger. 3044—Zwan v. same. 3046—Carter v. Waldorf Realty Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Platzek, J. 3717—Codae Realty Co. v. Tuscan Const Co. 5361—Lithauer v. Carnegie Trust Co. 3424—Sellen v. McGowan. 3090—H. J. Kohler Sporting Goods Co v. Everett-Metzger-Flanders Co. 3550—McCulloch v. North British and Merc Ins Co. 3749—M. Morgenthau, Jr, v. Friedlander. 3364—Goldstein v. Mendelsohn. 3738—Pictorial Review Co v. Mack. 2209—Lindheim v. Varick Securities Co. 3433—Beaven v. White. 810—Adams v. Indelli. 3401—Mehrbach v. J. J. White Mfg Co. 3420—Klein v. American Bonding Co of Baltimore. 3423—Strawson v. Macy, Jr. 3482—Page v. Lichstone. 3767—Ingber v. Garda. 2245—Minzesheimer v. De Mauriac. 2152—Peter Conley Mfg Co v. Snare & Triest Co. 3414—Clark v. Wendell. 2502—Leidesdorf v. Zinn. 3404—Mason v. Fromme. 1764—Korn v. Freedlander. 3461—McDonald v. Blake. 3493—White v. Imp Prop Holding Co. 3671—14th St Bank v. Block. 3514—O'Beirne v. McMahon. 2636—Trainor v. City of N Y. 233—Perley v. Williams. 1163—Jamieson v. City of N Y. 3158—McCrea v. Arrowsmith. 2135—Hamburger v. Blair. 2136—Adams v. same. 3152—Southerland v. Lund. 2000½—Manning v. Sellig. 2693—Simpson v. Sherman Nat Bk. 1587—Farber v. Lowenfeld. 1817—Belt v. Hartman. 113—Patterson v. Woodruff. 1981—Katcher v. Lawrence. 3171—Bacon v. Wannesvitch. 4624—Jones v. Gould. 1268—Tooker v. Reynolds. 3188—Sire v. Odell. 3219—European-Am Bank v. McCaffrey Water Motor and Power Co. 3078—Navarre Hotel Imp Co v. American Appraisal Co. 662—Franco v. Radt. 3219—Gorham Co v. United Eng & Con Co. 3163—Guttag v. Kossner. 2989—Hooley v. Talcott. 4261—Farley v. Archibald. 744—Am Exch Nat Bank v. Stanley. 5068—Farley v. Ill Surety Co. 5069—Same v. Am Bonding Co. 3156—Amend v. Seidt. 949—Castriatis v. Hellenic Trans Steam Nav Co. 5479—Stein v. Mendetz. 2042—Pakas v. Hurley. 3405—Gerstel v. Rosenblatt. 158—Scheffmeyer v. Penn, N Y & L I R R. 159—Lyons v. same. 160—Reipschlager v. same. 236—Swift v. same. 237—Lowenstein v. same. 3359—Menard v. Superior Mfg Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Motion calendar: James Carr, William H. Newman, Eloise A. Sickels, Katherine L. Drummond, John J. Dempsey, Helene Schreiber, Giuseppe Moscolino, Louis Felix, Anthony O'Donnell, Moe Schwartz, Harriet S. Huntington, Wolf Kronethal, Fred Damm, Margaret Gillis, Henrietta Davis, Edmund L. Cocks, Jacob Schlosberg, Margarethe Knaus, William W. Lesem, J. Edward Ackley, John White, August Lachenmeyer, Theodore Mundorff, Benjamin F. Trumpy, Helene McD. Stallo, Ellen E. Driscoll, Kristine Ihmanni, &c., Henry G. Eilshemius, Abram Beekman, Ader J. Shaw, Lizzie Kidd, Alfred A. Freeman, Thomas W. Hill, Mary Bernstein, &c., Joseph Christ, Neilson Burgess, Clara S. Laimbeer, Amelie Nouvel, John G. Jaus, John S. Sutphen, James Bryan, Susan B. Nelson, Josephine Elsberg, Morris Forst, Eugene L. Katzenmayer, Sarah J. Walford, Edward McRoberts, Catherine E. Wright, Phebe Pearsall, Charles T. Reynolds, Octavie Beaupland, Edward C. Oppenheim, Sarah R. Morse, Beatrice Dunham, Theodore A. Havemeyer, Bridget McHugh, Marie M. Owsley. Issue of fact—Williemene B. Townsend. Wills for probate—Dora Peters, John Eterick, Catherine Burns, Siegfried Levy, Laurence Neufar, Mary E. Robert, Margaret Doyle, Benjamin F. Mahler, Edward Metz, Louisa M. Smith, William H. Russell, Frank Victorin, John W. Fraley, Alexander V. Blake, Anna Bfortull, Augusta A. Mosenthal.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Contested wills: 2841—Owen Gallagher. 2885—John Nolane. 2888—Annie F. Foley. 2891—Margaret Burke.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Smith, J.; Part II., Donnelly, J.; Part III., Schmuck, J.; Part V., O'Dwyer, J.; Part VI., Le Fetra, J.; Part VII., Finelite, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J.—Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III. Room at 9:45 A. M. 4923—Bregman, Rosenberg & Ratner Co v. Fleischman Bros Co. 4760—Moser v. Legniti. 4761—Same v. same. 4827—Daly v. N Y White Cross Milk Co. 7960½—Dunn v. New Amsterdam Casualty Co. 4871—Goodman v. Tersuhow. 4955—Neustadt v. Int R T Co. 4956—Brodsky v. Scharf. 4778—Levis v. Int R T Co. 4106—Donnelly v. New York Produce Exchange Bank. 4290—Greenfield v. Herman. 4273—Larnorte v. Cuff. 4832—Harris v. Hollstein. 4957—Kaplik v. Unlfelder. 4960—Bellin v. Gulman. 4962—Shain v. Uris. 4963—Sutherland v. Schaaf. 4968—Applegate v. Walsh & Hartwig. 4969—Carvo v. Wanamaker. 4970—Marotta v. Guerino. 4972—Kaplinsky v. Joline. 4974—Berman v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co. 4977—Hartman v. Secor. 4982—Siroli v. Cigarde. 4985—Kleiner v. N Y Taxicab Co. 4986—Back v. Korn. 4988—Perry v. Swan. 4989—Weintraub v. Becker. 4990—Cohen v. Joline. 4992—Leichman v. Hurtig. 4997, 4998—Tandet v. Greenbaum. 4999—Garlick v. Consolidated Gas Co. 5000—Newman v. Nat Surety Co. 5002—Cartier v. N Y Livery & Auto Co. 5004—Badnarcyzk v. Stanley & Gollick Co. 5005—Pompinelli v. N Y Taxi Cab Co. 5006—Brady, Adler & Koch Co v. Dent. 5007—Bongiorno v. Joline. 5010—Fitzpatrick v. Int R T Co. 5011—Ryan v. Burns Bros.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Lynch, J. 3770—Blumberg v. Schick. 3777—Perlman v. Levy. 3685—Foellner v. Bock. 3563—Kissinger v. Weiscept. 3591—Ellison Const Co v. Nagle. 3752—Cohen v. Herrstadt. 3463—Owen v. Barry. 3722—Bock v. O'Brien. 3600—Knickerbocker Silk Co v. Lowenstein. 3577—Schwartz v. Franklin. 3625—MacLean v. Gavigan. 3730—Godick v. Bass. 3725—Wasserman v. Doebler. 3626—Plowman v. Gavigan. 3736—Isaacs v. Moll. 3737—Cherr v. Buxbaum. 3742—Regenstreich v. Abramowitz.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Johnson v. Knapp—James Kearney.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. Mulhall v. Mulhall—Percy King.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Henry De F Weeks v. Agnes R Brown—James J Golden. Philip Liberman v. Aaron Grantz—Hy Myers. William F Patterson v. Mary E Moffat—Henry Brady.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Abraham Shaftel v. Harry T. Glick—Lazarus Goldstone.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J. Int R T Co v. City Island R R—Bion L. Burrowe. Same v. Pelham Park R R—Bion L. Burrowe.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. 1668—Zeikus (demurrer) v. Florida East Coast R Co. 1331—Cicala v. Schwenk Realty Co. 1440—Patten v. Patten. 1429—Lopardo v. Tolve. 1654—Dreyer v. Reisman. 1398—Saunderson v. Lieberman. 1371—Fielding v. Firth. 850—Gilmartin v. Gilmartin. 994—People ex rel Gerrish v. Purdy, Comr. 1431—Sargent & Co v. Demarest. 1497—Maneely v. Maneely. 1498—Rosen v. Reaven. 1490—Gainsburg v. Miller. 1501—Butcher v. Fixler. 1502—Macaulay v. Finn. 1503—Hanschild v. Hanschild. 1505—Ott v. Simon. 1506—Trupiano v. Trupiano. 1508—Luff v. Guck. 1509—Cox v. Cox. 1510—Domscke v. Domscke. 1447—Lafrance v. Leeds. 1441—Bossert v. Le Shen Realty Co. 1399—Hershfield v. Posner. Highest number reached on the regular call, 1512.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part III., Garretson, J.; Part IV., Kelly, J.; Part V., Putnam, J.; Part VI., Crane, J.; Part VII., Marean, J. 5163—Honeyman v. Gear. 5511—Nitchman v. B H R R. 2728—Tumulty v. German Hospital. 2139, 2142—Rothenberg v. Nassau R R. 1053—Weirslavowitz v. Kronrot. 1844—La Gratto v. Becker. 1324—Gabler v. Blyn & Sons. 1542—Farber v. Freeman. 2387—Carlson v. McLeer Mfg Co. 1003—Connolly v. Nassau R R. 5523—Quinby v. Griffin's White Shoe Co. 2735—Rumetsch v. Wanamaker. 2738—Halpin v. Robins Co. 2740—Campbell v. City of N Y. 2743—Sullivan v. Carlin. 2694—Schoffel v. Int R T. 1413—Game v. Brooklyn Elev R R. 2751—Gettens v. Fargo. 2752—Tattan v. Nassau R R. 2758—Eagan v. Higgins. 2759—Lee v. Brooklyn Union Pub Co. 2762—Kerstein v. Huschle. 2763—Leaver v. B H R R. 2764—Meyers v. Nassau R R. 2765—Haimowitz v. same. 2769—Klein v. same. 2770—Gootman v. same. 2772—McNab v. Int R T. 2775—Hurrell v. Hurrell. 2777—Miller v. City of N Y. 637—Kist v. Haan. 1625—McKinley v. B H R R. 2302—Feldman v. same. 2779—Weiss v. Lemkin. 2780—Sisto v. Int R T. 2782—Montrose v. Baggott. 2790—Slack v. Queens Engineering Co. 2793—Flanagan v. Hotel Walton.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 2794—Eagan v. Prudential Ins Co. 2799—McElrath v. Nassau R R. 2803—Shapiro v. B H R R. 2810—Nittel v. Knipe. 2815—Condon v. B H R R. 4940—Marciano v. Catalona. 5921—Swenson v. Otis Elevator Co et al. 4663—Pistreich v. Hasbrouck Piano Co. 1290—Morris v. Heatte. 2703—Feistel v. Valentine & Co. 1345—Herman v. Krajeroski Pesant Co. 2727—Gray v. B H R R. 2110—Jackson v. Harway Improvement Co. 2098—Sandak v. B H R R. 1271—Wafrofski v. American Ice Co. 1665—Loonee's v. B H R R. 2515—Guller v. Coney I & B R R. 5524—Bender v. Cody. 2646-2647—Fay v. Nassau R R. 1691—Santoro v. Frye. 1396-1473—Osborne v. Ettelson. 1511—Wallis v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 5844—Stern v. Owens. 5834—Katz v. Felice. 2279-2283—Dyke v. Nassau R R. 1948—Dillon v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 2472—Rilander v. Cordes. 2418—Blum v. Elder. 2817—Morel, Jr v. O'Connor. 2819—Levison v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2823—Blessington v. City of New York. 2825—Collins v. N Y C & H R R Co. 2826—Dieckman v. Coney I & B R R. 2827—McFarland v. Duryee. 2828—Brown v. American Ry Traffic Co. 2840—Malone v. B H R R. 2842—Bennett v. Buhre. 2843—Brown v. Star Co. 2844—Reilly v. Abraham et al. 2845—Mugno v. Nassau R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 2845.

COUNTY COURT—Part III., Niemann, J.; Part IV., Ferris, J.. 952—Lichtenberg v. Bush Terminal Co. 1116—Horowitz v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 1132-33—Bassett v. Hurting. 985—Halett v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 1066—Christensen v. Bklyn Un Elev R R Co. 1073—McGee v. Felter. 1141—Greene v. B R R Co. 914—Struss v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 1020—Okoshken v. B H R R Co. 1120—Watson v. same. 1156—Brady v. same. 1159—Taylor v. Eichler Brewing Co. 1162—Ruether v. Kaiser.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 1168—Meyer v. Smith. 1171—Collins v. B H R R Co. 1172—Standard Store Supplies Co v. Abendroth Bros. 1173—Noonan v. McPartland. 1174—Wolf v. Bklyn, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 1191—Ferris v. Maher. 1193—Carson v. McLean. 1194—Shick v. Saunders. 1195—Weisensee v. Santor. 1196—The Oliver Typewriter Co v. Shapiro. 1197—Neely v. Notman. 1215—Leghorn v. Stellwagon. 1216—Guggenheim v. Brush. 1217—Wilkins v. B H R R Co. 1218—De Cantillion v. Hynes.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. The remainder of the Civil Calendar has gone over to the January Term. The Criminal Term will start today. People v. Lee Franklin. People v. Emil Beyer. People v. Peter Gargano. People v. Louis Labis. People v. Harold Cunningham. People v. Rose Forte. People v. John Guky.

SUPREME COURT—Part I.—Keogh, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J. 172—Horan v. Rockland Light & Power Co. 137—Rizzutti v. N Y Suburbs Co. 176—Travers v. Knauff. 180—Morrow v. City of New Rochelle. ...—Gironda v. New Rochelle Trust. ...—Klenzowovits v. Ausbacher. 596—Buckley v. Northern Westchester Lighting Co. 31—Marsh v. City of Yonkers. 34—Fuer v. Sutherland, as receiver. 44—Vignor v. McCafferty Co. 59—Kisler v. McNenny. 62—Lindheimer v. Receivers Yonkers Ice Co. 99—Hanley v. Yonkers Catholic News Co. 347—Hanley v. Yonkers Daily Herald Pub Co. 327—Neredick v. Merritt & Gilbert Cons Co. 56—Ryan v. N Y & Westchester Town Site Co.

The following cases, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 181—Purchia v. German Real Estate Co. 524—Ogleby v. Cunneen. 184—Bepp v. Morris, Inc. 13—Steur v. Young, as receiver. 186—Mt Vernon National Bank v. Holloway. 187—Goldman v. Verlangier. 188—Hicks v. Hearn. 189—Hicks v. Hearn. 190—Sherwood v. Palmer. 191—Otranto v. Montilione. 192—Schmitt v. Spinell. 193—Bates v. Zinsse. 194—Irvine v. Fowler. 195—Cunneon v. City of New Rochelle. 196—Noos v. Schoenberg. 197—Shaeffel v. Hastings. 148—Shea v. Wernburgh Paper Co. 202—McCord v. Tompkins. 203—Kinderwetter v. Interborough Taxicab Co. 204—Mulcahy v. Federal Sugar Refining Co. 205—Sworting v. O'Brien. 9—Bullock v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 149—McConville v. Stinard. 393—Kelly v. Bruce. 461—Dolen v. Town of Somers. ...—O'Connor v. N Y C & H R R R Co.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Aspinall, J.; Part II., Scudder, J. 381—De Angelis v. Somers. 443—Young v. B H R R Co. 448—Rosselle v. Bkn, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 397—McConnell v. Vogel. 398—Williams v. same. 399—Chapman v. same. 195—Kerler v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 262-263—Haring v. Bkn Hts R R Co. 433—Miller v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 434—Bohrer v. same. 435—Krenig v. same. 453—O'Keefe v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co. 459—Berkowitz v. L I Electric Ry et al. 338—McHale, an infant, v. Queal. No reserve calendar will be called until further notice.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 3432—People v. Clarence Donnelly. 3314—Same v. Samuel Levy. 3406—Same v. Leroy Spearing. 3408—Same v. William Gomez. 3409—Same v. Andrew Cause.

FIRE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Mitigation of Sentence—Fireman John F. Reilly, No. 2, Engine 204. Dismissed from the department to five days' fine; also assigned to Engine 9.

To Report to Medical Board—Probationary Firemen Otto E. Klein, Engine 27, and John S. Dennin, Engine 18.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—First Lieut. F. H. Burr, Seventh Infantry, on expiration leave of absence, will report at Fort Leavenworth, pending arrival of Seventh Infantry, when he will join that regiment.

Major H. Hall, Twelfth Infantry, to Fort Leavenworth, not later than Jan. 5, for special course in tactics.

Major A. M. Edwards, Commissary, retirement from active service announced.

Major F. G. Mauldin, Inspector General, will sail from San Francisco on Jan. 5 for Manila.

Major W. A. Holbrook, Eighth Cavalry, detailed to Quartermaster's Department, vice Major L. Hardeman, who is assigned to Eleventh Cavalry, vice Major A. Gray, Eleventh Cavalry.

Capt. G. L. Johnson, Sixth Infantry, from this city and join his regiment.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander H. G. Sparrow to the North Dakota as navigator.

Lieut. J. E. Pond to command the Lawrence.

Ensign H. G. Donald to reserve torpedo divisions, Charleston, S. C.

Ensign H. Ingram to the Tacoma.

Capt. J. F. Parker, retired, died at New York Dec. 8.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Arethusa at Charleston, Ohio at Philadelphia, North Dakota and Louisiana at navy yard, New York; Whipple, Hopkins, Hull, Truxtun, Paul Jones, Stewart, Farragut, Lawrence, and Rowan at Mare Island.

Sailed—Yorktown, from San Jose de Guatemala for Ampala; Utah, from Hampton Roads for Pensacola; Colorado, from Honolulu for Hilo, Hawaii; Drayton, McCall, Paulding, Terry, Perkins, Mayrant, Sterett, Warrington, and Burrows, from navy yard, New York, for Charleston; Villalobos, from Changsha for Yochow; Washington and North Carolina, from Santo Domingo City for Hampton Roads; Petrel, from Key West for Pensacola.

Opportunities

There is opportunity for employment for those who read the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times each day.

The Help Wanted columns of The Times hold many chances for employes—they are the connecting link—the means of introducing many workers and employers.

The habit of reading the Help Wanted advertisements has resulted in the betterment of many positions.

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will be made on the following apartments:—

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NR. COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.
Quiet, residential neighborhood.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
5 and 7 Rooms, Bath, and 2 Toilets.
Rent $35 to $65 per month.

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(Fireproof)
312 West 109th St.,
ADJACENT TO RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
3, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $62.50 to $83.33 per month.

The Cragsmoor,
419 West 115th St.,
NR. MORNINGSIDE AV. W.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
4, 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $45 to $70 per month.

The Garfield,
200 Claremont Av.
CORNER 127TH ST.,
near Grant's Tomb.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
One block from Subway station.
6 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $50 to $65 per month.

Palisade Court,
NORTHWEST CORNER
Broadway & 139th St.,
Two blocks from Subway station.
Near Riverside Drive.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $60 to $75 per month.

The Portland,
612 West 115th St.,
Bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
6 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $55 to $75 per month.

Braisted, Goodman & Hershfield
2,901 Broadway, Cor. 113th St. Tel. 7920 Morningside.

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THE SCHERMERHORN
Madison Ave. (whole block) 82d to 83d Sts.
Close to the 5th Ave. residential section, the building adjoins private dwellings, so that the view of city and Park is unobstructed.
Suites Contain 8 and 9 Rooms
With 3 baths, large rooms and closets. Most complete water filtering system in the city.
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ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, Dec. 13th, 1911,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
50 shs. Home Insurance Co.
1 share Clinton Hall Association.
15 shs. Forked River Cranberry Asso.
1,500 shs. Small Hopes Cons. Mining Co.
292 shs. Miltmore Car Axle Co.
10 shs. Yorkville Bank.

BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATORS.
20 shs. E. S. Burnham Co. Prefd.
10 shs. Metropolitan Street R'way.

FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
5 shs. Williamsburgh City Fire Ins. Co.
20 shs. Pacific Fire Ins. Co.
20 shs. Greenwich Ins. Co.
29 shs. United States Fire Ins. Co.
15 shs. Christopher & 10th St. R. R. Co.
10 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
30 shs. First National Bank of Jamaica.
50 shs. Lincoln Trust Co.
200 shs. Chatham & Phoenix Natl. Bank.
$5,000 Greeley Square Realty Co. 5s, 1931.
$1,000 Indiana Northern Traction Co. 1st 5s, 1933.
$1,000 Columbia & St. Louis R. R. 1st 4s, 1942.
$6,000 Huntingdon & Broad Top Mtn. R. R. & Coal Co. Cons. 5s, 1925.
52 shs. Compania Metalurgica Mexicana.
61 shs. Compania Metalurgica Mexicana Pfd.
100 shs. Compania Metalurgica Mexicana Guar. 2d Pfd.
$2,000 Recometre Co. of Am. 6 p.c. Bds., 1919.
250 shs. Hocking Valley Products Co. V. T. C.
$5,000 Hocking Valley Products Co. 1st 5s, 1961.
$2,000 Little Rock Junction R. R. 1st 7s, 1914.
50 shs. American Chicle Co. common.
50 shs. Battery Park Natl. Bank.
100 shs. United States Motor Co. common.
8 shs. United States Casualty Co.
10 shs. American Soda Fountain Co. 2d pfd.
$50,000 Zeltner Brewing Co. 6 p. c. Gold Bds., due 1930.

OVER 2,500
OVERCOATS and SUITS
At Peremptory Auction Sale,
To-day, Tuesday, Dec. 12th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M.
in our Wholesale Auction Department, (by order and for account of whom it may concern,) comprising the entire balance of this season's production of a prominent Broadway firm whose name appears on every garment. This offering includes the finest hand-tailored Overcoats and Suits, and the manufacturers' label is sufficient guarantee of superiority of manufacture. This assortment contains almost every novelty in worsteds and cassimeres, kerseys and meltons of this season's designs.
An unrivaled opportunity is here presented to fill in for special holiday sales.
Terms: 60 days' approved notes.
A. Schaap & Sons, Auctioneers, 894 Broadway, N. Y.
Tel. 2953-2954 Franklin. Catalogues at sale.

AUCTION SALE.
Peremptory and absolutely without reserve, consigned stock of Daly & Schaefer, Inc., consisting of high-class imported and domestic silks, laces, trimmings, dress goods and robes, on December 18th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at 8 West 36th Street.
James Talcott, Mercantile Banker, New York City.

SCHOOLS.

New York—Manhattan.

HOGE
Tutoring School
ALBERT A. HOGE, Prin., 248 West 76th St.
OFFICE HOURS: 9:30 to 12:00 A.M., 1:30 to 4:00 P.M.
"A different kind of school." The reputation of this school has been built, not only upon its *unusual* ability to put boys in college, but also upon their general success while in college. All the benefits of individual instruction and personal influence of the private tutor, and also the advantages of school life, athletics, laboratories and gymnasium of the organized schools. Not being confined to a single tutor, but having individual instruction in each branch from a specialist and master of that branch, the student learns both rapidly and thoroughly. Write for catalogue.

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Bright pupils not retarded and backward pupils not embarrassed or discouraged by classes. Pupils cover thoroughly 2 and 3 years' work in one. Lessons at home or school. Finely equipped laboratories.

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Personal Training for Offices and Secretaryships.

Wanted—Ideas or writings of comedy, dramatic, vaudeville sketches, plays, lyric music, &c.; can also place a few amateur performers, both sexes. N. Y. W. A., 163 East 125th St.

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WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
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GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.
BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held November 29, 1911, the following petition was received:

TO THE BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT:

THE BRONX TRACTION COMPANY, a street surface railroad company, hereby applied for the consent of the City of New York to the construction and operation of a double track extension of its road on the following route in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York:

Commencing at the present terminus of its road at Westchester Square, in the Village of Westchester, Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, extending with double tracks in, upon, and along the surface of Westchester Avenue to the intersection of said avenue with the Eastern Boulevard or Pelham Bay Park, also situated in said Borough of the Bronx, City of New York.

The proposed extension is to be operated by an overhead current of electricity, and will connect the Company's lines now terminating at Westchester Square with the Pelham Bay Park, thus affording a new line of transportation to the Park from the Southern and Western portions of the Borough of the Bronx.

Dated November 24, 1911.

[Seal.] BRONX TRACTION COMPANY,
By EDWARD A. MAHER, President.

City and County of New York, ss.:

EDWARD A. MAHER, being duly sworn, says that he is the President of the Bronx Traction Company, the petitioner herein. That he has read the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof and that the same is true to his knowledge, except as to those matters which are therein stated on information and belief, and as to such matters he verily believes it to be true. EDWARD A. MAHER.

Sworn to before me this 24th day of November, 1911. JAS. S. WILLIAMS,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

and the following resolutions were thereupon adopted:

Whereas, the foregoing petition from the Bronx Traction Company, dated November 24, 1911, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held November 29, 1911;

Resolved, that in pursuance of law this Board sets Thursday, the 21st day of December, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

Resolved, that the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least fourteen (14) days in two daily newspapers in the City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

The New York Press and The New York Times designated.

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.

New York, November 29, 1911.

To suffer the loss of valuables or a pet animal without using the broad publicity of the Lost columns of The New York Times is to neglect a real opportunity to recover.

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A reputation for many years for quiet comfort, good management and excellent cuisine, a reputation enhanced under its new management.

In the heart of New York's shopping and amusement districts; all the desirable features of modern hotel life; convenient to all lines of travel.

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A family hotel notable for a quiet air of domesticity and a homelike atmosphere.

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CLIFFORD M. LEWIS, Prop.

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Connecticut Avenue and De Sales Street.
Modern American Plan Hotel of Highest Standard, $3.00 per day upward.
HARRINGTON MILLS, Proprietor.

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AUGUSTA, GA.,
Opens December 14th. Why not spend your holidays there? Two fine 18-hole golf courses, beautiful club house, excellent driving and motoring, shooting, and all out door sports.
Address C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ELIZABETH S. C. SEAVEY, a Bankrupt.

Please take notice that Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, will sell at public auction, pursuant to order of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, on the 5th day of December, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of all of the interest of the said bankrupt in the estate of William H. Clement, deceased, under the will of the said William H. Clement, deceased, dated the 24th day of November, 1886, and thereafter and heretofore admitted to probate by the Probate Court of Warren County, Ohio.

For any further information apply to the attorney for the undersigned.

CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee,
165 Broadway, New York City.

HYRAM C. TODD, Attorney for Trustee, Town Hall, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

The above sale has been adjourned to Dec. 12th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., same place.

CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

The above sale adjourned to Dec. 18th at 10:30 A. M., same place.

CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

Machine shop of A. W. Johnson, (deceased,) manufacturer of beef slicing machines, 243 Burnet St., New Brunswick, N. J.—A. C. Clement, auctioneer, will sell Tuesday, Dec. 12th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., the entire shop of the above, all practically new tools of latest pattern, having been installed since 1910, consisting of the following: Fay & Scott screw-cutting lathes, Steptoe shaper with milling attachment, Barnes and other improved single and double spindle drills, emery grinders, American gas furnace, oil and water tempering tanks, high pressure blower, 7 H. P. Hudson gas engine, Buffalo electric forge, cutting shears, vises, anvils, and large quantity new small tools, pulleys, shafting, belting, hangers, direct connected electric double coffee grinder. Trains Penn. R. R. leave New York City 8:30 and 9:20 A. M.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ADOLPH ABRAHAMS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Dec. 12th, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 71 Fifth Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' collars, Ascot collars, stock collars, jabot, frills, taffetas, satins, gowns, lawns, laces, nets, trimmings, braids, embroideries, robes, curtains, portieres, fixtures, safe, desks, partitions, Bonnaz machines, chairs, lock hemstitch machine, fagoting machine, cutting machines, motors, shafting, tables, &c.

EDWARD D. PAGE, Receiver.

JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,790.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE L. KAUFMAN, doing business as the ELITE SUIT CO., alleged bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1911, a petition in bankruptcy was filed against the alleged bankrupt, and that the said alleged bankrupt has filed schedules of his property and a list of his creditors as required by law, which schedules may be examined at this office.

And you are further notified that after the alleged bankrupt has been examined in open court the said alleged bankrupt proposes to offer terms of composition to his creditors herein, and that a meeting of the creditors of the alleged bankrupt will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Special Master, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting. The alleged bankrupt proposes to offer to the creditors herein a composition of 25 cents, payable in cash.

Dated New York, December 11th, 1911.

PETER B. OLNEY, Special Master.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of OTTO WEINSTEIN and GEORGE PAUL, doing business under the firm name of PROGRESS NECKWEAR CO., bankrupts.—No. 14,748.

Notice is hereby given that Otto Weinstein and George Paul, doing business under the firm name of Progress Neckwear Co., bankrupts, have filed their petition dated October 16th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, December 11, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of OSCAR PACH, bankrupt.—No. 15,191.

Notice is hereby given that Oscar Pach, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 14th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 15, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, December 11, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of MAX WIESER, bankrupt.—No. 15,469.

Notice is hereby given that Max Wieser, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 6th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 22, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, December 11, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—JACOB TRUCHINSKY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Truchinsky, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 21, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 15, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, December 7, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JACOB WERMES, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Wermes, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 1st, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordeed to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 15th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Dec. 11, 1911.

Lost

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Elk's watch charm, Dec. 1, between Broad and Beaver Sts. and 145th Subway station, (Broadway;) an elk's tooth, gold mounted, with elk's head on mounting and set with small diamond; reward. F. H. Husted, 78 Broadway. Phone 244—Broad.

LOST.—Watch fob, Masonic charm, 32d degree, and gold locket, intitialed B. G., Monday morning, between 125th St. and 5th Av. and Subway to Times Square to 39th St. and Broadway. Barney Gerard, 1,402 Broadway.

LOST—Velvet bag containing memo. book, pair of gold lorgnettes and chains, lady's gold chase watch and silk fob, with gold slide monogram, "C. M. G.;" well rewarded. Buyers' Association of America, 69 5th Av.

LOST—Between 15th St. and Flatiron Building, New York City Training School for Nurses gold pin with owner's name on back and date. Reward if returned to Mrs. Post, 825 East 69th St.

LOST.—Saturday in 3d Av.-Broadway car, between 88th and 120th, silver mesh lady's hand bag with cards; name, address, and initials of owner; reward $5. Stationer, 2,387 Broadway.

LOST—Sunday, in Subway or Flatbush Av. trolley, between 125th St., Manhattan, and Farragut, Flatbush, lady's open face Tiffany watch; monogram "F. W. C.;" reward, $20. N 32 Times.

LOST—Lady's diamond and pearl ring, between 111th and 97th Sts., Broadway, Columbus Av., Wednesday evening; suitable reward if returned. Address M. L., advertising agency, 262 Grand St.

LOST—Three-diamond lady's ring, Tiffany setting, in or near Hotel Schuyler; liberal reward for ring or pawn ticket and no questions asked. Mme. Luez, 57 West 45th St., Hotel Schuyler.

LOST—Reward without questions for return of pawn ticket lady's Golay Laresche gold hunting case watch and chain, monogram "A. A. F.," in Jersey City. J. L. Kirk, 2 Rector St.

LOST.—Between 7:30 and 8 P. M., Saturday, from 79th St. Subway Station to 80th St. and Broadway, a mink scarf. Liberal reward if returned to Miss Stearn, 165 West 80th St.

LOST—Reward for return of gold watch, initials "J. A.," black ribbon fob, corner of 124th and Lenox Av., Friday night, or pawn ticket; no questions. 72 Morningside Av.

LOST.—Saturday, between 34th and 37th Sts., West, open-faced gold watch, covered with pearls and diamonds, with pin; reward Koppel, 158 West 34th St.

LOST.—Saturday evening in Palm Garden or at entrance, jewelled bracelet; suitable reward. Please communicate Miss Koenig, 237 7th St., city.

LOST.—In Subway, loose-leaf book, black grained leather covers; contains records of value to no one but loser. Reward. N 34 Times.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, hunting case, initials "B. M."; 116th St. to 125th, Morningside Av., Lexington, Dec. 6. May, 27 Morningside Av.

LOST—Dec. 11, Wanamaker's, fourth floor, about $50 in bills. Finder liberally rewarded. Mrs. Wilmerding, Life Building, 19 West 31st St.

LOST—Saturday, lady's gold open-face watch, (initials "F. E. M.,") and fob, between New York and Newark; reward. Write N 30 Times.

LOST—Subway or Broadway, 137th to 96th St. lady's fob, with watch, marked "R. J. C."; liberal reward. R. Clark, 243 West 55th St.

LOST—Left in hansom or dropped from same, new black point fox muff. $20 reward if returned to Mrs. K., 981 Madison Av.

LOST—Saturday evening, in Palm Garden or at its entrance, a jeweled bracelet; suitable reward. Mrs. S. Koenig, 237 7th St.

LOST.—Black near-seal scarf, on 28th St., near 4th Av., Sunday night. Address Mrs. Mock, 709 East 183d St.

LOST—Sunday, Central Park, Persian lamb boa; reward. Return Montgomery, 101 East 75th St.

LOST—Lady's heart-shaped locket and chain, monogram M. W. J.; reward. 3,304 Decatur Av.

LOST.—A red coral necklace, round beads; lost evening of Dec. 10; reward. K 107 Times.

LOST.—Gold brooch, set with small diamonds; $5 reward. A 145 Times.

REWARD will be furnished for silver cups won as trophies by Frank Hart and taken from 1,914 Broadway; no questions will be asked upon return of cups.

$200 REWARD,
no questions asked, for the return of black handbag, lost in street or Republic Theatre Nov. 22; contains gold mesh purse, vanity box, and blue and red unset stones. Miss Morton, Hotel Plaza.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

$25 REWARD for the return of Boston bull, lost 4 P. M. Saturday, Dec. 9, vicinity 6th Av. and 24th St.; white markings between eyes, on throat and feet; answers to Mike. Bordeau, 244 West 44th St.

LOST.—Saturday noon, between 64th and 48th, Boston bull terrier, female; License No. 6,027; white face, answers name of Ruby. Return to Denison, Harperley Hall, 1 West 64th St. Reward.

LOST.—Irish terrier dog; Williams, 48 East 49th, on collar. Five dollars reward for return to 48 East 49th St.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Dec. 10.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St. 2D AV. ELEVATED: Umbrella, bag, purse, book, letter, pillow, chisels. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, bag, purse, meshbag, eyeglasses, books, cards, gloves, slippers, underwear, shawl, corset, muff, metal. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Books, purses, meshbag, umbrella, gloves. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Book, umbrella, gloves. SUBWAY: Muff, umbrella, suit cases, satchel, bag, case, pin, ring, buttonhook, purse, meshbag, opera glasses, music, gloves, neckpiece, clothes, waist, overalls, shield, shears, stamp card, pipe, buttons.

FOUND, Dec. 10.—New PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. ON PULLMANS: Box and contents, hat, two umbrellas, cane, case pearl earring, keys, eyeglasses, tie clasp, eyeglasses, package, cup, tooth brush, paste, false hair, pocket knife, umbrellas, pair pajamas, rubbers, soap box, comb, blue prints, nightshirt, pocketbook, lady's rubbers, package, dressing slippers, shaving brush, comb, umbrella. ON TRAINS: Overcoat. LONG ISLAND DIVISION: Package, pair rubbers.

FOUND, Dec. 11.—BROOKLYN R. T. Apply 168 Montague St., Brooklyn. SURAFCE AND ELEVATED—Bundle of clothing, box of washers, wooden patterns, music book, black leather book, school books, locket, spectacle case, piece of lace, aprons, bankbook, rubbers, tin dipper, grips, handbags, pocketbooks, umbrellas, satchel, muff, roll of papers, gloves and keys, catalogue, roll of plans, fur collarette, box of underwear, new kid glove, schoolbook, metal bag, silver meshbag, kid gloves, handbags, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FONUD, Dec. 11—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at office of the Property Clerk, 240 Centre St.: Quantity envelopes, 1 ladies' bag, containing 2 handkerchiefs and 2 keys, 1 small purse, containing small amount of cash, 1 purse, containing small amount cash, 1 ladies' hat, 1 pair gloves, 1 veil, 1 leather hand bag, 1 purse, pair scissors, 1 handkerchief, cash, keys, etc. Received at 269 State St., Brooklyn: 4 foreign coins, 1 pair crutches, 1 steam gauge.

FOUND, Dec. 10.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Hat, book, pair gloves, leather case, handbag, satchel, umbrella, package of photographs, pair shoes, package containing trousers, bottle. Dec. 11: Notebook, package, laundry, cap, pair trousers, pair rubbers, umbrella, package, shoes, package containing towel, pair gloves.

FOUND, Dec. 9 and 10—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Fifty-trip ticket, lace, hair, leather case, gloves, money, insurance policy, purse, notebook, paper, underwear, necktie, shoes, muff, clothing, umbrella.

FOUND, Dec. 10.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Package, two umbrellas, pocketbook, eyeglasses, loose money.

FOUND, Dec. 10.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Three umbrellas, five packages, one muff, pair gloves.

FOUND, Dec. 10.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Dress suit case, package.

FOUND, Dec. 10.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Satchel.

Personal

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

WANTED—For adoption in good home, healthy female infant under 2 years; must be American or French parentage and legitimate. Y 74 Times.

John, come home or we may both lose our positions. BETTY.

Pianos and Organs

20c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Emerson Angelus player piano; excellent tone; like new; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d St.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

A.—A manufacturer of stable product, well established, wants a young, active partner who can invest $500. Strict investigation invited; immediate returns. Exceptional Future, 312 Times Downtown.

PAY ORE DEVELOPED.
Gold, copper, silver; $10,000 wanted for machinery; one or more investors. "Arizona," Room 1,034, Broad Exchange Building, New York City.

Wanted—A bright young salesman who can invest a small amount in a growing jewelry business, making a line of high-grade rolled plate. Y 82 Times.

RARE CHANCE—Established business; gas, electric chandeliers and stock; high-class goods; disagreement of partners; sell reasonable. 238 East 46th St.

FIRE INSURANCE.
Would like to purchase half or whole interest in an agency in or near N. Y. City. N 17 Times.

Wanted.—A young and prosperous jewelry firm wishes to get in touch with a man who wants to invest capital. Y 81 Times.

WANTED—A partner with $500 to $1,000, half interest in manufacturing business now running. Room 23, 142 Fulton.

Wanted—A man by an established manufacturing cloak and suit house, who has about $8,000 to invest. K 108 Times.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

LIFE INSURANCE.
If you need insurance and have been rejected, consult me. No advance fee. Y 48 Times.

Fac simile typewritten letters that are actually typewritten. Advanced Typewriting Bureau, 181 Broadway. Cortlandt 3617.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A YOUNG WOMAN competent to fit ladies' garments may secure permanent position with opportunity for advancement. Apply to-morrow morning to H. G. Millard, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

A YOUNG WOMAN with good figure, 36 bust, may secure permanent position. Apply H. G. Millard, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts.

LADIES.—Reliable home work; transferring; $1 to $4 dozen. 49 West 36th St. Trieber's.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ADDING MACHINE salesman; experienced man only; ebst offer in market. N. 27 Times.

CANVASSERS wanted to introduce new line; commission only; hotel, theatre, building agents and apartments. N 28 Times.

MEN over 25, with some selling ability; those with insurance experience preferred; steady paying positions. Call or address Manager, Room 601, 277 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN.—Traveler; one of Maiden Lane's up-to-date wholesale jewelry houses has an opening for experienced traveler with established trade in nearby States with jewelers and department stores; to such a man first-class opportunity is offered. Z 202 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with a number of years' experience in the umbrella and parasol line; one who has covered the Middle Western and surrounding territory and can show good results; will make exceptional inducement to the right man. Y 84 Times.

SALESMEN like our proposition; 5 acres of good productive land with a perfect title for 25c per acre per week for 100 weeks. American Land Co., Metropolitan Bldg.

SALESMAN wanted to handle a popular line of cloaks and suits for Middle West; must have experience in line and good references. S. Greenberg, 74 University Place.

SALESMEN.—$3 will equip you with sample electric sidewalk advertising sign; with flasher, $4.50; sells on sight; big profits. Rex Ad-Lite Co., 136 Liberty St.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL ELECTRIC SIGN PROJECTORS: $4 WITHOUT FLASHER; $5 WITH FLASHER. APPLY 105 WEST 40TH ST., ROOM 301.

SALESMAN.—Young man to sell high-class building specialty to owners and contractors; salary. Apply 1,161 Broadway, Room 211.

SALESMAN.—First-class for West, to carry slick line of dresses on commission basis only; excellent opportunity. Bishop, 29 West 21st St.

SALESMAN for automobile supplies; small salary and commissions. Address A. A., 1,335 3d Av.

WANTED—Salesmanager for Northwestern branch office of large established firm manufacturing ornamental iron and bronze; only men of executive ability and practical ornamental iron experience need apply. In answering state full qualifications and present position. Z 13 Times.

WANTED—Two men of ability to handle high-class proposition which will sell on its merits and appeals to those of considerable means; if you can interview this class, call for a personal interview, 9 to 12 A. M. Mr. Caldwell, Room 226, 9 East 26th St.

WANTED — Thoroughly experienced custom clothing salesman to solicit in New York City. Answer by letter, giving references and experience, Brooklyn Trousers Co., 533 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN for service in editorial department of long-established trade journal; knowledge of motors or automobiles required. L 313 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Retail, $16; manufacturing, $16; others, $12.
STENOGRAPHER.—English notes; Spanish, export, $20.
OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Publishing, $12; bill clerk, $10.
STENOGRAPHERS.—Female, neat, $8, $10, $12, Also several other good positions open.
Employers' Reference Service, (Ag.,)
144 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man for out of town; $75 monthly. Girl, American, addressing and office work. Stenographer, young lady, American; $10. Boy, American, run typewriter; $6. American man, represent good house; expenses advanced. Middleton's Agency, 148 West 65th St.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

CANVASSER for shorthand school; splendid inducement. Write B 472 Tremont Av.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co., (Agency,)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5th Av., Telephone 4,527 Madison Square.—Employment Agency, also cooks, waitresses for dinners, luncheons; day and accommodation help.

A.—A.—A.—Malmberg's, 115 East 26th St., oldest Swedish Agency; established 1881; select servants for private families. Formerly 852 4th Av.

BOND $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St. Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av. Tel. 8875 Madison.—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

NEAT, experienced, and reliable colored help; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288—Morningside.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied, day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 83d St. 6916 Morn.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ATTENDANT to invalid or elderly person; city or country; references. Gaylord, 119 East 126th.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER makes and remodels; children's specialty. Alice, 126 East 12th St. 'Phone 408 Stuyvesant.

DAY'S WORK.—First-class laundress wishes day's work, also any other work. 309 East 25th St. Johnston's bell.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent dressmaker, seamstress; children's dresses, alterations; home or out; references. Stafford, 245 West 116th.

DRESSMAKER. — Competent; street, evening gowns; alterations; conscientious; $2.50 daily. Write Hensley, 179 West 97th St.

MASSAGE. — Swedish movements; $1 hour; ladies' residences; experienced, professional woman. Graduate, 309 West 116th St.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptional beginner, business college graduate, good education, desires position where good work will bring advancement. Mary Moore, 695 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER and Underwood operator, competent, desires position; long public stenographic experience. Interview, L 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4½ years' experience, thoroughly competent, accurate, and painstaking; references. L 268 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; salary reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ambitious, capable, satisfying; excellent reference; six months' experience; $6. T., 2,197 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — Bright business woman, thoroughly competent; salary $15; A1 references. M. W., 22 Park Place.

STENOGRAPHER, 17; willing, patient, industrious. S., 1677 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 2868 E. N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school training; understands office routine. Miss M., 351 West 27th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, good education, wishes position. Read, 540 West 158th St.

VACUUM CLEANING.—Carpets, rugs, and furniture by the hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th. 'Phone 3253—Harlem.

WINDOW AND HOUSE CLEANER, day, hour. Acmen, 148 West 53d. Phone 7987 Columbus.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, and opens books, prepares certified balance sheets, executor's accounts, organizes or improves office and factory system, &c.; long experience; reasonable. Telephone 3001—Broad. Y 241 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, written up, examined, closed; statements of profit and loss and financial condition, investigations, Federal tax reports, estate, and other legal accounting. Certified, L 217 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT: examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up; makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988—Barclay.

A1 DEPARTMENT HEAD. — Active, able, adaptable young man (20) seeks connection with house where interestedness and energy are appreciated, in the capacity of department head or assistant; both clerical and executive experience; is acquainted with shipping, etc.; best of credentials. Fidelity, L 305 Times Downtown.

BALTIMORE.—A high-grade business man of ability and integrity is open to represent there a firm of unquestioned standing. Baltimore Branch, Y 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thorough accountant; 15 years' experience with large corporation; desires position; best of references; salary $30; energetic, genuine hustler. K 64 Times.

BROKER, TELEGRAPHER AND STENOGRAPHER. L 311 TIMES, DOWNTOWN.

BUTLER OR VALET, age 40, English; good city references. N 33 Times.

COACHMAN.—Can work around stable; not afraid of work. George Harris, 715 Lexington Av.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 23, desires inside position offering opportunity to learn business; rapid correspondent, accurate figurer, two years' experience, credit and collection works; exceptional references. H. L., 263 West 125th St.

EUROPE.—Salesman well acquainted with British business methods, going to England on business (January), would like a few commissions; first-class references. L 310 Times Downtown.

PORTER, elevator or useful man; willing to do anything; must have work at once. William Graham, care of Eastwood, 203 East 77th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright beginner; moderate salary. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, 25; expert, energetic, reliable; technical graduate; correspondent, detail man. L 264 Times Downtown.

VACUUM CLEANING.—Carpets, rugs, and furniture by the hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th. 'Phone 3253—Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) refined, good appearance, possessing tact and ability, also knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping, would like to make first-class connections; willing to travel and can furnish highest references as to character and ability. N 26 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position as commercial correspondent; fair education, and experience in business matters and writing; references or bonds; salary according to ability. N 29 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, Italian, well educated, understands little English, wishes any job in a private family while learning the language. Address A. Meloni, 270-7th Av., N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, now employed by leading daily, seeks connection with mercantile house, where hard work is appreciated. K 109 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, seeks position where intelligent clerical work is required. K 110 Times.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

16TH, 20-22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, well heated and furnished; excellent board; telephone.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

4 WEST 33D ST., (Office No. 32.)—Elegant sunny rooms; private baths; delicious meals; perfectly appointed; new American plan apartment hotel will board two people in suite of parlor, bedroom, private bath, at $22 per week up; special rates; location is 30 minutes from Broadway.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartment, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

64TH, 164 WEST.—Comfortable single room, with breakfast, dinner, $8; large room, with piano.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms; table guests; first-class references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms, table guests; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 72-74 WEST.—Warm rooms, comfortably furnished; private baths; substantial table; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, second story room; private bathroom; hot water supply; room telephone; steam heat; excellent cuisine; references exchanged.

70TH ST., 269 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; 'phone; near Subway; board optional.

72D, 131 WEST.—Attractive front room, private bath; southern exposure; table guests accommodated; references.

72D, 159 WEST.—Large and hall rooms, suite or separately; parlor dining room; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished, medium room; third floor; quiet, refined, surroundings; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive, warm rooms; suitable two; 'phone; L, Subway; board optional; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly decorated three-quarter room; one or two persons; hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Desirable, large room, with bath; also small room; excellent table; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 110 WEST.—Unusually attractive rooms, single, double, modern conveniences; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Large and small room; high-class house; parlor dining; table guests.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Medium and hall, sunny, heated rooms; lavatory, bath; gentlemen; private family.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Delightful large, front room one flight; quiet house; references exchanged.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Suffrage pure food; table board; eggs, butter, chickens direct from farm.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Two small rooms on floor with bath; suitable young men; electricity. 'Phone Schuyler 8397.

88D, 23 WEST.—Large, cheerful room, adjoining bath; desirable Jewish house; reasonable terms.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms for two; private bath; exceptional table; Jewish family.

87TH ST., 135 WEST.—Elegantly appointed home will take as boarders refined lady or gentleman; home cooking; electric lights; references.

87TH ST., 109 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms; gentlemen preferred; private family; conveniences; board optional.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Elegant large, small heated rooms; select; Subway, elevated; excellent table; moderate.

92D, 40 WEST.—Large room, bath; bachelors, couples; table guests; homelike; German cooking. Levy.

93D, 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Beautiful large room, suitable two; excellent cuisine; Jewish family; private house.

94TH, 144 WEST.—Sunny rooms, large and small; parlor dining; table guests; moderate; phone.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, near Central Park West. —Very desirable neighborhood; well-furnished rooms, with board.

100TH ST., 257 WEST.—Handsome rooms, with or without bath; small rooms; first-class board; table guests accommodated; convenient 96th Subway.

100TH ST., (828 West End Av.)—Superior board served in attractive, private, modern home.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive, large and small rooms; baths; bachelors, couples; table guests; references.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; all conveniences; one private bath; parlor dining room; homelike cooking; refined service; references exchanged; $7 upward; table guests accommodated.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service, good company; references; reasonable; Southerners.

107TH, 230 WEST.—Delightful home to few cultured people in high-class apartment. Reed.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large, double front room; southern exposure, telephone; excellent board; table guests.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with or without private bath; excellent board; table board.

123D, 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

127TH ST., 216 WEST.—Two nicely furnished single rooms for gentlemen; superior table; 'phones.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Near "L" station; large double, also single rooms; excellent board; references.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Elegant rooms, private bath; electricity; table guests; references; Phone 7217 Audubon.

142D ST., 512 WEST.—Cheerful front room, alcove, lavatory; steam, phone; excellent board optional.

467 WEST 144TH ST.
Two beautiful rooms; southerly exposure; excellent board.

472 WEST 144TH ST.
FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD.

145TH, 412 WEST.—Large and small rooms; refined, homelike table; reference; table boarders accommodated.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, Near Broadway, Riverside.—First-class rooms and board; high-class hotel accommodations; boarding house prices. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

145TH, 468 WEST.—Large front room; every convenience; home table; Subway, "L" near; phone.

WEST END AV., 764, (97th St.)—Full table board or dinner; good home cooking.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Elegant large adjoining rooms; board; hot water; heat; gentlemen; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

21ST, 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Sunny front room; excellent board; reference; telephone.

80TH ST., 40 EAST, corner Madison Av.—Suite two rooms and bath; also single room; steam heat; elevator; excellent board; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; references. Telephone 1978—Gramercy.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76. — Convenient to Borough Hall Subway and ferry; steam-heated rooms; good Southern table. Telephone 1159W Main.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike, log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

New England.

A private family in Cape Cod will give best of care and consideration to invalid or convalescent. Address Lock Box 297, Dennisport, Mass.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 2,013, (Near 125th St.)—Private house; steam heat; reasonable; refined; newly furnished.

5TH AV., 25, (9th St.)—Refined surroundings; nice small front room; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Very desirable, well furnished rooms, adjoining bath, for gentlemen.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; small room, $2; also sunny front basement.

33D ST., 319 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished rooms; bath adjoining; refined surroundnigs; quiet street; reasonable.

34TH ST., 253 WEST.—The Willena; refined, clean, steam, running water; $4 up.

42D, 322 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, heated rooms; tiled bath; $2 upwards; gentlemen only. Hughes.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; running water; well heated; reference; gentlemen.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Very attractive, medium-sized, sunny rooms; gentlemen preferred; accommodations for a few table guests; excellent home table.

57TH ST., 364 WEST.—Large, well furnished rooms; twin beds; private baths; others; reasonable; transients.

60TH, 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; elegantly kept; $30-$60 monthly; independent home breakfast.

61ST, 119 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly decorated; steam heated; telephone; parlor; reasonable.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—A most desirable room, attractively furnished; near bath; moderate.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

135 WEST 69TH ST.
Beautiful parlor suite, bath; suitable doctor's office.

70TH ST., [illegible] WEST.—Two elegantly furnished, sunny rooms, adjoining bath, single, en suite, strictly private house, for gentlemen desiring qu[illegible]

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only; references.

71ST, 78 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, small rooms; bath; hot water; $3.50-$5 weekly.

71ST, 351 WEST.—Homelike bachelor apartments; private bath; front single rooms, $4.50; Columbus 2317.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms, bath; southern exposure; subway express, "L."

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny front, single room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 150 WEST.—Room, private bath; electric light; parquet floor; also single room; references.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Attractive second floor, southern exposed room; suitable for two; bath adjoining.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable, single and double rooms; every convenience; near Subway, elevated; 'phone.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Handsome, large room; modern house; suitable one, two; private family; 'phone.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Newly furnished large, sunny room; private bath; scrupulously clean.

81ST, 135 WEST.—Large, desirable room; southern exposure; newly decorated; "L," Subway; telephone; references.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Delightful large, sunny rooms en suite; also small rooms; refined; moderate.

84TH, 128 WEST.—Small rooms, running water, 'phone, conveniences; gentlemen only. Brown.

85TH ST., 101 WEST.—Large room, high-class elevator apartment; restaurant on premises. Scott.

85TH, 106 WEST.—Fine, large rooms; running water; sunny hall room; parlor floor, physician.

88TH ST., 69 WEST.—Suite two rooms; southern exposure; bedroom and parlor, also single room; newly furnished; call any evening, or by appointment. Franke.

93D ST., WEST END AV.—Owner's residence; beautiful room; bath; gentleman only. Telephone 3344R Riverside.

97TH ST., 141 WEST.—Newly furnished house; all accommodations; back parlor, suitable physician; board optional.

101ST ST., 10 WEST.—Large rooms; $3, $2.50; ladies or gentlemen; modern. Schmitz, Apartment 34.

102D ST., 211 WEST.—Large, medium sunny outside rooms; private family; Subway; 'phone; moderate. Benedict.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house, near Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room; all conveniences; home comforts; telephone.

103D ST., 122 WEST.—Large, light, furnished; running water; bath adjoining; Subway, "L." Apartment 4.

106TH ST., 225 WEST, (Overlooking Broadway.)—Attractive, comfortable parlor suite, adjoining bath; single room; running water; newly furnished; reasonable; one flight. Birch.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive room, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, delightful room; small Southern family; board optional; references. White.

(110TH ST. SUBWAY.)—Beautiful front suite; use kitchen; independence; also unfurnished front room, vicinity Columbia College. Mrs. Wallace, 600 West 127th St.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Comfortable single room; gentleman preferred; English family of two; references. Moore.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, (Cathedral Heights.)—Sunny room; first-class elevator apartment house; telephone; radiator; Broadway Subway; New Englanders; references; reasonable. Foster.

114TH, 508 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment. Call for Mrs. Layden.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large front room, high-class elevator apartment, two gentlemen; references. Chandus.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; overlooking Morningside Park; telephone; elevator; Broadway Subway. Morse.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Attractive rooms, high-class elevator apartment; all conveniences. Apartment 41.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; kitchen; housekeeping suite; elevator, Subway. Smith.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Furnished, two single rooms; lavatory; large closets; warm; elevator, Subway; immaculate. Doty.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Daintily furnished room; running water; suitable for a lady. Allen.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Columbia University neighborhood; half block east of Broadway; Bancroft apartments; just completed; two beautiful front rooms with kitchenette, double room with kitchenette; southern exposure; electric lights; elevators; attractive dining room; board optional.

122D ST., 501 WEST. Telephone 7035 Morningside.—Clean, comfortable room, small modern apartment, $3. Weig.

123D ST., 520 WEST.—Sunny, outside rooms, second floor, $2.50 to $3.50; exclusive lavatory. Beach.

122D ST., 520 WEST.—Comfortable, quiet room; attractive, generous board; table guests accommodated. Kerker.

600 WEST 127TH ST.
Sunny, front rooms; Manhattan Subway station. Snow.

131ST ST., 223 WEST.—Attractive front room; private block; gentlemen; American family; references.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; conveniences; attractive neighborhood; telephone; Subway, elevated.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite, private bath; river view; meal accommodation. Pierson.

139TH ST., 602 WEST (near Broadway.)—Handsome, sunny room; elevator; 'phone; electric; private; moderate. Romain.

140TH, 520 WEST.—Thoroughly comfortable room for gentleman; $3.50; modern private house; telephone; references.

162D ST., 521 WEST.—Southern room, lavatory, adjoining bath, handsomely furnished, library, all conveniences; suitable physician; moderate terms to desirable people.

A GENTLEMAN.—Well furnished room or suite with English family; board optional; references exchanged; telephone. M 154 Times.

ATTRACTIVE BEDROOM, sitting room, bath; strictly private house; near 103d St. Subway. Y 59 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room for refined party; piano, telephone; reference. Fisher.

ROOM for lady, newly furnished, private, $4; very reasonable; references; corner 121st and Broadway. Telephone, evenings only, 5120 Morningside, Apartment 62.

East Side.

3D AV., 181 (14th.)—Housekeeping, $2.75 upward; single, $2 upward; gas free; telephone. Sherwood.

19TH ST., 126 EAST.—Handsomely furnished rooms for bachelors or married couples; references. Apply Hardy.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite 2 rooms, bathroom, by month.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS; PRIVATE HOUSE; REFERENCES.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Nicely furnished single rooms for gentlemen; well-kept house; telephone; reference.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, large and small; gentlemen; references.

59TH ST., 56 EAST.—Room, with private bath and hallboy service, at reasonable and attractive rates. Roland.

76TH ST., 37 EAST.—Attractive, comfortable room; private house; first-class location; $5.00 weekly.

LARGE, comfortably furnished room, with bath; southern exposure; near 5th Av. and 42d St.; references required. Address M 159 Times.

LEXINGTON AV., 341, (Near 39th St.)—Very desirable large room, all conveniences; 'phone gentleman.

LEXINGTON AV., 148.—Large, clean, heated rooms; all conveniences; private house; telephone.

MADISON AV., 175, (34th St.)—Comfortable [illegible]

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

YOUNG MAN desires furnished room and bath, with or without board, in a strictly refined private family. L. L. C., Journal of Commerce, 56 Worth St.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Three rooms, bath; $33; heated; hot water; conveniences; private house, midtown, west; business couple desired; references; owner. Address West, 1,364 Broadway.

Large front room, unfurnished; north light; suitable for studio; near 5th Av. and 42d St.; references required. Address Box M 158 Times.

72d St., 253 West.—Exceptionally large, light second-floor room, dressing room adjoining. Private bath.

Lexington Av., 148.—Large, heated front room; running water; private house; telephone.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

One or more large rooms or studios with heat, bath, and running water, in good locality, suitable for living for two literary women; state price, location, and advantages; references exchanged, must be reasonable. N 12 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

507 West 140th St.—6 rooms, bath; southern exposure; modern in every detail; rental $40, with concessions. Janitor, or Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., Broadway and 156th St.

25TH, 254 WEST.—Finest five rooms, elevator apartment; every room sunny; abundant steam heat.

East Side.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av., southeast corner 99th St. —Beautiful corner apartment, seven outside rooms; bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity; all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

To rent, unfurnished, new corner apartment; six rooms; two baths; southern exposure; facing Gramercy Park. Apply Superintendent, on premises, 1 Lexington Av.

Two rooms and bath; also studio; in bachelor apartment house. 80 East Washington Square.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Four-room elevator apartment; furniture, linen, silverware, entirely new complete; block from 181st St. Broadway Subway; telephone 4040 Audubon, or call 4260 Broadway. Leach. $55-$75.

A corner apartment, 75 East 54th St.; 8 rooms and bath; $200 a month until June 1 or longer; shown forenoons after 10:30.

77th, 66 East.—Eight light rooms, fully furnished; exclusive neighborhood; month, year; $125; immediate.

28TH ST., 42 EAST.—At Subway; parlor, bedroom; bath; weekly rates, with or without board.

Furnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

CARETAKER.—Woman writer will care for apartment during family's absence; references. N 18 Times.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

95th St., 46 and 48 West.—Three-story and basement private dwellings for rent; open for inspection. W. J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Manhattan.

All kinds properties, sale, exchange, lease, dealt with; call or write wants and offers. Cyrille Carreau, agent, 796 6th Av., (45th.)

Four-story and basement brownstone, 323 East 17th St., opposite park; good location for doctor, dentist, furnished rooms, or residence; $22,000. Chas. Bohlen, corner 23d St., 3d Av.

Long Island.

Waterfront Plots $50 only
above cash, balance to suit, buys 3 plots, all improvements, 225 feet waterfront, on Great South Bay, short distance to station and trolley, 47 minutes from New York; act quick; must sell this week. Owner, L 307 Times.

Good house, 7 rooms; 2 barns, hennery, granary; rich soil, cultivated; stone road; details mailed. Owner, Box 68 East Northport, L. I.

New Jersey.

Bungalows and bungalow sites on very easy terms at Fanwood, N. J.; also large plots suitable for chicken farms; a postal card will bring you full particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Bargain.—3 acres, delightfully situated, fine view; abundance shade; house, 8 rooms, bath; barn, hennery; particulars, photographs. Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, New York.

Commuter's farm, 20 acres, near Hackensack trolley; big frontage macadam road and Saddle River; $225 per acre. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Morristown, N. J., properties for sale or rent. Eugene V. Welsh, Morristown, N. J.

New England.

For Immediate Sale in New Hampshire,
The Switzerland of America.
One of the finest estates in this lovely section. Comprises 130 acres tillage and woodland. Two dwellings, 8-room, two-story house with wide piazzas, and bungalow of 5 rooms. Outdoor sleeping porches. Magnificent view of mountains for 45 miles. Never-failing water; modern plumbing. Large trees, wide lawns. Apply to D. M. White & Co., Real Estate, Peterborough, N. H.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

25 telephone booths, double sound proof oak and mahogany; also 3 directors' tables, several roll-top desks; office partitions. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St., near Subway Station.

Latest type Eastman cutting machine, slightly used, for sale. 119 Wooster St., first floor.

Musical.

20c. a line 1 time; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Accompanist.—Woman pianist seeks practice or concert work with first-class violinists, 'cellists, or singers; ensemble preferred; experience elsewhere, solo and ensemble; city and other references. Y 86 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
STATE OF NEW YORK.
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION,
SECOND DISTRICT.
Albany, December 7, 1911.

A petition, under section 54 of the Public Service Commissions Law, having been filed with this Commission by The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company for authority to purchase, at $175 a share, the whole or any part of the common and preferred capital stock, amounting together to $10,000,000 divided into shares of $50 each, of the New York and Harlem Railroad, NOTICE is hereby given that a public hearing on said petition will be held by this Commission at the hearing room of the Commission in the Capitol, Albany, on Tuesday, December 19, 1911, at two o'clock P. M.

By the Commission.
J. S. KENNEDY, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
STATE OF NEW YORK,
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION,
SECOND DISTRICT.
Albany, December 7, 1911.

A petition, under section 54 of the Public Service Commissions Law, having been filed with this Commission by The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company for authority to purchase from the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company 22 shares of the preferred capital stock and 291,600 shares of the common capital stock ($100 shares) of the New York, Ontario and Western Railway Company and to pay therefor $13,108,397.62 in its 50 year debenture bond bearing $583,332 annual interest; NOTICE is hereby given that a public hearing on said petition will be held by this Commission at the hearing room of the Commission in the Capitol, Albany, on Tuesday, December 19, 1911, at 2 o'clock P. M.

By the Commission.
J. S. KENNEDY, Secretary.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE PURSUANT TO ADJOURNMENT.

CHANCERY SALE.—In pursuance and by virtue of decrees of foreclosure and sale in favor of THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, complainant, made and entered by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, and of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio, Western Division, and of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, which decrees were dated on the 24th day of April, A. D. 1911, and entered in said Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, May 4th, 1911, in said Northern District of Ohio, Western Division, May 6th, 1911, and in said Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, May 19th, 1911, in causes pending in said respective courts, and which were entitled: The New York Trust Company, Complainant, vs. Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company et al., Defendants; Knickerbocker Trust Company, Complainant, vs. Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company, Defendant; William J. Courtney et al., Complainants, vs. Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company, Defendant; (Consolidated cause. In equity;) the causes pending in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio, Western Division, and in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, being ancillary to the cause pending in the Circuit of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, and in pursuance of an order directing adjournment of sale, entered therein on the twenty-sixth day of September, A. D. 1911, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, Special Master Commissioner of said Courts, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on Tuesday, the ninth day of January, A. D. 1912, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, of said day, at the former Delray Station building of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company, on River Street in the City of Detroit, County of Wayne, and State of Michigan, being on the property described to be sold, as an entirety in one parcel, all the properties by the said decrees directed to be sold, to wit: ALL the properties by the said decrees declared to be covered by the General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage from the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Company to THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, dated May 2, 1905, and by the said decrees directed to be sold.

The said Master Commissioner will accept no bid of less than $2,500,000, which minimum sum was fixed by the Court in the said decrees in order to prevent a sacrifice and to protect the interests of all concerned as the least sum for which the said property should be sold. He will not accept any bid unless the bidder shall forthwith place in his hands at the time of bidding, as a part of his bid and a pledge to make the same good if accepted and the sale confirmed, the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars in cash, certified check or certificate of deposit approved by the Master, which sum shall be forefeited in case the bidder, if successful, shall fail to make good his bid and comply with the terms of the said decrees and of any orders thereafter, made as to future payments or otherwise. But the same shall be applied on the purchase price in case of such compliance, or returned in case the bid is not successful or the sale shall not be confirmed by the court. Nor will the Master accept a bid unless the purchaser shall, upon making his bid, pay to the Master for deposit in the registry of the said Court the sum of $11,769.80, or such other sum as shall be adjudged to be due to the Tiffin and Northwestern Railroad Company on the matters set forth in its intervening petition in the said suit; provided the said sum shall not have been paid by the receivers or other parties to the said suit prior to the said sale. If the bid of the purchaser is not accepted and the sale to him confirmed said last named deposit shall be returned to the purchaser; otherwise the said fund shall be held subject to such orders as the Court may make on the said intervening petition. The right of the court is reserved to reject any bid and to retake and resell the property or any part thereof upon failure of the purchaser to comply with any order of the Court as to the payment of the remainder of the purchase price or any part thereof, or upon failure of the purchaser to comply with any condition of the sale or any order of the court in that regard.

There shall be paid in cash of the price at which the said properties shall be sold in addition to the amounts paid at the time of the sale, such further portions of the purchase money as the court shall direct. The remainder of the purchase price may be paid either in cash or in claims payable under Article 3 of the said decrees, or in receivers' certificates payable under Article 3 thereof, or in the said General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage bonds, with overdue coupons thereof, or in Consolidated bonds with overdue coupons thereof, at such proportion of value as the holders thereof would be entitled to receive thereon on distribution of the proceeds of the sale in case the purchase price were wholly paid in cash.

All taxes and assessments upon the properties sold and all said receivers' certificates, and all claims payable under said Article 3 of the said decrees will be allowed out of the purchase money where the purchaser produces proofs of such liens and claims and receipts for the payment thereof, or surrenders such certificates. The Special Master will, in his discretion accept temporarily instead of the actual delivery of the said bonds and coupons or receivers' certificates, the certificate of any trust company, satisfactory to him, that it holds the said bonds and coupons or receivers' certificate subject to the order of the said Special Master, and will deliver them to him on demand for cancellation or other disposition.

The said Master, in pursuance and by virtue of the decrees of foreclosure in favor of KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, complainant, made and entered by the said Circuit Courts of the United States in this advertisement of sale first mentioned, dated and entered on the same days and in the same places as the said decrees in favor of The New York Trust Company, complainant, WILL ALSO AT THE SAME TIME AND PLACE OFFER FOR SALE and in separate parcels all other lines of railway and additional mileage of the defendant Railway Company and other property of any kind and nature which has been constructed or acquired in whole or in part by means of said Consolidated Bonds or with the proceeds of the sale or disposition thereof; subject only to purchase money liens thereon as in said Consolidated Mortgage set forth, not including in said property, however, any property which is subject to the prior lien thereon of the said General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage, (all of which said property subject to said General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage is to be sold under and pursuant to the preceding provisions of this notice;) one hundred shares of the stock of the Toledo Southern Railway Company and ten hundred and fourteen shares of preferred stock of the Ann Arbor Railroad Company, being certain property of the said Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railway Company included in the mortgage or deed of trust from that company to Knickerbocker Trust Company, complainant herein, dated May 2, 1905, to secure certain bonds designated as Consolidated bonds. The Master will accept no bid for the said shares of stock from any bidder who shall not place in his hands or deposit with him at the time of making the bid, as a pledge that the bidder will make good his bid if accepted by the Court, the sum of twenty-five dollars per share in cash, certified cheque or certificate of deposit approved by the Master, which sum shall be forfeited in case the bidder if successful shall fail to make good his bid and comply with the terms of the said decrees, and any orders thereafter made as to future payments or otherwise, but which said sum shall be applied on the purchase price of the said stock in case of such compliance, or will be returned in case the said bid is not successful or the sale shall not be confirmed by the court. The right of the court is reserved to reject any bid and to resell the said stock, or any part thereof, upon the failure of the purchaser to comply with any order of the court as to the payment of the purchase price or any part thereof, in cash or otherwise, as may be directed. If either the said properties, not, as aforesaid, subject to the General Lien and Divisional First Mortgage, or the said shares of stock, shall be purchased by or on behalf of the holders of the said Consolidated bonds, the remainder of the purchase price over and above the amount in cash required to be paid at the time of sale, may be paid either in cash or in receivers' certificates, or in claims payable under Article 3 of the aforesaid decree of The New York Trust Company, or in said Consolidated bonds, and overdue coupons thereon, at such proportionate value as the holders thereof will be entitled to receive thereon respectively on distribution of the proceeds of such sale, in case such purchase price were wholly paid in cash.

Any person proposing to purchase at the said sale either the said railway properties or the said stock, is referred to the said decrees in this notice specifically mentioned, and to the notice or advertisement of said sale heretofore published by the undersigned Special Master Commissioner upon the 15th, 22d, and 29th of August, and the 5th, 12th, and 19th of September, A. D. 1911, in the following newspapers, viz.: Detroit Free Press, Toledo Blade, and New York Times, for a more full and complete description of the property, rights, and franchises therein directed to be sold, which it is proposed to sell in accordance with the foregoing notice, and also for the terms and conditions upon which the sale of the said properties, rights, and franchises shall be made. The said three decrees in favor of The New York Trust Company, complainant, are exact duplicates of each other, and the said three decrees in favor of Knickerbocker Trust Company, complainant, are exact duplicates of each other, and all of the said decrees may be found filed and recorded in the offices of the Clerks of the United States Circuit Courts at Detroit, Michigan; Toledo, Ohio, and Columbus, Ohio, respectively, and which are subject to the inspection of the public generally. Certified copies of the said decrees will be in the possession of the said Special Master at the time and place of sale, and may be inspected by interested persons or bidders.

Detroit, November 28th, 1911.
ELMER W. VOORHEIS,
Special Master Commissioner of said Courts.
MURRAY, PRENTICE & HOWLAND,
BOYNTON, McMILLAN, BODMAN & TURNER,
Solicitors for Complainant, The New York Trust Company.
ELLIOTT G. STEVENSON, CHARLES B. HOTCHKISS, LEO M. BUTZEL, Solicitors for Complainant, Knickerbocker Trust Company.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BRIDGE, WILLIAM F.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM F. BRIDGE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorney, Henry N. Tifft, Esq., No. 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the twenty-first (21st) day of May, 1912, next.
Dated New York, November 10th, 1911.
FRANCES B. BRIDGE, Executrix.
HENRY N. TIFFT, Attorney for Executrix, No. 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

CAPTURED BURGLAR FLEES IN ELEVATOR

Tries to Jump from Moving Car, Is Caught and Saved from Death by Captor.

THEN DASHES TO THE ROOF

Where He Is Seized Finally at the Edge of an Eight-Foot Gap He Dared Not Jump.

Mrs. Max Rosenthal and her sister, Sadie Vuker, seized upon the twilight hour yesterday afternoon to sit down together for a good talk in the living room of the Rosenthal home on the top floor of the Kiamesha apartment house at 57 West 111th Street. They were engaged thus placidly when both heard an unfamiliar sound in the private hallway. Emboldened each by the other's presence, they ventured to investigate, and there in the hall stood a self-possessed young man whom they had never seen before. How had he managed to get past the locked door? thought Mrs. Rosenthal in a panic.

"Is this the Williams apartment?" asked the stranger politely.

It was not. They told him so, and with apologies most profuse he bowed and withdrew into the general hall. The still suspicious women followed on his heels and at the sight of the elevator boy just rising to their floor took courage and pressed the stranger with questions. The elevator boy—a young negro named William Adams—was sure he had not brought the man up, and joined in with more questions. The stranger was plainly offended, and turned on the elevator boy.

The scuffle promised to go hard with the elevator boy, for the stranger was muscular and of fairly heavy build, but the fight was accompanied by shrieks from Mrs. Rosenthal and her sister, so penetrating that they brought up the other house attendant from the ground floor. The reinforcement was John Mosher, also a negro. He and Adams were too much for the stranger and in a few moments they were escorting him down in the elevator to the ground floor, where, at the switch-board, he was obliged to stand while one of them called the East 104th Street Station.

This was not attempted without protests from the stranger, who was primed with arguments pointing out the absurdity of reflecting on the character of a private citizen who had done nothing objectionable. Deaf to such arguments, the two boys had just conveyed their news to the police, when the man suddenly wrenched himself free and, stepping hastily into the elevator, grabbed at the lever. Without pausing to close the door, he rose into the shaft and out of their sight.

Adams leaped into the vacated space and reached for the brake, determined to stop the car and reverse its course. He did so, and just in time, for the stranger had met with misfortune in his effort to get out at the floor above. Without having the faintest idea how to stop the elevator he had grabbed at the second-floor door, yanked it open, and jumped—jumped just in time to find himself pinned between the top of the opening and the floor of the rising car. It was just at this perilous point that Adams, below him in the shaft, had reached the brake and started to bring the elevator down. The effect of the sudden reversal was to throw the stranger back into the car, and that was where he was when it reappeared on the ground floor with the two boys waiting to pounce on him.

This time he was not so easy to handle, for after a rough struggle he tossed them both aside and, apparently distrustful of the elevator, he took to the stairs, mounting them flight after flight at great speed with the indefatigable attendants at his heels. At the top of the top-floor ladder he was halted by a locked skylight, but halted only for a moment, for he broke his way through and a second or two later was pausing discouraged before a gap of eight feet separating him from the roof of the next building on Lenox Avenue. It was there that the young negroes closed in on him for the last time and so overpowered him that when the police arrived from the East 104th Street Station they were ready to hand him over.

The young man, after expressing no little indignation at the uncalled-for treatment to which he had been subjected, identified himself as Joseph Costello of 244 East One Hundred and Sixth Street, and said that he was a driver. He was charged with burglary, although a scrupulous search of his person brought nothing to light that would justify such a charge. An inspection of the premises last evening showed that Costello could have gained entry to the Rosenthal apartment by way of the fire escape.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Bandages "Manufactures of Cotton"—Rates on Containers.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that cotton bandages used in surgical operations are dutiable under the Tariff act of 1909 at the rate of 45 per cent. as "manufactures of cotton." The bandages are put up in rolls about two and one-half inches wide, and were imported by the Surgical Supply Company. The importer raises the contention that the merchandise is dutiable under the so-called "countable cotton" paragraphs of the law at rates lower than assessed. Judge Cooper denies the claim and affirms Collector Loeb's assessment.

Several decisions were handed down dealing with the dutiability of wrappings or containers of imported merchandise. It is held that in instances where the merchandise shipped in the containers is subject to ad valorem rates of duty the coverings are dutiable likewise. The protests which are overruled were filed by Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., D. Baird & Son, Lowengart & Co., Reed Brothers & Co., and the Joseph Lazarus Company. Relative to wrapings for specific duty goods, the board rules that customs officials erred in assessing them as though imported separately. Whether the merchandise is subject to specific duty or free, the containers are exempt from duty as the "usual" coverigns for the goods. The firms concerned include H. A. Drevis & Co., the B. Nugent & Brother Dry Goods Company, C. H. Wyman & Co., Kaufmann Brothers, and R. U. Delapenda & Co.

The following protests were unsupported by evidence and overruled: Ralph Pierson & Co., the Apolinaes Apollinaries Agency Company, George Borgfeldt & Co., William Litchfield, the American Express Company, the Shreve, Crumps & Low Company, C. H. Langley, Henry Siegel & Co., Charles Chong & Co., the Sing Fat Company and other Chinese importers, A. A. Vantine & Co., Butler Brothers, Colschlaeger Brothers, P. H. Potry & Co., H. Nordlinger's Sons International Forwarding Company, Marshall Field & Co., Charles B. Stone & Co., the American Shipping Company, F. L. Roberts & Co., H. H. Dodge, Ferdinand Bing, Fillmann, Lee & Happel, Szel Import and Export Company, E. H. Sargent & Co., Richards & Co., Gage Brothers & Co., and the Theodore Ascher Company.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

	Loss.
A. M.	
12:35—120 W. 134th St.; G. Reinhard	Trifling
1:40—2,789 3d Av.; unknown	Trifling
2:30—120 W. 134th St.; G. Reinhard	Trifling
5:00—Arches 12 and 13, Brooklyn Bridge; N. Y. Journal	$5,000
6:15—216 E. 56th St.; — Herbin	$25
8:55—50 Stuyvesant St.; S. Ewarking	$500
10:50—506 Van Nest Av.; C. Totari	Trifling
P. M.	
1:05—138th St. and Southern Boulevard; unknown	$50
2:30—228 E. 100th St.; L. Rouether	Trifling
3:40—35 W. 11th St.; Samuel Trice	None
3:45—289 W. 130th St.; Goetz Bros.	Trifling
4:10—98 Willett St.; Gussie Schmidt	Trifling
4:50—519 W. 151st St.; I. Kohn	None
5:40—423 Wendover Av.; John Murphy	Trifling
5:50—632 E. 135th St.; unknown	Trifling
6:00—26 Mulberry St.; Luigi Rossi	$25
6:00—48-50 Walker St.; National Novelty Company	$2,000
6:20—493 E. 156th St.; Mary Tountane	$100
7:15—964 Forest Av.; Louis Moise	$25
8:25—317 E. 28th St.; unknown	Trifling
10:05—206 Forsyth St.; Michael Riggo	$5
10:05—165 E. Houston St.; A. Sussman	$10
10:35—203 Forsyth St.; George Moder	$10
10:35—1 Abingdon Square; Catharine Beck	$[illegible]
11:10—611 W. 136th St.; J. Shank	None

CLUB AGAINST MERRITT.

Brooklyn Organization Begins War on His Candidacy for Speaker.

The Brooklyn Young Republican Club has started a campaign to defeat Edwin A. Merritt, Jr., for Speaker of the Assembly and elect John L. Sullivan of Dunkirk, N. Y., as the progressive type of candidate the Republican Party needs. The club issued a statement yesterday setting forth its reasons why it opposes Mr. Merritt for Speaker. The chief reason, it says, is because of his reputation. Practically ever since his first year in the Assembly, it says, the interests of the people of the State as a whole have been secondary to Mr. Merritt's own private interests and the interests of certain men associated with him.

It is said that Mr. Merritt is financially interested in certain electrical power companies, including the Racquette River Power Company and the International Paper Company; that he controls the production of certain Potsdam sandstone, which is mentioned in the contract for the building of the new prison to supplant Sing Sing, and that as Chairman of the Legislative Investigating Committee he must bear the responsibility of "whitewashing everybody connected with the Foelker racetrack bribery matter." On this point the statement says:

> As Chairman of the investigating committee, the people looked to Mr. Merritt to discover those guilty, or some of them, of attempted bribery. But the committee presented a clean bill of health to every one connected with the charges, and the raising and distribution of that fund of $100,000 has never been accounted for to this day. That investigation is still rankling in the minds of the people of the State as a farcical whitewash.

It is further stated that the manufacturing companies in which Mr. Merritt is interested derive their power from rivers which run through portions of the State Forest Preserve, and that he vigorously opposed the amendment to the State Constitution proposed by Gov. Hughes to provide for the perpetual ownership, regulation, and control of proposed dam sites by the State, thus taking the valuable sites from private interests.

Mr. Merritt is also accused of trying to weaken the Public Service Commissions law by trying to rush through amendments that "would have permitted the capitalization of franchises for which no money had been paid, as well as others that would have opened the way for throwing again into the courts the question of eighty-cent gas and various railroad rates at the time definitely determined by statute." Regarding his attitude on direct primaries the statement says:

> Mr. Merritt has worked and voted against every honest form of direct primaries that has been before the Legislature, and still boasts that he is opposed to that reform.

The statement closes with the suggestion that the Republican Party is done with the machine boss and politician.

CIRCUMNAVIGATORS DINE.

Ex-Gov. Fort, the Newest Member of the Club, Tells of His Trip.

Fifty members of the Circumnavigators' Club—to become a member one must circle the globe—gathered at Delmonico's last night to eat dinner, swap stories, and welcome ex-Gov. John Franklin Fort of New Jersey, who qualified last year. President Taft and Col. Bryan are also members, but they were unable to attend.

The only address of the evening was made by Gov. Fort, who arrived a few minutes before 11 o'clock, just when he had been given up as lost. He spoke briefly of the impression that his trip around the world had made on him.

"It made me one ofthose who believe that the times of the past and the times to come are united somewhere, and we'll know it all by and by," he said.

One of the features was a lecture by Col. Buffalo Jones, who, although not eligible to membership, has lassooed wild animals in East Africa. He had decided to go to Africa and follow the trail blazed by Col. Roosevelt, he said, after he had found that he could conquer every wild animal on the North American continent. "And I conquered them there, too," he said, "and am going to prove it to you." This he proceeded to do by throwing on a screen moving pictures of himself facing wild boars, lions, and other animals and subduing them without the use of a rifle.

The officers of the club, which became a permanent organization last night, are: E. H. Patterson, Money Changer; James H. Birch, Jr., Scribe, and F. C. Schultze, Keeper of Records.

300 CHARITY BOXES ASTRAY.

They're Safe Enough, Probably, but the Location List Has Been Lost.

Simon Uhlfelder, President of the Yorkville Hospital, is anxious to ascertain the location of the 300 charity boxes which have been placed in hotels, drug stores, and other places in the city for the reception of voluntary contributions for the building fund of that institution. The list of the locations of these boxes has been mislaid or taken from the office of the institution, and Mr. Uhlfelder desires to send representatives to collect the contents of the boxes, each of which contains a year's contributions.

Several hotels where boxes are have advised Mr. Uhlfelder that the boxes are well filled and ready to be opened. For fifteen years past these boxes have been used as a method of collecting a fund for the purpose of purchasing a new building site for the institution, and the annual collections from this source have at times amounted to several thousand dollars.

The hospital, which is located at 246 and 248 East Eighty-second Street, is in need of additional space, and contributions will be welcomed. The Yorkville Hospital was established in 1881 under the direction of Dr. McGilloday, and its work is principally among the residents of the east side of that section.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Mr. Goodresser Stirs Wall Street.

It's The LOTUS you notice in Wall Street; Mr. Goodresser set the example with a Truly Warner rough-finished derby—The LOTUS, and all the brokers who weren't broke went to the nearest Truly Warner Store to get the hat that would match up with their rough Raglans. Now it's the regular thing to see Wall Street's Bulls and Bears wearing The LOTUS with their shaggy coats. The LOTUS is just the hat for you, Mr. Goodresser. Go to the nearest Truly Warner Store and see for yourself.

ARIZONA ELECTION TO-DAY.

Close Contest for Governor—Judiciary Recall Dropped Temporarily.

PHOENIX, Arizona, Dec. 11.—Final rallies to-night in all the larger cities of the Territory brought to an end Arizona's first State campaign. The issues will be decided by ballot to-morrow.

The Republicans express confidence in spite of a normal Democratic majority, and the action of President Taft in making elimination of the judiciary recall from the Constitution a prerequisite to Statehood. The eliminating will be done in the election to-morrow, but plans are already being made to re-establish the recall as soon as the Territory assumes the sovereignty of a State.

According to the best information obtainable, the contest will be close between George W. P. Hunt, Democrat, and Edward W. Wells, Republican, for Governor. The election of Mark Smith, former Democratic delegate in Congress, as one of the United States Senators is regarded as almost certain, while a close contest is expected between Henry F. Ashurst, Democrat, and Ralph Cameron, Republican, for the other seat. Hoval A. Smith is on the Republican ticket with Cameron as candidate for United States Senator.

Under the enabling act the returns will be made for each precinct to a special board composed of the Governor, the Secretary of the Territory, and the Chief Justice. Some time will elapse before these returns reach the commission, and then it may take a week or two to canvass them, as the commission will have to do the aggregate work of all the County Board of Supervisors.

$500 Verdict Against Police Captain.

A Supreme Court jury reported a verdict yesterday to Justice Goff awarding $500 damages to Thomas W. Cannon against Police Captain John J. McNally. Cannon testified that he was in the city for the Hudson-Fulton Celebration in the Fall of 1909. On Sept. 22 he was watching a parade, he said, at Central Park West and Sixty-eighth Street, when McNally punched him in the jaw. He sued for $2,500. Capt. McNally took the stand in his own defense and said that urgent methods were necessary to clear West Sixty-eighth Street on that day, when crowds congested that thoroughfare, on which fire companies are stationed. He said he might have shoved Cannon, but certainly did not punch him.

Warning Out for a Coast Storm.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—An advisory storm warning was issued by the Weather Bureau at 11 A. M. to-day, denoting the approach of a severe disturbance in the vicinity of Turks Island, one of the Leeward Islands, about 700 miles from Miami. The direction and movement of the storm had not been definitely determined, but caution was advised to those vessels heading toward Southern Florida.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Styles worth "coming miles to see"
Russet Shoes
$3.98
Wonderful Value Worth $6.00
Lace and Button.
Low heel, flat toe—wide shank.
1,000 pairs of Samples at $2.60
All are high shoes of $4.00 Grades.
Nearly all sizes.
Russet, Black Calf and Patent Leather

They Are Good
Red=Man
COLLARS.
All Styles.
EARL & WILSON.

Registered Trade Mark
Established Half a Century

Holiday Suggestions In Table Linens

We direct attention to our stock of moderately priced embroidered and lace-trimmed Linens for the dining-room. Along with these we show a beautiful collection of Tea Cloths, Luncheon Sets, Tray Cloths, Scarfs, &c., of the very highest grade, in exclusive designs. Priced—

Tea Napkins, $4.50, 6.00, 10.00, up to $60 doz.

Centerpieces, $1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 5.00 to $75 each.

Tray Cloths, oval and oblong, 35c, 50c, $1.00, 2.00, 5.00, up to $17.50 each.

Luncheon Sets, 25 pieces, $10.50, 15.00, 17.50, 25.00, 50.00, up to $450 set.

Bureau and Sideboard Scarfs, $2.50, 3.50, 5.50, 7.50, 10.00, up to $175.

Tea Cloths, round and square, $4.50, 6.00, 7.50, 10.50, 13.50, 27.50, up to $250 each.

Also Hemstitched and scalloped Tea Cloths, Napkins, Tray Cloths, Luncheon and Dinner Cloths of Figured Damask in large variety.

James McCutcheon & Co.,
5th Ave. & 34th St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

Good Will Towards Men

The Opportunity to Give Is a Privilege

Browning, King & Co.

Throw off the burden of Christmas Shopping by realizing that no matter what you Give it is the Spirit of the giving that counts.

This same spirit manifests itself in all directions unselfishly, and finds expression in the idea of early buying out of consideration for merchants and their employes.

Never in the sixty-three years of our business have we had as capable a force of salespeople, anxious and willing to serve you intelligently and courteously, as this year. They can suggest practical gifts for Men and Boys at prices that meet your purse and guarantee joy to the recipient or your money back for the asking any time. The following are leaders:

"Onyx" Silk Hosiery 50c
"Knothe" Suspenders and Garters, in single box 50c
$1.00 Neckwear in a single box 65c
$1.50 Pure Silk Knitted Neckwear 95c
The Best Tan Cape Glove in New York $1.00
Silk Finished Pajamas $1.50
A box of Initial Handkerchiefs $1.50
An Exceptional Line of Bath Robes, at $5.00
Special Quality House Coats $5.00

Broken Lots of House Coats, 1/3 off Original Prices.
Fur Caps, Opera Hats, Silk Hats.

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"

Browning King & Co
Broadway at 32nd Street—Cooper Square at 5th Street.
Brooklyn: Fulton at DeKalb.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2, Best Seats $1. Evs. 8.
Series of Earth Embracing Spectacles,
AROUND THE WORLD

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
GRACE LA RUE in a new comedy with music, BETSY.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
The Reigning London Musical Play. PEGGY

Playhouse 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone 2628 Bry. Evs. 8:10. $1.50 Mat. To-m'w 2:10.
Bought and Paid For
THE BIGGEST PLAY OF OUR TIME.

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
Bunty Pulls the Strings

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
HENRY W. SAVAGE offers THE JOYOUS OPERETTA.
LITTLE BOY BLUE
"WINS A HEARTY WELCOME."—Telegram.
"From present appearances it would seem as though 'Little Boy Blue' is about as close to a children's Xmas play as this old town is going to contain this year."—Eve. Sun.
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. 'Phone 411 Columbus.
MAT. TO-DAY 50c 75c & BEST SEATS $1
BIG NEW MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.
"VERA VIOLETTA"
GABY DESLYS, ANNETTE KELLERMANN AND WONDERFUL STAR CAST.
TUES. EVG., DEC. 19. SOUVENIRS Gaby Deslys Gold & Silver Slippers.

DALY'S B'way and 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
Margaret ILLINGTON in "KINDLING." Seats 4 Weeks Ahead.

BROADWAY B'way & 41st St. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES

39TH ST. Thea. 39th, near B'way. Evgs. 8:20. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow 2:20.
THE MILLION
A PLENITUDE OF HOLIDAY LAUGHTER.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way and 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow $1.50.
THE IRISH PLAYERS
To-night and Wed. Mat. & Evg., "Mixed Marriage" & "The Workhouse Ward"; Thurs. Evg. & Sat. Mat., "Rising of the Moon," "Birthright" & "The Jackdaw"; Fri. & Sat. Evg., "The Shadow of the Glen," "Blanco Posnet" & "Hyacinth Halvey."

MANHATTAN Op. Ho. 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 25c-50c.
MARIE DRESSLER in "TILLIE'S NIGHTMARE."

WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
CYRIL SCOTT in A GENTLEMAN OF LEISURE.

CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) 62d and 8th Ave. Phone 8800 Col.
THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD.
THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
Evgs. 8. Mats. Wed. (Pop.), Sat., 2 Sharp.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI

ASTOR B'way, 45th. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. To-morrow Mat. 50c-$1.50
A lesson in laughter with chuckle sauce.
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK
in that musical sensation, THE RED WIDOW
Seats selling 10 weeks in advance.

GEO. M. Cohan Theatre. B'way & 43d St. Mat. Saturday Only, 2:15.
His Every Appearance an Ovation.
COHAN and his own Company in
THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE
THE MUSICAL FARCE HIT THAT PAYS LAUGHING DIVIDENDS.

GRAND Opera Ho. 23d St., 8th Av. Mat. To-m'w. Margaret ANGLIN in "Green Stockings."

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TO-MORROW EVG. at 8:15—GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST. Mme. Destinn; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Didur, Reiss, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
THURS. EVG. at 8—KOENIGSKINDER. Mmes. Farrar, Wickham, Fornia, Mattfeld; MM. Jadlowker, Goritz, Reiss, Didur. Conductor, Hertz.
FRI. EVG. at 7:30—GOETTERDAEMMERUNG. Mmes. Gadski, Matzenauer, Fornia; MM. Burrian, Griswold, Weil, Goritz. Conductor, Hertz.
SAT. MAT. at 2—ARMIDE. Mmes. Fremstad, Matzenauer, Rappold, Gluck; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss, Bada, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
NEXT WEEK: MON. EVG. at 8—LA GIOCONDA. Mmes. Destinn, Orridge, Wickham; MM. Caruso, Amato, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
TUES. SPECIAL POP. PRICE MATINEE, 2:30. IMPERIAL RUSSIAN BALLET.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
SAT. EVG., DEC. 16, at 8:15—LOBETANZ. Mmes. Rappold, Sparkes, Case; MM. Jadlowker, Hinshaw, Witherspoon, Murphy. Cond., Hertz.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Carnegie Hall, to-morrow (Wed.) aft., at 2:30
Only New York Concert
THE
Theodore Thomas Orchestra
Frederick Stock - Conductor
Albert Spalding - - - Soloist
Tickets 50c. to $2. Boxes $18 and $24. At Box Office and R. E. Johnston's office, 1,133 Broadway.

PHILHARMONIC
—Society of New York—
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
CARNEGIE HALL,
Thurs. Eve., Dec. 14; Fri. Aft., Dec. 15.
Soloist: MME. NORDICA
Bruckner Symph., Beethoven "Leonore," Wagner Immolation Scene, Songs with Piano
50c to $2. Steinway Piano. Mgt. L. Charlton

HOTEL ASTOR, 2d Concert TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
Kneisel Quartet
Assisting Artist, Harold Bauer.
Seats $2 & $1.50. Mrs. Seaver, 1 W. 34th St.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. LILLIAN RUSSELL, Homer Lind & Co., Kate Elinore, and others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. FOUR MORTONS, Stone & Kalisz, Walter C. Kelly, and others.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. PAULINE, Bert Leslie & Co., Belle Blanche, Bathing Girls, others.

Carnegie Hall, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3.
PIANOFORTE RECITAL by
HAROLD BAUER
50c. to $1.50. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

IRVING Pl. Theatre. To-night & every eve., A Sensational "TYPHOON" drama of Japanese Life.

To suffer the loss of valuables or a pet animal without using the broad publicity of the Lost columns of The New York Times is to neglect a real opportunity to recover.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. at 2:15
ETHEL BARRYMORE THE WITNESS FOR THE DEFENCE.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:15.
NAZIMOVA in the brilliant comedy, THE MARIONETTES.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. 6th Av. Eve. 8:15. To-morrow Mat. 50c-$1.50.
"Mr. Crane scores in his new comedy."—Eve. Sun.
Wm. H. Crane THE SENATOR KEEPS HOUSE, by Martha Morton.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Eve. 8:20. Matinees To-m'r'w & Sat., 2:20.
ELSIE FERGUSON "THE FIRST LADY IN THE LAND."

FULTON 46th St., just W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Sat. only 2:30.
WILLIAM COLLIER in TAKE MY ADVICE.

PARK 59th Street, B'way, Columbus Circle. Eve., 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:10.
TO-MORROW MAT. BEST SEATS $1.50.
The Quaker Girl With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:25. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:20.
HELEN WARE in a new drama, THE PRICE

HARRIS West 42d St. Eves., 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.
ROSE STAHL in MAGGIE PEPPER, by Charles Klein.

Knickerbocker B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15.
LAST 5 NIGHTS—LAST MAT. SAT.
DONALD BRIAN in the musical comedy, THE SIREN

CRITERION Broadway, 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:15.
"That great big human and humorous play,"
LAST THREE WEEKS PASSERS-BY

LIBERTY W. 42d St. near B'way. Eve. 8:15. To-morrow Mat. 25c. to $1.50.
DUSTIN & WILLIAM FARNUM
in a new American play by Edward Peple.
THE LITTLEST REBEL

NEW YORK B'way-45th St. Orch. 8 sharp. To-m'w Mat. 25c. to $1.50.
KITTY GORDON in the operatic triumph, THE ENCHANTRESS
"BEST IN TOWN."—EVE. WORLD.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
TO-MORROW MATINEE 50c. to $1.50.
The Three Romeos
The American Musical Comedy Success.

KINEMACOLOR Thea., 40th St., nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Daily 2:30, Best Seats 50c.
SUNSET ON THE NILE
BUD TO BLOSSOM
EXMOOR STAG HUNT
And 8 Other of "NATURE'S WONDERS."

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN

Columbia B'way & 47th. Burlesque Evs. & Sat. 25c. & $1. Halliday & Curley in "Painting the Town." Smoking Matinee To-day, 15c., 25c. and 50c.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyve. Home of High-Class Burlesque. Mat. To-day. SEATS, 25c. —THE— BEHMAN SHOW. Amateur Night Every Thurs.

5TH AVE. B'way. 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. CHARLEY DOOIN, RICE & COHEN, "THE LEADING LADY," oths.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Evs. 25c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c. Lillian Shaw, Rube Marquard, Laddie Cliff, A Night in a Turkish Bath, 12 others.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c. TWO ORPHANS

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Eves. 8:15. BOWERY BURLESQUERS.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM MATINEE DAILY, 25c. EVA TANGUAY "THE NINETY & NINE," Hoey & Lee, 7 others.

The Sunday Edition of The New York Times to Appear Next Sunday, Dec. 17

will include a splendid Pictorial Section containing 51 exquisite photographic reproductions of studies in art, natural scenery, epoch making events, scenes of war abroad and peace at home, life studies of men and women upon whom the public gaze is centred, with pictures of interesting events the world around.

Those who are interested in the field of art will enjoy the series of pictures from the annual exhibition of the National Academy of Design.

Life
By Edwin H. Blashfield. Carnegie Prize winner.

Goldie Locks
A study by Louise Cox.

The Bridge
Winter afternoon by Jonas Lie.

Little Women
A picture by Mary Fairchild.

Portrait
Miss Appleton, by Eugene Speicher—Thomas R. Proctor Prize.

Annie
By Alice Beach Winter.

The public attention has been concentrated on the trial of the McNamara brothers for their complicity in the dynamite outrages at Los Angeles. The Times of next Sunday will print eleven pictures of the scenes of the explosions, with the prisoners, their counsel and other important participants in the case. This series of pictures will include:

The Los Angeles Times Building.

Destroyed by an explosion of dynamite set off by James B. McNamara, Oct. 1st, 1910.

Albert Von Spreckelsen's Planing Mill.

The plant at Indianapolis blown up at midnight, Oct. 22d, 1909, with the wreckage of the new Library building at Indianapolis.

Also pictures of the Judge, counsel, Burns the detective, the prisoners and Sheriffs who have been associated with this remarkable case.

The Season's First Snow.

It transformed the Park into fairyland. Six pictures showing the beauty of the snow-clad scenery and the work and play that came with the snowfall.

The Giants' Series with the Cuban Baseball Players.

The New York Giants in Almadares Park, Havana.

The Havana Baseball Club, which defeated the Giants—and other pictures of the Cuban game.

Mrs. Belmont's New Suffrage Clubhouse.

Six pictures, including lunchroom and counter, lecture hall and beauty parlor.

The Hague Peace Palace Now Nearing Completion.

All the leading European nations, together with Japan and Brazil, are making special gifts to enhance the beauty of the building.

Scenes of Interest in the Russian-Persian Controversy.

Four pictures, including the place where the National Council of Persia decided to stand by their American Treasurer-General, W. Morgan Shuster, unanimously rejecting Russia's demand for dismissal.

The opening of the first regular session of the Sixty-second Congress—Scenes from the war in Tripoli—$300,000 Rubens now on the way to this country, and other interesting and instructive pictures make this number of the Pictorial Section of The New York Sunday Times an issue of importance.

A Times Picture Book

will be a picture book of the times for those who preserve the many interesting pictures of places and events. Start a Times Pictorial Scrapbook next Sunday. It will give lasting pleasure to the family.

Order The New York Sunday Times of your newsdealer in advance, and you will be sure of giving the family pleasure and entertainment.